

The Mandelbrot Set

Hybrid MPI/OpenMP Implementation

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Introduction

The goal is to implement and analyze a **hybrid MPI/OpenMP** implementation of the computation of the Mandelbrot set, which is defined as:

$$\mathcal{M} = \{c \in \mathbb{C} : \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} z_n < \infty\}$$

where $z_{n+1} = z_n^2 + c$ and $z_0 = 0$.

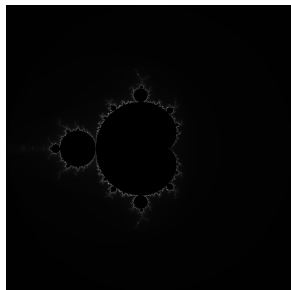


Figure: Rendering of the Mandelbrot set.

Encoding:

- ▶ each pixel represents a complex number c .
- ▶ the color of the pixel depends on the number of iterations before z_n diverges.

Computational architecture

ORFEO cluster

EPYC partition

- ▶ 8 nodes
- ▶ 2x AMD EPYC 7742 64-Core Processor on each node
- ▶ 512 GB RAM

For our purposes we will use at most 2 nodes of the EPYC partition.

Parallelization strategy

We adopt a sequential fashion:

1. using MPI, initialize P processes
2. each process computes a portion of the image using T OpenMP threads (loop scheduling policy is set to dynamic)
3. the master process uses MPI_Gatherv to collect the results



Figure: Suppose to have 4 processes. Each process will compute a portion of the image.

Let $N = n_x \times n_y$ be the total number of pixels. Each process will compute approximately N/P pixels.

Experimental setup

MPI scaling

Set $T = 1$ and vary

$P = 1, 2, 4, 8, \dots, 112, 128$

- ▶ strong scaling:

$$n_x = n_y = 4096$$

- ▶ weak scaling:

$$n_x = n_y = 1024 \times \text{round}\{\sqrt{P}\}$$

OpenMP scaling

Set $P = 1$ and vary

$T = 2, 4, 6, 8, \dots, 62, 64$

- ▶ strong scaling:

$$n_x = n_y = 4096$$

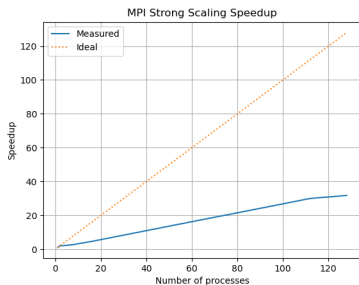
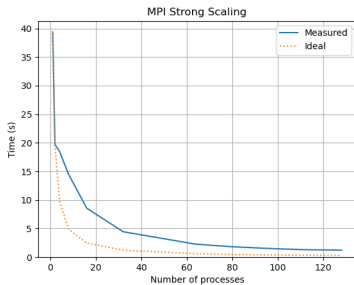
- ▶ weak scaling:

$$n_x = n_y = 1024 \times \text{round}\{\sqrt{T}\}$$

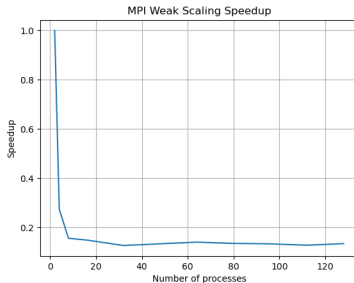
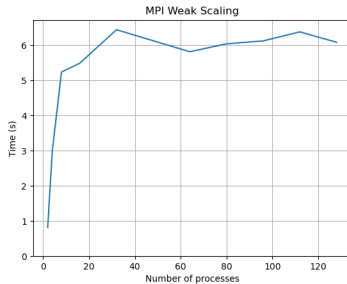
Other parameters

- ▶ For MPI, we set `--map-by core` and `--bind-to socket`
- ▶ For OpenMP, we set `OMP_PLACES=cores` and no binding policy.

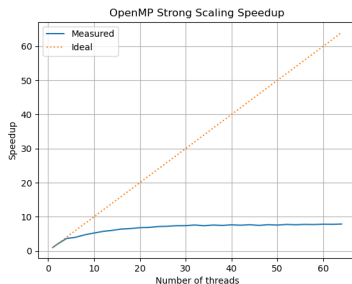
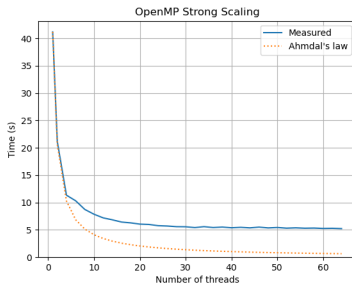
MPI strong scaling results



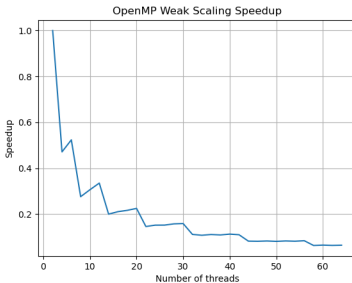
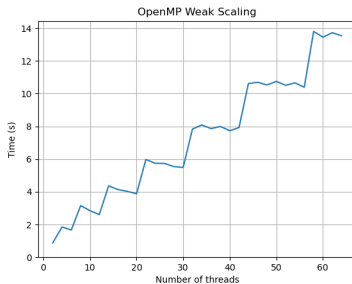
MPI **weak** scaling results



OpenMP strong scaling results



OpenMP **weak** scaling results



Conclusions

- ▶ MPI scaling shows an expected behavior for both strong and weak scaling
- ▶ OpenMP strong scaling shows that we reach a bottleneck

OpenMP issues:

- ▶ load imbalance
- ▶ false sharing

Improvements:

- ▶ smarter load balancing strategy
- ▶ exploit symmetries
- ▶ exploit compiler optimizations