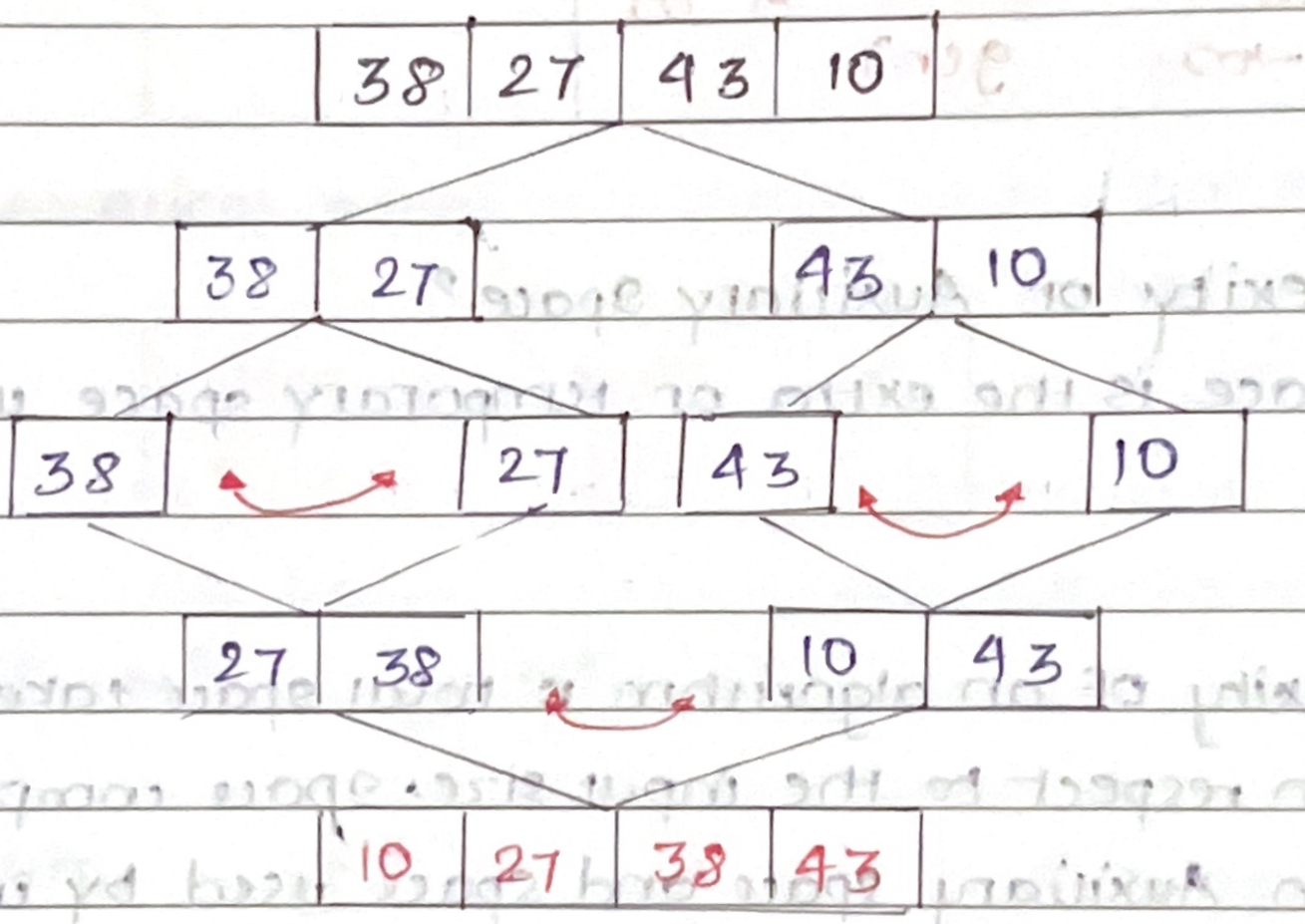
MERGE SORT

Merge sort is defined as sorting algorithm that works by dividing an array into smaller subarrays, sorting each sub array and then ~~sorting~~ merging the sorted subarrays back together to form final sorted array.

Working -

1. Divide array into two parts
2. Creth both parts sorted via recursion
3. Merge two sorted paths



Example -

```
public class Mergesort {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] arr = {5, 4, 3, 2, 1};
        System.out.println(mergesort(arr));
    }
}

Static int[] mergeSort(int[] arr) {
    if(arr.length == 1)
        return arr;
    int mid = arr.length/2;
    int[] left = mergeSort(Arrays.copyOfRange(arr, 0,
                                              mid));
    int[] right = mergeSort(Arrays.copyOfRange(arr, mid,
                                               arr.length));
    return merge(left, right);
}

Static int[] merge(int[] left, int[] right){
    int[] mix = new int[left.length + right.length];
    int i=0;
    int j=0;
    int k=0;
    while(i<left.length && j<right.length){
        if(arr[left[i] < right[j]){
            mix[k] = left[i];
        }else{
            mix[k] = right[j];
        }
        k++
    }
    while(i<left.length){
        mix[k] = left[i];
        k++;
        i++;
    }
}
```

```
while (j < right.length){
        mix[k] = right[j];
        k++;
        j++;
    }

    return mix;
}
```

- Merge Sort In Place

```
public class Mergesort{
    public static void main (String[] args){
        int[] arr = {5, 4, 3, 2, 1};
        mergeSortInPlace (arr, 0, arr.length);
        System.out.println (Arrays.toString (arr));
    }

    static void mergeSortInPlace (int[] arr, int s, int e){
        if (e-s == 1)
            return;
        int mid = (s+e)/2;
        mergeSortInPlace (arr, s, mid);
        mergeSortInPlace (arr, mid, e);
        mergeInPlace (arr, s, mid, e);
    }

    public static void mergeInPlace (int[] arr, int s, int m,
    int e){
        int[] mix = new int [e-s];
        int i = s;
        int j = m;
        int k = 0;
```

```
while (i < m && j < e){
    if (arr[i] < arr[j]){
        mix[k] = arr[i];
    } else {
        mix[k] = arr[j];
    }
    k++
}
newwhile (i < m){
    mix[k] = arr[i];
    i++;
    k++;
}
while (j < e){
    mix[k] = arr[j];
    j++;
    k++;
}
for (int i=0; i < i < mix.length; i++){
    arr[s+i] = mix[i];
}
}
}
```