## **Cost of Living**



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### **Data Set and Variables**

Data set is about the Cost of Living in almost 5000 cities across the world.

I chose this data set because it is interesting to analyze the cost of living in various places of the world.

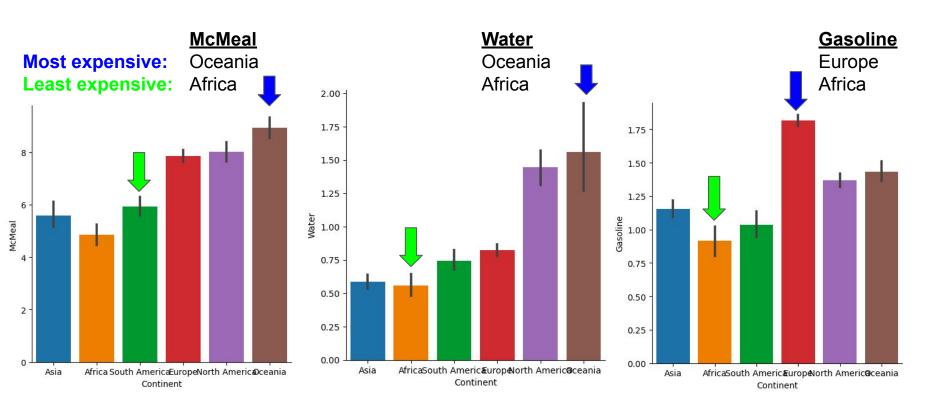
There are 4,873 observations:

• Each observation is a cost of basic necessities and salary in cities across the world.

There are 13 variables. In this analysis we focus on the following ones:

- City
- Country
- Continent
- McMeal (USD)
- Water (1.5 liter bottle) (USD)
- Gasoline (1 liter) (USD)
- Toyota Corolla Sedan (USD)
- Basic (Electricity, Heating, Cooling, Water, Garbage) for 85m2 Apartment (USD)
- Internet (USD)
- Preschool for 1 Child (USD)
- Jeans (USD)
- Apartment (1 bedroom) in City Centre (USD)
- Average Monthly Net Salary (After Tax) (USD)

# Question 1: What are the costs of McMeal, Water and Gasoline in different Continents?



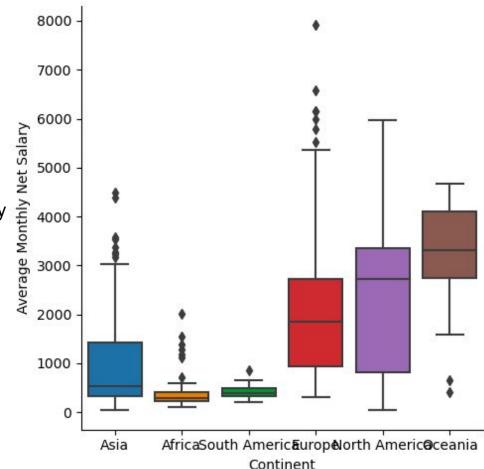
Question 2: What is the average Salary in different

**Continents?** 

#### Notes:

 The biggest average of Salary is in Oceania

 But the biggest 'spreading' of Salary is in Europe and North America



### **Hypothesis**

**Null:** There is no difference in Salary between North America and Europe.

**Alternative:** There is a difference in Salary between North America and Europe.

### T-test: Salary in North America vs Europe

```
# t-test
df_1 = df[df["Continent"] == 'North America']
df_2 = df[df["Continent"] == 'Europe']
stats.ttest_ind(df_1["Average Monthly Net Salary"], df_2["Average Monthly Net Salary"])
Ttest_indResult(statistic=1.931744582068827, pvalue=0.05401855304174518) > 0.05
```

# What variables have the biggest influence on Salary variable?

### **Dependent Variable:**

Average Monthly Salary

#### **Independent Variables:**

- McMeal (USD)
- Water (1.5 liter bottle) (USD)
- Gasoline (1 liter) (USD)
- Toyota Corolla Sedan (USD)
- Basic (Electricity, Heating, Cooling, Water, Garbage) for 85m2 Apartment (USD)
- Internet (USD)
- Preschool for 1 Child (USD)
- Jeans (USD)
- Apartment (1 bedroom) in City Centre (USD)

## Linear, Ridge, Lasso Regression models

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	Lillear	Muge	<u>La330</u>
R^2 Score on train data:	0.7743	0.7743	0.7743

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**R^2 Score on test data:** 0.7540 0.7544 0.7546

	<u>Linear</u>			<u>Ridge</u>			<u>Lasso</u>	
	variable	coefficient		variable	coefficient		variable	coefficient
3	Toyota	-0.007356	:	3 Toyota	-0.007379	3	Toyota	-0.007379
5	Internet	0.319839	ţ	5 Internet	0.323010	5	Internet	0.323010
8	Apt (1 bd) Centre	0.427274	8	Apt (1 bd) Centre	0.428703	8	Apt (1 bd) Centre	0.428703
7	Jeans	0.548882	-	7 Jeans	0.563230	7	Jeans	0.563230
4	Basic	0.856497	4	1 Basic	0.863465	4	Basic	0.863465
6	Preschool	1.042445	(	3 Preschool	1.042911	6	Preschool	1.042911
0	McMeal	118.272538		McMeal	118.786641	0	McMeal	118.786641
2	Gasoline	245.877957	:	2 Gasoline	242.196161	2	Gasoline	242.196161
1	Water	428.155966		1 Water	422.882327	1	Water	422.882327

### **Conclusions**

- 1. There is no difference in Salary between North America and Europe.
- 2. Water, Gasoline and McMeal variables have the biggest influence on predicting Salary variable.
- 3. For improved generalization performance, it is better to use either the Ridge or Lasso model instead of the simple Linear model.

## Thank you