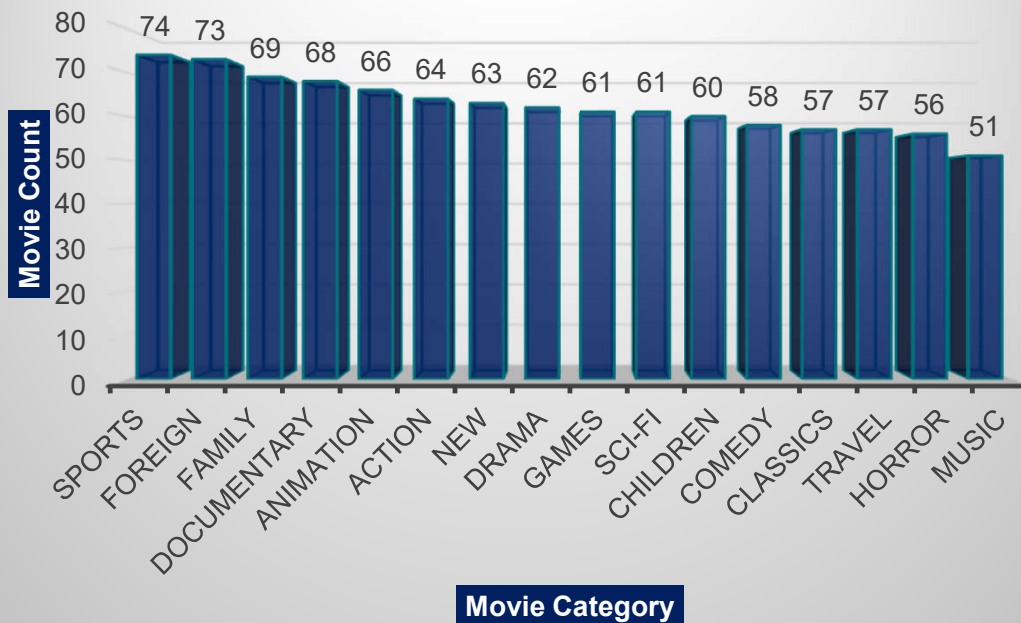


# In all film categories, how many films was released in 2006?

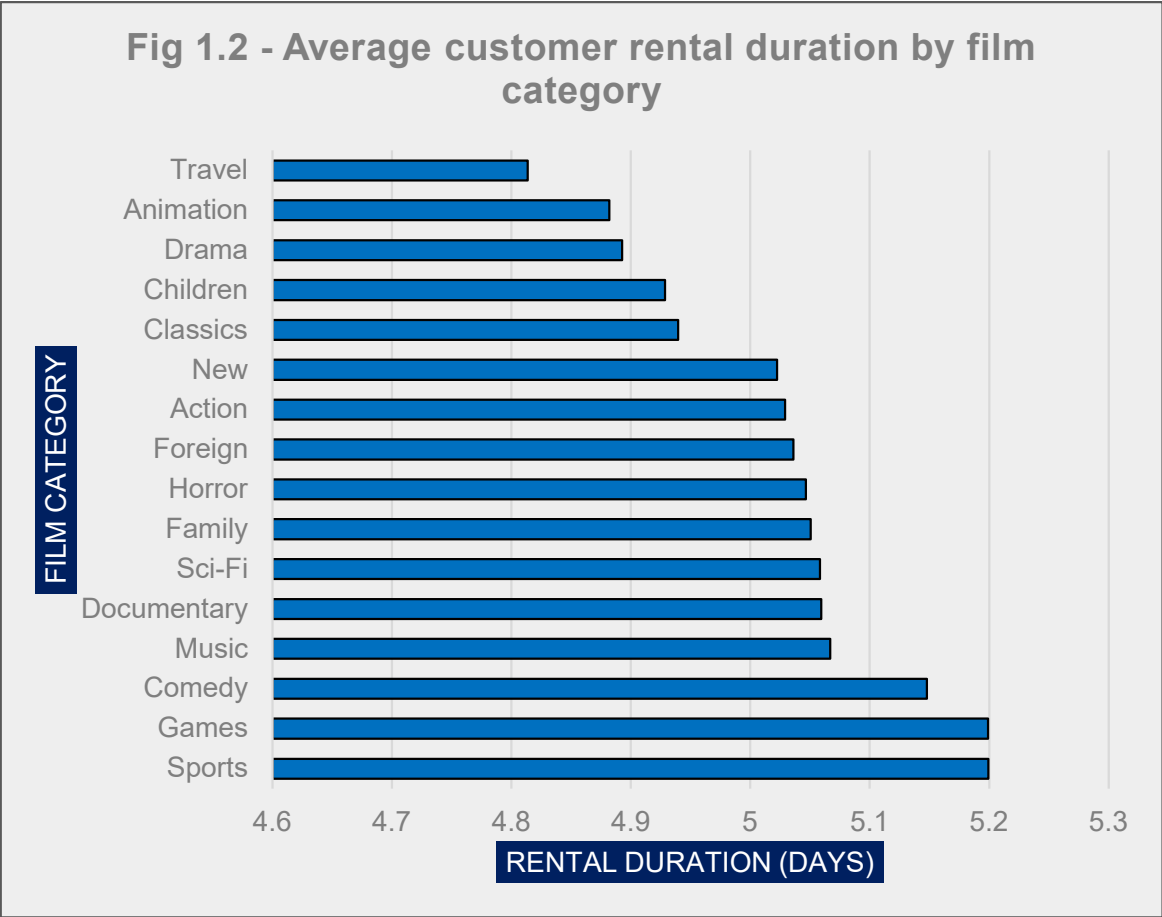
**Fig 1.1 - Films released in 2006 by categories**



We would like to know how many films (in film categories) was released in 2006.

In Fig 1.1 we see that the film category "sports" has the highest number of released films and "music" with the lowest film count in 2006.

# What is the average customer rental duration by film category?



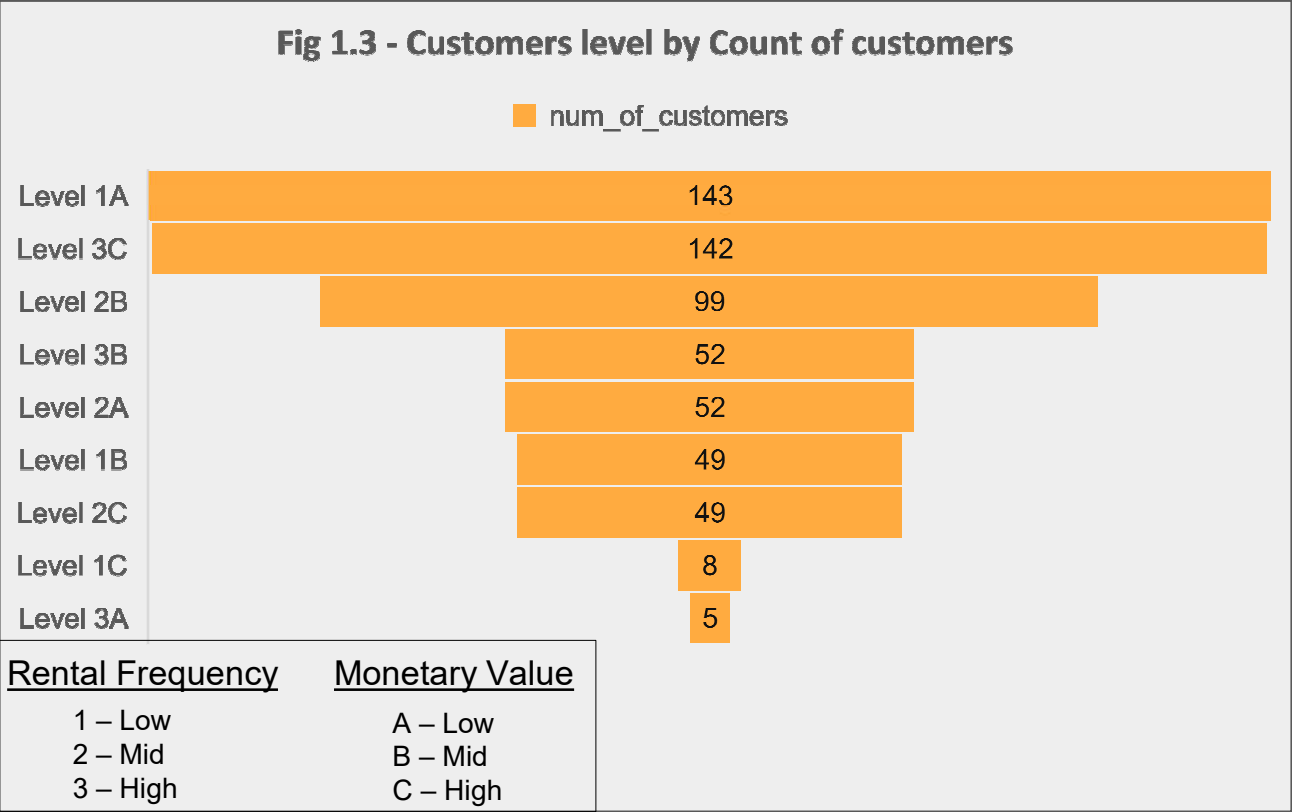
Films in some categories may take customer a little more time to return. We want to know how long it will take a customer to return a film base on the film category.

We do this by finding the difference between the rental date and return date for every film and then find the average of this rental duration.

In Fig - 1.2 we see that **sports** has the highest rental duration. However, we can also see that the average rental duration for all film categories are between 4 to 6 days.

# Categorize customers by rental count and total amount

Categorize customers by levels using their frequency of renting movies and monetary value spent on purchases. We would like to know the count of customers in each levels

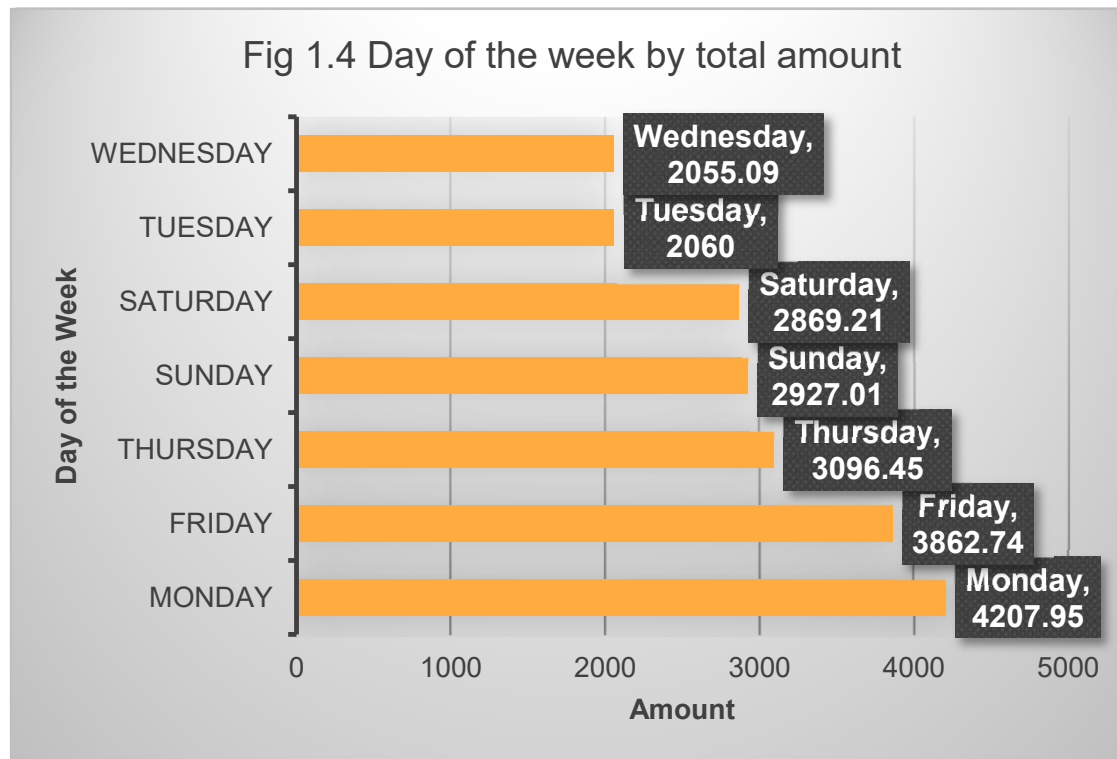


In Fig 1.3, we can see that **Level 1A** has the highest number of customers. This means that most customers have low frequency of renting movies and low amount spent on film rental.

Although we have a close second highest, which is **Level 3C**. This means that we have many customers with high frequency of renting movies and high amount spent on movies.

# Which day of the week has the highest amount in payment?

We would like to base our analysis on the countries (top five) with the highest number of customers



For the top five countries with the highest number of customers, we can see in Fig 1.4 that Monday is the day of the week with the highest total amount in payment.