

Falls $\frac{M}{2a}x \leq 1$

i.S. $1 - \frac{M}{2a}x$

re.S. $\frac{M}{2a}x + 1 - 2\frac{M}{2a}x + 0$
 $= 1 - \frac{M}{2a}x$

Falls $\frac{M}{2a}x > 1$

i.S. $= 0$

$\frac{M}{2a}x + 1 - 2\frac{M}{2a}x + \frac{M}{2a}x - 1 = 0$

$f_{\text{hat}, y}(x) = \max\left\{\frac{M}{2a}(x-y) + 1, 0\right\} + 2\max\left\{\frac{M}{2a}(x-y), 0\right\}$

$- \max\left\{\frac{M}{2a}(x-y) - 1, 0\right\}$

Deg f_{hat} = 1 s.u.g.

$|f_{\text{hat}, y}\left(\frac{M}{2a}(x-y) + 1\right) - \max\left\{\frac{M}{2a}(x-y) + 1, 0\right\}|$

$+ |f_{\text{hat}, y}\left(\frac{M}{2a}(x-y)\right) - \max\left\{\frac{M}{2a}(x-y), 0\right\}|$

$+ |f_{\text{hat}, y}\left(\frac{M}{2a}(x-y) - 1\right) - \max\left\{\frac{M}{2a}(x-y) - 1, 0\right\}|$

wähle $a = M+1$ (Lemma 3 satisfied)

Mit $(M+1)^3 \leq 8M^3$

$$(M+1)^3 = M^3 + 3 \cdot M^2 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot M \cdot 1^2 + 1^3$$

~~$\leq 2f + 2m$~~

~~$\leq 2(f-m)$~~

$$\leq M^3 + 3 \cdot M^3 + 3 \cdot M^3 + M^3$$

da $M \geq 1$ $f' = 8M^3$