



# Optimizing Guest Experience by Enhancing Customer Satisfaction at OverU Hotel

Prepared by Ade Dwi Aryani

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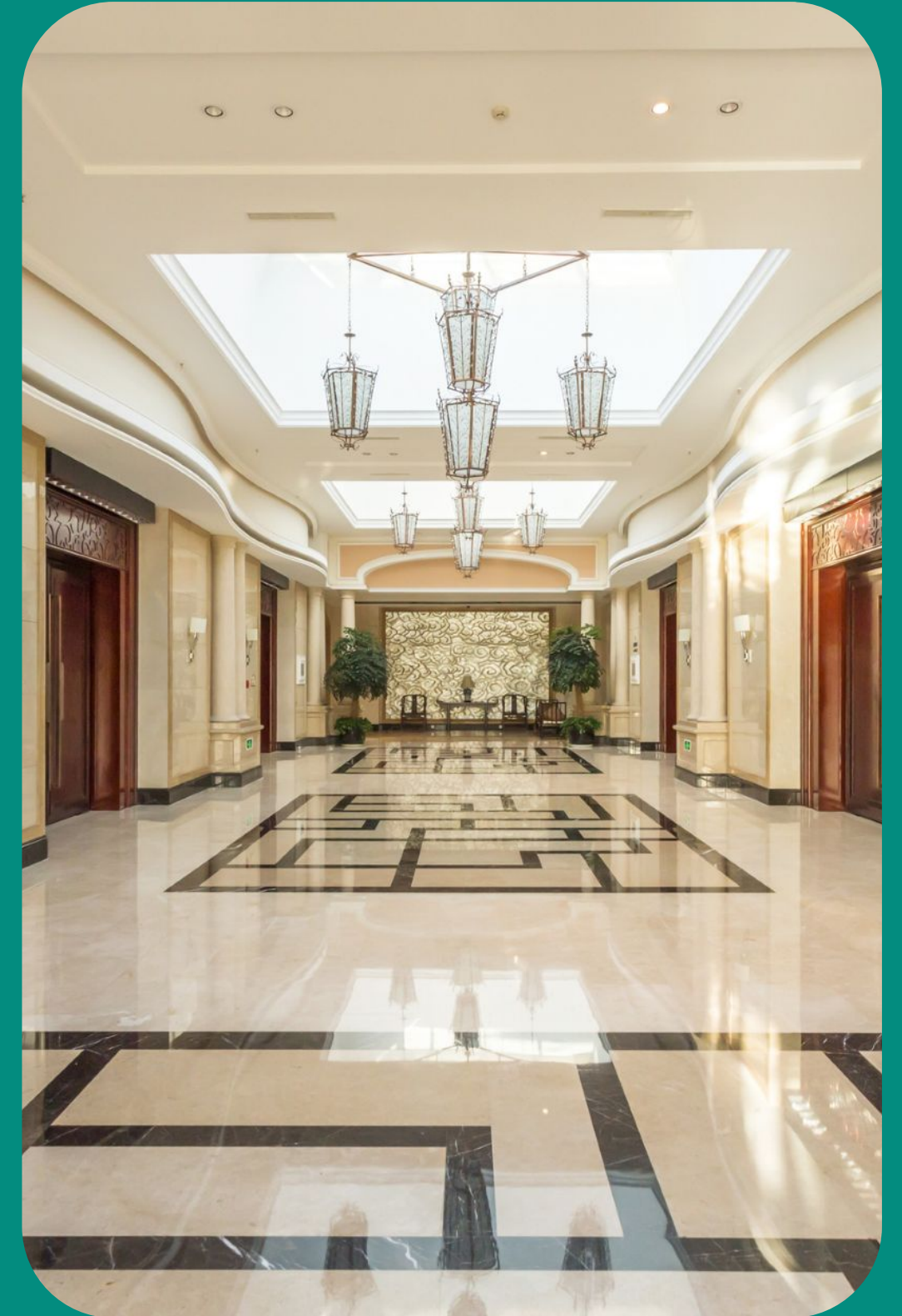


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# BACKGROUND

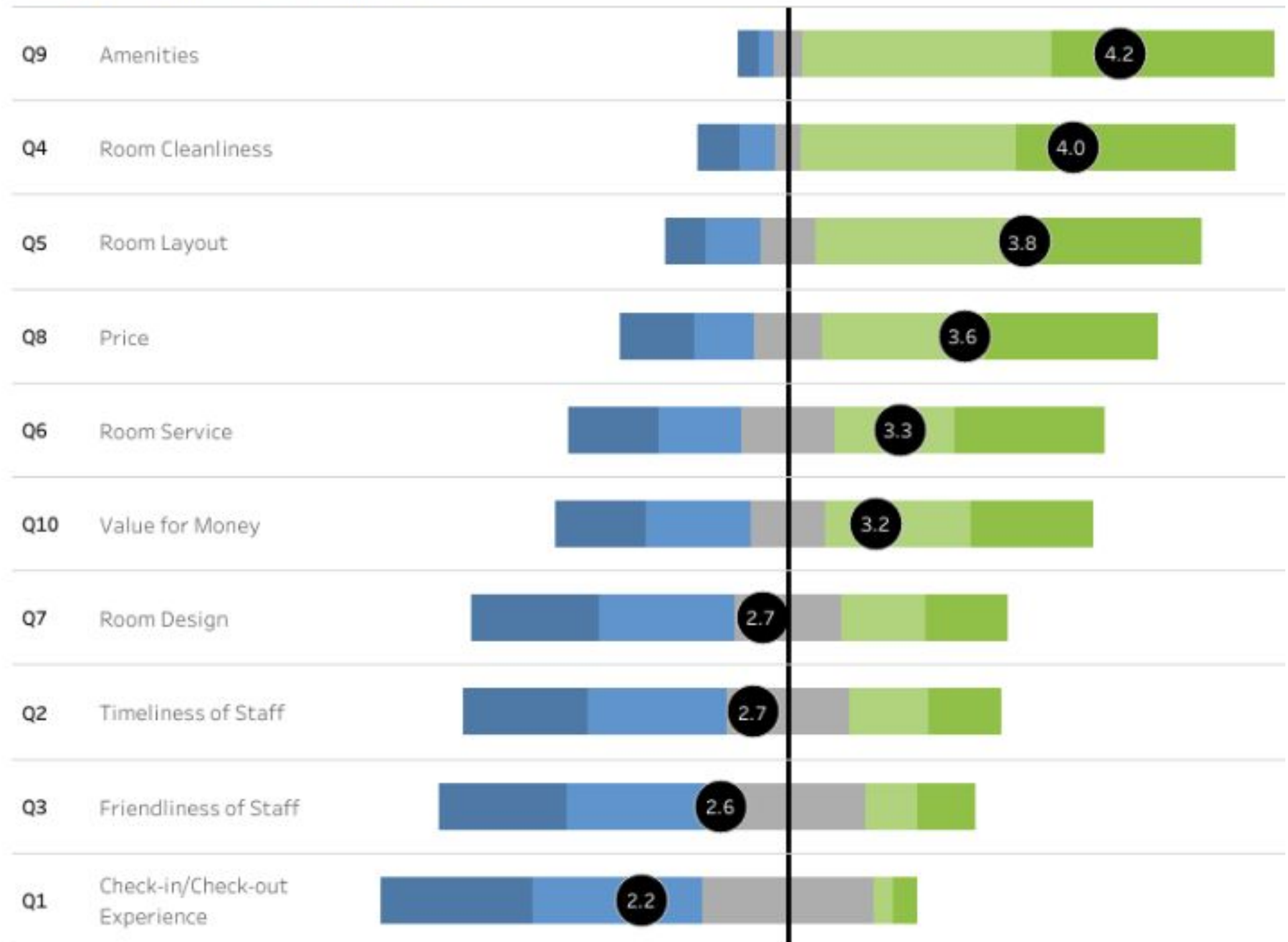
## Improving Customer Satisfaction

The OverU Hotel is a global hospitality company with branches in several countries. Management has emailed the data team about the Net Promoter Score (NPS) survey results and asked the data analyst to provide insights on areas needing improvement to enhance customer satisfaction and promote customer loyalty.

- There are 9 factors that impact the hotel's performance.
- The most satisfactory factor is amenities, rated at 4.2 out of 5, while **the most unsatisfactory factor is the check-in/check-out experience, rated at 2.2 out of 5.**

How can we improve the NPS for the check-in / check-out experience?

Survey Score Distribution | All Countries



# DARCI

## Improving Customer Satisfaction

<b>Decider</b>	Chief Operating Officer (COO)
<b>Accountable</b>	Regional Managers (for each global region)
<b>Responsible</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data Team</li><li>• Sales and Marketing Department</li></ul>
<b>Consulted</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Human Resources Department</li><li>• Front Office Department</li><li>• Sales and Marketing Department</li></ul>
<b>Informed</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hotel Managers (for each individual hotel)</li><li>• Finance Department</li></ul>



# PROBLEM STATEMENT

— Improving Customer Satisfaction

**How to improve the NPS for the check-in and check-out experience from 2.2 to a target of 4.0 within 12 months?**





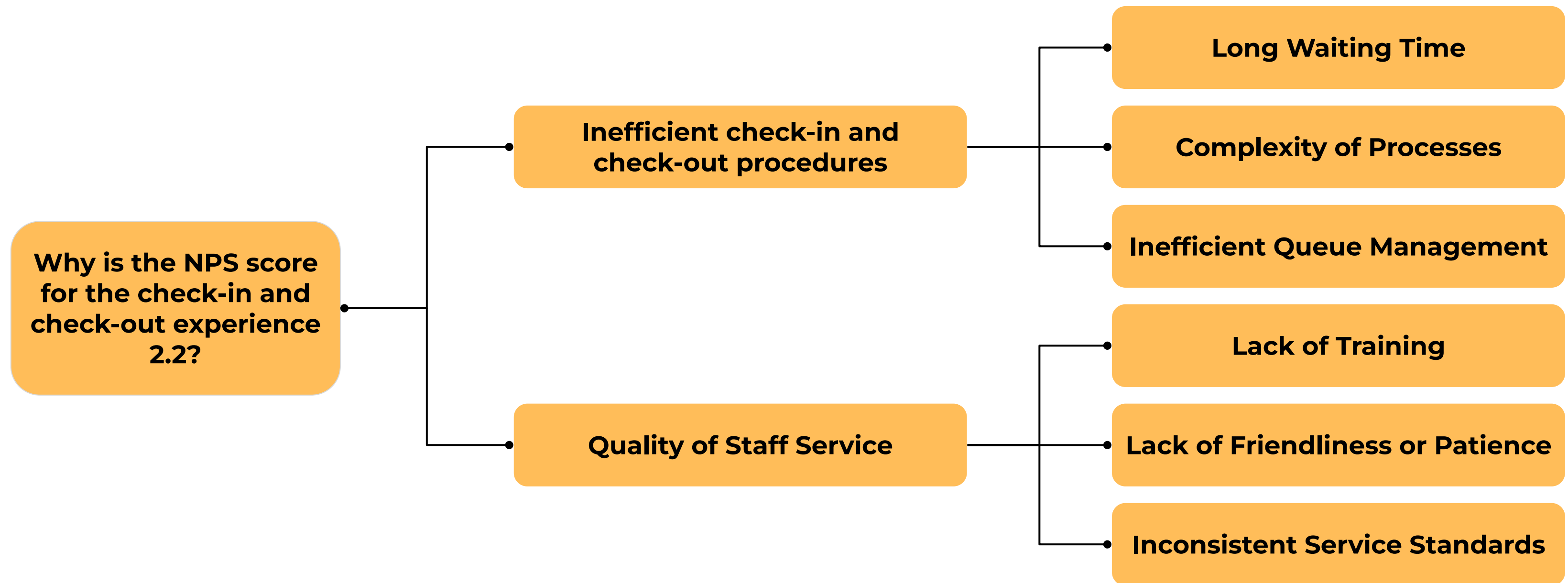
# OBJECTIVE

— Improving Customer Satisfaction

To find practical strategies to improve the NPS score for the check-in and check-out experience from 2.2 to 4.0 within 12 months.

# ROOT CAUSE

— Improving Customer Satisfaction





# HYPOTHESES

## Improving Customer Satisfaction

Root Causes	Hypotheses	Prioritization
Long Waiting Time	If we reduce waiting time by 20-30% (from 15 minutes to 12 or 10 minutes), it will improve customer satisfaction and NPS by 2-3% within 12 months.	<b>Mid</b>
<b>Complexity of Processes</b>	If we simplify check-in and check-out procedures by 10-15%, it will improve guest experience and elevate NPS by 3-4% within 12 months.	<b>High:</b> because simplifying processes reduces guest frustration and improves NPS.
<b>Inefficient Queue Management</b>	If we optimize staffing and enhance queue management, reducing wait times by 15-20%, it will decrease guest frustration and improve NPS by 3-4% within 12 months.	<b>High:</b> because reducing wait times and confusion significantly improves guest experience.
<b>Lack of Training</b>	If we enhance staff training, leading to a 10-15% improvement in service efficiency, it will elevate service quality and boost NPS by 3-5% within 12 months.	<b>High:</b> because improving staff training directly enhances service quality and guest satisfaction
Lack of Friendliness or Patience	If we implement ongoing training and incentives, resulting in a 10% increase in friendliness/patience, it will improve guest perception and raise NPS by 2-3% within 12 months.	<b>Mid</b>
Inconsistent Service Standards	If we establish clear service standards and evaluate regularly, ensuring 10% more consistency, it will lead to better guest satisfaction and improve NPS by 2-3% within 12 months.	<b>Low</b>



# METRICS RECOMMENDATIONS

## Improving Customer Satisfaction

Prioritized Hypotheses	Metrics	Reasoning	Measurement
If we simplify check-in and check-out procedures by 10-15%, it will improve guest experience and elevate NPS by 3-4% within 12 months.	<b>Average Resolution Time (ART)</b>	ART indicates the efficiency of the check-in and check-out process. A shorter ART suggests streamlined processes, resulting in reduced complexity.	$\text{ART} = \text{Total Resolution Time} / \text{Number of Resolved Issues}$
If we optimize staffing and enhance queue management, reducing wait times by 15-20%, it will decrease guest frustration and improve NPS by 3-4% within 12 months.	<b>Average Wait Time (AWT)</b>	AWT directly assesses queue efficiency. Reducing AWT will improve guest satisfaction and can be easily monitored.	$\text{AWT} = (\text{Number of Guests Arriving} / \text{Number of Guest Check-in or Check-out}) \times 100\%$
If we enhance staff training, leading to a 10-15% improvement in service efficiency, it will elevate service quality and boost NPS by 3-5% within 12 months.	<b>Customer Satisfaction Score (CSAT)</b>	By measuring the impact of staff training on guest satisfaction, CSAT will validate the effectiveness of training programs through improved scores post-training.	$\text{CSAT} = (\text{Number of Satisfied Customers} / \text{Total Number Respondents}) \times 100\%$



# THANK YOU

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