The Modelica BehaviorTrees Library

Mission Planning in Continuous-Time for Unmanned Aircraft

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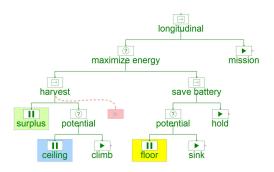
Growing complexity of missions, environmental conditions, and UAV capabilities call for a flexible, scalable and intuitive scheme for UAS control systems and mission plans. Behavior trees have recently been proposed for this purpose. They are distinguished by their

bine important advantages of different schemes such as state machines and task planners. However, conventional behavior tree implementations rely on *discrete-time* processing unsuitable for continuous-time simulation of long-term missions. In order to combine efficient long-term simulations with the capabilities of behavior tree mission plans,

a continuous-time BehaviorTrees library was thus developed and implemented:

standardized structure providing a mission design scheme, which has been argued to com-

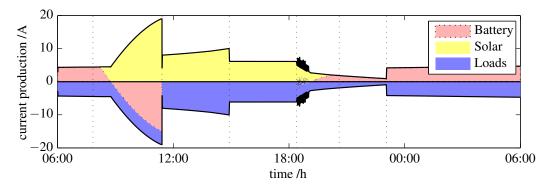
- It allows a simulator to chose large integration step-sizes as desired for long-term mission simulation. The formulation can be generalized to other languages supporting event notifications.
- A library of base tasks with clear internal and external interfaces allows the user to graphically design mission plans and also easily implement new task types.
- The 24 h-simulation with an integrated solar UAV model shown below underlines the modularity of the approach and its good performance.



(a) The example BehaviorTrees mission plan.

Configuration	CPU time	time- / state events	
Discrete	368 s	1442	249
Continuous	72 s	0	247
State graph	76 s	60	242
Direct inputs	66 s	25	183

(b) The continuous-time simulation is much faster than the discrete-time implementation. It is as fast as a reference state graph implementation and a direct simulation. Additionally, it does not require any time events.



(c) The simulation is run for 24h of flight with a 72 state continuous-time solar UAV model.