Exercises

Pre-requisites

1. Create a database in SQL Server and run the SQL file Task1 provided in the same directory as this document

Now the dev machine is ready (with the Employee Database with 1 table named Employee) for the fresher to work on this exercises listed below

Basic 'Select' exercises

- 1. Select firstname, lastname, title, age, salary for everyone in your employee table.
- 2. Select firstname, age and salary for everyone in your employee table.
- 3. Selct firstname and display as 'Name' for everyone in your employee table
- 4. Select firstname and lastname as 'Name' for everyone. Use " " (space) to separate firstname and last.

Using 'where' clause

- 5. Select all columns for everyone with a salary over 38000.
- 6. Select first and last names for everyone that's under 24 years old.
- 7. Select first name, last name, and salary for anyone with "Programmer" in their title.
- 8. Select all columns for everyone whose last name contains "O".
- 9. Select the lastname for everyone whose first name equals "Kelly".
- 10. Select all columns for everyone whose last name ends in "Moore".
- 11. Select all columns for everyone who are 35 and above.

Using multiple 'where' clauses

- 12. Select firstname, lastname, age and salary of everyone whose age is above 24 and below 43.
- 13. Select firstname, title and lastname whose age is in the range 28 and 62 and salary greater than 31250
- 14. Select all columns for everyone whose age is not more than 48 and salary not less than 21520
- 15. Select firstname and age of everyone whose firstname starts with "John" and salary in the range 25000 and 35000

Using 'Order By' clause

- 16. Select all columns for everyone by their ages in descending order.
- 17. Select all columns for everyone by their ages in ascending order.
- 18. Select all columns for everyone by their salaries in descending order.
- 19. Select all columns for everyone by their salaries in ascending order.
- 20. Select all columns for everyone by their salaries in ascending order whose age not less than 17.
- 21. Select all columns for everyone by their salaries in descending order whose age not more than 34.

Miscellaneous(count, sum(), max(), min())

- 22. Select all columns for everyone by their length of firstname in ascending order.
- 23. Select the number of employees whose age is above 45
- 24. Show the results by adding 5 to ages and removing 250 from salaries of all employees
- 25. Select the number of employees whose lastname ends with "re" or "ri" or "ks"
- 26. Select the average salary of all your employees
- 27. Select the average salary of Freshers
- 28. Select the average age of Programmers

- 29. Select the average salary of employees whose age is not less than 35 and not more than 50
- 30. Select the number of Freshers
- 31. What percentage of programmers constitute your employees
- 32. What is the combined salary that you need to pay to the employees whose age is not less than 40
- 33. What is the combined salary that you need to pay to all the Freshers and Programmers for 1 month
- 34. What is the combined salary that you need to pay to all the Freshers whose age is greater than 27 for 3years

Additional Mathematical operators

Using Sub-Queries (and usage of 'in' and 'between')

- 35. Select the eldest employee's firstname, lastname and age whose salary is less than 35000
- 36. Who is the youngest General Manager
- 37. Select the eldest fresher whose salary is less than 35000
- 38. Select firstname and age of everyone whose firstname starts with "John" or "Michael" and salary in the range 17000 and 26000

Using 'Group By' and 'Having' clause

- 39. How many employees are having each unique title. Select the title and display the number of employees present in ascending order
- 40. What is the average salary of each unique title of the employees. Select the title and display the average salary of employees in each
- 41. What is the average salary of employees excluding Freshers
- 42. What is the average age of employees of each unique title.
- 43. In the age range of 25 to 40 get the number of employees under each unique title.
- 44. Show the average salary of each unique title of employees only if the average salary is not less than 25000
- 45. Show the sum of ages of each unique title of employee only if the sum of age is greater than 30

Basic Data Modification

Using 'Update'

- Lisa Ray just got married to Michael Moore. She has requested that her last name be updated to Moore.
- Ginger Finger's birthday is today, add 1 to his age and a bonus of 5000
- All 'Programmer's are now called "Engineer"s. Update all titles accordingly.
- Everyone whose making under 30000 are to receive a 3500 bonus.
- Everyone whose making over 35500 are to be deducted 15% of their salaries