

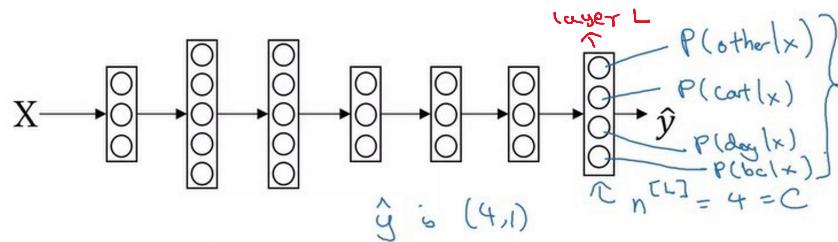
Week 3c - Multi-Class classification

Friday, August 14, 2020 11:30 PM

① Softmax Regression

→ if we want to recognise cats, dogs & baby chicks (+ others)

$C = \text{no. of classes in output} = 4 (0 \dots 3)$



→ Softmax Layer

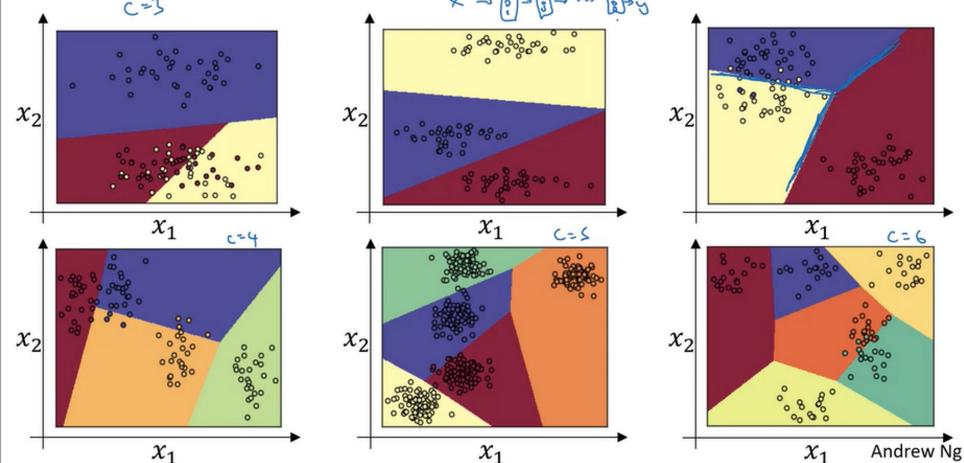
- Softmax function is used as activation function in output layer

$$z^{[L]} = w^{[L]} a^{[L-1]} + b^{[L]} \quad (4,1)$$

Activation function:
Let $t = e^{z^{[L]}}$

$$a^{[L]} = \frac{e^{z^{[L]}}}{\sum_{i=1}^4 t_i} \Rightarrow a_i^{[L]} = \frac{t_i}{\sum_{i=1}^4 t_i}$$

Softmax examples



② Training a Softmax Classifier

→ Softmax regression generalizes logistic regression to C classes
 (ie) if $C=2$, softmax reduces to logistic reg.

→ Loss function

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{cat } a = \hat{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.1 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \quad C=4$$

$$\boxed{L(\hat{y}, y) = -\sum_{j=1}^C y_j \log \hat{y}_j}$$

$$= -y_2 \log \hat{y}_2 \quad (\text{since other values are 0})$$

$$= -\log \hat{y}_2$$

∴ To reduce loss, make \hat{y}_2 big

→ Cost function

$$J(\omega^{[1]}, b^{[1]}, \dots) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m L(\hat{y}^{(i)}, y^{(i)})$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &\rightarrow (s, m) \quad [\text{dimensions}] \\ \hat{y} &\rightarrow (s, m) \end{aligned}$$

→ Gradient descent with softmax

- forward prop is finished with
 $Z^{[L]} \xrightarrow{(s, 1)} a^{[L]} = \hat{y} \rightarrow L(\hat{y}, y)$
- Backward prop is initialized with
 $\underbrace{\delta z^{[L]} = \hat{y} - y}_{(s, 1)} \rightarrow \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{[L]}}$