

The Maximum Subarray





Given an array $A = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_N\}$ of N elements, find the maximum possible sum of a

- 1. Contiguous subarray
- 2. Non-contiguous (not necessarily contiguous) subarray.

Empty subarrays/subsequences should not be considered.

Input Format

First line of the input has an integer T. T cases follow.

Each test case begins with an integer N. In the next line, N integers follow representing the elements of array A.

Constraints

- $1 \le T \le 10$
- $1 \le N \le 10^5$
- $-10^4 \le a_i \le 10^4$

The subarray and subsequences you consider should have at least one element.

Output Format

Two, space separated, integers denoting the maximum contiguous and non-contiguous subarray. At least one integer should be selected and put into the subarrays (this may be required in cases where all elements are negative).

Sample Input

```
2
4
1 2 3 4
6
2 -1 2 3 4 -5
```

Sample Output

10 10 10 11

Explanation

In the first case:

The max sum for both contiguous and non-contiguous elements is the sum of ALL the elements (as they are all positive).

In the second case:

[2 -1 2 3 4] --> This forms the contiguous sub-array with the maximum sum.

For the max sum of a not-necessarily-contiguous group of elements, simply add all the positive elements.

```
Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) & 🗗
                                                                                                                            \Diamond
                                                                                           Java 8
 1 ▼ import java.io.*;
   import java.util.*;
3
4 ▼ public class Solution {
5
        public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException{
6 ▼
7
8
            BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
9
            int tst = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
10
            for(int i = 0; i < tst; i++){
11
12
13
                int N = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
14
                String line = br.readLine();
15
                String[] numbers = line.split("\\s");
16
17
18 ▼
                long[] arr = new long[N];
19 🔻
                long[] out = new long[N];
20
21
                long seq = 0;
22
                long nonSeq = 0;
23
24 ▼
                for(int j = 0; j < N; j++){
25 ▼
                     arr[j] = Long.parseLong(numbers[j]);
26
27 ▼
                    if(arr[j] >= 0){
28
                        nonSeq += arr[j];
29
30
                     if(j == 0){
31 ▼
32 ▼
                         out[j] = arr[j];
33
                         continue;
34
35
36 ▼
                     if(arr[j] + out[j - 1] < arr[j]){
37 ₹
                         out[j] = arr[j];
38
                     }
                     else{
39 ₹
                         out[j] = arr[j] + out[j - 1];
40 ▼
41
42
                }
43
                Arrays.sort(out);
44
45
46
                seq = out[out.length - 1];
47
48
                if(seq <= 0){
49
                     nonSeq = seq;
50
51
                System.out.println(seq + " " + nonSeq);
```

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53 54 55	}						
56 57	}						
							Line: 1 Col: 1
<u></u>	pload Code as File	Test against custom input				Run Code	Submit Code
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