



PIZZA ANALYTICS CHALLENGE



MINI PROJECT FOR IDC 21 DAY SQL CHALLENGE

ABOUT THE PROJECT

In this mini project, titled **Great Pizza Analytics**, I stepped into the role of a data analyst for **IDC Pizza**, a restaurant scenario created as part of the IDC 21 Day **SQL** Challenge. Using **SQL**, I analyzed raw pizza sales data to answer a series of business-driven questions.

The project demonstrates how queries involving filtering, aggregation, joins, grouping, and self-joins can be applied to uncover insights such as:

- **Which pizza categories sell the most**
- **Which pizzas were never ordered**
- **How order values vary across customers**
- **Price differences between sizes of the same pizza**

ABOUT THE ANALYST

with Batchlors in Business Management and Master's in Economics, I'm Preparing to be a Business Analyst

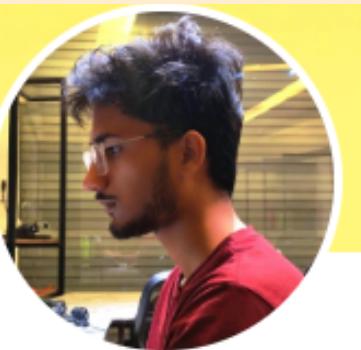
and progressively advancing my skills.

I'm also doing Google Advanced Data Analytics

Certification and Extra Curricular Projects

I have made several Projects, listed on my Github

and taken part in Codebasics RPC 16



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Data Science and Gen Ai Enthusiast | SQL 5 ★ Hackerrank | IDC member | Python | SQL | Excel | PowerBI |

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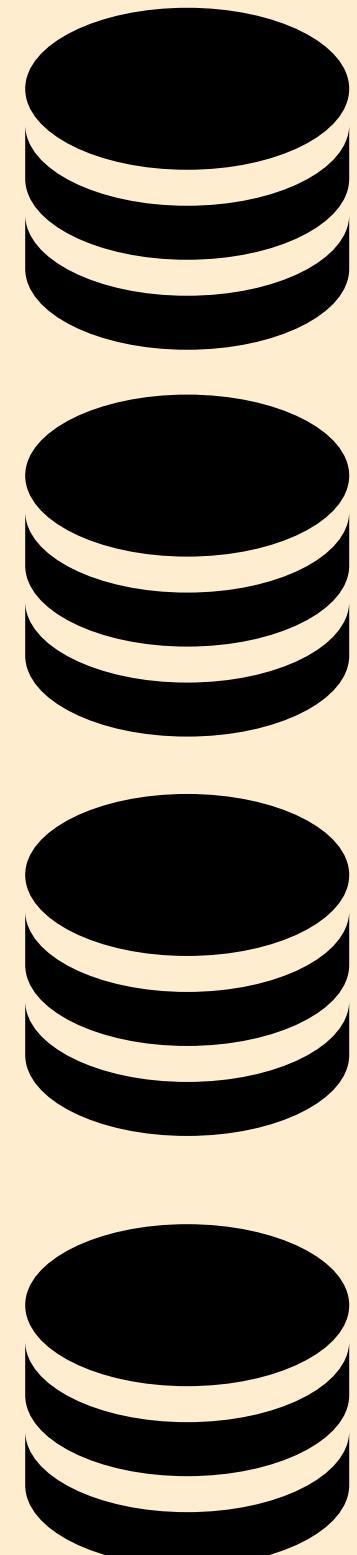
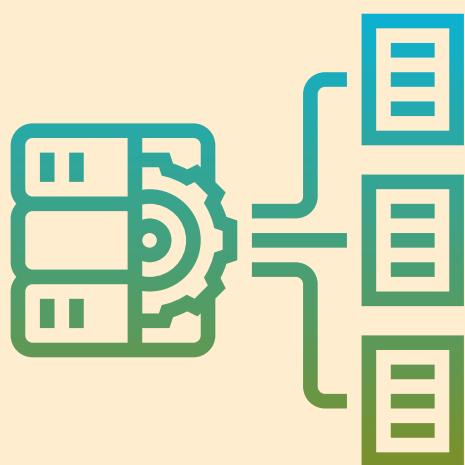
500+ connections



[HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/ADDYSIDDQUI17](https://github.com/addysiddiqui17)



DATASETS USED



ORDERS.CSV (21,000+ ROWS)

Contains each customer order with fields like order_id, date, and time.

ORDER_DETAILS.CSV (44,000+ ROWS)

Line-item breakdown of each order, including order_details_id, order_id, pizza_id, and quantity.

PIZZAS_TYPES.CSV

Describes pizza categories and recipes with pizza_type_id, name, category, and ingredients.

PIZZAS.CSV

Defines each pizza variant with pizza_id, pizza_type_id, size, and price.

ALL ANALYSIS USING MYSQL8.0

PHASE 1: FOUNDATION & INSPECTION

01.

Database schema and table design

```
-- creating new database for IDC PIZZA Data Analyis mini challenge
create database mini_challenge;
use mini_challenge;

-- creating nessary tables and their schemas
create table order_details(
order_details_id int , order_id int, pizza_id VARCHAR(30), quantity int);
create table orders(
order_id int , date DATE, time TIME);
create table pizza_types(
pizza_type_id VARCHAR(30), name VARCHAR(30), category VARCHAR(20), ingredients VARCHAR(150));
create table pizzas(
pizza_id VARCHAR(50), pizza_type_id VARCHAR(50), size VARCHAR(1), price FLOAT);
```

OUTPUT

02. List all unique pizza categories (DISTINCT).

```
select DISTINCT(category)  
from pizza_types;
```

| category |
|----------|
| Chicken |
| Classic |
| Supreme |
| Veggie |

03. Display `pizza_type_id`, `name`, and ingredients, replacing NULL ingredients with "Missing Data". Show first 5 rows.

```
select pizza_type_id, name,  
       CASE when ingredients is null then "Missing Data"  
             else ingredients END as INGREDIENTS  
  from pizza_types  
 limit 5;
```

| | pizza_type_id | name | INGREDIENTS |
|---|---------------|------------------------------|---|
| ▶ | bbq_dkn | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | Barbecued Chicken, Red Peppers, Green Pe |
| | cali_dkn | The California Chicken Pizza | Chicken, Artichoke, Spinach, Garlic, Jalape |
| | cfn_alfredo | The Chicken Alfredo Pizza | Chicken, Red Onions, Red Peppers, Mushro |
| | cfn_pesto | The Chicken Pesto Pizza | Chicken, Tomatoes, Red Peppers, Spinach, |
| | southw_dkn | The Southwest Chicken Pizza | Chicken, Tomatoes, Red Peppers, Red Onio |

SALES PERFORMANCE

04. Check for pizzas missing a price (IS NULL).

```
select * from pizzas  
      where price is null;
```

| | pizza_id | pizza_type_id | size | price |
|--|----------|---------------|------|-------|
| | | | | |

05. Orders placed on '2015-01-01' (SELECT + WHERE).

```
select * from orders  
      where date = '2015-01-01';
```

| | order_id | date | time |
|---|----------|------------|----------|
| ▶ | 1 | 2015-01-01 | 11:38:36 |
| | 2 | 2015-01-01 | 11:57:40 |
| | 3 | 2015-01-01 | 12:12:28 |
| | 4 | 2015-01-01 | 12:16:31 |
| | 5 | 2015-01-01 | 12:21:30 |

06. Pizzas sold in sizes 'L' or 'XL'.

```
select * from pizzas  
where size = 'L' or 'XL';
```

| | pizza_id | pizza_type_id | size | price |
|---|---------------|---------------|------|-------|
| ▶ | bbq_dkn_l | bbq_dkn | L | 20.75 |
| | cali_dkn_l | cali_dkn | L | 20.75 |
| | dkn_alfredo_l | dkn_alfredo | L | 20.75 |
| | dkn_pesto_l | dkn_pesto | L | 20.75 |
| | southw_dkn_l | southw_dkn | L | 20.75 |

07. Orders placed on '2015-01-01' (SELECT + WHERE).

```
select * from pizzas  
where price >= 15.00 and price <= 17.00;
```

| | pizza_id | pizza_type_id | size | price |
|---|---------------|---------------|------|-------|
| ▶ | bbq_dkn_m | bbq_dkn | M | 16.75 |
| | cali_dkn_m | cali_dkn | M | 16.75 |
| | dkn_alfredo_m | dkn_alfredo | M | 16.75 |
| | dkn_pesto_m | dkn_pesto | M | 16.75 |
| | southw_dkn_m | southw_dkn | M | 16.75 |

08. Pizzas with "Chicken" in the name.

```
select * from pizza_types  
where name like "%Chicken%";
```

| | pizza_type_id | name | category | ingredients |
|---|---------------|------------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| ▶ | bbq_dkn | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | Chicken | Barbecued Ch |
| | cali_dkn | The California Chicken Pizza | Chicken | Chicken, Artic |
| | dkn_alfredo | The Chicken Alfredo Pizza | Chicken | Chicken, Red C |
| | dkn_pesto | The Chicken Pesto Pizza | Chicken | Chicken, Tomato |
| | southw_dkn | The Southwest Chicken Pizza | Chicken | Chicken, Tomato |

09. Orders on '2015-02-15' or placed after 8 PM.

```
select * from orders  
where date = '2015-02-15'  
or time > '20:00:00';|
```

| | order_id | date | time |
|---|----------|------------|----------|
| ▶ | 60 | 2015-01-01 | 20:05:16 |
| | 61 | 2015-01-01 | 20:08:43 |
| | 62 | 2015-01-01 | 20:50:16 |
| | 63 | 2015-01-01 | 20:51:42 |
| | 64 | 2015-01-01 | 20:52:08 |

PHASE 3: SALES ANALYSIS

10. Total quantity of pizzas sold (SUM).

```
select sum(quantity) as Total_Quantity_Sold  
      from order_details;
```

| | Total_Quantity_Sold |
|---|---------------------|
| ▶ | 49574 |

11. Average pizza price (AVG).

```
select round(avg(price),2)  
      as "Avg Pizza Price (in $$)"  
      from pizzas;
```

| | Avg Pizza Price (in \$\$) |
|---|---------------------------|
| ▶ | 16.14 |

12. Total order value per order (JOIN, SUM, GROUP BY).

```
select
    o.order_id,
    round(sum(od.quantity * p.price),0) as total_order_value
from orders o
join order_details od on o.order_id = od.order_id
join pizzas p on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
group by o.order_id order by total_order_value desc;
```

| | order_id | total_order_value |
|---|----------|-------------------|
| ▶ | 18845 | 419 |
| | 10760 | 417 |
| | 1096 | 285 |
| | 6169 | 284 |
| | 12257 | 277 |

13. Total quantity sold per pizza category (JOIN, GROUP BY).

```
select
    pt.category,
    sum(od.quantity) as total_quantity
from order_details od
join pizzas p on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
join pizza_types pt on p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
group by pt.category
order by total_quantity desc;
```

14. Categories with more than 5,000 pizzas sold (HAVING).

```
select
    pt.category,
    sum(od.quantity) as total_quantity
from order_details od
join pizzas p on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
join pizza_types pt on p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
group by pt.category
having sum(od.quantity) > 5000
order by total_quantity desc;
```

| | category | total_quantity |
|---|----------|----------------|
| ▶ | Classic | 12949 |
| | Chicken | 11050 |
| | Supreme | 10530 |
| | Veggie | 10123 |

15. Pizzas never ordered (LEFT/RIGHT JOIN).

```
select
    p.pizza_id,
    p.pizza_type_id,
    p.size,
    p.price
from pizzas p
left join order_details od on p.pizza_id = od.pizza_id
where od.pizza_id is null;
```

| | pizza_id | pizza_type_id | size | price |
|---|---------------|---------------|------|-------|
| ▶ | big_meat_l | big_meat | L | 20.5 |
| | four_cheese_s | four_cheese | S | 11.75 |
| | five_cheese_m | five_cheese | M | 15.5 |
| | big_meat_m | big_meat | M | 16 |
| | five_cheese_s | five_cheese | S | 12.5 |

16. Price differences between different sizes of the same pizza (SELF JOIN).

```
select
    p1.pizza_type_id,
    p1.size as size1,
    p1.price as price1,
    p2.size as size2,
    p2.price as price2,
    abs(p1.price - p2.price) as price_difference
from pizzas p1
join pizzas p2 |
    on p1.pizza_type_id = p2.pizza_type_id
    and p1.size <> p2.size
order by p1.pizza_type_id, price_difference desc;
```

| | pizza_type_id | size1 | price1 | size2 | price2 | price_difference |
|---|---------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------------------|
| ▶ | bbq_dkn | L | 20.75 | S | 12.75 | 8 |
| | bbq_dkn | S | 12.75 | L | 20.75 | 8 |
| | bbq_dkn | M | 16.75 | S | 12.75 | 4 |
| | bbq_dkn | L | 20.75 | M | 16.75 | 4 |
| | bbq_dkn | S | 12.75 | M | 16.75 | 4 |



THANK YOU