

1-9 D

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

The musical notation consists of nine staves, each with three horizontal lines representing the strings of a three-string instrument. The notation uses various symbols to indicate specific fingerings and techniques:

- 'x': An 'x' mark on a string indicates that it should be played open (unfretted).
- '.': A solid dot on a string indicates that it should be muted (not sounded).
- Vertical stroke: A vertical line connecting two or more notes on the same string indicates a slur or a specific fingering technique.

The measures are divided by vertical bar lines. The notation is designed to be played sequentially from staff 1 to staff 9.