YOLOv3 Documentation

Release 0.0.1

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INTRODUCTION

The following project is a Python implementation of the YOLOv3 object detection algorithm. This specific software began as a project intended for use with the Xview dataset specifically by Glenn Jocher at Ultralytics (https://github.com/ultralytics/xview-yolov3.git). It has since been modified extensively for the purposes of generality, maintainability, and usability by Anthony DeGennaro at Brookhaven National Laboratory (https://www.bnl.gov/compsci/people/staff.php?q=168 / adegennaro@bnl.gov).

You may access the main project repository at https://github.com/adegenna/xview-yolov3.

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REQUIREMENTS

This software requires Python 3.6, along with the following packages:

- numpy
- scipy
- sklearn
- matplotlib
- torch
- opency-python
- h5py
- tqdm

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INSTALLATION

The purpose of this document is to provide detailed, step-by-step instructions on how to install Pytorch, YOLOv3, and all associated dependencies.

3.1 Anaconda

We first need to install Anaconda for Python virtual environments.

1. Download the Anaconda installer (shell script) from the Anaconda website:

```
wget https://repo.anaconda.com/archive/Anaconda2-5.3.0-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

Note: this assumes you have a 64-bit Linux architecture. If you have something else, then visit https://www.anaconda.com/download/ and select your preferred version.

2. Launch the Anaconda installer:

```
bash Anaconda2-5.3.0-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

Accept the user terms and accept the default filepath for installation, which should be /home/[user]/anaconda2/.

3. Open your /.bashrc file in a file editor (e.g., emacs /.bashrc) and paste the following line to the end:

```
source /home/[user]/anaconda2/etc/profile.d/conda.sh
```

4. Save the /.bashrc file, exit, and reload it in your terminal with:

```
source /.bashrc
```

5. Confirm conda was installed:

```
conda --version
```

This should output the version of the Anaconda install, if successful

6. Create a custom Anaconda virtual environment for this project:

```
conda create -n [envname] python=3.6 anaconda
```

In the above, replace [envname] with your desired environment name (do not include the brackets)

7. To verify that this was successful, run:

```
conda info --envs
```

If successful, [envname] should appear as one of the choices.

3.2 PyTorch

We will now install PyTorch, a Python deep-learning framework

1. Install PyTorch/Torchvision to your Anaconda environment:

```
conda install -n [envname] pytorch torchvision -c pytorch
```

2. To verify that this was successful, activate your conda environment:

```
conda activate [envname]
```

Then, check the PyTorch version with:

```
python -c "import torch; print(torch.__version__)"
```

Also check the Torchvision version with:

```
python -c "import torchvision; print(torchvision.__version__)"
```

If successful, both commands should output the installed versions.

3.3 GPU Support

If you have Nvidia GPU hardware but do not have the drivers installed, you may do so as follows. If you already have Nvidia drivers installed, skip this. Note: this may require sudo priveleges. Also, the following instructions assume a Redhat OS. The equivalent process for another Linux OS (e.g., Ubuntu) is very similar.

1. Prepare your machine by installing necessary prerequisite packages:

```
yum -y update

yum -y groupinstall "Development Tools"

yum -y install kernel-devel epel-release

yum install dkms
```

- 2. Download desired Nvidia driver version from their archive at https://www.nvidia.com/object/unix.html (e.g., using wget from the terminal)
- 3. If your machine is currently using open-source drivers (e.g., noveau), you will need to change the configuration /etc/default/grub file. Open this file, find the line beginning with GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX and add the following text to it:

```
nouveau.modeset=0
```

- 4. Reboot your machine
- 5. Stop all Xorg servers:

```
systemctl isolate multi-user.target
```

6. Run the bash script installer:

```
bash NVIDIA-Linux-x86_64-*
```

- 7. Reboot your system
- 8. Confirm that the installation was successful by inspecting the output of this command:

```
nvidia-smi
```

If successful, this should display all Nvidia GPUs currently installed in your machine

3.4 YOLOv3

Note: For now, we are simply using a version of YOLOv3 freely available on Github. We plan to fork this and modify it as needed. For now, we only describe the installation directions for the community-available version of YOLOv3.

1. Activate your anaconda environment:

```
conda activate [envname]
```

2. Clone the YOLOv3 git repo:

```
git clone https://github.com/adegenna/xview-yolov3
```

3. Navigate to the project directory (xview-yolov3) and open the file requirements.txt. All of Python packages listed there must be installed to your local conda environment. Check whether the listed packages are installed with:

```
conda list | grep [package]
```

4. If one of the required packages is missing, then install it; for example, install opency-python with:

```
conda install -n [envname] -c menpo opencv
```

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CODE DOCS

4.1 Src/

src.train2.main(inputs)

Main driver script for training the YOLOv3 network.

Inputs:

args: command line arguments used in shell call for this main driver script. args must have a inputfilename member that specifies the desired inputfile name.

Outputs:

inputs.outdir/results.txt: output metrics for each training epoch
inputs.loaddir/latest.pt: checkpoint file for latest network configuration
inputs.loaddir/best.pt: checkpoint file for best current network configuration
inputs.loaddir/backup.pt: checkpoint file for backup purposes

class src.detect.ConvNetb(num_classes=60)

forward(x)

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
class src.InputFile.InputFile(args=[])
```

Class for packaging all input/config file options together.

Inputs:

args: (passed to constructor at runtime) command line arguments used in shell call for main driver script. args must have a inputfilename member that specifies the desired inputfile name.

Options:

inputtype: Options are train or detect projdir: Absolute path to project directory datadir: Absolute path to data directory loaddir: Absolute path to load directory outdir: Absolute path to output directory targetspath: Absolute path to target file targetfiletype: Type of target file traindir: Type of target file

targetfiletype: Type of target file

Options (Train-Specific):

traindir: Type of target file

epochs: Number of training epochs

epochstart: Starting epoch batchsize: Training batch size

networkcfg: Network architecture file

imgsize: Base image crop size

resume: Boolean value specifying whether training is resuming from previous iteration *invalid_class_list:* Comma-separated list of classes to be ignored from training data

boundingboxclusters: Desired number of bounding-box clusters for the YOLO architecture

Options (Detect-Specific):

imagepath: Image path *plotflag:* Flag for plotting

secondary_classifier: Boolean value specifying whether to use a secondary classifier

networkcfg: Network architecture file
class_path: Absolute path to class

conf thres: Confidence threshold for detection

nms_thres: NMS threshold
batch_size: Desired batchsize

img_size: Desired cropped image size

printInputs()

Method to print all config options.

readDetectInputfile (inputfilestream)

Method to read config options from a detection inputfile

Inputs:

inputfilestream: specified inputfilestream.

readTrainingInputfile (inputfilestream)

Method to read config options from a training inputfile.

Inputs:

inputfilestream: specified inputfilestream.

```
class src.models.Darknet (config_path, img_size=416)
```

YOLOv3 object detection model

forward (x, targets=None, requestPrecision=False, weight=None, epoch=None)

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
class src.models.EmptyLayer
```

Placeholder for 'route' and 'shortcut' layers

class src.models.YOLOLayer(anchors, nC, img_dim, anchor_idxs)

forward (p, targets=None, requestPrecision=False, weight=None, epoch=None)

Defines the computation performed at every call.

Should be overridden by all subclasses.

Note: Although the recipe for forward pass needs to be defined within this function, one should call the Module instance afterwards instead of this since the former takes care of running the registered hooks while the latter silently ignores them.

```
src.models.create_modules (module_defs)
```

Constructs module list of layer blocks from module configuration in module_defs

Creates a yolo-v3 layer configuration file from desired options

```
src.models.parse model config(path)
```

Parses the yolo-v3 layer configuration file and returns module definitions

```
class src.targets.Target.Target (inputs)
```

Class for handling target pre-processing tasks.

```
apply_mask_to_filtered_data()
```

Method to apply mask to filtered data variables.

```
{\tt compute\_bounding\_box\_clusters\_using\_kmeans} \ (n\_clusters)
```

Method to compute bounding box clusters using kmeans.

Inputs:

n_clusters: number of desired kmeans clusters

4.1. Src/

compute_cropped_data()

Method to crop image data based on the width and height. Filtered variables are then computed based on the updated image coordinates.

compute_filtered_data_mask()

Method to compute filtered data by applying several filtering operations.

compute_filtered_variables_from_filtered_coords()

Method to compute filtered variables from filtered coordinates.

compute_filtered_variables_from_filtered_xy()

Method to compute filtered variables from filtered xy.

compute_image_weights_with_filtered_data()

Method to compute image weights from filtered data. Weight is simply inverse of class frequency.

```
edge_requirements (w_lim, h_lim, x2_lim, y2_lim)
```

Method to compute filtering based on edge specifications.

Inputs:

```
w_lim: limit for image widthh_lim: limit for image heightx2_lim: limit for image x2y2_lim: limit for image y2
```

Outputs:

indices where filtered variables satisfy the dimension requirements.

load_target_file()

Method to load a targetfile of type specified in the input file. Supported types: .json.

manual_dimension_requirements(area_lim, w_lim, h_lim, AR_lim)

Method to compute filtering based on specified dimension requirements.

Inputs:

```
area_lim: limit for image areaw_lim: limit for image widthh_lim: limit for image heightAR_lim: limit for image aspect ratio
```

Outputs:

indices where filtered variables satisfy the dimension requirements.

process_target_data()

Method to perform all target processing.

set_image_w_and_h()

Method to set width and height of images associated with targets.

```
sigma_rejection_indices (filtered_data)
```

Method to compute a mask based on a sigma rejection criterion.

Inputs:

filtered_data: data to which sigma rejection is applied and from which mask is computed

Outputs:

mask_reject: binary mask computed from sigma rejection

```
strip_image_number_from_chips_and_files()
```

Method to strip numbers from image filenames from both chips and files.

```
src.targets.fcn_sigma_rejection.fcn_sigma_rejection (x, srl=3, ni=3)
Function to perform sigma rejection on a dataset.
```

Inputs:

x: dataset

srl: desired cutoff number of standard deviations for rejection

ni: desired number of iterations

Outputs:

```
x: dataset with outliers removed
```

inliers: indices of inliers w.r.t. original dataset

```
{\tt src.targets.per\_class\_stats.per\_class\_stats} ( {\it classes, w, h})
```

Function to calculate statistics of target data.

Inputs:

```
classes: target data processed/produced with the Target class
```

w: image widthh: image height

Outputs:

class_mu: mean of target classes

class_sigma: standard deviation of target classes

class_cov: covariance of target classes

4.2 Utils/

```
utils.utils.bbox_iou (box1, box2, x1y1x2y2=True)
Returns the IoU of two bounding boxes
```

4.2. Utils/

```
utils.utils.build_targets (pred_boxes, pred_conf, pred_cls, target, anchor_wh, nA, nC, nG, re-
                                  questPrecision)
     returns nGT, nCorrect, tx, ty, tw, th, tconf, tcls
utils.utils.compute_ap(recall, precision)
     Compute the average precision, given the recall and precision curves. Code originally from https://github.com/
     rbgirshick/py-faster-rcnn. # Arguments
          recall: The recall curve (list). precision: The precision curve (list).
     # Returns The average precision as computed in py-faster-rcnn.
utils.utils.load_classes(path)
     Loads class labels at 'path'
4.3 Tests/
class tests.unittests.DataProcessingTests(methodName='runTest')
     setUp()
          Hook method for setting up the test fixture before exercising it.
class tests.unittests.DatasetTests(methodName='runTest')
     setUp()
          Hook method for setting up the test fixture before exercising it.
class tests.unittests.GPUtests(methodName='runTest')
     setUp()
          Hook method for setting up the test fixture before exercising it.
class tests.unittests.ModelsTests (methodName='runTest')
     setUp()
          Hook method for setting up the test fixture before exercising it.
class tests.unittests.TargetTests (methodName='runTest')
     setUp()
          Hook method for setting up the test fixture before exercising it.
```

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CONTACT

Any questions/comments may be directed to the main BNL project developer, Anthony DeGennaro (https://www.bnl.gov/compsci/people/staff.php?q=168 / adegennaro@bnl.gov).

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