C. Wormholes

Time limit: 3s

In the year 2163, wormholes were discovered. A wormhole is a subspace tunnel through space and tim connecting two star systems. Wormholes have a few peculiar properties:

- Wormholes are *one-way* only.

- The time it takes to travel through a wormhole is negligible.

- A wormhole has two end points, each situated in a star system.

- A star system may have more than one wormhole end point within its boundaries.

- For some unknown reason, starting from our solar system, it is always possible to end up in ar star system by following a sequence of wormholes (maybe Earth is the centre of the universe).

- Between any pair of star systems, there is at most one wormhole in either direction.

- There are no wormholes with both end points in the same star system.

All wormholes have a constant time difference between their end points. For example, a specif wormhole may cause the person travelling through it to end up 15 years in the future. Another wormho may cause the person to end up 42 years in the past.

A brilliant physicist, living on earth, wants to use wormholes to study the Big Bang. Since wa drive has not been invented yet, it is not possible for her to travel from one star system to another or directly. This *can* be done using wormholes, of course.

The scientist wants to reach a cycle of wormholes somewhere in the universe that causes her to er up in the past. By travelling along this cycle a lot of times, the scientist is able to go back as far time as necessary to reach the beginning of the universe and see the Big Bang with her own eyes. Wri a program to find out whether such a cycle exists.

Input

The input file starts with a line containing the number of cases c to be analysed. Each case starts wit a line with two numbers n and m. These indicate the number of star systems ($1 \leq n \leq 1000$) ar the number of wormholes ($0 \leq m \leq 2000$). The star systems are numbered from 0 (our solar systen through $n - 1$. For each wormhole a line containing three integer numbers x, y and t is given. The numbers indicate that this wormhole allows someone to travel from the star system numbered x to th star system numbered y, thereby ending up t ($-1000 \leq t \leq 1000$) years in the future.

Output

The output consists of c lines, one line for each case, containing the word '`possible`' if it is inde possible to go back in time indefinitely, or '`not possible`' if this is not possible with the given set star systems and wormholes.

Sample Input

2
3 3
0 1 1000
1 2 15

```
2 1 -42
4 4
0 1 10
1 2 20
2 3 30
3 0 -60
```

Sample Output

```
possible
not possible
```