

Week 3

Object Interaction 2

Creating cooperating objects

suggested reading:

Textbook, Ch. 3

Objects creating objects

```
public class ClockDisplay
    private NumberDisplay hours;
    private NumberDisplay minutes;
    private String displayString;
    public ClockDisplay()
        hours = new NumberDisplay(24);
        minutes = new NumberDisplay(60);
```

Objects creating objects

in class ClockDisplay:

hours = new NumberDisplay(24);

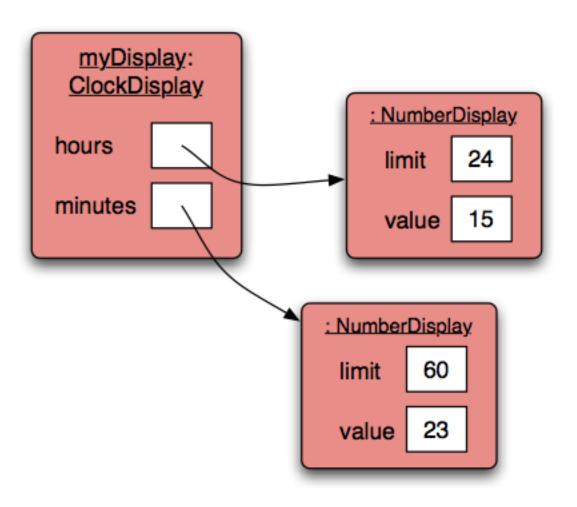
actual parameter

in class NumberDisplay:

public NumberDisplay(int rollOverLimit);

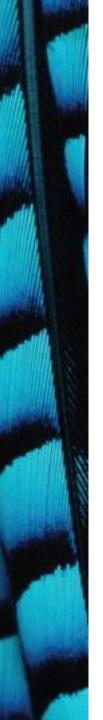
formal parameter

ClockDisplay object diagram



Method calling

```
public void timeTick()
{
    minutes.increment();
    if(minutes.getValue() == 0) {
        // it just rolled over!
        hours.increment();
    }
    updateDisplay();
}
```



External method call

external method calls

```
minutes.increment();
```

object . methodName (parameter-list)

Internal method call

internal method calls

```
updateDisplay();
```

- No variable name is required.
- this
 - could be used as a reference to the invoking object, but not used for method calls.

Internal method

```
* Update the internal string that
   represents the display.
 * /
private void updateDisplay()
    displayString =
        hours.getDisplayValue() + ":" +
        minutes.getDisplayValue();
```



Method calls

- 'Internal' means 'this object'.
- 'External' means 'any other object', regardless of its type.

 NB: A method call on another object of the same type would be an external call.

null

- null is a special value in Java
- Object fields are initialized to null by default.
- You can test for and assign null:

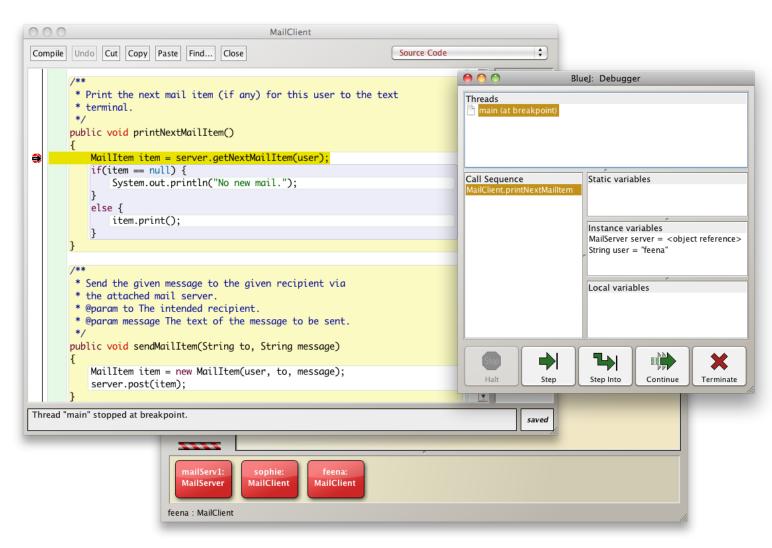
```
private NumberDisplay hours;
if(hours != null) { ... }
hours = null;
```



The debugger

- Useful for gaining insights into program behavior ...
- ... whether or not there is a program error.
- Set breakpoints.
- Examine variables.
- Step through code.

The debugger





Concept summary

- object creation
- overloading
- internal/external method calls
- debugger