# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE RAJAGIRI COLLEGE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES (Autonomous)

KALAMASSERY - KOCHI - 683104



## MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS 2024–2026

## ANDROID LAB RECORD

Name : ADARSH N S

Semester : THIRD

Register Number : 24204004

## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE RAJAGIRI COLLEGE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES (Autonomous)



#### MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

2024 - 2026

**MCA306** 

## DATA ANALYTICS USING PYTHON LAB RECORD

NAME : ADARSH N S

**SEMESTER**: THIRD

**REGISTER NO. : 24204004** 



#### DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE RAJAGIRI COLLEGE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES (Autonomous) KALAMASSERY - KOCHI - 683104

#### **CERTIFICATE**

NAME : ADARSH N S

**SEMESTER**: THIRD

**REGISTER NO: 24204004** 

Certified that this is a bonafide record of work done by **ADARSH N S** in the Software Laboratory of MCA306 subject in the third semester MCA examintaions 2025, Department of Computer Science, Rajagiri College of Social Sciences (Autonomous), Kalamassery.

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**Internal Examiner** 

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Place: Kalamassery

Date:

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Program No: 1	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Swap two variables	s using a temporary variable.
Program:	
a=input("enter 1st number:")	
b=input("enter 1st number:")	
t=a a=b	
b=t	
print(f''a is {a} b is {b}")	
Output Screenshot/Text	
enter 1st number:1	
enter 1st number:2	
a is 2 b is 1	



Program No: 2	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004

Program Title: Takes a user input string and returns the number of vowels in it

#### Program:

```
 \begin{array}{l} str=input("enter string:")\\ c=0\\ for \ i \ in \ range(len(str)):\\ if \ str[i]=='a' \ or \ str[i]=='e' \ or \ str[i]=='i' \ or \ str[i]=='o' \ or \ str[i]=='u':\\ c=c+1\\ print(f''count \ of \ vowels \ is \ \{c\}'') \end{array}
```

#### Output Screenshot/Text

enter stringaeiouqwe count of vowels is 6



Program No: 3	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program: Title Write a program to r	everse a string without using built-in functions.
Program :	
def reverse_string(s):	
reversed_str = " for i in range(len(s) - 1, -1, -1): reversed_str += s[i]	
<pre>return reversed_str input_str = input("Enter a string: ")</pre>	
result = reverse_string(input_str) print("Reversed string:", result)	
Output Screenshot/Text	SERVE C
Enter a string: hi Reversed string: ih	G



Program No: 4	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Concatenate two	o strings using variables and print the result.

#### Program:

str1=input("enter string1") str2=input("enter string2") str3=str1+str2 print(str3)

#### Output Screenshot/Text

enter string1hi world enter string2hi heell hi worldhi heell



Program No: 5	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Write a program	that checks whether a substring exists in a given string.
Program :	
def is substring(main str, sub st	x):
main_len = len(main_str)	
sub_len = len(sub_str)	
for i in range(main_len - sub_l	en + 1):
match = True	
for j in range(sub_len):	
if main_str[i + j] != sub_s	itr[j]:
match = False break	
if match:	
return True	
return False	
main_string = input("Enter the m	
substring = input("Enter the subs	tring to check: ")
if is substring(main string, subst	tring):
print("Substring exists in the m	
else:	
print("Substring does not exist	in the main string.")
Output Screenshot/Text	
Enter the main string: hel	lo
Enter the substring to che	
Substring exists in the ma	in string.
	<del></del>



Program No: 6	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a program to	find the maximum and minimum elements in a list.
Program :	2442
def find_max_min(numbers):     if not numbers: # empty list chec     return None, None     max_val = numbers[0]     min_val = numbers[0]	ek
for num in numbers[1:]: # start f if num > max_val: max_val = num elif num < min_val: min_val = num	From 2nd element
return max_val, min_val  try:     input_str = input("Enter numbers     num_list = [float(x) for x in inpu     maximum, minimum = find_max     if maximum is None:         print("No numbers entered.")     else:         print("Maximum element:", m         print("Minimum element:", m         except ValueError:         print("Please enter only numbers	t_str.split()] # float allows decimals x_min(num_list) aximum) inimum)
Output:	
Enter numbers separated by space Maximum element: 55.0 Minimum element: 1.0	es: 1 2 4 55 22



Program No: 7	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: to remove duplicate	es from a list
Program:	
<pre>def remove_duplicates(lst):     unique_list = []     for item in lst:         if item not in unique_list:             unique_list.append(item)     return unique_list</pre>	
input_str = input("Enter list elements input_list = [int(x) for x in input_str.	
result = remove_duplicates(input_lis print("List after removing duplicates	
Output Screenshot/Text	ERVE
Output Screenshot/ Text	$\Lambda \hookrightarrow M$
Enter list elements separated List after removing duplicates	



Program No: 8	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Create a tuple of 5 numbers. 1	Print the sum and average of the numbers.

Program:

numbers = (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)

total = 0 for num in numbers: total += num

average = total / len(numbers)

print("Tuple:", numbers)
print("Sum:", total)
print("Average:", average)

#### Output Screenshot/Text

Tuple: (10, 20, 30, 40, 50) Sum: 150 Average: 30.0



Program No: 9	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a program to	find the second largest number in a list.
Program:	
def find second largest(lst):	
if $len(lst) < 2$ :	
return None	
largest = second_largest = float('	'-inf')
for num in 1st:	
if num > largest:	
second_largest = largest	
largest = num	
elif num > second_largest and	num!= largest:
second_largest = num	
if second_largest == float('-inf'):	
return None	
return second_largest	
input str = input("Enter list elemen	ata sanaratad by anagas: ")
input list = $[int(x)]$ for x in input st	· · · · · ·
mput_nst = [mt(x) for x m mput_st	1.5pm()]
result = find_second_largest(input_	_list)
if result is not None:	
print("Second largest number is:	", result)
else:	
print("Cannot determine second	largest (not enough unique values).")
•	<u> </u>
Output Saraanshat/Tayt	
Output Screenshot/Text	
Enter list elements separated by	cnacect 1 2 2 4 5 6
Second largest number is: 5	spaces: 1 2 3 4 3 0
Terma tai Best Hamber 191 3	



Program No: 10	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : .Write a Python functist.	ction to count how many times an element appears in a
Program:	
<pre>def count_occurrences(lst, element):    count = 0</pre>	
for item in lst:  if item == element:  count += 1	
return count	
<pre>input_str = input("Enter list element input_list = input_str.split()</pre>	s separated by spaces: ")
element_to_count = input("Enter the	e element to count: ")
occurrences = count_occurrences(inprint(f'Element '{element_to_count})	<pre>put_list, element_to_count) }' appears {occurrences} time(s) in the list.")</pre>
Output Screenshot/Text	AUM
Enter list elements separated by s Enter the element to count: 4 Element '4' appears 1 time(s) in t	



Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
rogram Title: Write a program to f	ind the union and intersection of two sets.
rogram :	
Program to find Union and Intersec	ction of two sets
Define two sets et1 = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} et2 = {4, 5, 6, 7, 8}  Union of sets nion_set = set1.union(set2) # or set	et1   set2
Intersection of sets ntersection_set = set1.intersection(s	et2) # or set1 & set2
Display results rint("Set 1:", set1)	

```
Set 1: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
Set 2: {4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
Union of Set 1 and Set 2: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
Intersection of Set 1 and Set 2: {4, 5}
```



Program No: 12	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Create a dictionar	ry with 5 key-value pairs and print all keys and values.
//// //	
Program: # Create a dictionary w	vith 5 key-value pairs
my_dict = {	
"name": "Alice",	
"age": 22, "course": "Computer Science",	
"year": "Final",	
"grade": "A"	
}	
# Print all keys	
print("Keys in dictionary:")	
for key in my_dict.keys():	
print(key)	
# Print all values	
print("\nValues in dictionary:")	
for value in my_dict.values():	
print(value)	
Output :	
→ Keys in dictionary:	
age	
course	
year grade	
graue	
Values in dictionary:	
Values in dictionary: Alice	
Values in dictionary: Alice 22	
Values in dictionary: Alice	



Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a program to dictionary.	count the frequency of characters in a string using a
Program :	
# Program to count frequency of ch	aracters in a string
# Input string ext = "programming"	
# Create an empty dictionary Freq = {}	
Loop through each character in the	ne string
For char in text:  if char in freq:	
freq[char] += 1 # Increment of	count if already exists
else:	4.1.0
freq[char] = 1 # Initialize wi	th 1 if new character
# Print character frequencies	
print("Character Frequency:")	
For key, value in freq.items(): print(f"{key}: {value}")	
print(1 {key}. {value} )	



Program No: 14	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a program to	o print all prime numbers between 1 and 50.
Program:	
# Program to print all prime num	bers between 1 and 50
print("Prime numbers between 1 a	and 50 are:")
for num in range(2, 51): # Start fr is prime = True	rom 2 (since 1 is not prime)
for i in range(2, int(num**0.5)	+ 1): # Check divisors up to sqrt(num)
if num % i == 0: is_prime = False	
break	
if is_prime:	
<pre>print(num, end=" ")</pre>	





Program No: 15	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a program to take the given number using a for loop.	user input and generate the multiplication table of
Program:	
# Program to generate multiplication tal	ble
<pre># Take user input num = int(input("Enter a number: "))</pre>	
# Print multiplication table print(f"\nMultiplication Table of {num} for i in range(1, 11): # From 1 to 10 print(f"{num} x {i} = {num * i}")	:")

```
Enter a number: 5

Multiplication Table of 5:

5 x 1 = 5

5 x 2 = 10

5 x 3 = 15

5 x 4 = 20

5 x 5 = 25

5 x 6 = 30

5 x 7 = 35

5 x 8 = 40

5 x 9 = 45

5 x 10 = 50
```



Program No: 16	Date: 09/07/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Write a program to	o print Fibonacci series up to n terms.
Program :	
# Program to print Fibonacci serie	es up to n terms
# Take user input n = int(input("Enter the number of	f terms: "))
# First two terms of Fibonacci sers a, b = 0, 1	ies
print("\nFibonacci Series:")	
for i in range(n): print(a, end=" ") a, b = b, a + b	

```
Fibonacci Series:
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89
```



Program No: 17	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Create a Calcula	ator class with methods add, subtract, multiply, divide
Program :# Calculator class with class Calculator:	h basic operations
def add(self, a, b):	
return a + b	
def subtract(self, a, b):	
return a - b	
def multiply(self, a, b): return a * b	
def divide(self, a, b):	
if $b = 0$ :	
return "Error! Division b	oy zero."
return a / b	
# Main program	
calc = Calculator()	
print("Simple Calculator")	
print("1. Add") print("2. Subtract")	
print("2. Subtract") print("3. Multiply")	
print("4. Divide")	
choice = int(input("\nEnter your	r choice (1-4): "))
num1 = float(input("Enter first 1	number: "))
num2 = float(input("Enter secon	
<pre>if choice == 1:     print("Result:", calc.add(num</pre>	1, num2))
elif choice == 2:	

```
print("Result:", calc.subtract(num1, num2))
elif choice == 3:
  print("Result:", calc.multiply(num1, num2))
elif choice == 4:
  print("Result:", calc.divide(num1, num2))
else:
  print("Invalid choice!")
Output Screenshot/Text
  Simple Calculator
  1. Add
  2. Subtract
  3. Multiply
  4. Divide
  Enter your choice (1-4): 1
  Enter first number: 1
  Enter second number: 2
  Result: 3.0
```



Program No: 18	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Implement a Vehicle – multilevel inheritance.	→ Car → ElectricCar hierarchy and demonstrate
Program:	
class Vehicle:  definit(self, brand):  self.brand = brand	
<pre>def display_info(self):     print(f"Brand: {self.brand}")</pre>	
class Car(Vehicle):  definit(self, brand, model):     super()init(brand)     self.model = model	
<pre>def display_info(self):     super().display_info()     print(f''Model: {self.model}'')</pre>	
<pre>class ElectricCar(Car):     definit(self, brand, model, batt         super()init(brand, model)         self.battery_capacity = battery_ca     def display_info(self):         super().display_info()         print(f"Battery Capacity: {self.ba</pre>	apacity
brand = input("Enter the brand of the emodel = input("Enter the model: ") battery_capacity = float(input("Enter the state))	,
ev = ElectricCar(brand, model, battery print("\nElectric Car Details:") ev.display_info()	_capacity)

#### Output Screenshot/Text

Enter the brand of the electric car: tesla
Enter the model: 3
Enter the battery capacity (kWh): 78

Electric Car Details:
Brand: tesla
Model: 3
Battery Capacity: 78.0 kWh



Program No: 19	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
	pase class with a method area(). Derive Rectangle and
Circle classes overriding area().	
Program :	
i iogiami.	
import math	
# Base class	
class Shape:	
def area(self):	
	overridden by derived classes
# Derived class for Rectangle	
class Rectangle(Shape):  def init (self, length, width	h).
self.length = length	ii).
self.width = width	
Serii Wilder Wilder	
def area(self):	
return self.length * self.wid	th
# Derived class for Circle	
class Circle(Shape):	
definit(self, radius):	
self.radius = radius	
def area(self):	
return math.pi * self.radius	** 2
# Taking user input	2
<u> </u>	type (rectangle/circle): ").strip().lower()
1 = 11	
if shape_type == "rectangle":	
length = float(input("Enter len	
width = float(input("Enter wid	//
rect = Rectangle(length, width	
<pre>print(f'Area of Rectangle: {re elif shape_type == "circle":</pre>	ci.area()} )
radius = float(input("Enter rad	lius: "))
circ = Circle(radius)	
print(f"Area of Circle: {circ.ar	roo(): 2f) ")

else: print("Invalid shape type!") Output Screenshot/Text Enter shape type (rectangle/circle): circle Enter radius: 3 Area of Circle: 28.27



Program No: 20	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Write a program	n to read a text file and count words, lines, and characters.
Program :# Program to read a fil	le and count lines, words, and characters
# Take filename as input	
filename = input("Enter the filer	name: ")
try:	
with open(filename, 'r') as file	»:
text = file.read()	
# Count lines	
with open(filename, 'r') as file	
lines = file.readlines()	
num_lines = len(lines)	
# Count words	
words = text.split() num words = len(words)	
# Count characters	
num chars = $len(text)$	
# Display results	
<pre>print(f"Lines: {num_lines}")</pre>	
print(f''Words: {num_words}	")
print(f"Characters: {num_cha	
except FileNotFoundError:	
print("File not found. Please of	check the filename and try again.")
Output Screenshot/Text	
Output Scientifion Text	
Enton the fileness	la tyt
Enter the filename: samp Lines: 3	ie.txt
Words: 3	
Characters: 20	



Program No: 21	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Demonstrate use of	f read(), readline(), readlines(), write(), and writelines().
Program :# File operations demons	stration
filename = "demo_file.txt"	
# 1. Writing to a file using write() a with open(filename, "w") as file: file.write("Hello World!\n") # V lines = ["Python is fun.\n", "File file.writelines(lines) # Write mu	Write a single line handling is easy.\n", "End of file.\n"]
# 2. Reading entire file using read( with open(filename, "r") as file: content = file.read() print("Using read():") print(content)	
# 3. Reading file line by line using with open(filename, "r") as file:     print("Using readline():")     line = file.readline()     while line:         print(line, end="")         line = file.readline()	readline()
# 4. Reading all lines into a list usi with open(filename, "r") as file: lines_list = file.readlines() print("\nUsing readlines():")	ng readlines()

```
Using read():
Hello World!
Python is fun.
File handling is easy.
End of file.

Using readline():
Hello World!
Python is fun.
File handling is easy.
End of file.

Using readlines():
['Hello World!\n', 'Python is fun.\n', 'File handling is easy.\n', 'End of file.\n']
```





Program No: 22	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Print current date, to	ime, and day of the week.
Program:	
from datetime import datetime	
# Get current date and time now = datetime.now()	
# Extract date, time, and day current_date = now.date() current_time = now.time().strftime( day_of_week = now.strftime("%A"	("%H:%M:%S") # Format time as HH:MM:SS
# Display results print(f''Current Date: {current_date print(f''Current Time: {current_time print(f''Day of the Week: {day_of_v	ê}")

#### Output Screenshot/Text

Current Date: 2025-10-01 Current Time: 03:10:31 Day of the Week: Wednesday

Department of Computer Science, RAJAGIRI COLLEGE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES(AUTONOMOUS)



Program No: 23	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a program to calcul	late age from a given date of birth.
Program :from datetime import datetime	
# Take user input for date of birth dob_input = input("Enter your date of bir	th (YYYY-MM-DD): ")
# Convert string input to a date object dob = datetime.strptime(dob_input, "%Y-	-%m-%d").date()
# Get today's date today = datetime.today().date()	
# Calculate age age = today.year - dob.year	
# Adjust if birthday hasn't occurred yet the if (today.month, today.day) < (dob.month age -= 1	
# Display age print(f"You are {age} years old.")	
Output Screenshot/Text	

Enter your date of birth (YYYY-MM-DD): 2004-01-16 You are 21 years old.



Program No: 24	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Write a program t	to handle division by zero exception.
Program:	
# Program to handle division by 2	zero exception
# Take user input	
numerator = float(input("Enter nu	imerator: "))
denominator = float(input("Enter	
try:	
	or
result = numerator / denominat	
<pre>print(f"Result: {result}")</pre>	
<pre>print(f'Result: {result}") except ZeroDivisionError:</pre>	
<pre>print(f"Result: {result}")</pre>	
<pre>print(f'Result: {result}") except ZeroDivisionError:</pre>	

Enter numerator: 23 Enter denominator: 0 Error! Division by zero is not allowed.



Program No: 25	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Create a custom e negative input is given.	exception class NegativeValueError and raise it when
Program: # Custom exception class NegativeValueError(Except definit(self, value):     super()init(f''Negative self.value = value	
# Function to take input and checked fet_positive_number():  num = float(input("Enter a position of the input	itive number: "))
# Main program	
try: number = get_positive_number print(f'You entered: {number} except NegativeValueError as e:	
print("Error:", e) except ValueError:	eer a number.")



Program No: 26	Date: 10/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Demonstrate use of	f try-except-else-finally
Program :	
try:	
numerator = float(input("Enter	
denominator = float(input("Ente	r denominator: "))
10.10	
result = numerator / denominato	r
aveant ZanaDivisianEman	
except ZeroDivisionError: print("Error! Division by zero is	not allowed ")
print( Error: Division by zero is	not anowed.
except ValueError:	
print("Invalid input! Please enter	r numeric values.")
else:	
print(f''Result of division: {result	lt}")
finally:	
print("Program execution com	inleted ")
print( 1 regram execution com	protect.

Enter numerator: 20 Enter denominator: 0 Error! Division by zero is not allowed. Program execution completed.



Program No:27	Date: 11/09/2025	
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004	
Program Title: Implementation of MySQL connection using Python		
#!/usr/bin/python3	Some Some	
import cgi		
import mysql.connector		
from mysql.connector import Erro	or and a second	
print("Content-Type: text/html\n")		
print(" <html>")</html>		
<pre>print("<head><title>MySQL CGI&lt;/pre&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Example</title></head>")</pre>		
print(" <body>")</body>		
print(" <h1>Users from Database&lt;</h1>	/h1>")	
connection = None		
try:		
connection = mysql.connector.c	connect(	
host="localhost",		
database="testdb",		
user="root", password=""		
passworu— )		
,		
if connection.is connected():		
cursor = connection.cursor()		
cursor.execute("SELECT id,	username, email FROM users")	
records = cursor.fetchall()		
if cursor.rowcount > 0:		
print('')		
1 \	n>UsernameEmail")	
for row in records:	,	
$ print(f'' \{row[0]\}  \{row[1]\}  \{row[2]\} < '') \\ print(''< /table>'') $		
else:		
print("No records foun	d in the 'users' table.")	
cursor.close()		
~		

```
except Error as e:
 print(f"<h2>Error connecting to MySQL</h2>")
 print(f''  \{e\}  ")
finally:
 if connection and connection.is_connected():
   connection.close()
print("</body>")
print("</html>")
Output Screenshot/Text
 Users from Database
 ID Username
                       Email
     john
                 john@gmail.com
```



Program Title: Implementation of SqLite3 connection using Python.  #!/usr/bin/python3 import sqlite3 import egi  print("Content-Type: text/html\n")  print("\chad> <titile>SQLite User List")  print("\chad&gt;<titile>SQLite User List")  print("\chad&gt;<titile>SQLite User List")  print("\chad&gt;<titile>SQLite User List")  print("\chad&gt;<titile>SQLite User List")  print("\chad&gt;<tille>SqLite User List yrint("\chad&gt;<tille>SqLite User List<tille>SqLite User List<th>Program No:28</th><th>Date: 11/09/2025</th></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></tille></titile></titile></titile></titile></titile>	Program No:28	Date: 11/09/2025
#!/usr/bin/python3 import sqlite3 import cgi  print("Content-Type: text/html\n") print("shtml>")  connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path) cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id") all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print("stable border="1" style="width:50%;">')     print("str>"sth>[] syle="width:50%;">')     print("str>"sth>[] syle="width:5	Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
import sqlite3 import cgi  print("Content-Type: text/html\n")  print(" <html>")  print("<html>")  print("<html>")  print("<htmat="sqlite3") )="" all_users="cursor.fetchall()" all_users:="" border="1" by="" connection="sqlite3.connect(db_path)" cursor="connection.cursor()" cursor.execute("select="" email="" from="" id")="" id,="" if="" order="" print("<htmat="sqlite3" print("<table="" print("connection="None" style="width:50%;" try:="" username,="" users="">')     print("</htmat="sqlite3")></html></html></html>	Program Title: Implementation	of SqLite3 connection using Python.
import cgi  print("Content-Type: text/html\n")  print(" <html>")  print("<html>")  db_path = "/opt/lampp/var/userdb.db"  connection = None  try:  connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path)  cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id")  all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:  print("')  print("<ttable border="1" style="width:50%;">')  print("<tt< td=""><td>#!/usr/bin/python3</td><td></td></tt<></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html>	#!/usr/bin/python3	
import cgi  print("Content-Type: text/html\n")  print(" <html>")  print("<html>")  db_path = "/opt/lampp/var/userdb.db"  connection = None  try:  connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path)  cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id")  all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:  print("')  print("<ttable border="1" style="width:50%;">')  print("<tt< td=""><td>import sqlite3</td><td></td></tt<></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></ttable></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html>	import sqlite3	
print(" <html>") print("<html>") print("<html>") print("<html>") print("<html>") print("<html>") print("<html>") print("<html>") print("<html>") print("<html>")  db_path = "/opt/lampp/var/userdb.db" connection = None  try:     connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path)     cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id")     all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print('')     print("</html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html>	import egi	
print(" <head><title>SQLite User List</title></head> ") print(" <hl>Current Users in Database</hl> "/opt/lampp/var/userdb.db"  connection = None  try:  connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path)     cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id")     all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print("')     print("	print("Content-Type: text/html\	n")
print(" <head><title>SQLite User List</title></head> ") print(" <hl>Current Users in Database</hl> "/opt/lampp/var/userdb.db"  connection = None  try:  connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path)     cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id")     all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print("')     print("	print(" <html>")</html>	
print(" <h1>Current Users in Database</h1> ")  db_path = "/opt/lampp/var/userdb.db" connection = None  try:     connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path)     cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id") all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print('')     print("	print(" <head><title>SQLite Use&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;er List</title></head> ")	
db_path = "/opt/lampp/var/userdb.db" connection = None  try:     connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path)     cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id")     all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print('')     printt("	<b>1</b> \ <b>7</b> /	otohogo /h1>")
try:     connection = Sqlite3.connect(db_path)     cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id") all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print('')     print("	print \\n1>Current Osers in Da	itabase \(\pi\)
<pre>connection = sqlite3.connect(db_path) cursor = connection.cursor()  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id") all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print('')     print("</pre>	db_path = "/opt/lampp/var/usero connection = None	db.db"
cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id") all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print('')     print("	try:	
<pre>all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print('')     print("&gt;ID&gt;Username&gt;Email '')     for user in all_users:         print(f"* [0]}* [1]}* [2]} '')     print("")  else:     print("No users found in the database.")  except sqlite3.Error as e:     print(f"<h2>Database Error</h2>")     print(f"An error occurred: {e}")  finally:     if connection:</pre>		(db_path)
<pre>all_users = cursor.fetchall()  if all_users:     print('')     print("&gt;ID&gt;Username&gt;Email '')     for user in all_users:         print(f"* [0]}* [1]}* [2]} '')     print("")  else:     print("No users found in the database.")  except sqlite3.Error as e:     print(f"<h2>Database Error</h2>")     print(f"An error occurred: {e}")  finally:     if connection:</pre>	cursor.execute("SELECT id,	username, email FROM users ORDER BY id")
print('') print("IDUsernameEmail//tr>") for user in all_users: print(f"{user[0]}{user[1]}{user[2]}print("") else: print("No users found in the database.")  except sqlite3.Error as e: print(f" <h2>Database Error</h2> ") print(f"An error occurred: {e}")		
<pre>print("IDUsernameEmail") for user in all_users:     print(f"fuser[0]}{user[1]}print("") else:     print("No users found in the database.")  except sqlite3.Error as e:     print(f"<h2>Database Error</h2>")     print(f"An error occurred: {e}")  finally:     if connection:</pre>	if all_users:	
for user in all_users:     print(f"     discription of the database of the print of	± `	•
<pre>print(f"f"fuser[0]}{user[1]}{user[2]}print("")else:print("No users found in the database.")except sqlite3.Error as e:print(f"<h2>Database Error</h2>")print(f"An error occurred: {e}") finally:   if connection:</pre>		1>UsernameEmail")
print("No users found in the database.")  except sqlite3.Error as e:     print(f" <h2>Database Error</h2> ")     print(f"An error occurred: {e}")  finally:     if connection:	print(f''  -(td > (user[0]))	]} $\{user[1]\}$ $\{user[2]\}$ <'td>")
except sqlite3.Error as e:     print(f" <h2>Database Error</h2> ")     print(f"An error occurred: {e}")  finally:     if connection:		
<pre>print(f"<h2>Database Error</h2>") print(f"An error occurred: {e}") finally:   if connection:</pre>	print("No users found	in the database.")
<pre>print(f"An error occurred: {e}")  finally:   if connection:</pre>	except sqlite3.Error as e:	
finally: if connection:		
if connection:	priniqi >p>Aii error occurred	{c, ~p~ }
	finally:	
connection close()	if connection: connection.close()	

print("</body>") print("</html>") Output Screenshot/Text **Current Users in Database** ID Email Username indrajith indrajithpg10@gmail.com 2 denin denin@gmail.com

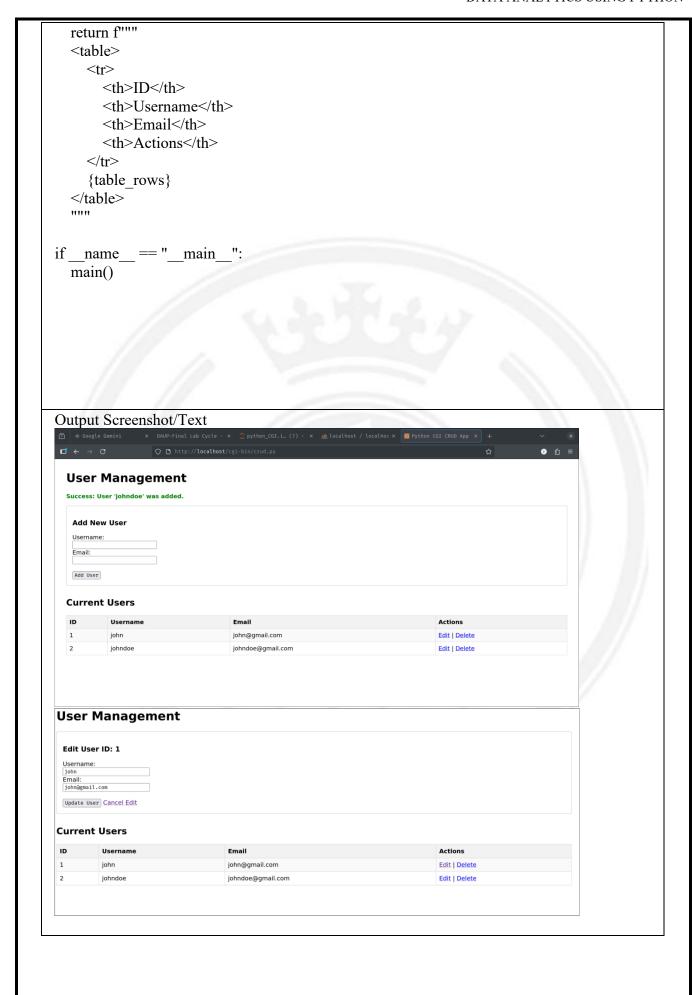


Program No:29	Date: 11/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Implementation	of SqLite3 connection using Python.
#!/usr/bin/python3	A SECTION AS A PROPERTY AS A PERSON AS A P
import cgi	
import mysql.connector	mov
from mysql.connector import En	rror
DD CONEIC - (	
DB_CONFIG = {	
'host': 'localhost', 'user': 'root',	
'password': ",	
'database': 'testdb'	
\	
S	
def main():	
print("Content-Type: text/htm	n[\n")
print( Content Type, text itin	nui )
form = cgi.FieldStorage()	
action = form.getvalue('action	n')
message = ""	
8	
conn = get_db_connection()	
if not conn:	
print html page(" <h2>Err</h2>	or: Could not connect to the database.")
return	
create_users_table(conn)	
try:	
if action == 'add':	
username = form.getvalu	
email = form.getvalue('e	mail')
if username and email:	
add_user(conn, userna	
message = f''Success:	User '{username}' was added."
else:	
message = "Error: Ple	ase provide both username and email."
elif action == 'update':	
em action — update.	

```
user id = form.getvalue('id')
       username = form.getvalue('username')
       email = form.getvalue('email')
       if user id and username and email:
         update user(conn, user id, username, email)
         message = f"Success: User ID {user id} was updated."
         message = "Error: Missing data for update."
    elif action == 'delete':
       user id = form.getvalue('id')
       if user id:
         delete user(conn, user id)
         message = f"Success: User ID {user_id} was deleted."
  except Error as e:
    message = f"Database Error: {e}"
  edit id = form.getvalue('id') if action == 'edit' else None
  html content = generate page content(conn, message, edit id)
  print(html content)
  if conn.is connected():
    conn.close()
def get db connection():
  try:
    conn = mysql.connector.connect(**DB CONFIG)
    return conn
  except Error:
    return None
def create users table(conn):
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute("""
    CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS users (
       id INT AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
       username VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
       email VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL UNIQUE
  (mm)
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
def add user(conn, username, email):
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute("INSERT INTO users (username, email) VALUES (%s, %s)", (username,
email))
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
def get all users(conn):
```

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users ORDER BY id")
  users = cursor.fetchall()
  cursor.close()
  return users
def get user by id(conn, user id):
  cursor = conn.cursor(dictionary=True)
  cursor.execute("SELECT id, username, email FROM users WHERE id = %s", (user id,))
  user = cursor.fetchone()
  cursor.close()
  return user
def update user(conn, user id, username, email):
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute("UPDATE users SET username = %s, email = %s WHERE id = %s",
(username, email, user id))
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
def delete user(conn, user id):
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute("DELETE FROM users WHERE id = %s", (user id,))
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
def generate page content(conn, message, edit id=None):
  user to edit = None
  if edit id:
    user to edit = get user by id(conn, edit id)
  if user to edit:
    form html = generate edit form(user to edit)
  else:
    form html = generate add form()
  users table html = generate users table(conn)
  return f"""
  <html>
  <head>
    <title>Python CGI CRUD App</title>
    <style>
       body {{ font-family: sans-serif; margin: 2em; }}
       table {{ border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%; }}
       th, td {{ border: 1px solid #dddddd; text-align: left; padding: 8px; }}
       th {{ background-color: #f2f2f2; }}
       tr:nth-child(even) {{ background-color: #f9f9f9; }}
       .message {{ color: green; font-weight: bold; }}
       .error {{ color: red; }}
       form {{ margin-bottom: 2em; padding: 1em; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius:
5px; }}
    </style>
```

```
</head>
  <body>
    <h1>User Management</h1>
    {message}
    {form html}
    <h2>Current Users</h2>
    {users table html}
  </body>
  </html>
def generate add form():
  return f""
  <form action="" method="post">
    <input type="hidden" name="action" value="add">
    <h3>Add New User</h3>
    <label>Username:</label><br>
    <input type="text" name="username" required><br>
    <label>Email:</label><br>
    <input type="email" name="email" required><br><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Add User">
  </form>
  111111
def generate edit form(user):
  return f""
  <form action="" method="post">
    <input type="hidden" name="action" value="update">
    <input type="hidden" name="id" value="{user['id']}">
    <h3>Edit User ID: {user['id']}</h3>
    <label>Username:</label><br>
    <input type="text" name="username" value="{user['username']}" required><br>
    <label>Email:</label><br>
    <input type="email" name="email" value="{user['email']}" required><br><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Update User">
    <a href="">Cancel Edit</a>
  </form>
def generate users table(conn):
  users = get all users(conn)
  table rows = ""
  for user in users:
    user id, username, email = user
    edit link = f'<a href="?action=edit&id={user id}">Edit</a>'
    delete \ link = f \le a \ href="?action=delete&id=\{user\_id\}" \ onclick="return \ confirm(\'Are
you sure?\');">Delete</a>'
    table rows +=
f"{user id}{username}{email}{edit link} |
{delete link}"
```







Program No:30	Date: 12/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Implementation	of SqLite3 connection using Python.
login.py #!/usr/bin/python3	
import cgi	
print("Content-Type: text/html\n	")
print("Content-Type: text/html\n")  print(""" <html> <head> <title>CGI Login Form</title> <style>  body { font-family: sans-serif; margin: 2em; }  form { padding: lem; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 5px; width: 300px; }  input { margin-bottom: 10px; width: 100%; padding: 8px; box-sizing: border-box; }  input[type="submit"] { width: auto; cursor: pointer; }  </style> </head> <body> <h2>User Login</h2> <form action="/cgi-bin/welcome.py" method="post"> <label for="username">Username:</label> <input id="username" name="username" required="" type="text"/> <input id="username" name="username" required="" type="text"/> <input type="email"/>Email (as password): <input id="email" name="email" required="" type="email"/> </form> </body> </html> """)	
welcome.py	
#!/usr/bin/python3	

```
import cgi
import cgitb
cgitb.enable()
import html
import mysql.connector
from mysql.connector import Error
DB CONFIG = {
  'host': 'localhost',
  'user': 'root',
  'password': ",
  'database': 'testdb'
def check user credentials(username, email):
  """Checks if a user with the given username and email exists."""
    conn = mysql.connector.connect(**DB CONFIG)
    if conn.is connected():
       cursor = conn.cursor()
       query = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE username = %s AND email = %s"
       cursor.execute(query, (username, email))
       result = cursor.fetchone()
       cursor.close()
       conn.close()
       return result is not None
  except Error as e:
    print(f"<h1>Database Connection Error</h1>{e}")
    return False
print("Content-Type: text/html\n")
print("<html><head><title>Login Status</title></head><body>")
form = cgi.FieldStorage()
username = form.getvalue('username')
email = form.getvalue('email')
if username and email:
  if check user credentials(username, email):
    # Use html.escape() instead of the old cgi.escape()
    print(f"<h1>Welcome, {html.escape(username)}!</h1>")
    print("You have successfully logged in.")
  else:
    print("<h1>Login Failed</h1>")
    print("Invalid username or email. Please try again.")
else:
  print("<h1>Error</h1>")
  print("Please provide both a username and an email.")
```

Output Screenshot/Text	
User Login	
Username:  john  Email (as password):	
john@gmail.com	
Welcome, john!	
You have successfully logged in.	
Back to Login	
	2// ///
	4// 6/
	7// 0
	FRVE OL



Program No:31	Date: 12/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
_	ation form for MCA admission and display the inserted data
on the web page	L. S. HAVE LE LA
#!/usr/bin/python3	
import cgi	
import egitb	
import mysql.connector	
import html	
import os	
cgitb.enable()	
DB_CONFIG = {	
'host': 'localhost',	
'user': 'root',	
'password': ",	
'database': 'testdb'	
}	
defensete table(comp).	
def create_table(conn):	ns table if it does not exist."""
cursor = conn.cursor()	ils table if it does not exist.
cursor.execute("""	
	EXISTS mea admissions (
id INT AUTO INCREM	•
full_name VARCHAR(	100) NOT NULL,
email VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL,
phone VARCHAR(15),	
qualification VARCHAI	
registration_date TIMES	STAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
) """)	
conn.commit()	
cursor.close()	
def insert_applicant(conn, form)	
"""Inserts a new applicant's d	
full_name = form.getvalue('fo	ull_name')

```
email = form.getvalue('email')
  phone = form.getvalue('phone')
  qualification = form.getvalue('qualification')
  if full name and email and phone and qualification:
     cursor = conn.cursor()
     query = "INSERT INTO mca admissions (full name, email, phone, qualification)
VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s)"
     cursor.execute(query, (full name, email, phone, qualification))
     conn.commit()
     cursor.close()
     return f"Successfully registered {html.escape(full name)}."
  return ""
def get all applicants(conn):
  """Retrieves all applicant records from the database."""
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute("SELECT id, full name, email, phone, qualification, registration date
FROM mca admissions ORDER BY id")
  records = cursor.fetchall()
  cursor.close()
  return records
# --- Main Script Logic ---
print("Content-Type: text/html\n")
print("<html><head><title>MCA Admission Registration</title>")
print("""
<style>
  body { font-family: Arial, sans-serif; margin: 2em; background-color: #f4f4f9; }
  h1, h2 { color: #333; }
  .container { display: flex; gap: 40px; }
  .form-section, .table-section { background-color: #fff; padding: 20px; border-radius: 8px;
box-shadow: 0 2px 5px rgba(0,0,0,0.1); }
  .form-section { flex: 1; }
  .table-section { flex: 2; }
  form input, form select { width: 100%; padding: 8px; margin-bottom: 10px; border-
radius: 4px; border: 1px solid #ccc; box-sizing: border-box; }
  form input[type="submit"] { background-color: #0056b3; color: white; cursor: pointer;
border: none; }
  .message { color: green; font-weight: bold; }
  table { width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 20px; }
  th, td { padding: 12px; border: 1px solid #ddd; text-align: left; }
  th { background-color: #0056b3; color: white; }
  tr:nth-child(even) { background-color: #f2f2f2; }
</style>
print("</head><body>")
print("<h1>MCA Admission Portal</h1>")
message = ""
connection = None
```

```
try:
  connection = mysql.connector.connect(**DB CONFIG)
  create table(connection)
  if os.environ['REQUEST METHOD'] == 'POST':
    form = cgi.FieldStorage()
    message = insert applicant(connection, form)
  applicants = get all applicants(connection)
  print('<div class="container">')
  # Registration Form Section
  print('<div class="form-section">')
  print("<h2>Register Applicant</h2>")
  if message:
    print(f'{message}')
  print(f<form action="{os.environ.get("SCRIPT NAME", "")}" method="post">')
  print("""
      <label for="full name">Full Name:</label><br>
      <input type="text" id="full name" name="full name" required><br/>br>
      <label for="email">Email:</label><br>
      <input type="email" id="email" name="email" required><br>
      <label for="phone">Phone Number:</label><br>>
      <input type="tel" id="phone" name="phone" required><br>
      <label for="qualification">Previous Qualification:</label><br>
      <input type="text" id="qualification" name="qualification" placeholder="e.g., BCA,</pre>
B.Sc. Computer Science" required><br><br>
      <input type="submit" value="Register">
    </form>
  </div>""")
  # Display Applicants Section
  print('<div class="table-section">')
  print("<h2>Registered Applicants</h2>")
  if applicants:
print("IDNameEmailPhoneQualifi
cationDate")
    for row in applicants:
      print("")
      for item in row:
        print("")
    print("")
    print("No applicants have registered yet.")
  print("</div>") # end table-section
  print("</div>") # end container
```

except mysql.connector.Error as e: print(f"<h2>Database Error</h2>Could not connect or run query: {e}") finally: if connection and connection.is\_connected(): connection.close() print("</body></html>") Output Screenshot/Text **MCA Admission Portal** Register Applicant **Registered Applicants** Successfully registered John. ID Name Email Full Name: 2025-10-12 09:38:09 Phone Number Previous Qualification:



```
Program No:32
                                        Date: 1/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S
                                        Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Create a MySQL database and perform INSERT, UPDATE, DESTROY,
and SELECT (display) operations using the CGI interface
#!/usr/bin/python3
import cgi
import cgitb
import mysql.connector
import html
import os
cgitb.enable()
DB CONFIG = {
  'host': 'localhost',
  'user': 'root',
  'password': ",
  'database': 'product_db'
def get db connection():
  return mysql.connector.connect(**DB_CONFIG)
definitialize database(conn):
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute("""
    CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS products (
      id INT AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
      name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
      description TEXT,
      price DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL,
      stock INT NOT NULL
  """)
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
def get_all_products(conn):
  cursor = conn.cursor()
```

```
cursor.execute("SELECT id, name, description, price, stock FROM products ORDER BY
id")
  products = cursor.fetchall()
  cursor.close()
  return products
def get product by id(conn, product id):
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  cursor.execute("SELECT id, name, description, price, stock FROM products WHERE id
= %s", (product id,))
  product = cursor.fetchone()
  cursor.close()
  return product
def insert_product(conn, form):
  name = form.getvalue('name')
  desc = form.getvalue('description')
  price = form.getvalue('price')
  stock = form.getvalue('stock')
  if name and price and stock:
    cursor = conn.cursor()
    query = "INSERT INTO products (name, description, price, stock) VALUES (%s, %s,
%s, %s)"
    cursor.execute(query, (name, desc, price, stock))
    conn.commit()
    cursor.close()
    return "Product added successfully."
  return "Missing required fields for new product."
def update product(conn, form):
  product id = form.getvalue('id')
  name = form.getvalue('name')
  desc = form.getvalue('description')
  price = form.getvalue('price')
  stock = form.getvalue('stock')
  if product id and name and price and stock:
    cursor = conn.cursor()
    query = "UPDATE products SET name = %s, description = %s, price = %s, stock = %s
WHERE id = %s''
    cursor.execute(query, (name, desc, price, stock, product id))
    conn.commit()
    cursor.close()
    return "Product updated successfully."
  return "Missing required fields for update."
def delete product(conn, product id):
  if product id:
    cursor = conn.cursor()
    cursor.execute("DELETE FROM products WHERE id = %s", (product id,))
    conn.commit()
    cursor.close()
```

```
return "Product deleted successfully."
  return "Product ID not provided for deletion."
def print html header(title):
  print("Content-Type: text/html\n")
  print(f"<html><head><title>{title}</title>")
  print("""
  <style>
     body { font-family: 'Segoe UI', Tahoma, Geneva, Verdana, sans-serif; margin: 2em;
background-color: #f9f9f9; color: #333; }
     h1, h2 { color: #004d40; border-bottom: 2px solid #004d40; padding-bottom: 10px; }
     .container { display: flex; gap: 30px; }
     .form-section, .table-section { background: #fff; padding: 25px; border-radius: 10px;
box-shadow: 0.4px 8px rgba(0,0,0,0.1);
     .form-section { flex: 1; }
     .table-section { flex: 2; }
     form label { display: block; font-weight: bold; margin-top: 10px; }
     form input, form textarea { width: 100%; padding: 10px; margin-top: 5px; border-
radius: 5px; border: 1px solid #ccc; box-sizing: border-box; }
     form input[type="submit"] { background-color: #00796b; color: white; cursor: pointer;
border: none; padding: 12px 20px; font-size: 16px; transition: background-color 0.3s; }
     form input[type="submit"]:hover { background-color: #004d40; }
     .message { padding: 15px; border-radius: 5px; margin-bottom: 20px; font-weight: bold;
     .success { background-color: #e0f2f1; color: #004d40; border-left: 5px solid #004d40;
     .error { background-color: #ffebee; color: #c62828; border-left: 5px solid #c62828; }
     table { width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 20px; }
     th, td { padding: 15px; border: 1px solid #ddd; text-align: left; }
     th { background-color: #00796b; color: white; }
     tr:nth-child(even) { background-color: #f2f2f2; }
     .actions a { text-decoration: none; padding: 5px 10px; border-radius: 5px; margin-right:
5px; }
     .edit-btn { background-color: #ffc107; color: black; }
     .delete-btn { background-color: #f44336; color: white; }
  </style>
  print("</head><body>")
def print html footer():
  print("</body></html>")
def print product form(product=None):
  is edit = product is not None
  form_action = os.environ.get("SCRIPT NAME", "")
  product id = html.escape(str(product[0])) if is edit else ""
  name = html.escape(str(product[1])) if is edit else ""
  desc = html.escape(str(product[2])) if is edit else ""
  price = html.escape(str(product[3])) if is edit else ""
  stock = html.escape(str(product[4])) if is edit else ""
  action = "update" if is edit else "insert"
```

```
button text = "Update Product" if is edit else "Add Product"
  print(f''<h2>{'Edit Product' if is edit else 'Add a New Product'}</h2>")
  print(f<form action="{form action}" method="post">')
  print(f'<input type="hidden" name="action" value="{action}">')
  if is edit:
    print(f'<input type="hidden" name="id" value="{product id}">')
  print(f<label for="name">Product Name:</label><input type="text" id="name"
name="name" value="{name}" required>')
  print(f<label for="description">Description:</label><textarea id="description"
name="description">{desc}</textarea>')
  print(f'<label for="price">Price:</label><input type="number" step="0.01" id="price"
name="price" value="{price}" required>')
  print(f<label for="stock">Stock:</label><input type="number" id="stock" name="stock"
value="{stock}" required>')
  print(f'<br><input type="submit" value="{button text}">')
  print('</form>')
def print products table(products):
  print("<h2>Product Inventory</h2>")
  if not products:
    print("No products in the inventory yet.")
    return
print("IDNameDescriptionPriceSto
ckActions")
  for row in products:
    row escaped = [html.escape(str(item)) for item in row]
    edit url = f'{os.environ.get("SCRIPT NAME",
"")}?action=edit&id={row escaped[0]}'
    delete url = f'{os.environ.get("SCRIPT NAME",
"")}?action=delete&id={row escaped[0]}'
    print("")
print(f''{row escaped[0]}{row escaped[1]}{row escaped[2]}</td
>${row escaped[3]}{row escaped[4]}")
    print(f<a class="edit-btn" href="{edit url}">Edit</a> <a
class="delete-btn" href="{delete url}" onclick="return confirm(\'Are you sure you want to
delete this item?\');">Delete</a>')
    print("")
  print("")
def main():
  form = cgi.FieldStorage()
  action = form.getvalue('action')
  message = ""
  conn = None
  try:
    conn = get db connection()
    initialize database(conn)
```

```
if os.environ['REQUEST_METHOD'] == 'POST':
       if action == 'insert':
          message = insert product(conn, form)
       elif action == 'update':
          message = update product(conn, form)
     elif action == 'delete':
       product id = form.getvalue('id')
       message = delete product(conn, product id)
     product to edit = None
     if action == 'edit':
       product id = form.getvalue('id')
       product to edit = get product by id(conn, product id)
     all products = get all products(conn)
     print html header("Product Management System")
     if message:
       print(f'<div class="message success">{message}</div>')
     print('<div class="container">')
     print('<div class="form-section">')
     print product form(product to edit)
     print('</div>')
     print('<div class="table-section">')
     print products table(all products)
     print('</div>')
     print('</div>')
  except mysql.connector.Error as e:
     print html header("Database Error")
     print(f'<div class="message error"><h2>A Database Error
Occurred\langle h2 \rangle \langle p \rangle \{e\} \langle p \rangle \langle div \rangle'
  finally:
     if conn and conn.is connected():
       conn.close()
     print_html_footer()
if name == " main ":
  main()
```

Add a New Product	Product Inventory	
Product Name:	ID Name Description Price Stock Actions	
Description:	1 Shampoo To wash hair \$100.00 230 Edit Delete	
Price:		
Stock:		
Add Product	•	
Product updated successfully.		
Product aparted successiony.		
Add a New Product	Product Inventory	
Product Name:	ID Name Description Price Stock Actions	
Description:	1 Shampoo To wash hair \$120.00 230 Edit Delete	
Price:		
0		
Stock:		
Add Product		
Product deleted successfully.		
Add a New Product	Product Inventory	
Product Name:	No products in the inventory yet.	
Description:		
Price:		
Stock:		
Add Product		



Program No: 33	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004

Program Title: Create a numpy array filled with all ones by defining its shape.

Program: import numpy as np

# Define the shape of the array (e.g., 3 rows, 4 columns) shape = (3, 4)

# Create an array filled with ones ones\_array = np.ones(shape)

# Display the array
print("Array filled with ones:")
print(ones\_array)

```
Array filled with ones:
[[1. 1. 1. 1.]
[1. 1. 1. 1.]
[1. 1. 1. 1.]]
```



Program No: 34	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No:24204004
Program Title :program to remove rows fi	rom a Numpy array that contains non-numeric values
Program:	
import numpy as np	
# Take input for number of rows and colurows = int(input("Enter number of rows: "cols = int(input("Enter number of column:	'))
# Initialize an empty list to store the rows data = []	
print("Enter the array elements row by row	w (use numbers or 'nan' for non-numeric values):")
<pre>for i in range(rows):     row_input = input(f"Row {i+1} (space- # Convert each element to float, conver     row = []     for val in row_input:         try:         row.append(float(val))         except ValueError:         row.append(np.nan)         data.append(row)</pre>	
# Convert list to NumPy array arr = np.array(data)	
print("\nOriginal Array:") print(arr)	
# Remove rows containing non-numeric v clean arr = arr[~np.isnan(arr).any(axis=1)	\ <b>1</b> /

```
print("\nArray after removing rows with non-numeric values:")
print(clean arr)
Output Screenshot/Text
 Enter number of rows: 3
 Enter number of columns: 3
 Enter the array elements row by row (use numbers or 'nan' for non-numeric values):
 Row 1 (space-separated values): 1 2 3
 Row 2 (space-separated values): 1 n n
 Row 3 (space-separated values): 2 3 4
 Original Array:
 [[ 1. 2. 3.]
  [ 1. nan nan]
  [ 2. 3. 4.]]
 Array after removing rows with non-numeric values:
 [[1. 2. 3.]
  [2. 3. 4.]]
```



Program No: 35	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No:24204004
Program Title: Write a program rer array	move single-dimensional entries from the shape of an
Program :import numpy as np	
# Create a sample array with single- arr = np.array([[[1, 2, 3]]]) # Shape	
print("Original array shape:", arr.shaprint(arr)	ape)
# Remove single-dimensional entries squeezed_arr = np.squeeze(arr)	es
<pre>print("\nArray after removing single print("New shape:", squeezed_arr.sl print(squeezed_arr)</pre>	
Output Screenshot/Text	AGA M
Original array shape: (1, 1, 3) [[[1 2 3]]]	
Array after removing single-dime New shape: (3,) [1 2 3]	ensional entries:



Program No: 36	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a program to check NumPy array?	whether specified values are present in the
Program: import numpy as np  # Create a sample NumPy array arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10])	)
# Take user input for values to check (spa values = input("Enter values to check (sp values = [int(v) for v in values]	*
# Check for presence using np.isin() presence = np.isin(values, arr)	
# Display results	
for val, is_present in zip(values, presence	e):
<pre>if is_present:     print(f''{val} is present in the array.'</pre>	
else:	
print(f"{val} is NOT present in the a	аггау.")

Output Screenshot/Text

Enter values to check (space-separated): 6 6 is present in the array.



Program No: 37	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a NumPy program axis, last axis, and f lattened array.	to sort a given array of shape 2 along the first
Program: import numpy as np	
# Take input for array dimensions rows = int(input("Enter number of rows: cols = int(input("Enter number of column	
# Take input for array elements row by row print("Enter array elements row by row (ata = []	
for i in range(rows):  row = list(map(float, input(f"Row {i+1} if len(row) != cols:  print(f"Error: You must enter exactl exit() data.append(row)	
# Create NumPy array arr = np.array(data) print("\nOriginal Array:") print(arr)	
# 1. Sort along the first axis (axis=0) sorted_first_axis = np.sort(arr, axis=0) print("\nSorted along the first axis (axis= print(sorted_first_axis)	<del>-</del> (0):")
# 2. Sort along the last axis (axis=1) sorted_last_axis = np.sort(arr, axis=1) print("\nSorted along the last axis (axis=1) print(sorted_last_axis)	1):")
# 3. Flatten the array and sort flattened_sorted = np.sort(arr, axis=None print("\nFlattened and sorted array:") print(flattened_sorted)	e)

```
Enter number of rows: 3
Enter number of columns: 3
Enter array elements row by row (space-separated):
Row 1: 3 6 8
Row 2: 2 1 5
Row 3: 7 3 2
Original Array:
[[3. 6. 8.]
[2. 1. 5.]
 [7. 3. 2.]]
Sorted along the first axis (axis=0):
[[2. 1. 2.]
 [3. 3. 5.]
 [7. 6. 8.]]
Sorted along the last axis (axis=1):
[[3. 6. 8.]
 [1. 2. 5.]
 [2. 3. 7.]]
Flattened and sorted array:
[1. 2. 2. 3. 3. 5. 6. 7. 8.]
```



Program No: 38	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a NumPy program to cr name, height, class, and data type. Now sort b	•
Program: import numpy as np	
# Define the data type for the structured array student_dtype = np.dtype([     ('name', 'U20'), # Unicode string of max l     ('height', 'f4'), # Float     ('class', 'i4') # Integer ])	
<pre># Take input for number of students n = int(input("Enter number of students: "))</pre>	
# Initialize a list to store student data students = []	
<pre># Take user input for each student for i in range(n):     print(f"\nEnter details for student {i+1}:")     name = input("Name: ")     height = float(input("Height: "))     cls = int(input("Class: "))     students.append((name, height, cls))</pre>	GIR
# Create structured NumPy array student_arr = np.array(students, dtype=student	at_dtype)
<pre>print("\nOriginal Student Array:") print(student_arr)</pre>	
# Sort by class, then by height if classes are easorted_students = np.sort(student_arr, order=	•
print("\nSorted Student Array (by class, then print(sorted students)	height):")

```
Enter number of students: 3
Enter details for student 1:
Name: student1
Height: 9
Class: 3
Enter details for student 2:
Name: student2
Height: 56
Class: 3
Enter details for student 3:
Name: studemt45
Height: 345
Class: 6
Original Student Array:
[('student1', 9., 3) ('student2', 56., 3) ('studemt45', 345., 6)]
Sorted Student Array (by class, then height):
               9., 3) ('student2', 56., 3) ('studemt45', 345., 6)]
[('student1',
```



Program No: 39	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a NumPy p first, then the imaginary part.	rogram to sort a given complex array using the real part
Program :	
import numpy as np	
n = int(input("Enter number of co	omplex numbers: "))
arr = []	
print("Enter complex numbers in	the form a+bj (e.g., 3+4j):")
<pre>for i in range(n):     num_str = input(f"Number {i+     try:         arr.append(complex(num_str     except ValueError:         print("Invalid format! Please         exit()</pre>	r))
# Convert to NumPy array arr = np.array(arr)	
print("\nOriginal Array:") print(arr)	
# Sort by real part first, then imag sorted_arr = arr[np.lexsort((arr.in	
nrint("\nSartad Array (by roal nar	rt, then imaginary part):")

```
Enter number of complex numbers: 4
Enter complex numbers in the form a+bj (e.g., 3+4j):
Number 1: 1+3j
Number 2: 2+1j
Number 3: 3+5j
Number 4: 3+6j

Original Array:
[1.+3.j 2.+1.j 3.+5.j 3.+6.j]

Sorted Array (by real part, then imaginary part):
[1.+3.j 2.+1.j 3.+5.j 3.+6.j]
```



Program No: 40	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Write a NumPy pr	rogram to sort a given array by the nth column.
Dag annua di	
Program: import numpy as np	
# Take input for array dimensions	
rows = int(input("Enter number of	
cols = int(input("Enter number of	columns: "))
# Take input for array elements ro	aw by row
print("Enter array elements row by	
data = []	) 10 ·· ((-p.100 5-p.12.1005)). )
for i in range(rows):	
row = list(map(float, input(f''Ro	ow {i+1}: ").split()))
if len(row) != cols:	1 ( 1) 1 10
<pre>print(f'Error: You must enter exit()</pre>	exactly {cols} values.")
data.append(row)	
unumappenu(re w)	
# Create NumPy array	
arr = np.array(data)	
print("\nOriginal Array:")	
print(arr)	
# Take input for column to sort by	
-	column index (0 to {cols-1}) to sort by: "))
if nth_col < 0 or nth_col >= cols:	
print("Invalid column index!")	
exit()	
# Sort array by the nth column	
sorted_arr = arr[arr[:, nth_col].arg	sort()]
print(f"\nArray sorted by column	{nth_col}:")
print(sorted arr)	

```
Output Screenshot/Text
 Enter number of rows: 4
 Enter number of columns: 4
 Enter array elements row by row (space-separated):
 Row 1: 5 3 6 1
 Row 2: 1 8 3 2
 Row 3: 9 2 6 3
 Row 4: 2 5 1 3
 Original Array:
 [[5. 3. 6. 1.]
 [1. 8. 3. 2.]
  [9. 2. 6. 3.]
  [2. 5. 1. 3.]]
 Enter the column index (0 to 3) to sort by: 2
 Array sorted by column 2:
 [[2. 5. 1. 3.]
  [1. 8. 3. 2.]
  [5. 3. 6. 1.]
  [9. 2. 6. 3.]]
```



Program No: 41	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Calculate the sum of	the diagonal elements of a NumPy array
Program :import numpy as np	
n = int(input("Enter the size of the sq	uare matrix: "))
print("Enter the matrix elements row	by row (space-separated):")
data = []	
for i in range(n):	
row = list(map(float, input(f''Row	{i+1}: ").split()))
if len(row) != n:	
<pre>print(f'Error: You must enter ex exit()</pre>	actly {n} values.")
data.append(row)	
# Create NumPy array arr = np.array(data) print("\nMatrix:") print(arr)	
# Method 1: Using np.trace()	
diag_sum = np.trace(arr)	
print(f"\nSum of diagonal elements (	using np.trace): {diag_sum}")
# Method 2: Using np.diagonal()	
diag_sum2 = np.sum(arr.diagonal())	
print(f"Sum of diagonal elements (us	ing np.diagonal): {diag_sum2}")

```
Output Screenshot/Text

Enter the size of the square matrix: 3
Enter the matrix elements row by row (space-separated):
Row 1: 1 2 3
Row 2: 1 2 3
Row 3: 1 2 3

Matrix:
[[1. 2. 3.]
[1. 2. 3.]
[1. 2. 3.]]
Sum of diagonal elements (using np.trace): 6.0
Sum of diagonal elements (using np.diagonal): 6.0
```



Program No: 42	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Write a program for N	Matrix Multiplication in NumPy
Program: import numpy as np	
# Take input for the first matrix rows1 = int(input("Enter number of recols1 = int(input("Enter number of co	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<pre>print("Enter elements of Matrix 1 row matrix1 = []</pre>	v by row (space-separated):")
for i in range(rows1):	
row = list(map(float, input(f''Row	{i+1}: ").split()))
<pre>if len(row) != cols1:     print(f'Error: You must enter ex     exit()</pre>	actly {cols1} values.")
matrix1.append(row)	
matrix1 = np.array(matrix1)	
# Take input for the second matrix rows2 = int(input("\nEnter number of cols2 = int(input("Enter number of co # Check if multiplication is possible if cols1 != rows2:     print("Error: Number of columns in exit()	
print("Enter elements of Matrix 2 row matrix2 = []	v by row (space-separated):")
<pre>for i in range(rows2):     row = list(map(float, input(f"Row     if len(row) != cols2:</pre>	{i+1}: ").split()))
<pre>print(f'Error: You must enter ex exit()</pre>	actly {cols2} values.")
matrix2.append(row) matrix2 = np.array(matrix2)	
# Perform matrix multiplication	

```
result = np.dot(matrix1, matrix2)
# Display results
print("\nMatrix 1:")
print(matrix1)
print("\nMatrix 2:")
print(matrix2)
print("\nResult of Matrix Multiplication:")
print(result)
Output Screenshot/Text
 Enter number of rows for Matrix
 Enter number of columns for Matrix 1: 2
 Enter elements of Matrix 1 row by row (space-separated):
 Row 1: 1 2
 Row 2: 1 2
 Enter number of rows for Matrix 2: 2
 Enter number of columns for Matrix 2: 2
 Enter elements of Matrix 2 row by row (space-separated):
 Row 1: 1 2
 Row 2: 1 2
 Matrix 1:
 [[1. 2.]
 [1. 2.]]
 Matrix 2:
 [[1. 2.]
  [1. 2.]]
 Result of Matrix Multiplication:
 [[3. 6.]
 [3. 6.]]
```



Program No: 43	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Multiply matrices of com	plex numbers using NumPy in Python
Program: import numpy as np	
# Take input for the first matrix rows1 = int(input("Enter number of rows cols1 = int(input("Enter number of column	
print("Enter elements of Matrix 1 row by matrix1 = []	row (complex numbers a+bj):")
for i in range(rows1):  row = []  elems = input(f''Row {i+1}: ").split()  if len(elems) != cols1:  print(f''Error: You must enter exactly exit()  for val in elems:  try:  row.append(complex(val)) except ValueError: print("Invalid complex number for exit() matrix1.append(row) matrix1 = np.array(matrix1)	RVE
# Take input for the second matrix rows2 = int(input("\nEnter number of row cols2 = int(input("Enter number of column	
if cols1 != rows2: print("Error: Number of columns in Ma exit()	atrix 1 must equal number of rows in Matrix 2.")
<pre>print("Enter elements of Matrix 2 row by matrix2 = [] for i in range(rows2):     row = []</pre>	row (complex numbers a+bj):")

```
elems = input(f"Row \{i+1\}: ").split()
  if len(elems) != cols2:
     print(f"Error: You must enter exactly {cols2} values.")
    exit()
  for val in elems:
     try:
       row.append(complex(val))
     except ValueError:
       print("Invalid complex number format!")
       exit()
  matrix2.append(row)
matrix2 = np.array(matrix2)
# Perform matrix multiplication
result = np.dot(matrix1, matrix2)
# Display results
print("\nMatrix 1:")
print(matrix1)
print("\nMatrix 2:")
print(matrix2)
print("\nResult of Matrix Multiplication:")
print(result)
Output Screenshot/Text
 Enter number of rows for Matrix 1: 2
Enter number of columns for Matrix 1: 2
 Enter elements of Matrix 1 row by row (complex numbers a+bj):
Row 1: 1 2
Row 2: 1 2
 Enter number of rows for Matrix 2: 2
 Enter number of columns for Matrix 2: 2
 Enter elements of Matrix 2 row by row (complex numbers a+bj):
Row 1: 1 2
Row 2: 1 2
Matrix 1:
 [[1.+0.j 2.+0.j]
 [1.+0.j 2.+0.j]]
 Matrix 2:
 [[1.+0.j 2.+0.j]
 [1.+0.j 2.+0.j]]
 Result of Matrix Multiplication:
 [[3.+0.j 6.+0.j]
  [3.+0.j 6.+0.j]]
```



Program No: 44	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title : Compute the covar	riance matrix of two given NumPy arrays.
Program: import numpy as np	
	elements of first array (space-separated): ").split())) elements of second array (space-separated): ").split()))
# Convert lists to NumPy arrays	
x = np.array(arr1)	
y = np.array(arr2)	
<pre># Check if both arrays have the sar if len(x) != len(y):     print("Error: Both arrays must h     exit()</pre>	ave the same number of elements.")
# Compute covariance matrix cov_matrix = np.cov(x, y)	
print("\nCovariance Matrix:") print(cov_matrix)	
Output Screenshot/Text	
5	/
	rray (space-separated): 1 3 2 6 7 4 array (space-separated): 1 2 3 4 5 5
Covariance Matrix:	
Covariance Matrix: [[5.36666667 3.06666667]	



```
Program No: 45
                                           Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S
                                           Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Convert covariance matrix to correlation matrix using Python
Program: import numpy as np
# Take input for two arrays
arr1 = list(map(float, input("Enter elements of first array (space-separated): ").split()))
arr2 = list(map(float, input("Enter elements of second array (space-separated): ").split()))
# Convert lists to NumPy arrays
x = np.array(arr1)
y = np.array(arr2)
# Check if both arrays have the same length
if len(x) != len(y):
  print("Error: Both arrays must have the same number of elements.")
  exit()
  cov matrix = np.cov(x, y)
print("\nCovariance Matrix:")
print(cov matrix)
std x = np.std(x, ddof=1) # ddof=1 for sample standard deviation
std y = np.std(y, ddof=1)
correlation matrix = cov matrix / np.outer([std x, std y], [std x, std y])
print("\nCorrelation Matrix:")
print(correlation matrix)
Output Screenshot/Text
Enter elements of first array (space-separated): 1 2 3 4 56
Enter elements of second array (space-separated): 1 2 3 4 52
Covariance Matrix:
 [[573.7 530.9]
 [530.9 491.3]]
Correlation Matrix:
             0.9999929]
  [0.9999929 1.
```



Program No: 46	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title · Write a NumPy program to	compute the histogram of nums against the

Program Title: Write a NumPy program to compute the histogram of nums against the bins.

#### Program:

import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

nums = np.array([1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5])

bins = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

hist, bin\_edges = np.histogram(nums, bins=bins)

print("Histogram:", hist)

print("Bin edges:", bin edges)

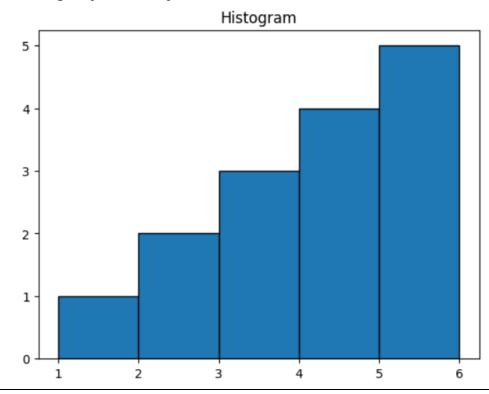
plt.hist(nums, bins=bins, edgecolor='black')

plt.title("Histogram")

plt.show()

#### Output Screenshot/Text

Histogram: [1 2 3 4 5] Bin edges: [1 2 3 4 5 6]





Program No: 47	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Write a NumPy progarrays	gram to compute the cross-correlation of two given
Program: import numpy as np	
# Take input for the second array	elements of first array (space-separated): ").split())) elements of second array (space-separated): ").split()))
# Convert to NumPy arrays x = np.array(arr1) y = np.array(arr2)	
# Compute cross-correlation cross_corr = np.correlate(x, y, mode	e='full')
# Display results print("\nCross-correlation:") print(cross corr)	

```
Enter elements of first array (space-separated): 1 2 3
Enter elements of second array (space-separated): 0 1 0.5

Cross-correlation:
[0.5 2. 3.5 3. 0.]
```



Program No: 48	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004

Program Title: Write a NumPy program to compute the mean, standard deviation, and variance of a given array along the second axis.

Program: import numpy as np

```
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
```

mean = np.mean(arr, axis=1) std\_dev = np.std(arr, axis=1) variance = np.var(arr, axis=1)

print("Mean along second axis:", mean)
print("Standard Deviation along second axis:", std\_dev)
print("Variance along second axis:", variance)

Output Screenshot/Text

Mean along second axis: [2. 5. 8.]

Standard Deviation along second axis: [0.81649658 0.81649658 0.81649658]

Variance along second axis: [0.66666667 0.66666667 0.66666667]



Program No: 49	Date: 12/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004

Program Title: Visualize the following using the given dataset-

Create a line plot of the historical stock prices of Alphabet Inc. between two specific dates.

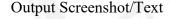
Create a bar plot of the trading volume of Alphabet Inc. stock between two specific dates. Create a stacked histogram plot with more bins of opening, closing, high, and low stock prices of Alphabet Inc. between two specific dates.

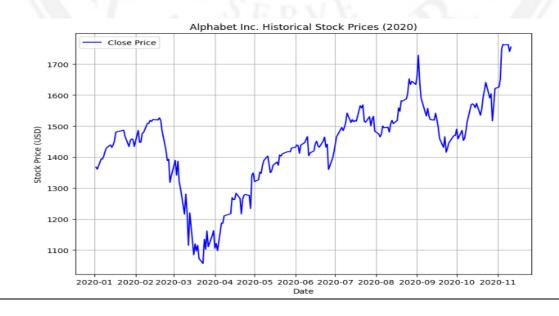
Create a scatter plot of the trading volume/stock prices of Alphabet Inc. stock between two specific dates.

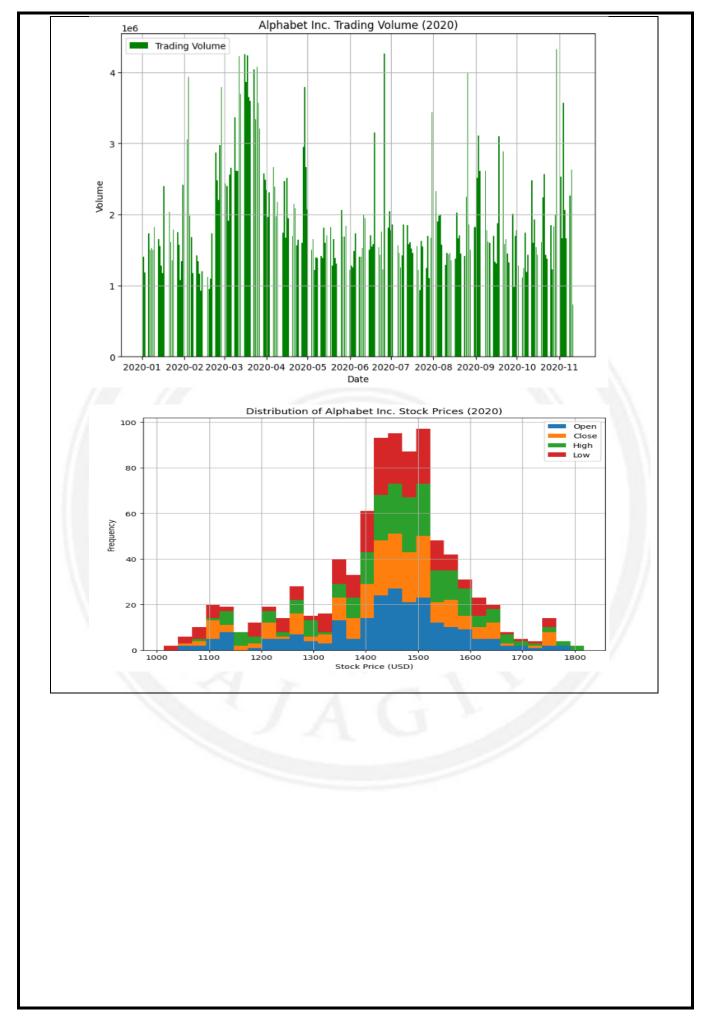
#### Program:

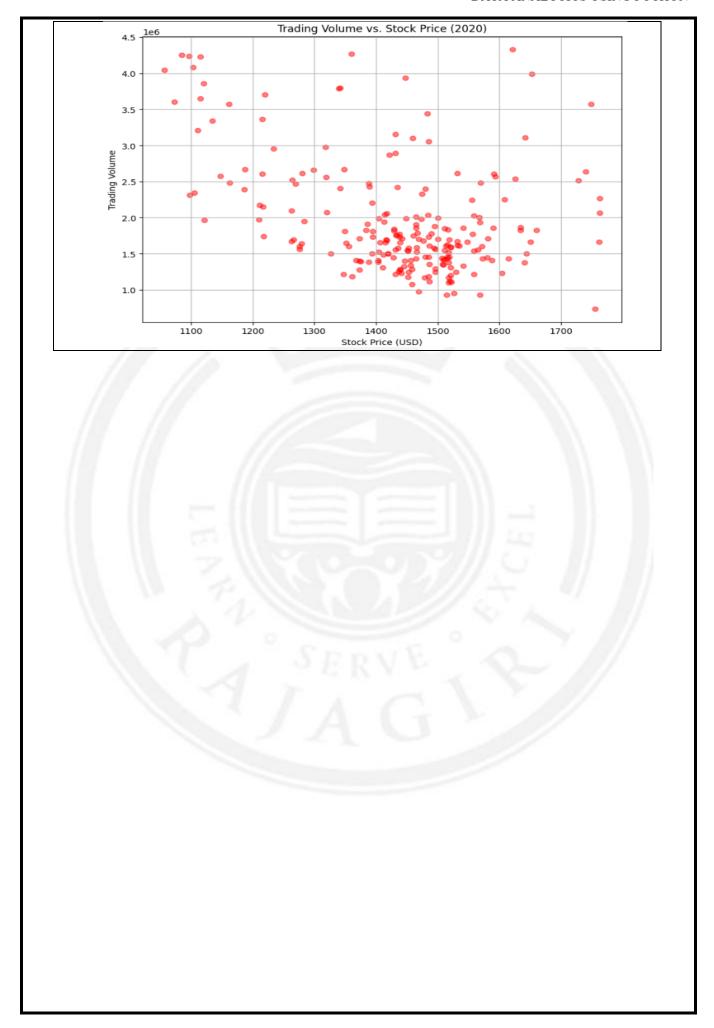
```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df = pd.read csv('alphabet stocks.csv')
df['Date'] = pd.to datetime(df['Date'])
start date = '2020-01-01'
end date = '2020-12-31'
filtered df = df[(df]'Date'] \ge start date) & (df['Date'] \le end date)]
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(filtered df['Date'], filtered df['Close'], label='Close Price')
plt.title('Alphabet Inc. Historical Stock Prices (2020)')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Stock Price (USD)')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.savefig('stock prices.png')
plt.show()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.bar(filtered df['Date'], filtered df['Volume'], label='Trading Volume')
```

```
plt.title('Alphabet Inc. Trading Volume (2020)')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Volume')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.savefig('trading volume.png')
plt.show()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.hist([filtered df]'Open'], filtered df['Close'], filtered df['High'], filtered df['Low']],
      bins=30, stacked=True, label=['Open', 'Close', 'High', 'Low'])
plt.title('Distribution of Alphabet Inc. Stock Prices (2020)')
plt.xlabel('Stock Price (USD)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.savefig('stock price distribution.png')
plt.show()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.scatter(filtered df['Close'], filtered df['Volume'], alpha=0.5)
plt.title('Alphabet Inc. Trading Volume vs. Stock Price (2020)')
plt.xlabel('Stock Price (USD)')
plt.ylabel('Trading Volume')
plt.grid(True)
plt.savefig('volume_vs_price.png')
plt.show()
```





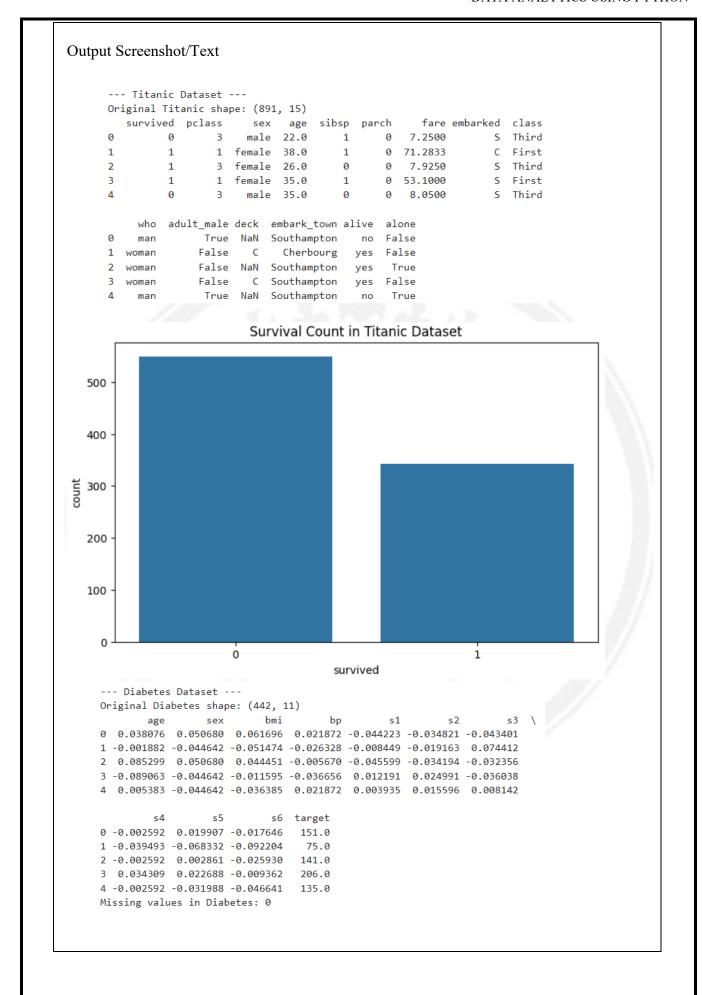


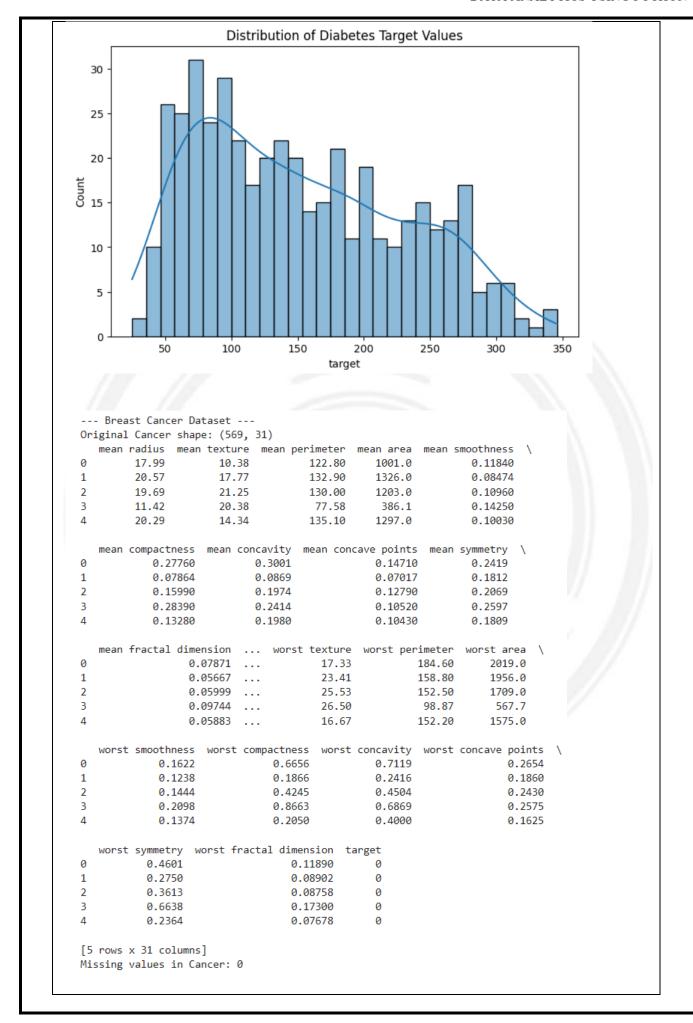


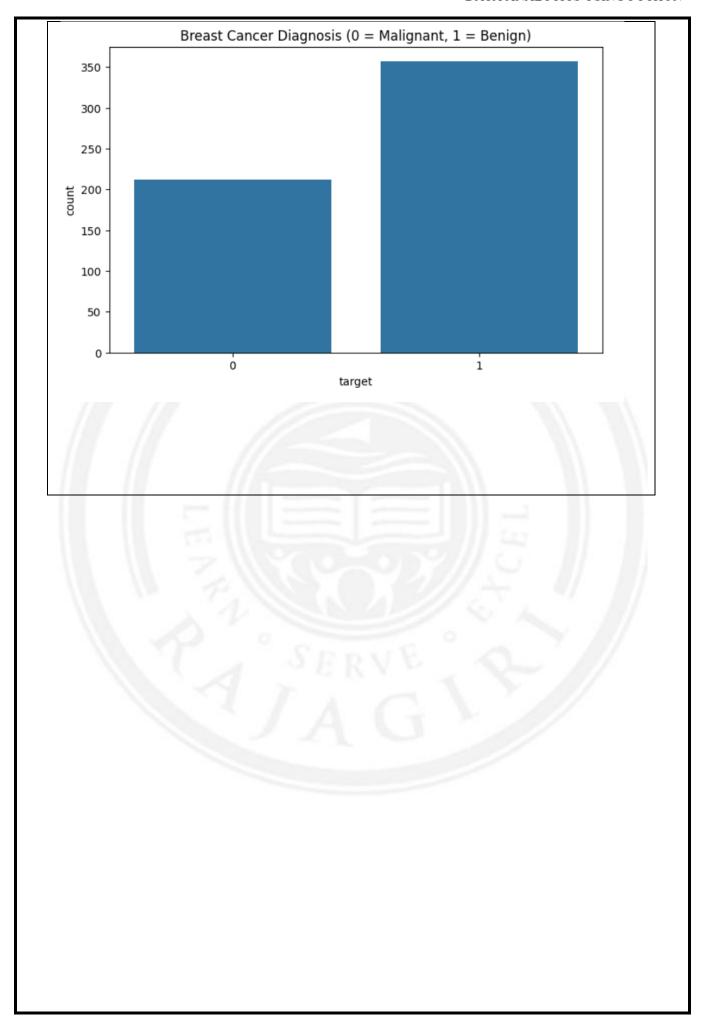


Program No: 50	Date: 12/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Handle the given da and visualize the dataset with appro- Handle Missing Data Values Encode the categorical data Scale your features Normalize the data (if necessary)	ntasets with adequate preprocessing steps mentioned opriate graphs.
Program: import pandas as pd import numpy as np import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt	
from sklearn.datasets import load_d	LabelEncoder, StandardScaler, normalize liabetes, load_breast_cancer
# 1. Titanic Dataset print("\n Titanic Dataset") titanic = sns.load_dataset("titanic")	
<pre>print("Original Titanic shape:", titar print(titanic.head())</pre>	nic.shape)
titanic['age'] = titanic['age'].fillna(tit titanic['embarked'] = titanic['embark	tanic['age'].median()) ked'].fillna(titanic['embarked'].mode()[0])
if 'deck' in titanic.columns: titanic = titanic.drop(columns=['d	leck'])
label_enc = LabelEncoder() titanic['sex'] = label_enc.fit_transfortitanic['embarked'] = label_enc.fit_t titanic['class'] = label_enc.fit_transfortitanic['class']	ransform(titanic['embarked'])
<pre>scaler = StandardScaler() numeric_cols = titanic.select_dtypes</pre>	s(include=[np.number]).columns
titanic[numeric_cols] = scaler.fit_tra	ansform(titanic[numeric_cols])
titanic[numeric_cols] = normalize(t	itanic[numeric_cols])

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.countplot(x="survived", data=sns.load dataset("titanic"))
plt.title("Survival Count in Titanic Dataset")
plt.show()
# 2. Diabetes Dataset
print("\n--- Diabetes Dataset ---")
diabetes = load diabetes(as frame=True)
df diabetes = diabetes.frame
print("Original Diabetes shape:", df diabetes.shape)
print(df diabetes.head())
print("Missing values in Diabetes:", df diabetes.isnull().sum().sum())
scaler = StandardScaler()
X diabetes = scaler.fit transform(df diabetes.drop(columns=["target"]))
X diabetes norm = normalize(X diabetes)
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.histplot(df_diabetes["target"], bins=30, kde=True)
plt.title("Distribution of Diabetes Target Values")
plt.show()
#3. Breast Cancer Dataset
print("\n--- Breast Cancer Dataset ---")
cancer = load breast cancer(as frame=True)
df cancer = cancer.frame
print("Original Cancer shape:", df cancer.shape)
print(df cancer.head())
print("Missing values in Cancer:", df cancer.isnull().sum().sum())
scaler = StandardScaler()
X cancer = scaler.fit transform(df cancer.drop(columns=["target"]))
X cancer norm = normalize(X cancer)
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.countplot(x=df cancer["target"])
plt.title("Breast Cancer Diagnosis (0 = Malignant, 1 = Benign)")
plt.show()
```



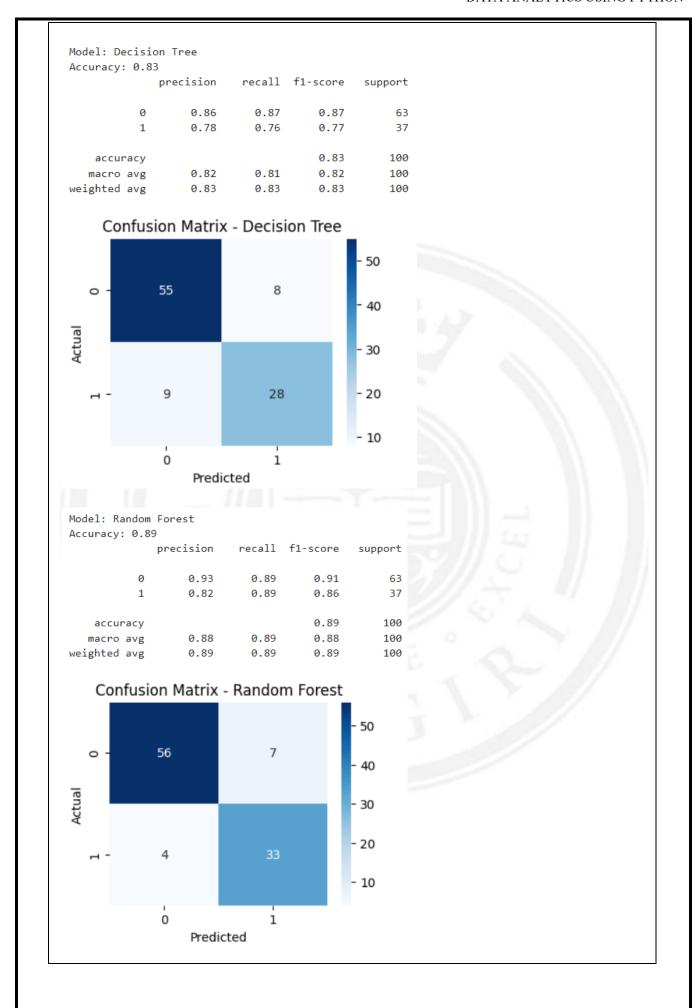


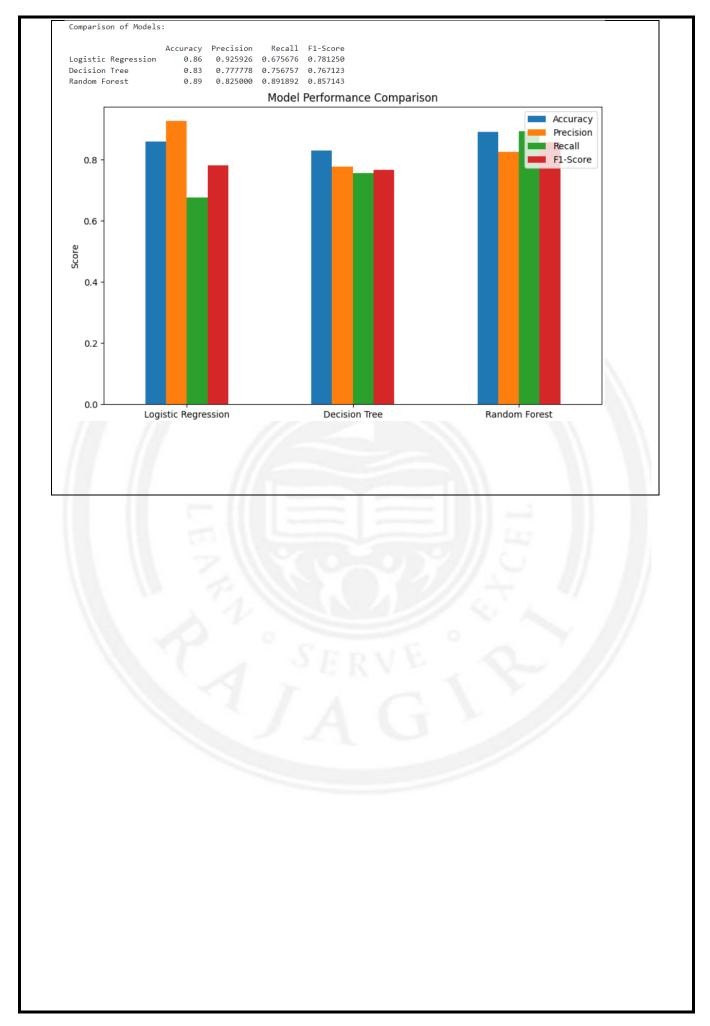




Program No: 51	Date: 12/09/2025
Name: Adarsh N S	Reg No: 24204004
Program Title: Evaluate the dataset purchase the company's product or a Compare the performance of any 3 compare the performance of	
Program : import pandas as pd	
mport numpy as np	
mport matplotlib.pyplot as plt mport seaborn as sns	
from sklearn.model_selection import from sklearn.preprocessing import S from sklearn.linear_model import L from sklearn.tree import DecisionTr from sklearn.ensemble import Rand from sklearn.metrics import accuraced from sk	StandardScaler ogisticRegression reeClassifier
X = df[['Age', 'EstimatedSalary']] y = df['Purchased']	
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = tra X, y, test_size=0.25, random_stat	
scaler = StandardScaler() X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_tra X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)	ain)
models = {     "Logistic Regression": LogisticRegression	•
results = {} for name, model in models.items():     model.fit(X_train, y_train)	

```
y_pred = model.predict(X test)
   acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
   report = classification report(y test, y pred, output dict=True)
   results[name] = {
      "Accuracy": acc,
      "Precision": report['1']['precision'],
      "Recall": report['1']['recall'],
      "F1-Score": report['1']['f1-score']
   print(f"\nModel: {name}")
   print("Accuracy:", acc)
   print(classification report(y test, y pred))
   plt.figure(figsize=(4,3))
   sns.heatmap(confusion matrix(y test, y pred), annot=True, fmt='d', cmap="Blues")
   plt.title(f"Confusion Matrix - {name}")
   plt.xlabel("Predicted")
   plt.ylabel("Actual")
   plt.show()
results df = pd.DataFrame(results).T
print("\nComparison of Models:\n")
print(results df)
results df.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10,6))
plt.title("Model Performance Comparison")
plt.ylabel("Score")
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.show()
Output Screenshot/Text
  Model: Logistic Regression
 Accuracy: 0.86
                precision
                            recall f1-score
                                                support
             a
                    0.84
                              0.97
                                        0.90
                                                    63
                    0.93
             1
                              0.68
                                        0.78
                                                    37
                                        0.86
                                                    100
      accuracy
                                        0.84
                                                    100
                    0.88
                              0.82
    macro avg
                    0.87
                              0.86
                                        0.85
  weighted avg
                                                    100
   Confusion Matrix - Logistic Regression
                61
                                 2
                                                20
                12
                                 25
                                               - 10
                0
                                 1
                     Predicted
```







Program No:52	Date: 17/09/2025
Name: ADARSH N S	Reg No: 24204004

Program Title: A Comparative Study of Classification Algorithms on Real-World Data

#### **IMPORT AND EXPLORE THE DATASET**

Loaded the crocodile dataset and examined its structure, types, and basic statistics.

import pandas as pd
df = pd.read\_csv('/content/crocodile\_dataset.csv')
display(df.head())

#### **DATA CLEANING AND PREPROCESSING**

Fixed data types, handled outliers, and standardized categorical values.

Inspect data – Checking for data types and missing values

display(df.info())
display(df.isnull().sum())
display(df.describe())

#### To display unique values and their counts based on various factors

for col in ['Common Name', 'Scientific Name', 'Family', 'Genus', 'Age Class', 'Sex', 'Country/Region', 'Habitat Type', 'Conservation Status']:

print(f"Value counts for {col}:")

display(df[col].value\_counts())

Identify and address any extreme values that could skew analysis.

display(df[['Observed Length (m)', 'Observed Weight (kg)']].describe())

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(16, 6))

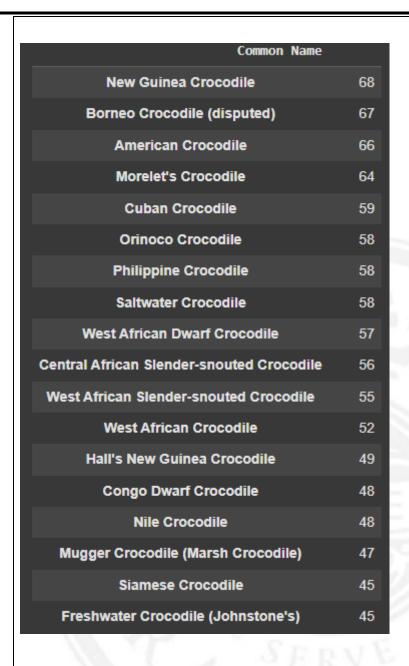
```
sns.boxplot(ax=axes[0], y=df['Observed Length (m)'])
axes[0].set title('Box Plot of Observed Length (m)')
axes[0].set ylabel('Observed Length (m)')
sns.boxplot(ax=axes[1], y=df['Observed Weight (kg)'])
axes[1].set title('Box Plot of Observed Weight (kg)')
axes[1].set ylabel('Observed Weight (kg)')
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(16, 6))
sns.histplot(ax=axes[0], data=df, x='Observed Length (m)', kde=True)
axes[0].set title('Histogram of Observed Length (m)')
axes[0].set xlabel('Observed Length (m)')
axes[0].set ylabel('Frequency')
sns.histplot(ax=axes[1], data=df, x='Observed Weight (kg)', kde=True)
axes[1].set title('Histogram of Observed Weight (kg)')
axes[1].set xlabel('Observed Weight (kg)')
axes[1].set ylabel('Frequency')
plt.tight layout()plt.show()
Plotted distributions and relationships to understand trends in length, weight, and age class.
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Distribution of Observed Length (m)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(data=df, x='Observed Length (m)', kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Observed Length (m)')
plt.xlabel('Observed Length (m)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
# Distribution of Observed Weight (kg)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(data=df, x='Observed Weight (kg)', kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Observed Weight (kg)')
plt.xlabel('Observed Weight (kg)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
# Relationship between Observed Length and Observed Weight
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='Observed Length (m)', y='Observed Weight (kg)', hue='Age
Class')
plt.title('Observed Length vs Observed Weight')
```

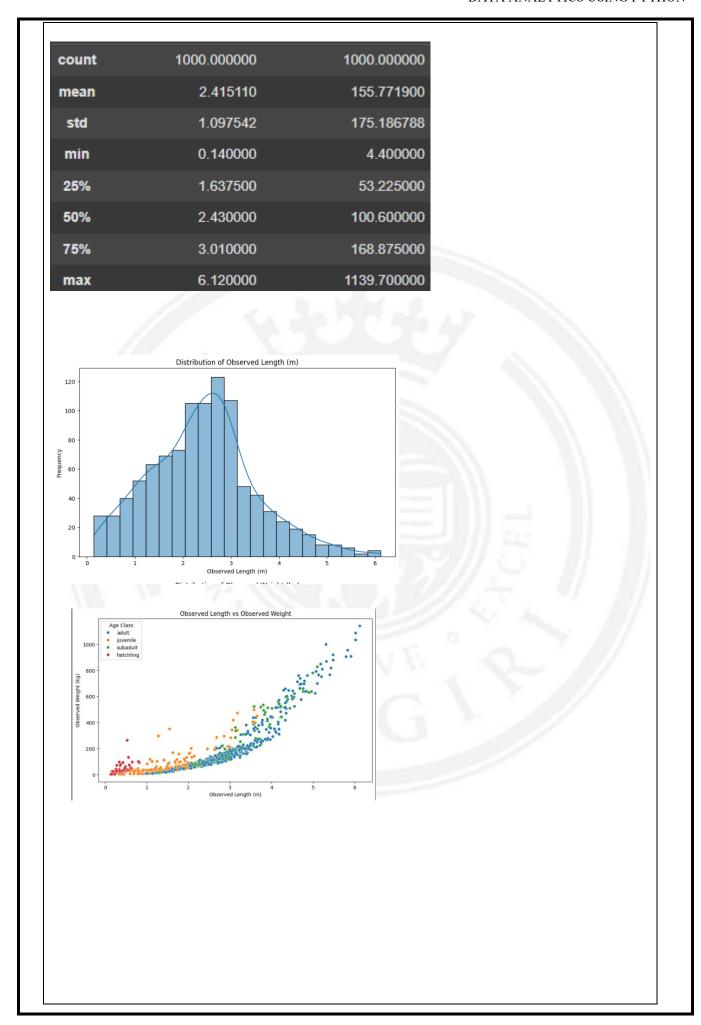
```
plt.xlabel('Observed Length (m)')
plt.ylabel('Observed Weight (kg)')
plt.show()
# Box plot of Observed Length by Age Class
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Age Class', y='Observed Length (m)')
plt.title('Observed Length by Age Class')
plt.xlabel('Age Class')
plt.ylabel('Observed Length (m)')
plt.show()
# Box plot of Observed Weight by Age Class
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Age Class', y='Observed Weight (kg)')
plt.title('Observed Weight by Age Class')
plt.xlabel('Age Class')
plt.ylabel('Observed Weight (kg)')
plt.show()
Chose Logistic Regression as a baseline and Random Forest as a robust ensemble
method.sets.
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, precision score, recall score, fl score
logistic model = LogisticRegression(max iter=1000)
logistic model.fit(X train, y train)
y pred logistic = logistic model.predict(X test)
print("Logistic Regression Performance:")
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test, y pred logistic):.4f}")
print(f"Precision
                       (weighted):
                                         {precision score(y test,
                                                                          y pred logistic,
average='weighted'):.4f}")
print(f"Recall (weighted): {recall_score(y_test, y_pred_logistic, average='weighted'):.4f}")
print(f"F1-score (weighted): {f1 score(y test, y pred logistic, average='weighted'):.4f}")
rf model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=100, random state=42)
rf model.fit(X train, y train)
# Make predictions with Random Forest Classifier model
y pred rf = rf model.predict(X test)
# Evaluate Random Forest Classifier model
print("\nRandom Forest Classifier Performance:")
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rf):.4f}")
print(f'Precision (weighted): {precision_score(y_test, y_pred_rf, average='weighted'):.4f}")
print(f'Recall (weighted): {recall_score(y_test, y_pred_rf, average='weighted'):.4f}")
print(f"F1-score (weighted): {f1 score(y test, y pred rf, average='weighted'):.4f}")
```

```
Chose Logistic Regression as a baseline and Random Forest as a robust ensemble method.
print("Model Performance Comparison:")
print("\nLogistic Regression Performance:")
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test, y pred logistic):.4f}")
print(f"Precision(weighted):{precision score(y test,y pred logistic,average='weighted'):.4
f}")
print(f"Recall(weighted): {recall_score(y_test,y_pred_logistic, average='weighted'):.4f}")
print(f"F1-score(weighted):{f1_score(y_test,y_pred_logistic, average='weighted'):.4f}")
print("\nRandom Forest Classifier Performance:")
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test, y pred rf):.4f}")
print(f"Precision(weighted):{precision_score(y_test,y_pred_rf, average='weighted'):.4f}")
print(f''Recall(weighted): {recall score(y test, y pred rf, average='weighted'):.4f}")
print(f'F1-score (weighted): {f1 score(y test, y pred rf, average='weighted'
ROC Curve
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import label binarize
# Binarize the output for multi-class ROC
y test bin = label binarize(y test, classes=logistic model.classes
n classes = y test bin.shape[1]
# Get the probability of each class for each model
y prob logistic = logistic model.predict proba(X test)
y prob rf = rf model.predict proba(X test)
# Compute ROC curve and ROC area for each class for Logistic Regression
fpr logistic = dict()
tpr logistic = dict()
roc auc logistic = dict()
for i in range(n classes):
```

```
fpr logistic[i], tpr logistic[i], = roc curve(y test bin[:, i], y prob logistic[:, i])
  roc auc logistic[i] = auc(fpr logistic[i], tpr logistic[i])
# Compute ROC curve and ROC area for each class for Random Forest Classifier
fpr rf = dict()
tpr rf = dict()
roc auc rf = dict()
for i in range(n classes):
  fpr_rf[i], tpr_rf[i], _ = roc_curve(y_test_bin[:, i], y_prob_rf[:, i])
  roc auc rf[i] = auc(fpr rf[i], tpr rf[i])
# Plot ROC curves for each class
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
colors = ['blue', 'red', 'green', 'purple', 'orange'] # Define colors for each class
for i, color in zip(range(n classes), colors):
  plt.plot(fpr logistic[i], tpr logistic[i], color=color, lw=2,
              label=fLogistic Regression (Class {logistic model.classes [i]}) (AUC =
{roc_auc_logistic[i]:.2f})',
        linestyle='--')
  plt.plot(fpr rf[i], tpr rf[i], color=color, lw=2,
        label=f'Random Forest (Class {rf model.classes [i]}) (AUC = {roc auc rf[i]:.2f})')
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', lw=2, linestyle='--')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Rece
```

	rvation ID	Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Genus	Observed Length	Observed Weight	Age Class	Sex	Date of Observation	Country/Region	Habitat Type	Conservation Status	Observer Name	
		Morelet's Crocodile	Crocodylus moreletii	Crocodylidae	Crocodylus	(m) 1.90	( <b>kg</b> )	Adult	Male	31-03-2018	Belize	Swamps	Least Concern	Allison Hill	Ca scientis opp
		American Crocodile	Crocodylus acutus	Crocodylidae	Crocodylus	4.09	334.5	Adult	Male	28-01-2015	Venezuela	Mangroves	Vulnerable	Brandon Hall	Ago practice de
		Orinoco Crocodile	Crocodylus intermedius	Crocodylidae	Crocodylus	1.08	118.2	Juvenile	Unknown	07-12-2010	Venezuela	Flooded Savannas	Critically Endangered	Melissa Peterson	op Den shake l gi
		Morelet's Crocodile	Crocodylus moreletii	Crocodylidae	Crocodylus	2.42	90.4	Adult	Male	01-11-2019	Mexico	Rivers	Least Concern	Edward Fuller	enoug Office direct
4		Mugger Crocodile (Marsh	Crocodylus palustris	Crocodylidae	Crocodylus	3.75	269.4	Adult	Unknown	15-07-2019	India	Rivers	Vulnerable	Donald Reid	Clas prove raise
#  0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Communication Co	ervation Namentific ily us erved Lerved Workerved Workerveting of Obntry/Regitat Typservation	e Name ength (meight (Meight (Meight (Meight (Meight (Meight))))) servation pe on Statu	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	-Null C 0 non-r	null conull conul	Otype int64 bbject bbject bbject float64 bbject bbject bbject bbject bbject bbject bbject bbject bbject					T B			





Logistic Regression Performance: Accuracy: 1.0000 Precision (weighted): 1.0000 Recall (weighted): 1.0000 F1-score (weighted): 1.0000 Random Forest Classifier Performance: Accuracy: 1.0000 Precision (weighted): 1.0000 Recall (weighted): 1.0000 F1-score (weighted): 1.0000 Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve for Each Class 0.8 Logistic Regression (Class critically endangered) (AUC = 1.00) Logistic Regression (Class critically endangered) (AUC = 1.0 Annohm Forest (Class critically endangered) (AUC = 1.00) Logistic Regression (Class data deficient) (AUC = 1.00) Random Forest (Class data deficient) (AUC = 1.00) Logistic Regression (Class endangered) (AUC = 1.00) Random Forest (Class endangered) (AUC = 1.00) Logistic Regression (Class least concern) (AUC = 1.00) Logistic Regression (Class least concern) (AUC = 1.00) Logistic Regression (Class volumerable) (AUC = 1.00) Random Forest (Class volumerable) (AUC = 1.00) Random Forest (Class vulnerable) (AUC = 1.00) False Positive Rate



# RAJAGIRI COLLEGE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES (Autonomous) KALAMASSERY - KOCHI - 683104