


Webserv

▼ Documentation config file

- configuration file parameters
 - nginx configuration file

Understanding NGINX Configuration File - JournalDev


It's very important to understand the structure of the NGINX configuration file to get the best performance from your server. Further, by applying directives on right context in a NGINX configuration will enable you to eliminate repetitive codes and manage your infrastructure

 <https://www.journaldev.com/26618/nginx-configuration-file>

- host
- port
- root
- server name
- error page
 - creating your own error page
- client body buffer size
 - Sets buffer size for reading client request body
- cgi param
 - CGI environment variables
- cgi pass
- location
 - Nginx key-word "location" // config file.

Nginx location directive examples - JournalDev

The location directive within NGINX server block allows to route request to correct location within the file system. The directive is used to tell NGINX where to look for a resource by including files and folders while matching a location block against an URL. In this tutorial,

 <https://www.journaldev.com/26342/nginx-location-directive>

- allowed methods
- index
- auto index
- alias

Defines a replacement for the specified location. For example, with the following configuration

```
location /i/ {  
    alias /data/w3/images/;  
}
```

on request of “/i/top.gif”, the file /data/w3/images/top.gif will be sent (with “/data/w3/images/” replacing “/i/”

- alias set

▼ server creation

- server initialization

multi client socket programming

poll

▼ Request and response format

Request

GET (full)

POST (full)

chunked body

unchunked body

Response

status codes

▼ CGI

▼ scripting

▼ perl CGI scripting

1. introduction to perl CGI scripting and query handling
2. uploading files using a perl script as a CGI
3. difference between GET and POST when it comes to CGI interaction

python CGI scripting

▼ script invocation

This script is invoked in a system defined manner. Unless specified otherwise, this will be by treating the file containing the script as an executable program, and running it as a child process of the server.

▼ CGI meta-variables

- CONTENT_LENGTH (MUST)
- CONTENT_TYPE (MUST)
- GATEWAY_INTERFACE (MUST)
- HTTP_* (MUST except some headers)
- PATH_INFO (SHOULD)
- PATH_TRANSLATED (SHOULD)
- QUERY_STRING (MUST)
- REMOTE_ADDR (SHOULD)
- REMOTE_HOST (SHOULD)

- REMOTE_IDENT (SHOULD)
- REMOTE_USER (MUST)
- REQUEST_METHOD (MUST)
- SCRIPT_NAME (MUST)
- SERVER_NAME (MUST)
- SERVER_PORT (MUST)
- SERVER_PROTOCOL (MUST)
- SERVER_SOFTWARE (MUST)