# Lead Conversion Analysis Using Logistic Regression

Predicting Lead Conversion Likelihood with Data Insights

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## **Problem Statement**

### • Objective:

To predict the likelihood of lead conversion based on historical data, enabling efficient lead prioritization and better resource allocation.

### Expected Key Challenges After Initial Data Analysis:

- Handling missing data in key features like Lead Quality and Last Activity.
- Managing class imbalance with a conversion rate of 38.5%.
- Identifying meaningful predictors from numerous features, including categorical variables.

```
# 2. Data Loading
 data = pd.read_csv('leads.csv') # Replace with actual file path
                                                 1 2.0 1532 2.0 ... No Potential
```

5 rows × 37 columns

# Approach Overview

- Data Understanding and Quality Checks: Addressed missing values, ensured data consistency, and removed redundant columns.
- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA): Analyzed conversion trends and identified key predictors.
- Data Preprocessing: Imputed missing values, created dummy variables, and scaled numerical features.
- Feature Engineering: Selected features based on logistic regression coefficients and domain-specific insights.
- Model Building and Evaluation: Developed a logistic regression model and evaluated using metrics like accuracy, precision, recall, and ROC-AUC.
- Lead Scoring: Assigned a lead score (0-100) to each lead based on the predicted probability of conversion.

## **Data Preparation**

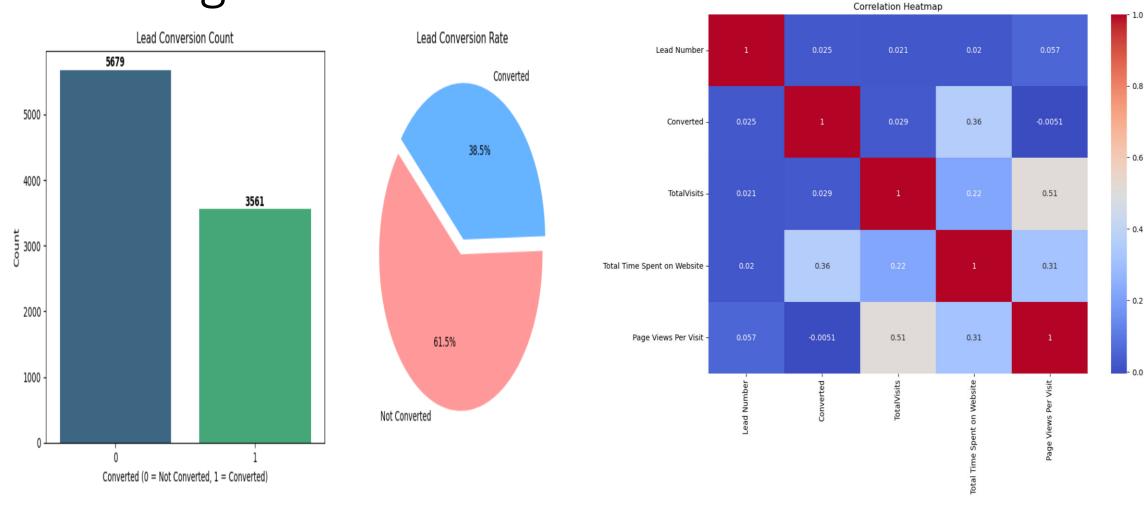
## Missing Value Treatment:

- Lead Quality and Last Activity were imputed with mode and placeholder values, respectively.
- Applied "Not Available" placeholders for categorical null values.

#### Feature Transformation:

- Dummy variables were created for categorical features like Lead Source and Tags.
- Numerical columns like Total Time Spent on Website were scaled for model compatibility.

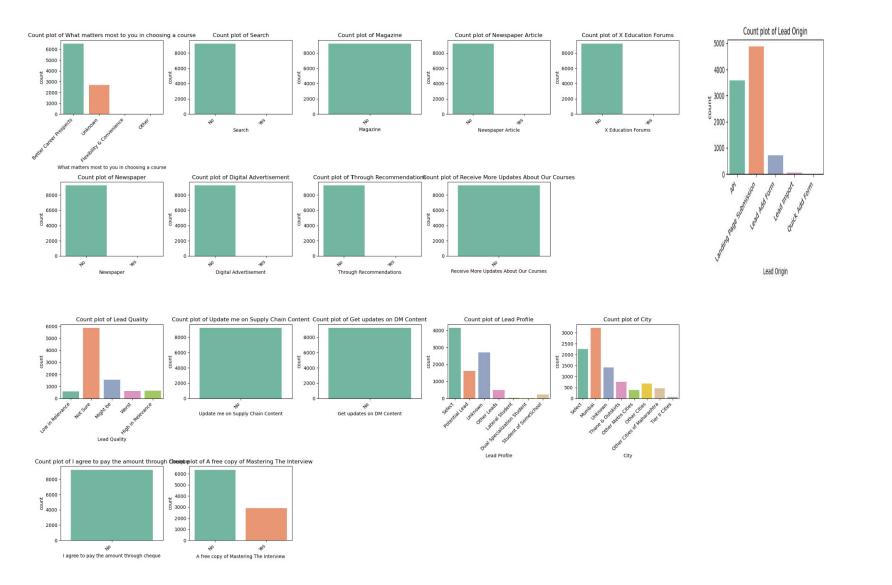
# **EDA** Insights

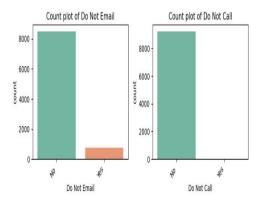


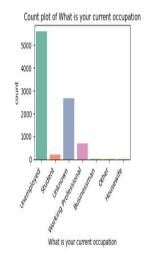
Conversion rate = 38.5% (3561 out of 9240 leads).

No significant linear correlation between selected features

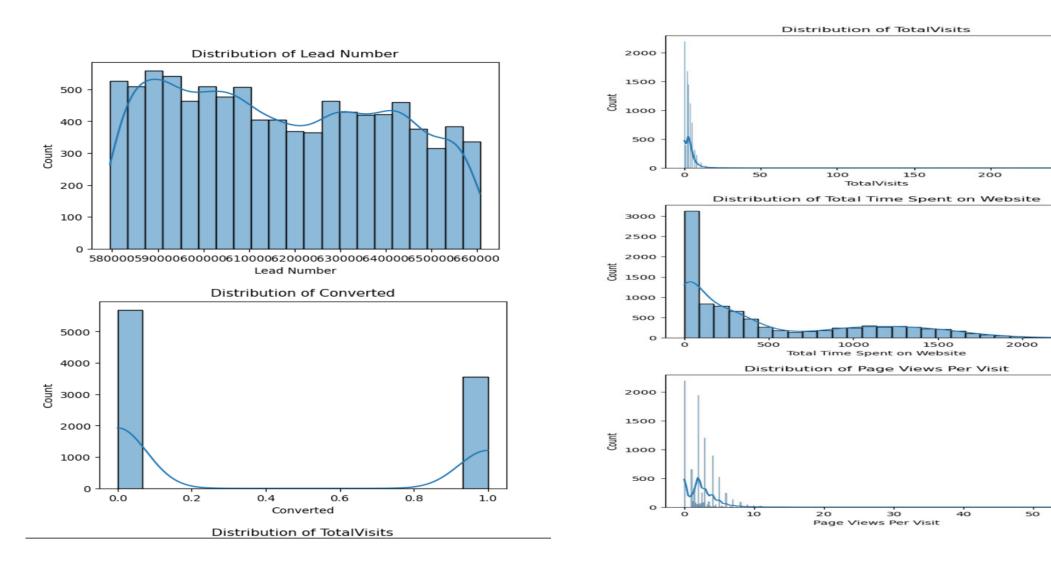
# Visualizations [Categorical Features]







# Visualizations[Numerical Features]



250

# Model Development

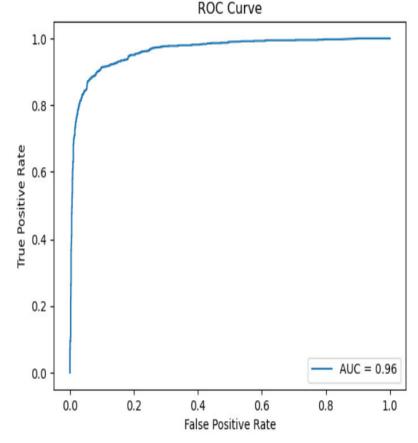
- Logistic regression was chosen for interpretability and efficiency.
- Class imbalance addressed using weighted loss functions.
- Lead scores were computed as:
  - lead\_scores = y\_pred\_prob \* 100
  - data\_test['Lead Score'] = lead\_scores
- Thresholds adjusted for specific strategies: Aggressive conversion: Threshold = 0.3 (Targeted leads = 1123).
- Minimized calls: Threshold = 0.7 (Targeted leads = 967).

## **Model Evaluation**

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[1571 133]
[ 118 950]]
```

- Classification Report:
  - Accuracy: **91%**
  - Precision (Converted Leads): 88%
  - Recall (Converted Leads): 89%
  - F1 Score (Converted Leads): 88%
- ROC-AUC Score: 0.958



- Threshold Impact (Customize on Need Basis):
  - Threshold = 0.3: Higher sensitivity for aggressive conversion.
  - Threshold = 0.7: Focused targeting with minimized waste.

# **Business Implications**

## 1.Lead Scoring:

- 1. Assigning lead scores (0-100) for prioritization.
- 2. Example: Leads with scores >70 are "hot" and should be prioritized.

## 2.Actionable Insights:

- **1.Tags\_Ringing**: Indicates less promising leads; adjust follow-up strategies.
- 2.Total Time Spent on Website: Key metric for identifying engaged leads.

## 3. Campaign Optimization:

1. Reallocate resources to effective lead sources and Tags categories.

# Business Key Insights after using prediction Model

- Top Predictors (Numerical):
  - ✓ Total Time Spent on Website: Positively correlated with conversion (Coefficient: 1.35).
- Top Predictors (Categorical):
  - ✓ Tags\_Ringing: Strong negative impact on conversion (Coefficient: -1.71).
  - ✓ Tags\_Will revert after reading the email: Positive correlation with conversion (Coefficient: 1.59).
  - ✓ Tags\_Lost to EINS: Positive impact (Coefficient: 0.93).

## Conclusion and Recommendations

## **Summary of Findings:**

- Logistic regression model achieved 91% accuracy and 0.958 ROC-AUC, providing actionable insights.
- Top predictors (numerical and categorical) were identified to guide lead prioritization.

### **Recommendations:**

- 1. Focus on leads with high scores for conversion campaigns.
- Adjust follow-up intensity based on thresholds (e.g., aggressive vs. focused strategy).
- 3. Regularly retrain the model with new data to adapt to changing trends.

# Thank You