

DELIVERING ON DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION & DISRUPTIVE TECHNOLOGIES

IN THE LAST4 YEARS

We've helped our clients in their digital transformation journey with our expertise in disruptive technologies (Cloud, DevOps, Analytics) that enables agility, efficiency and faster time-to-value.



























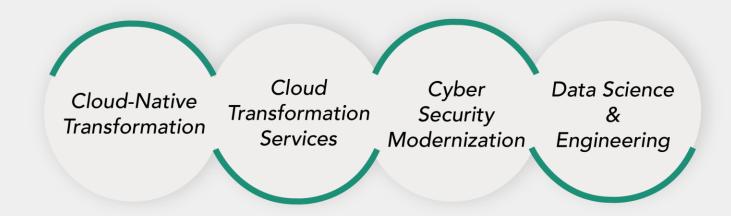








A COMPLETE DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION EXPERIENCE



WEBINAR

AWS EKS Elastic Kubernetes Services



What is Amazon EKS?

- Managed Kubernetes Service from AWS
- Deploy, Scale and Manage containerized applications
- Launched in June 2018
- Ensuring High Availability



MANAGING CONTROL PLANES

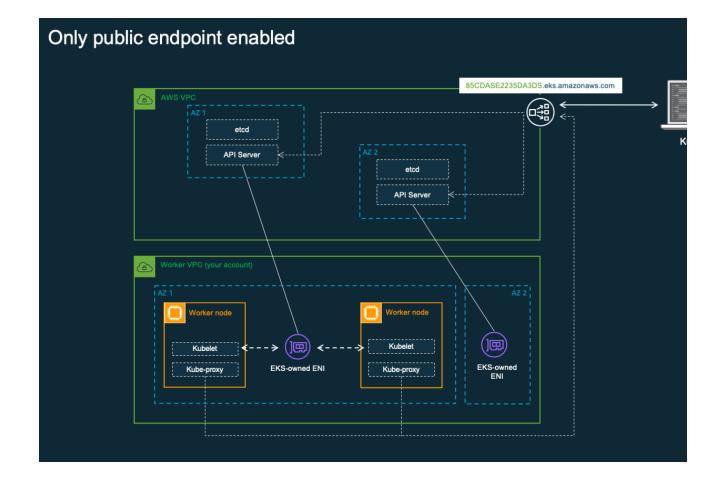
- Detecting and replacing unhealthy control planes
- Automated version upgrades
- Automated patching of control planes



CONTROL PLANE ARCHITECTURE

Runs single tenant Kubernetes control plane for each cluster

Atleast 2 API server nodes and 2 etcd nodes in multi AZ





INTEGRATES WITH AWS SERVICES

IAM, Load balancers, VPC and DevOps specific services like ECR, CodeBuild, CodeCommit and CodeDeploy

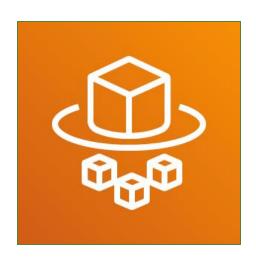


MIGRATING TO EKS

- Easily migrate any Kubernetes standard applications to EKS
- Updating manifest files and deploying
- Identifying the right storage drivers



EKS, Fargate & **ECS**



FARGATE IF YOU WANT ABSTRACTION
ON KUBERNETES CLUSTER. SERVERLESS
COMPUTE ENGINE FOR KUBERNETES



ECS IS BASICALLY DOCKER AS A SERVICE WITHOUT ANY ORCHESTRATION ENGINE.



EKS IS FOR COMPLETE CONTROL ON CLUSTER WITH KUBERNETES AS ORCHESTRATOR

Features in EKS

- Autoscaling
- Pod Networking in EKS with CNI plugin
- ELB support (Classic, Application and Network)
- Nodegroups (managed and self-managed)
- Spot Instances and Spot Interrupt Handlers
- Support for persistent volumes



Eksctl cli tool for Creating clusters

https://github.com/weaveworks/eksctl

eksctl create cluster -f cluster.yaml

eksctl create cluster



apiVersion: eksctl.io/v1alpha5

kind: ClusterConfig

metadata:

name: basic-cluster
region: eu-north-1

nodeGroups:

- name: ng-1

instanceType: m5.large
desiredCapacity: 10

- name: ng-2

instanceType: m5.xlarge

desiredCapacity: 2



EKS MAKES KUBERNETES EASIER

Manage and operate Kubernetes with ease

Task	The Old Way	→ With EKS
Create a cluster	Provision network and VMs Install dozens of system components including etcd Create and install certificates Register agent nodes with control plane	eksctl create cluster
Upgrade a cluster	Upgrade your master nodes Cordon/drain and upgrade worker nodes individually	eksctl upgrade cluster eksctl upgrade nodegroup
Scale a cluster	Provision new VMs Install system components Register nodes with API server	eksctl scale nodegroup



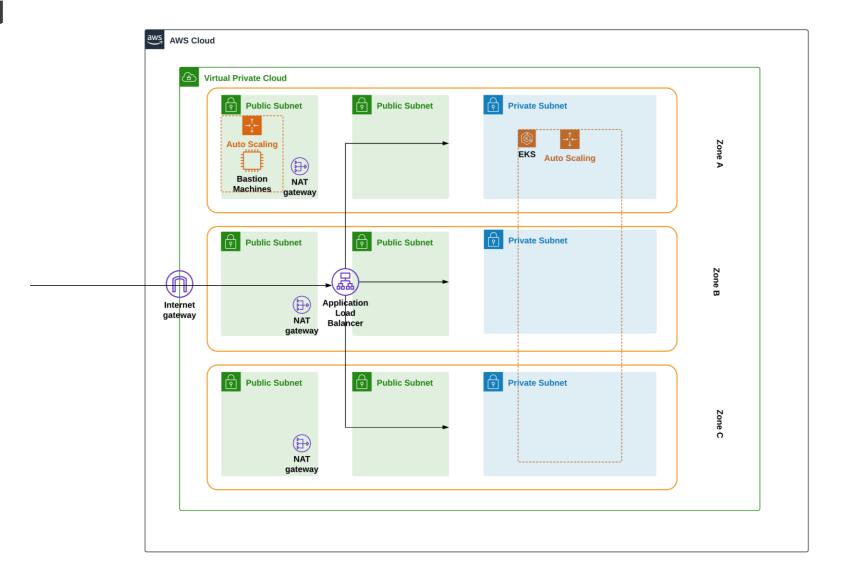
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Eksctl commands

- \$ eksctl create cluster -f cluster.yaml
- \$ eksctl get clusters
- \$ eksctl get nodegroups --cluster eks-webinar-demo
- \$ eksctl upgrade cluster eks-webinar-demo
- \$ eksctl upgrade nodegroup ng-1 --cluster eks-webinar-demo
- \$ eksctl scale ng ng-1 --cluster eks-webinar-demo --nodes=3 --nodes-min=2 --nodes-max=4
- \$ eksctl delete cluster -f cluster.yaml



DEPLOYING A CLUSTER





PRE-REQUISITES

- VPC
- 3 Private subnets for worker nodes
- 3 Public subnets for load balancers
- Nat gateway
- Internet gateway
- Tag load balancer subnets to denote ELB subnets



CREATING CLUSTER WITH Eksctl



```
fayad@adfolks:~/manifests$ cat eks-webinar/cluster.yaml
apiVersion: eksctl.io/v1alpha5
kind: ClusterConfig
metadata:
 name: eks-webinar-demo
 region: eu-central-1
vpc:
  subnets:
    private:
      eu-central-1a: { id: subnet-017082f2210038162 }
      eu-central-1b: { id: subnet-0ca47ca1609e78e4f }
      eu-central-1c: { id: subnet-008fec89791ce8d06 }
managedNodeGroups:
  - name: ng-1
   instanceType: t2.xlarge
   desiredCapacity: 2
   labels: { role: web, nodeSelector.lifecycle: OnDemand }
    minSize: 1
    maxSize: 4
    volumeSize: 50
   privateNetworking: true
    iam:
      withAddonPolicies:
        autoScaler: true
nodeGroups:
  - name: ng-2
   desiredCapacity: 2
   labels: { role: monitoring, nodeSelector.lifecycle: Ec2Spot }
    minSize: 1
    maxSize: 4
    volumeSize: 50
    privateNetworking: true
    instancesDistribution:
      maxPrice: 0.020
      instanceTypes: ["t2.small"]
      onDemandBaseCapacity: 0
      onDemandPercentageAboveBaseCapacity: 50
      spotAllocationStrategy: "capacity-optimized" # or lowest-price
    iam:
      withAddonPolicies:
        autoScaler: true
fayad@adfolks:~/manifests$
```

CLUSTER MANAGEMENT

- Adding IAM user to cluster
- Apply cluster autoscaler
- Apply Spot Interrupt handlers



OBSERVABILITY IN EKS

- Eksctl commands
- Kubectl commands
- Observing autoscaling and nodegroup information from AWS console
- Enabling Cloudwatch logging for EKS



EKS best practices

- Deploy cluster on private subnets in multi AZ
- Create public subnets on each AZ for Load balancers
- Rely on nat gw for outbound
- Tag ELB subnets for EKS to identify loadbalancer subnets
- Define Cidr for pod networking in cluster yaml
- Deploy Autoscaler and Spot interrupt handler yaml
- Use service accounts for deploying applications



Useful resources

- https://www.eksworkshop.com/beginner/150_spotworkers/deployhandler/
- https://docs.aws.amazon.com/eks/latest/userguide/add-user-role.html
- https://docs.aws.amazon.com/eks/latest/userguide/cluster-autoscaler.html
- https://aws.amazon.com/ec2/spot/pricing/
- https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/containers/de-mystifying-cluster-networking-for-amazon-eks-worker-nodes/
- https://aws.amazon.com/ec2/pricing/on-demand/
- https://eksctl.io/usage/creating-and-managing-clusters/
- https://github.com/weaveworks/eksctl



Q&A

Thank you!

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Thank you!

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