

GLA University (Mathura)

Cryptography Lab Assignment

Submitted to -

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Submitted By -

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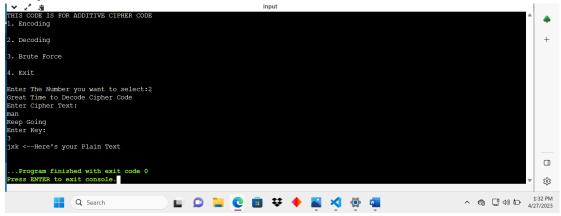
Section - G

Uni.roll - 191500439

1. Write a program to implement Additive Cipher (Z26) with the following conditions: • Plaintext should be in lowercase. • Ciphertext should be uppercase. • Brute force attack.

```
import sys
opt = True
while opt:
  print("THIS CODE IS FOR ADDITIVE CIPHER CODE")
  print("1. Encoding\n")
  print("2. Decoding\n")
  print("3. Brute Force\n")
  print("4. Exit\n")
  break
selected optio= int(input("Enter The Number you want to select:"))
if selected optio== 1:
  while True:
    try:
      cor = input("Enter Plain Text: \n")
      if cor.isupper():
         print(cor, "is uppercase value plz Enter Lower Case Value")
      elif cor.isdigit():
         print(cor, "is an integer value please Enter Valid Input")
         print("Valid Input please Continue...")
         break;
    except ValueError:
      print("Provide Valid input")
  key = int(input("Enter Key Value: \n"))
  ans = ""
  for i in range(len(cor)):
    ch = cor[i]
    if ch==" ":
      ans+=" "
    elif (ch.isupper()):
      ans += chr((ord(ch) + key-65) % 26+65)
       ans += chr((ord(ch) + key - 97) % 26 + 97)
  print(ans,"<--Here's your Cipher Code")</pre>
elif selected optio== 2:
  print("Great Time to Decode Cipher Code")
  while True:
    try:
      cor = input("Enter Cipher Text: \n")
      if cor.isupper():
```

```
print(cor, "is uppercase value plz Enter Lower Case Value")
       elif cor.isdigit():
         print(cor, "is an integer value please Enter Valid Input")
         print("Keep Going")
         break;
    except ValueError:
      print("Provide Valid input")
  key = int(input("Enter Key: \n"))
  ans = ""
  for i in range(len(cor)):
    ch = cor[i]
    if ch==" ":
       ans+=" "
    elif (ch.isupper()):
       ans += chr((ord(ch) - key-65) % 26+65)
    else:
       ans += chr((ord(ch) - key - 97) % 26 + 97)
  print(ans,"<--Here's your Plain Text")</pre>
elif selected optio== 3:
  ciphertext = input("Enter Cipher Text: \n")
  for key in range(1, 26):
    plaintext = ""
    for char in ciphertext:
      if char.isalpha():
         plain char = chr((ord(char) - 65 + key) \% 26 + 65)
         plaintext += plain_char
      else:
         plaintext += char
    print("Key: {} - Plaintext: {}".format(key, plaintext))
elif selected_optio== 4:
  print("Program Terminated...")
  sys.exit()
```



2. Write a program to implement Multiplicative Cipher. • Plaintext should be in lowercase. • Ciphertext should be uppercase. • Brute force attack.

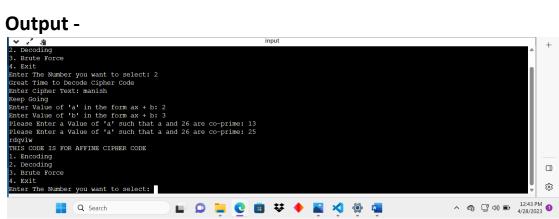
```
import sys
opt = True
while opt:
  print("THIS CODE IS FOR MULTIPLICATIVE CIPHER CODE")
  print("1. Encoding\n")
  print("2. Decoding\n")
  print("3. Brute Force\n")
  print("4. Exit\n")
  break
choice = int(input("Enter The Number you want to select:"))
if choice == 1:
  while True:
    try:
      cor = input("Enter Plain Text: \n")
      if cor.isupper():
         print(cor, "is uppercase value plz Enter Lower Case Value")
      elif cor.isdigit():
         print(cor, "is an integer value please Enter Valid Input")
      else:
         print("Valid Input please Continue...")
         break;
    except ValueError:
       print("Provide Valid input")
  key = int(input("Enter Key Value:\n"))
  ciphertext = ""
  for char in cor:
    if char.isalpha():
      shift = ord(char.upper()) - 65
      shift = (shift * key) % 26
      ciphertext += chr(shift + 65)
    else:
      ciphertext += char
  print("Your Cipher Code is: " + ciphertext)
elif choice == 2:
  print("Great Time to Decode Cipher Code")
  while True:
    try:
```

```
cor = input("Enter Cipher Text: \n")
       if cor.isupper():
         print(cor, "is uppercase value plz Enter Lower Case Value")
       elif cor.isdigit():
         print(cor, "is an integer value please Enter Valid Input")
       else:
         print("Keep Going")
         break;
    except ValueError:
       print("Provide Valid input")
  key = int(input("Enter Key Value in Integer only: "))
  plain text = ""
  for char in cor:
    if char.isupper():
       plain_text += chr((ord(char) - key - 65) % 26 + 65)
    else:
       plain text += chr((ord(char) - key - 97) \% 26 + 97)
  print(plain text)
elif choice == 3:
  ciphertext = input("Enter Cipher Text: \n")
  for key in range(1, 26):
    plaintext = ""
    for char in ciphertext:
       if char.isalpha():
         plain char = chr((ord(char) - 65) * key % 26 + 65)
         plaintext += plain char
       else:
         plaintext += char
     print("Key: {} - Plaintext: {}".format(key, plaintext))
elif choice == 4:
  print("Program Terminated...")
  sys.exit()Output -
    The Number you want to select:1 Plain Text:
  ır Cipher Code is: IANOMJ
                                                                 ^ ♠ ☐ ♠ D = 12:38 PM 12:38 PM 4/28/2023
```

3.Write a program to implement Affine Cipher. • Plaintext should be in lowercase. • Ciphertext should be uppercase. • Brute force attack

```
import sys
import math
def gcd(a, b):
  if b == 0:
    return a
  else:
    return gcd(b, a % b)
def mod inverse(a, m):
  for x in range(1, m):
    if (a*x) \% m == 1:
      return x
  return -1
opt = True
while opt:
  print("THIS CODE IS FOR AFFINE CIPHER CODE")
  print("1. Encoding")
  print("2. Decoding")
  print("3. Brute Force")
  print("4. Exit")
  choice = int(input("Enter The Number you want to select: ")
  if choice == 1:
    while True:
      try:
         plain text = input("Enter Plain Text: ")
         if plain text.isupper():
           print(plain_text, "is uppercase value please Enter Lower Case Value")
         elif plain_text.isdigit():
           print(plain text, "is an integer value please Enter Valid Input")
         else:
           print("Valid Input please Continue...")
           break:
      except ValueError:
         print("Provide Valid input")
    a = int(input("Enter Value of 'a' in the form ax + b: "))
    b = int(input("Enter Value of 'b' in the form ax + b: "))
    while gcd(a, 26) != 1:
       a = int(input("Please Enter a Value of 'a' such that a and 26 are co-prime: "))
    ciphertext = ""
    for char in plain text:
      if char.isalpha():
         shift = ord(char.lower()) - 97
         shift = ((a*shift) + b) % 26
         ciphertext += chr(shift + 97)
```

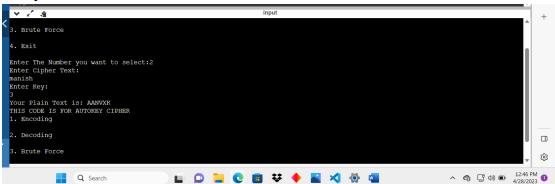
```
else:
       ciphertext += char
  print("Your Cipher Code is: " + ciphertext
elif choice == 2:
  print("Great Time to Decode Cipher Code")
  while True:
    try:
       ciphertext = input("Enter Cipher Text: ")
       if ciphertext.isupper():
         print(ciphertext, "is uppercase value please Enter Lower Case Value")
       elif ciphertext.isdigit():
         print(ciphertext, "is an integer value please Enter Valid Input")
       else:
         print("Keep Going")
         break;
    except ValueError:
       print("Provide Valid input")
  a = int(input("Enter Value of 'a' in the form ax + b: "))
  b = int(input("Enter Value of 'b' in the form ax + b: "))
  while gcd(a, 26) != 1:
    a = int(input("Please Enter a Value of 'a' such that a and 26 are co-prime: "))
  a_inverse = mod_inverse(a, 26)
  plain text = ""
  for char in ciphertext:
    if char.isalpha():
       shift = ord(char.lower()) - 97
       shift = (a_inverse * (shift - b)) % 26
       plain text += chr(shift + 97)
    else:
       plain text += char
  print(plain_text)
elif choice == 3:
  ciphertext = input("Enter Cipher Text: ")
  for a in range(1, 26):
    if gcd(a, 26) == 1:
       for b in range(26):
         plain text = ""
         for char in ciphertext:
           if char.isalpha():
              shift = ord(char.lower()) - 97
              shift = (a inverse * (shift - b)) % 26
              plain_text += chr(shift + 97)
           else:
              plain_text += char
```



4.Write a program in to implement Autokey Cipher. • Plaintext should be in lowercase. • Ciphertext should be uppercase. • Brute force attack.

```
import sys
def encode autokey(plaintext, key):
  Encodes plaintext using Autokey Cipher with given key
  key = key.upper()
  ciphertext = ""
  for i, char in enumerate(plaintext):
    if char.isalpha():
      shift = ord(key[i % len(key)].upper()) - 65
      shift = (shift + ord(char.upper()) - 65) % 26
      ciphertext += chr(shift + 65)
       key += char.upper()
    else:
      ciphertext += char
  return ciphertext
def decode autokey(ciphertext, key):
  Decodes ciphertext encoded using Autokey Cipher with given key
  key = key.upper()
  plaintext = ""
  for i, char in enumerate(ciphertext):
    if char.isalpha():
      shift = ord(key[i % len(key)].upper()) - 65
      shift = (ord(char.upper()) - 65 - shift) % 26
       plaintext += chr(shift + 65)
       key += chr(shift + 65)
    else:
       plaintext += char
  return plaintext
def brute force autokey(ciphertext)
  for key_len in range(1, len(ciphertext)):
    for start in range(len(ciphertext) - key_len):
       possible key = ciphertext[start : start + key len]
```

```
possible plaintext = decode autokey(ciphertext, possible key)
      print("Key: {} - Plaintext: {}".format(possible key,
possible plaintext))
opt = True
while opt:
  print("THIS CODE IS FOR AUTOKEY CIPHER")
  print("1. Encoding\n")
  print("2. Decoding\n")
  print("3. Brute Force\n")
  print("4. Exit\n")
  choice = int(input("Enter The Number you want to select:"))
  if choice == 1:
    plaintext = input("Enter Plain Text: \n").upper()
    key = input("Enter Key: \n")
    ciphertext = encode_autokey(plaintext, key)
    print("Your Cipher Code is: " + ciphertext)
  elif choice == 2:
    ciphertext = input("Enter Cipher Text: \n").upper()
    key = input("Enter Key: \n")
    plaintext = decode autokey(ciphertext, key)
    print("Your Plain Text is: " + plaintext)
  elif choice == 3:
    ciphertext = input("Enter Cipher Text: \n").upper()
    brute_force_autokey(ciphertext)
  elif choice == 4:
    print("Program Terminated...")
    sys.exit()
  else:
    print("Invalid choice. Please select a number from 1 to 4.")
```

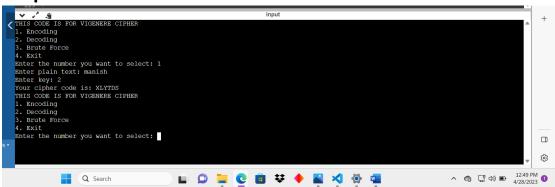


5. Write a program to implement Vignere Cipher • Plaintext should be in lowercase. • Ciphertext should be uppercase. • Brute force attack

```
import sys
def vigenere encrypt(plain text, key):
  plain_text = plain_text.upper()
  key = key.upper()
  encrypted_text = ""
  for i in range(len(plain text)):
    if plain text[i].isalpha():
      shift = ord(key[i % len(key)]) - 65
      shifted char = chr(((ord(plain text[i]) - 65) + shift) % 26 + 65)
      encrypted text += shifted char
    else:
       encrypted text += plain text[i]
  return encrypted_text
def vigenere decrypt(cipher text, key):
  cipher_text = cipher_text.upper()
  key = key.upper()
  decrypted_text = ""
  for i in range(len(cipher text)):
    if cipher text[i].isalpha():
      shift = ord(key[i % len(key)]) - 65
      shifted_char = chr(((ord(cipher_text[i]) - 65) - shift) % 26 + 65)
      decrypted text += shifted char
    else:
       decrypted text += cipher text[i]
  return decrypted_text
def vigenere brute force(cipher text):
  cipher_text = cipher_text.upper()
  for key length in range(1, len(cipher text) + 1):
    print(f"Brute forcing with key length: {key_length}")
    for i in range(26 ** key_length):
      kev = ""
      for j in range(key length):
         key += chr((i // (26 ** j)) % 26 + 65)
      decrypted text = vigenere decrypt(cipher text, key)
      print(f"Key: {key} - Decrypted text: {decrypted_text}")
opt = True
while opt:
  print("THIS CODE IS FOR VIGENERE CIPHER")
```

```
print("1. Encoding")
  print("2. Decoding")
  print("3. Brute Force")
  print("4. Exit")
  choice = int(input("Enter the number you want to select: "))
  if choice == 1:
    plain text = input("Enter plain text: ")
    key = input("Enter key: ")
    cipher_text = vigenere_encrypt(plain_text, key)
    print(f"Your cipher code is: {cipher text}")
  elif choice == 2:
    cipher_text = input("Enter cipher text: ")
    key = input("Enter key: ")
    plain text = vigenere decrypt(cipher text, key)
    print(f"Your plain text is: {plain_text}")
  elif choice == 3:
    cipher_text = input("Enter cipher text: ")
    vigenere_brute_force(cipher_text)
  elif choice == 4:
    print("Program terminated...")
    sys.exit()
import sys
def vigenere_encrypt(plain_text, key):
  plain text = plain_text.upper()
  key = key.upper()
  encrypted_text = ""
  for i in range(len(plain text)):
    if plain text[i].isalpha():
      shift = ord(key[i % len(key)]) - 65
      shifted char = chr(((ord(plain text[i]) - 65) + shift) \% 26 + 65)
      encrypted_text += shifted_char
    else:
       encrypted text += plain text[i]
  return encrypted_text
def vigenere decrypt(cipher text, key):
  cipher_text = cipher_text.upper()
  key = key.upper()
  decrypted_text = ""
  for i in range(len(cipher text)):
    if cipher_text[i].isalpha():
      shift = ord(key[i % len(key)]) - 65
      shifted_char = chr(((ord(cipher_text[i]) - 65) - shift) % 26 + 65)
      decrypted text += shifted char
    else:
      decrypted text += cipher text[i]
```

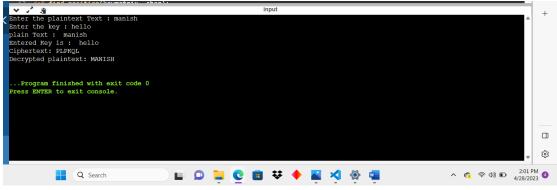
```
return decrypted_text
def vigenere brute force(cipher text):
  cipher_text = cipher_text.upper()
  for key_length in range(1, len(cipher_text) + 1):
    print(f"Brute forcing with key length: {key length}")
    for i in range(26 ** key length):
      key = ""
      for j in range(key_length):
         key += chr((i // (26 ** j)) % 26 + 65)
      decrypted_text = vigenere_decrypt(cipher_text, key)
      print(f"Key: {key} - Decrypted text: {decrypted text}")
opt = True
while opt:
  print("THIS CODE IS FOR VIGENERE CIPHER")
  print("1. Encoding")
  print("2. Decoding")
  print("3. Brute Force")
  print("4. Exit")
  choice = int(input("Enter the number you want to select: "))
  if choice == 1:
    plain_text = input("Enter plain text: ")
    key = input("Enter key: ")
    cipher_text = vigenere_encrypt(plain_text, key)
    print(f"Your cipher code is: {cipher text}")
  elif choice == 2:
    cipher text = input("Enter cipher text: ")
    key = input("Enter key: ")
    plain text = vigenere decrypt(cipher text, key)
    print(f"Your plain text is: {plain_text}")
  elif choice == 3:
    cipher_text = input("Enter cipher text: ")
    vigenere brute force(cipher text)
  elif choice == 4:
    print("Program terminated...")
    sys.exit()
```



6. Write a program to implement Playfair Cipher to encrypt & decrypt the given message where the key matrix can be formed by using a given keyword import re

```
def generate keymatrix(key):
  # create key matrix from given keyword
  key = key.replace('', ").upper()
  key = re.sub(r'J', 'I', key)
  keymatrix = []
  for char in key:
    if char not in keymatrix:
      keymatrix.append(char)
  alphabet = 'ABCDEFGHIKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'
  for char in alphabet:
    if char not in keymatrix:
      keymatrix.append(char)
  keymatrix = [keymatrix[i:i+5] for i in range(0, 25, 5)]
  return keymatrix
def find position(keymatrix, char):
  # find position of character in key matrix
  row = col = 0
  for i in range(5):
    for j in range(5):
      if keymatrix[i][j] == char:
         row, col = i, j
         break
  return row, col
def encrypt(plaintext, key):
  # encrypt plaintext using Playfair Cipher
  keymatrix = generate keymatrix(key)
  plaintext = plaintext.replace(' ', '').upper()
  plaintext = re.sub(r'J', 'I', plaintext)
  if len(plaintext) \% 2 == 1:
    plaintext += 'X'
  ciphertext = "
  for i in range(0, len(plaintext), 2):
    char1 = plaintext[i]
    char2 = plaintext[i+1]
    row1, col1 = find position(keymatrix, char1)
    row2, col2 = find position(keymatrix, char2)
    if row1 == row2:
      ciphertext += keymatrix[row1][(col1+1)%5]
       ciphertext += keymatrix[row2][(col2+1)%5]
```

```
elif col1 == col2:
      ciphertext += keymatrix[(row1+1)%5][col1]
      ciphertext += keymatrix[(row2+1)%5][col2]
    else:
      ciphertext += keymatrix[row1][col2]
      ciphertext += keymatrix[row2][col1]
  return ciphertext
def decrypt(ciphertext, key):
  # decrypt ciphertext using Playfair Cipher
  keymatrix = generate_keymatrix(key)
  plaintext = "
  for i in range(0, len(ciphertext), 2):
    char1 = ciphertext[i]
    char2 = ciphertext[i+1]
    row1, col1 = find position(keymatrix, char1)
    row2, col2 = find_position(keymatrix, char2)
    if row1 == row2:
      plaintext += keymatrix[row1][(col1-1)%5]
      plaintext += keymatrix[row2][(col2-1)%5]
    elif col1 == col2:
      plaintext += keymatrix[(row1-1)%5][col1]
      plaintext += keymatrix[(row2-1)%5][col2]
    else:
      plaintext += keymatrix[row1][col2]
      plaintext += keymatrix[row2][col1]
  plaintext = re.sub(r'X$', ", plaintext)
  return plaintext
plaintext =input("Enter the plaintext Text : ")
key = input("Enter the key : ")
print("plain Text : ",plaintext)
print("Entered Key is : ",key)
ciphertext = encrypt(plaintext, key)
print('Ciphertext:', ciphertext)
decrypted plaintext = decrypt(ciphertext, key)
print('Decrypted plaintext:', decrypted_plaintext)
```



7.W.A.P. to implement Euclidean Algorithm to find the GCD of given numbers

```
def gcd(a, b):
  if a == 0:
    return b
  else:
    return gcd(b % a, a)
num1 = int(input("Enter first number: "))
num2 = int(input("Enter second number: "))
gcd value = gcd(num1, num2)
print("The GCD of", num1, "and", num2, "is:", gcd_value)
def gcd(a, b):
  if a == 0:
    return b
  else:
    return gcd(b % a, a)
num1 = int(input("Enter first number: "))
num2 = int(input("Enter second number: "))
gcd_value = gcd(num1, num2)
print("The GCD of", num1, "and", num2, "is:", gcd value)
Output -
```

Q Search

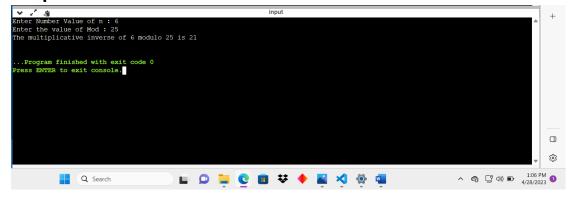
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8. Write a program to find out the Multiplicative inverse of a given number without using extended Euclidean algorithm

```
def multiplicative inverse(n, mod):
  for i in range(mod):
    if (i * n) % mod == 1:
      return i
  return None
# Example usage
n = int(input("Enter Number Value of n:"))
mod = int(input("Enter the value of Mod:"))
inverse = multiplicative inverse(n, mod)
if inverse is not None:
  print(f"The multiplicative inverse of {n} modulo {mod} is
{inverse}")
else:
  print(f"{n} has no inverse modulo {mod}")
import random
import math
def is prime(num):
  .....
  Checks whether the given number is prime or not.
  .....
  if num == 2:
    return True
  if num % 2 == 0 or num == 1:
    return False
  for i in range(3, int(math.sqrt(num)) + 1, 2):
    if num % i == 0:
      return False
```

return True

```
def find_primitive_root(p):
  Finds a primitive root for a prime number p.
  if not is_prime(p):
     return None
  factors = []
  phi = p - 1
  n = phi
  for i in range(2, int(math.sqrt(n)) + 1):
    if n \% i == 0:
       factors.append(i)
       while n \% i == 0:
         n /= i
  if n > 1:
    factors.append(n)
  for g in range(2, p):
    flag = True
    for factor in factors:
       if pow(g, phi // factor, p) == 1:
         flag = False
         break
    if flag:
       return g
  return None
```



9.Write a program to implement Elgamal Cryptosystem to generate the pair of keys and then show the encryption & decryption of a given message

```
import math
import random
def is prime(num):
  Checks whether the given number is prime or not.
  if num == 2:
    return True
  if num % 2 == 0 or num == 1:
    return False
  for i in range(3, int(math.sqrt(num)) + 1, 2):
    if num % i == 0:
       return False
  return True
def find primitive root(p):
  Finds a primitive root for a prime number p.
  if not is prime(p):
    return None
  factors = []
  phi = p - 1
  n = phi
  for i in range(2, int(math.sqrt(n)) + 1):
    if n \% i == 0:
       factors.append(i)
       while n \% i == 0:
         n /= i
  if n > 1:
    factors.append(n)
```

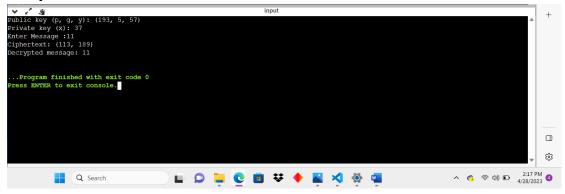
```
for g in range(2, p):
    flag = True
    for factor in factors:
       if pow(g, phi // factor, p) == 1:
         flag = False
         break
    if flag:
       return g
  return None
def generate keypair():
  Generates a keypair for ElGamal cryptosystem.
  p = random.randint(100, 1000)
  while not is prime(p):
    p = random.randint(100, 1000)
  g = find primitive root(p)
  x = random.randint(2, p - 2)
  y = pow(g, x, p)
  return (p, g, y, x)
def encrypt_message(message, p, g, y):
  Encrypts the message using ElGamal cryptosystem.
  k = random.randint(2, p - 2)
  a = pow(g, k, p)
  b = (pow(y, k, p) * message) % p
  return (a, b)
def decrypt_message(ciphertext, p, x):
  Decrypts the ciphertext using ElGamal cryptosystem.
  a, b = ciphertext
```

```
message = (b * pow(a, p - 1 - x, p)) % p
return message

# Generate a keypair
p, g, y, x = generate_keypair()
print("Public key (p, g, y):", (p, g, y))
print("Private key (x):", x)

# Encrypt a message
message = int(input("Enter Message :"))
ciphertext = encrypt_message(message, p, g, y)
print("Ciphertext:", ciphertext)

# Decrypt the ciphertext
decrypted_message = decrypt_message(ciphertext, p, x)
print("Decrypted message:", decrypted message)
```



10. W.A.P. to implement RSA Algorithm to generate a pair of keys and show the encryption and decryption by using a given key pair

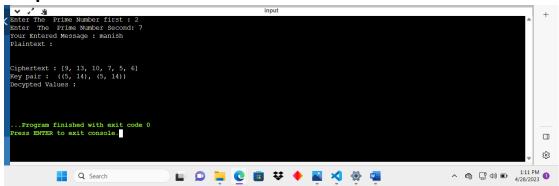
```
import random
import math
while True:
  p = int(input("Enter The Prime Number first : "))
  q = int(input("Enter The Prime Number Second: "))
  if(p!=q):
    break
  else:
    print("Values should be differentg")
message = input("Your Entered Message : ")
def generate keypair(p, q):
  n = p * q
  phi = (p - 1) * (q - 1)
  # Choose e such that e and phi(n) are coprime
  e = random.randrange(1, phi)
  g = math.gcd(e, phi)
  while g != 1:
    e = random.randrange(1, phi)
    g = math.gcd(e, phi)
  # Calculate the private key
  d = pow(e, -1, phi)
 # print((e, n), (d, n))
  return ((e, n), (d, n))
public_key, private_key = generate_keypair(p, q)
```

```
def encrypt(public_key, plaintext):
    e, n = public_key
    ciphertext = [pow(ord(char), e, n) for char in plaintext]
    return ciphertext

def decrypt(private_key, ciphertext):
    d, n = private_key
    plaintext = [chr(pow(char, d, n)) for char in ciphertext]
    return ".join(plaintext)

ciphertext = encrypt(public_key, message)
plaintext = decrypt(private_key, ciphertext)

print("Plaintext :", plaintext)
print("Ciphertext :", ciphertext)
print("Key pair : ",generate_keypair(p,q))
print("Decypted Values : ",decrypt(private_key,ciphertext))
```



11. Write a program to find out the Multiplicative inverse of a given number by using Extended Euclidean algorithm

def extended_euclidean_algorithm(a, b):

```
if b == 0:
    return (a, 1, 0)
  else:
    q = a // b
    r = a \% b
    (gcd, s, t) = extended euclidean algorithm(b, r)
    return (gcd, t, s - q * t)
def multiplicative inverse(a, m):
  (gcd, s, t) = extended euclidean algorithm(a, m)
  if gcd != 1:
    return None
  else:
    return s % m
a = int(input("Enter the number whose inverse is to find: "))
m = int(input("Enter the modulo number: "))
inverse = multiplicative inverse(a, m)
if inverse is None:
  print(f"{a} has no multiplicative inverse modulo {m}")
else:
  print(f"The multiplicative inverse of {a} modulo {m} is
{inverse}")
```

