

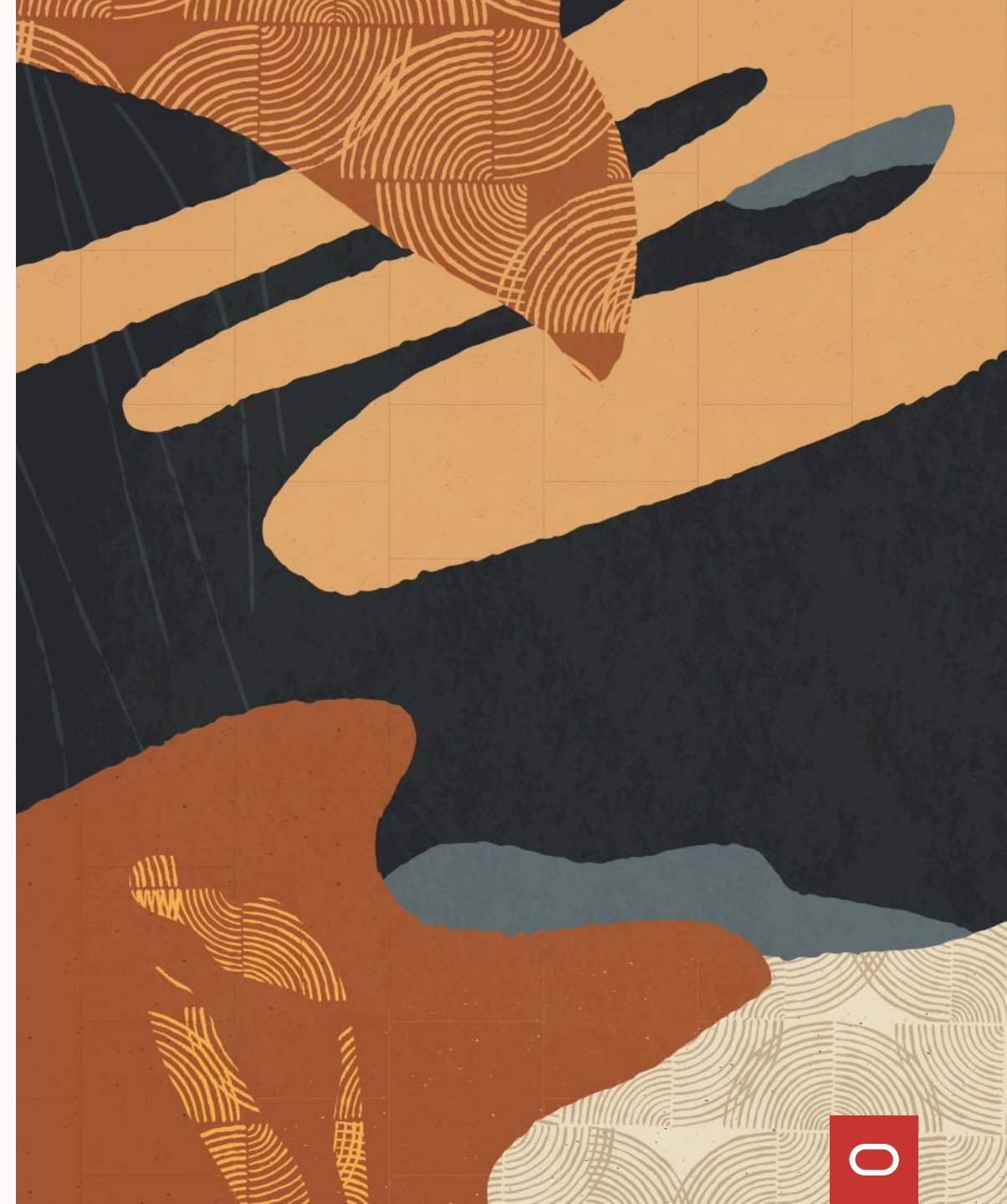
# Point of view: Oracle DB and Enterprise DB

Review of solutions

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Oracle EMEA Data Domain Expert



# Agenda

- **Introduction**
  - **Winning in Application Development area**
  - **Winning in Database Maintenance area**
  - **Summary**
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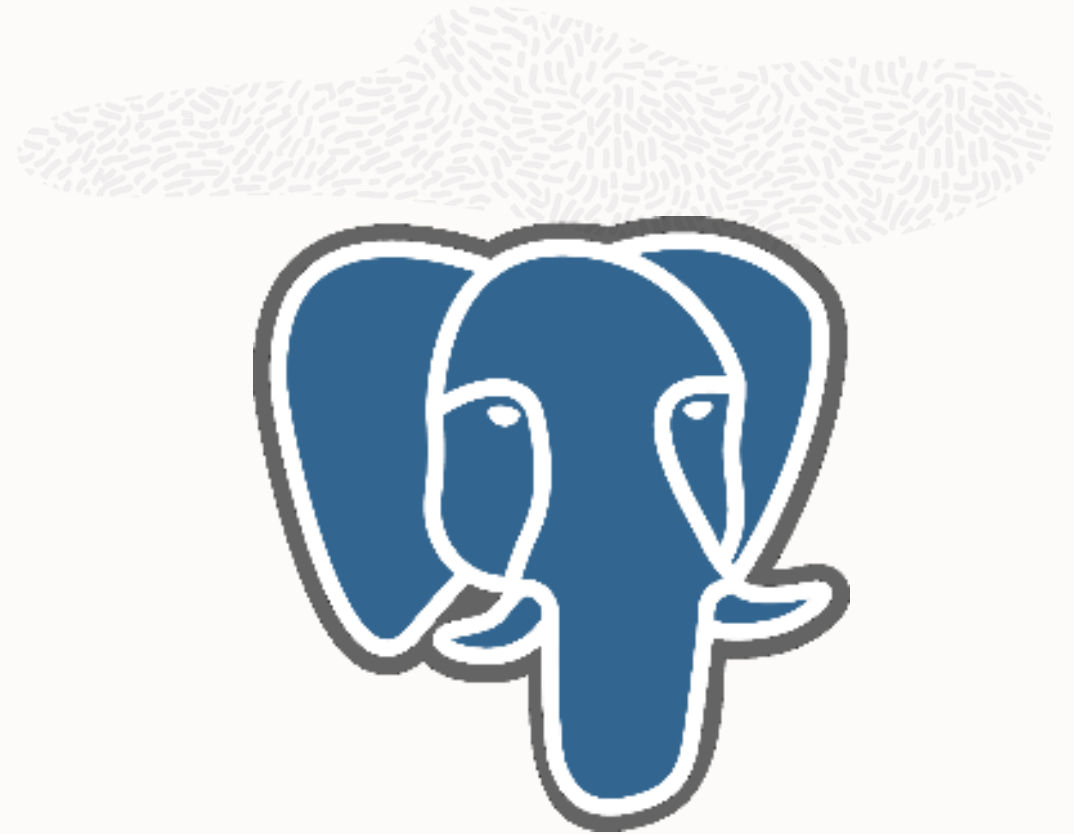
# Introduction

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# Introduction

## Short overview of PostgreSQL

- Marketed as “most advanced open-source **relational database**”
- Started in 1986 at UC Berkeley – POSTGRES project
- Free and open-source. Extensible
- Large PostgreSQL community
- Many PostgreSQL commercial versions
  - **EnterpriseDB**, Netezza/IBM, Greenplum, Postgres-XL, AgensGraph, Fujitsu, AWS Redshift,...



# Introduction

## Short overview of EnterpriseDB

- Founded in 2004. It is said to have ~500 employees and 4,000 customers.
- Private equity firm, Great Hill Partners, [acquired](#) EDB in June 2019.
- [Acquired](#) 2ndQuadrant, another PostgreSQL provider, in Sept 2020.
- Provides commercial support for PostgreSQL with additional enterprise features and some compatibility features with Oracle Database (the latter features are proprietary to EDB).





# Introduction

## Short overview of PostgreSQL and Enterprise DB

DB-ENGINES			Rank			DBMS	Database Model	Score		
Jun 2022	May 2022	Jun 2021	Jun 2022	May 2022	Jun 2021			Jun 2022	May 2022	Jun 2021
1.	1.	1.				Oracle +	Relational, Multi-model i	1287.74	+24.92	+16.80
2.	2.	2.				MySQL +	Relational, Multi-model i	1189.21	-12.89	-38.65
3.	3.	3.				Microsoft SQL Server +	Relational, Multi-model i	933.83	-7.37	-57.25
4.	4.	4.				PostgreSQL +	Relational, Multi-model i	620.84	+5.55	+52.32
5.	5.	5.				MongoDB +	Document, Multi-model i	480.73	+2.49	-7.49
6.	6.	7.	↑			Redis +	Key-value, Multi-model i	175.31	-3.71	+10.06
7.	7.	6.	↓			IBM Db2	Relational, Multi-model i	159.19	-1.14	-7.85
8.	8.	8.				Elasticsearch	Search engine, Multi-model i	156.00	-1.70	+1.29
9.	9.	10.	↑			Microsoft Access	Relational	141.82	-1.62	+26.88
10.	10.	9.	↓			SQLite +	Relational	135.44	+0.70	+4.90
53.	53.	59.	↑			EDB Postgres	Relational, Multi-model i	3.02	-0.01	+0.83

### Ranking based on

- Mentions in Google search
- Google trends
- Relevance in social networks
- Job offering
- Number of professional networks

# Introduction



- We compare functionality of two Database Management Systems
  - **Oracle** and **Enterprise DB**
- Comparison covers two main areas

## Application Development

- Database convergence
- Available APIs
- Low Code environments
- Other development-related features

## Database Maintenance

- Storage Architecture
- Options and features related to database security
- Backup and recovery options and tools
- HA/DR solutions
- Options and features related to database performance
- Tools for database administration

# Application Development





# Application Development

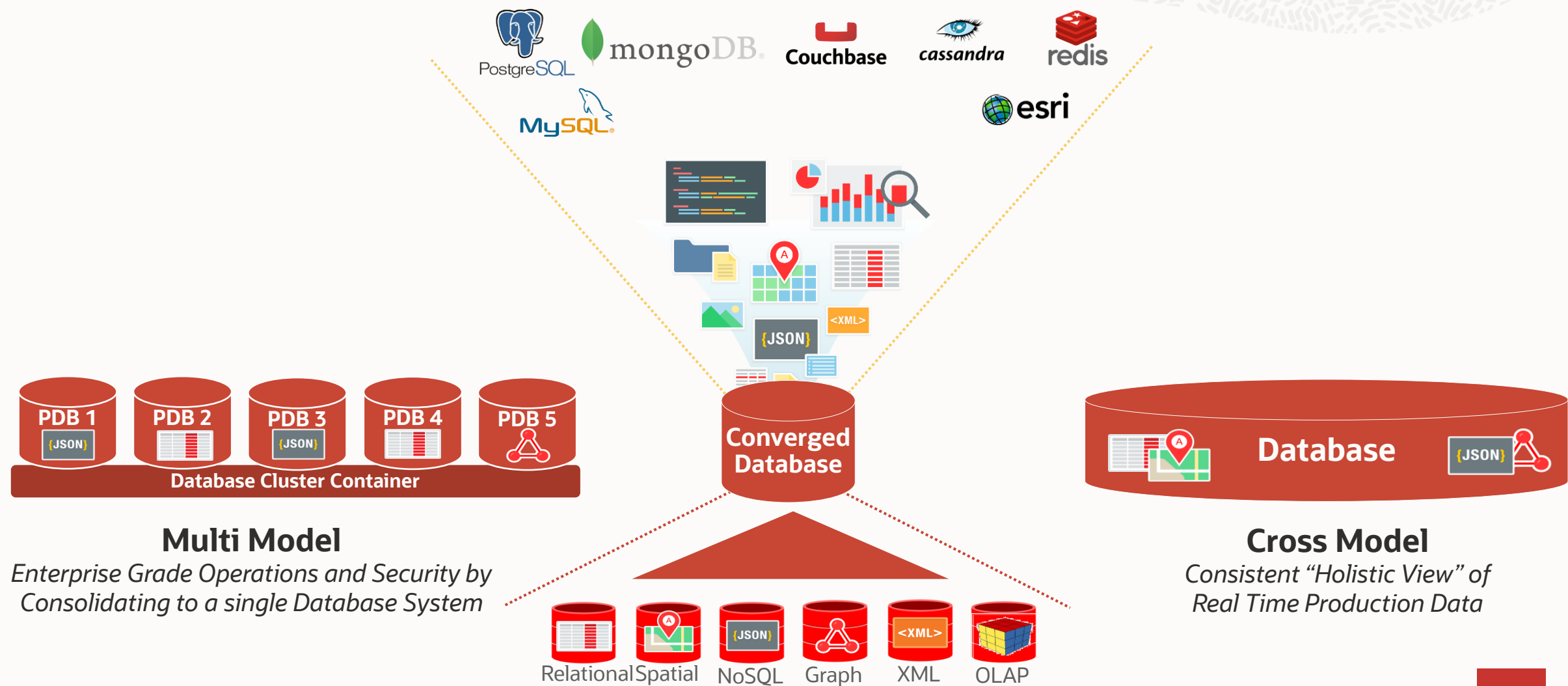
## Database convergence

- **EDB can store data in non-relational data models**
  - JSON
  - XML
  - Spatial
- **Does not support**
  - Multidimensional data
  - Property Graphs
  - Blockchain technologies
- **Does not provide specialized languages/APIs for non-relational data models**
  - SQL support only
- **Does not provide built-in ML solutions**
- **Spatial data model supported by PostGIS extension**
  - **Not installed by default**
- **Does not contain integrated low-code environment**



# Oracle Converged Database

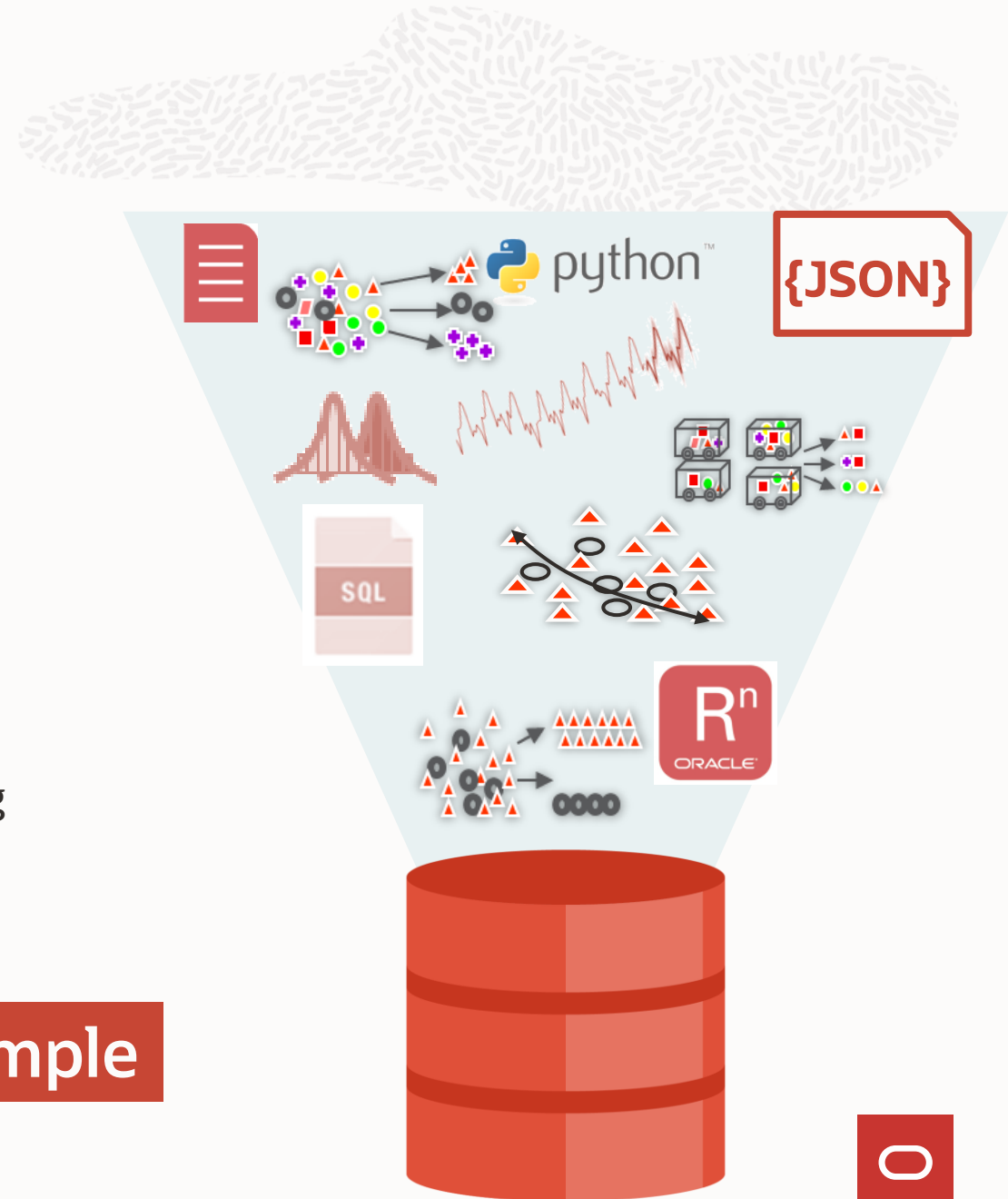
## Multi- and Cross-Model Database



# Oracle Converged Database

## Machine Learning integrated in Oracle Database

- **Machine learning models and algorithms run inside Oracle Database**
  - Data stays in-place
  - Massively parallel execution
- **Flexible model building**
  - SQL, R or Python
  - Oracle Data Miner
  - Oracle AutoML
  - Over 30 in-database **parallel** ML algorithms including deep-learning



**Oracle Makes Machine Learning Simple**

# Oracle Converged Database

## Support for Graph Analytics

Oracle makes it simple to use Graph Analytics to discover:

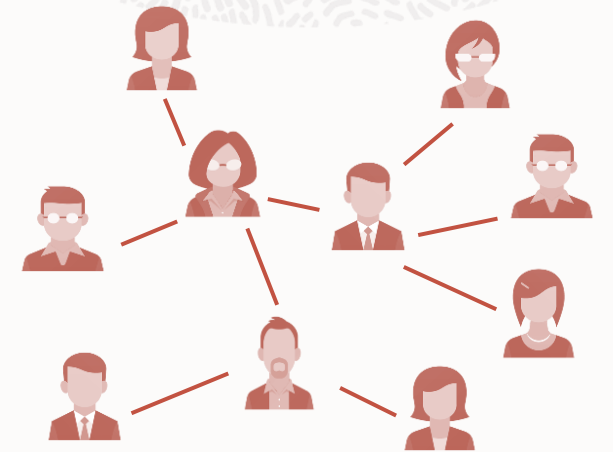
- Influencers, dependencies, communities, ranking, customer 360, etc.

Over 50 in-memory parallel analytic graph functions

- Easy implementation with declarative SQL-like queries

Oracle also provides an Open-Source Graph Query Language (PGQL)

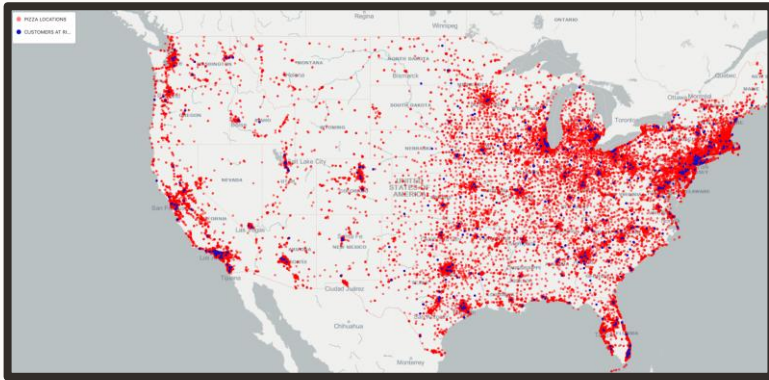
PGQL allows users to specify graph patterns which are matched against vertices and edges in a graph



Previously a priced option, now **FREE** in all Oracle Database Editions

# Oracle Converged Database

support for Data Driven Apps Create Value using Spatial Data



Oracle makes it simple to use location intelligence analytics and mapping services

- Compute distance between places, assets, people
- Analyze transportation, telecom, or utilities networks, sales territories, etc.

100s of in-database spatial operators and functions

- Over 60 spatial topology functions and procedures
- Over 125 Spatial Network functions and procedures

Previously a priced option, now **FREE** in all Oracle Database Editions



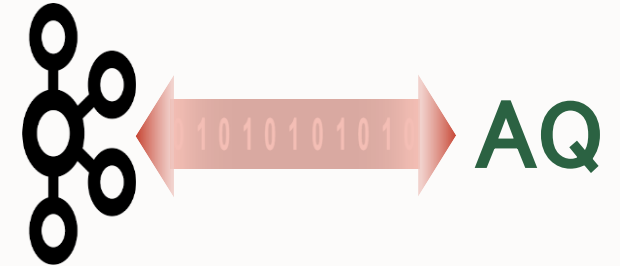
# Oracle Converged Database

## Support for Event Driven Architectures

Oracle makes it simple to implement event-driven apps

Oracle implements event streaming to and from Kafka

- Golden Gate replication can stream database changes **into** Kafka
- **New:** Oracle Database can query events **from** Kafka



Oracle Database Queues have supported events inside the DB for decades

- DB Queues provide ACID transactions and powerful SQL queries over events
- Confluent connector streams events between Kafka and DB Queues

More details related to licensing can be found [here](#)

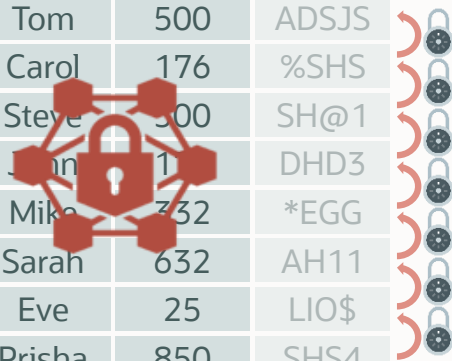
# Oracle Converged Database

## support for Data Driven Apps with Blockchain Data

**CREATE Blockchain Table**  
**Trade\_Ledger;**

TRADE LEDGER

ID	User	Value	Hash
1	Tom	500	ADSJS
2	Carol	176	%SHS
3	Steve	500	SH@1
4	John	1	DHD3
5	Mike	332	*EGG
6	Sarah	632	AH11
7	Eve	25	LIO\$
8	Prisha	850	SHS4



BLOCKCHAIN TABLE

### Special blockchain tables

- Insert Only tables
- Inserted rows are **cryptographically chained**
- Chain can be verified and signed by participants

### Simple to integrate into apps

- Look like standard tables with declarative SQL
- Full analytics and transactions on blockchain data

### Use Cases

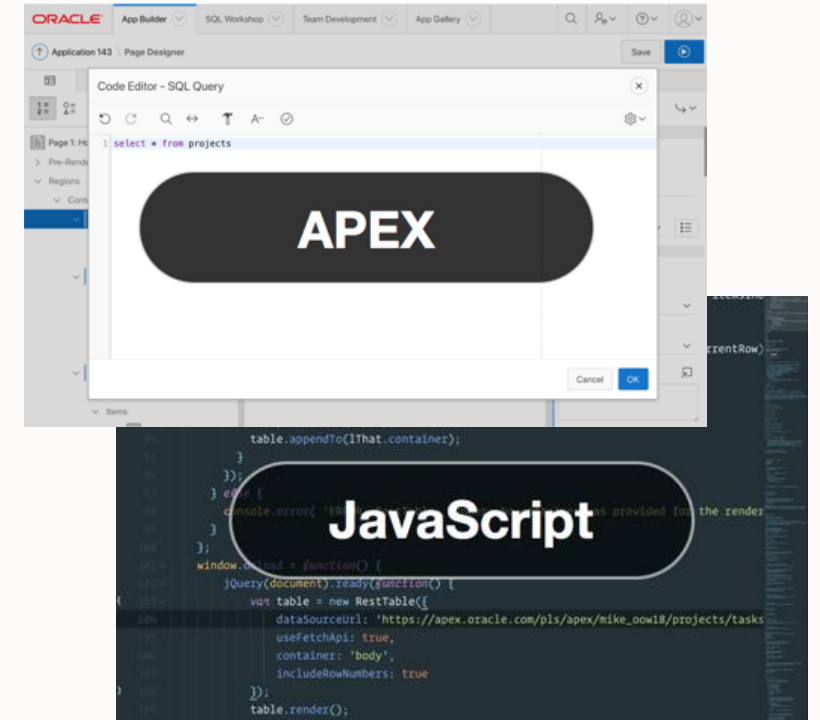
- Central unchangeable data such as measured values from IoT devices
- Compliance data for auditing reasons

More details related to licensing can be found [here](#)

# Application Express (APEX)

## Low-code environment for Oracle Converged Database

- **Low code** app dev platform
- Browser IDE automatically creates an App starting from a spreadsheet or a table
- SQL and REST friendly
- Deep integration with Oracle database
- Eliminates the complexity of Middle-tiers, connection management, state management, mapping database types to app types, scaling and HA
- Development of responsive and mobile apps
- 500K+ developer community
- **Oracle Named a 2022 Gartner® Peer Insights™ 'Voice of the Customer': Enterprise Low-Code Application Platforms**
  - Details: [here](#)



# Application Express (APEX)

## Low-code environment for Oracle Converged Database



Oracle makes it simple to create Low-Code Apps

Oracle APEX Low-Code IDE automatically creates an App starting from a spreadsheet or a table – data driven dev

Deep integration with the database eliminates the complexity of

- Middle-tiers, connection management, state management, mapping database types to app types, scaling, and HA

Create an enterprise App in hours – fastest time-to-value

Easily iterate the App to match evolving needs of business

# Application Development

## APIs and languages

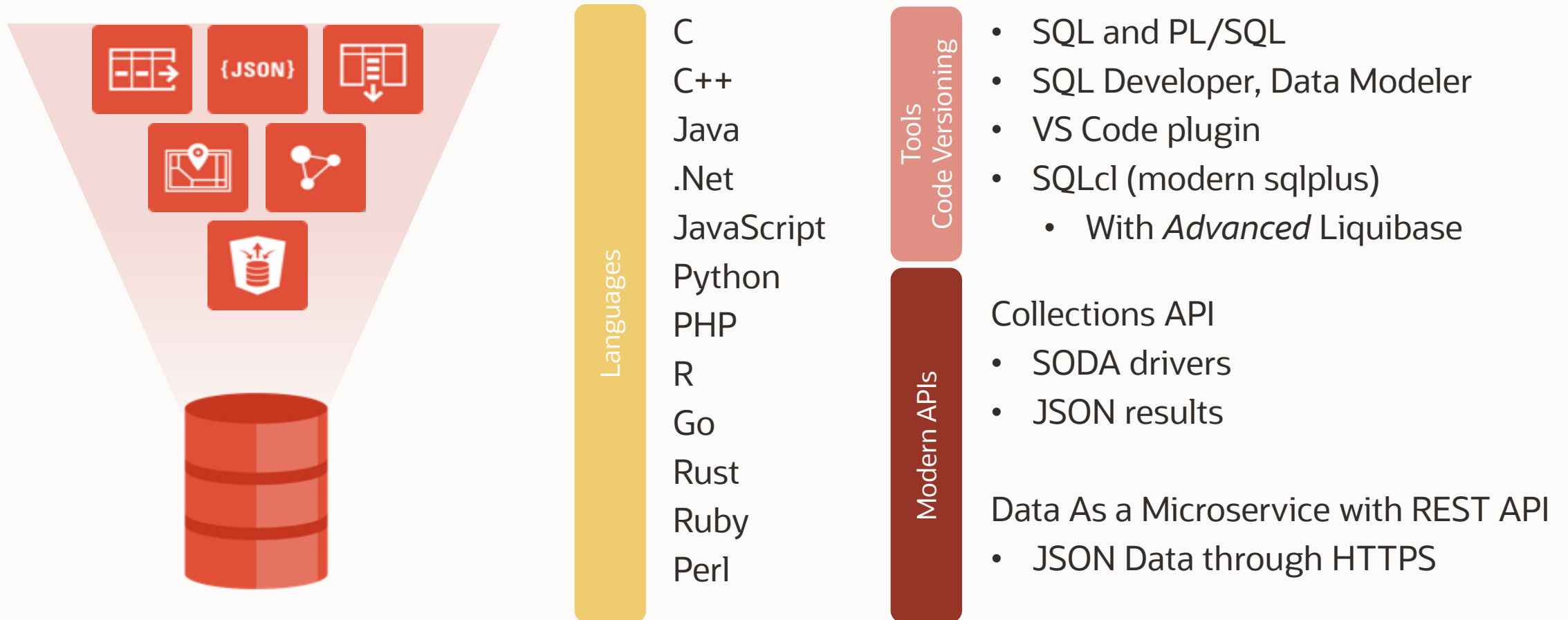


- **PostgreSQL provide libraries/connectors/drivers for many languages**
  - C/C++ CLI
  - ODBC, JDBC, .NET, Python
  - REST
- **EDB provide specialized language to build subprograms stored in a database**
  - PgPL/SQL for PostgreSQL can be considered as an equivalent for PL/SQL for Oracle Database
  - EDB Advanced Server provides also partial PL/SQL compatibility
  - Interpreted and not compiled language
  - Limited functionality
    - parallel execution, native compilation, ...



# Oracle Converged Database

support for all modern Languages/Drivers/Tools/APIs



# Oracle Converged Database

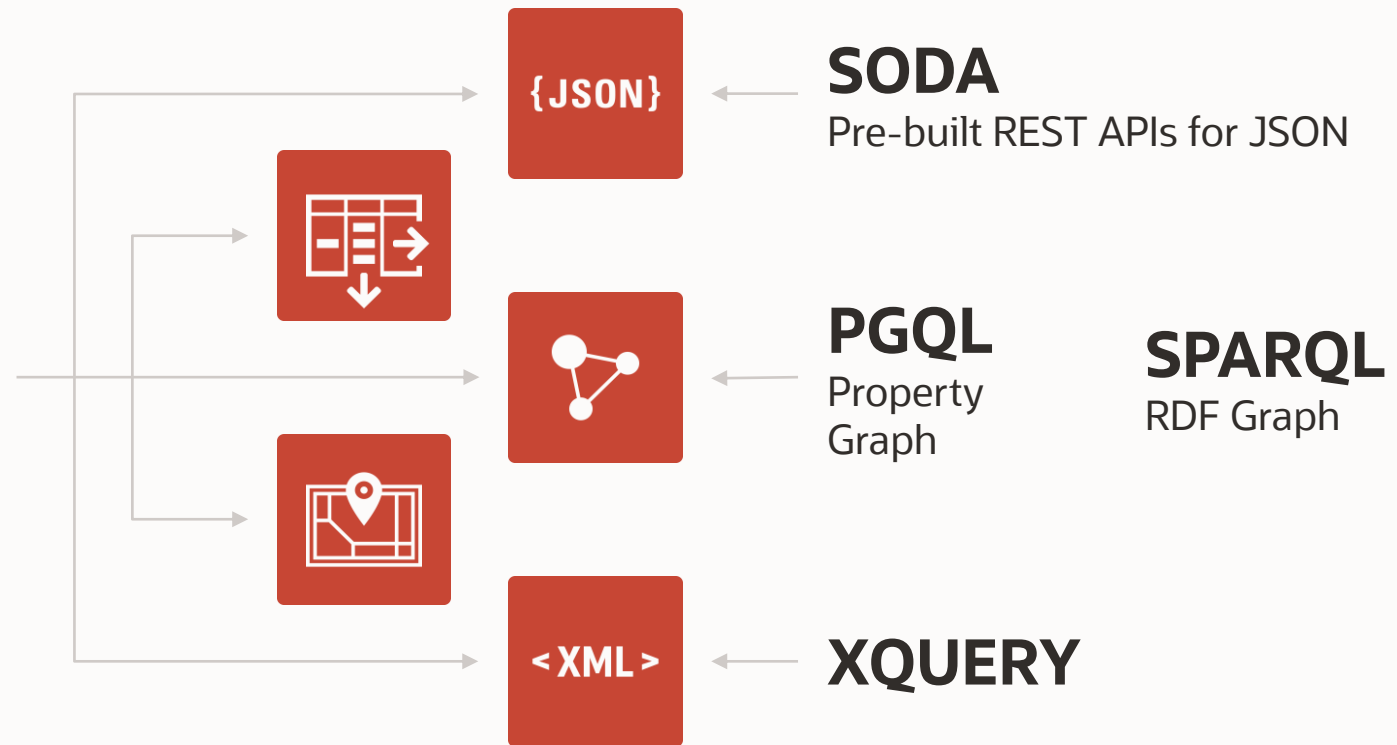
Access data via SQL & REST or model-specific APIs: your choice

## Cross-Model Data Access

## Model-Specific Data Access

### SQL & REST

Relational, Graph,  
Document, Spatial,  
Temporal, multidimensional



Developers can easily access multiple data models simultaneously via SQL, REST and APIs

# Oracle Database - support for MongoDB

Develop and run MongoDB workloads in the Oracle Database



## Modern document-centric development

- JSON Collections-based data model
- Rich clients – MongoDB API, REST and SODA based development API
- Native JSON storage with advanced indexes and optimized performance

## ... and proven enterprise functionality

- ACID Transactions
- SQL-based Reporting and Analytics (including scalable parallel execution)

## ... running on the Autonomous Database platform

- Availability
- Security
- Elasticity

# Application Development

## Other development-related features

- **Transaction processing**

- EDB does not start transactions automatically
- To start a transaction in EDB there is need to execute `BEGIN [TRANSACTION]` statement
- Developer needs to remember about this fact during application development

- **Parallel processing**

- **Oracle** supports parallel execution for queries, DML and DDL commands
  - Supported by RAC and Resource Manager
- **EDB** supports parallel queries only



# Database Maintenance

## Other unique Oracle's options and features related to performance



### Oracle's unique important performance-related features

- **Direct path load**
  - Dramatically increases performance of load operations
  - Supported in SQL\*Loader, INSERT..SELECT and CTAS operations
  - Supports Parallel DML
- **NOLOGGING** mode for INSERT and CREATE INDEX statements
  - Increases performance of some SQL operations by eliminating redo log writes



# Application Development

## Other development-related features



- **Materialized Views**

- **EDB** treats materialized views as normal tables, with one exception: REFRESH command, which can be used to refresh a particular materialized view
- Only complete refresh is implemented in Enterprise DB
- There is no **query rewrite** feature implemented in Enterprise DB
- No advisors, like Summary Advisor available in Enterprise DB

- And many more ...



# Database Maintenance

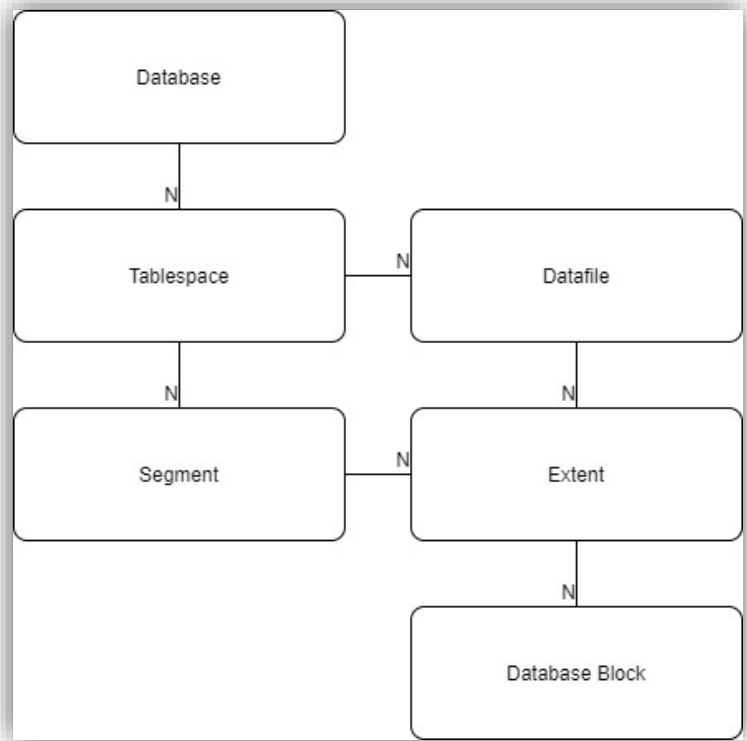
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# Database Maintenance

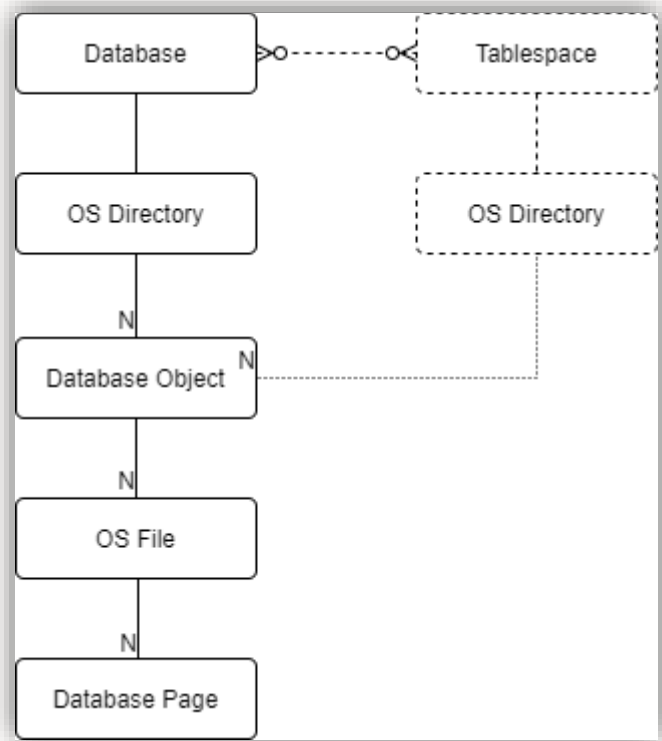
## Storage Architecture Comparison



### Oracle Database Storage Architecture



### EnterpriseDB Storage Architecture



# Database Maintenance

## Storage Architecture Comparison



### Oracle Database Storage Architecture

- Tablespaces are mandatory and consists of one or more datafiles.
- A single tablespace belongs to only one database, even in multitenant configuration.
- Datafiles contain extents belonging to multiple segments (tables, indexes, etc.).
- An extent is a specific number of contiguous data blocks
- Oracle database allows for using multiple block size at the same time (for different tablespaces).
- Default block size is configured at the database level and can be changed by setting appropriate configuration parameter `DB_BLOCK_SIZE`

### EDB Database Storage Architecture

- Tablespaces are optional. By default PostgreSQL databases don't use „tablespaces”.
- Tablespaces are, in fact, as well as databases, OS directories.
- Tablespaces are shared by all databases managed by a PostgreSQL instance.
- Every database object (table, index, etc) is stored in a separate set of datafiles (minum 1) in appropriate database or tablespace directory and consists of one or more database pages (blocks).
- PostgreSQL doesn't support multiple database page sizes. Default page size is 8KB and its change requires recompilation

# Database Maintenance

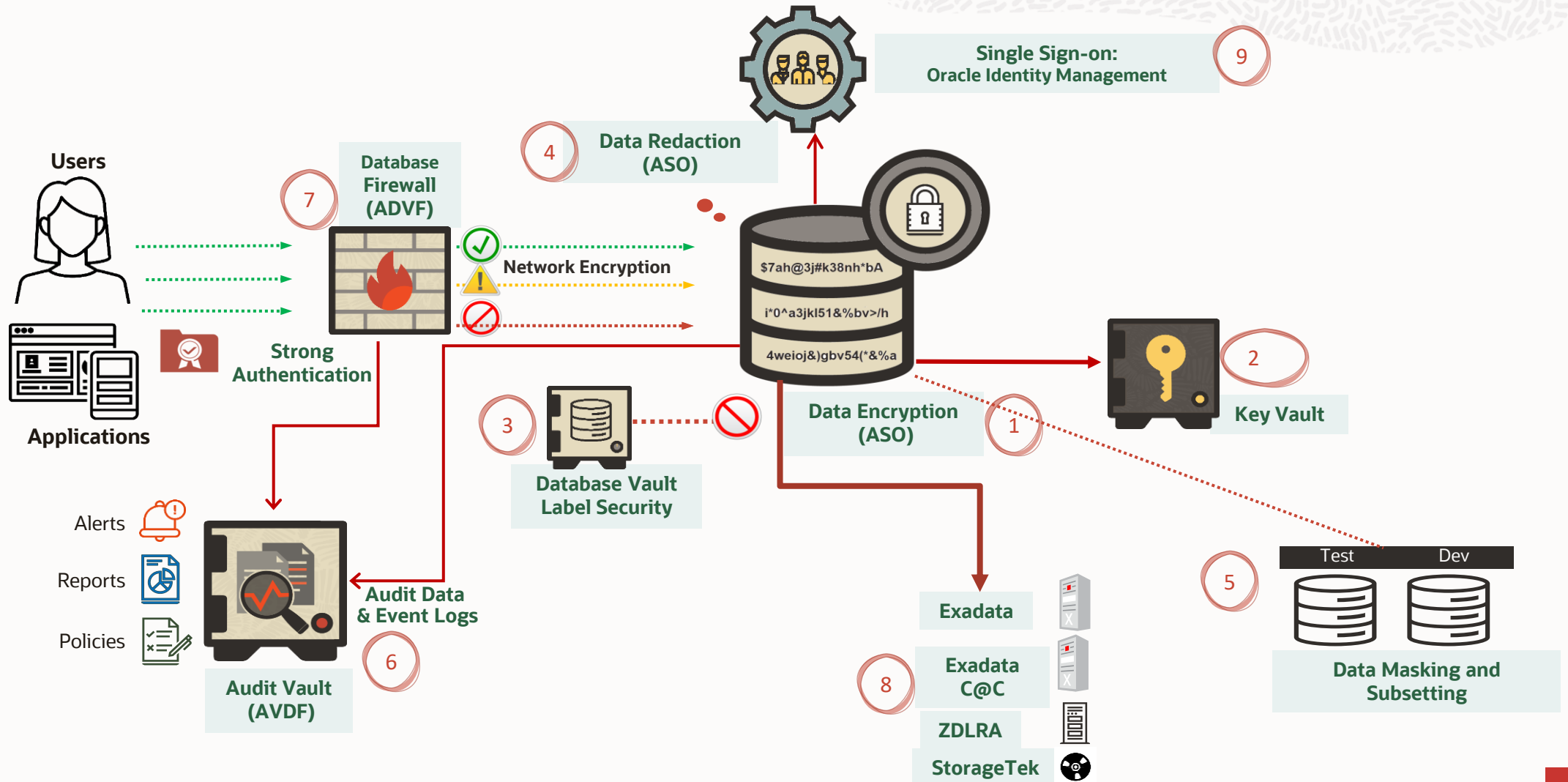
## Database security

- **EDB** use similar to Oracle database privilege model
  - System and object privileges
- **EDB** provides auditing options similar to basic auditing in Oracle
  - Auditing of DML statements, using privileges and objects
  - Functionality similar to FGAC available in EDB Advanced Server
- **EDB** does not provide any data masking or VPD-related native solutions
- **EDB** does not provide any encryption keys management native solutions





# Oracle's unique approach: Maximum Security Architecture



# Database Maintenance

## Database security

- **Oracle provides unique enterprise-level solutions:**
  - **Database Vault** to restrict access to application data by privileged users
  - **Virtual Private Database** to control access to subsets of the data
  - **Key Vault** to manage encryption keys
  - **Data Masking** to mask sensitive data
- **These features are crucial to build a fully protected system, which has to be aligned with organizational or law regulations (like GDPR)**



# Database Maintenance

## Backup and recovery options and tools

- **Oracle and EDB** provide tools to export the database into a flat file
  - Data Pump for Oracle database
  - pgdump, pgrestore, pgBackRest, Barman for EDB database
- **Oracle and EDB** provide features to perform the hot backup and full/point in time restoration
  - Archivelog and Recovery Manager for Oracle database
  - WAL archiving and pg\_basebackup for PostgreSQL database



# Database Maintenance

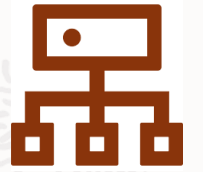
## Backup and recovery options and tools

- **Oracle Recovery Manager automatizes and secures backup and restoration processes, providing features crucial for protecting an enterprise-scale database system against failures:**
  - Stores information about available backups
  - Automatically chooses the best backup for the restoring operation
  - Complete/incremental multilevel backups to reduce the resource consumption
  - Database/Tablespace/Datafile full or point-in-time recovery
  - Recovery at the database block level
  - Conversion of the data between different platforms
  - Block Change Tracing reduces backup time



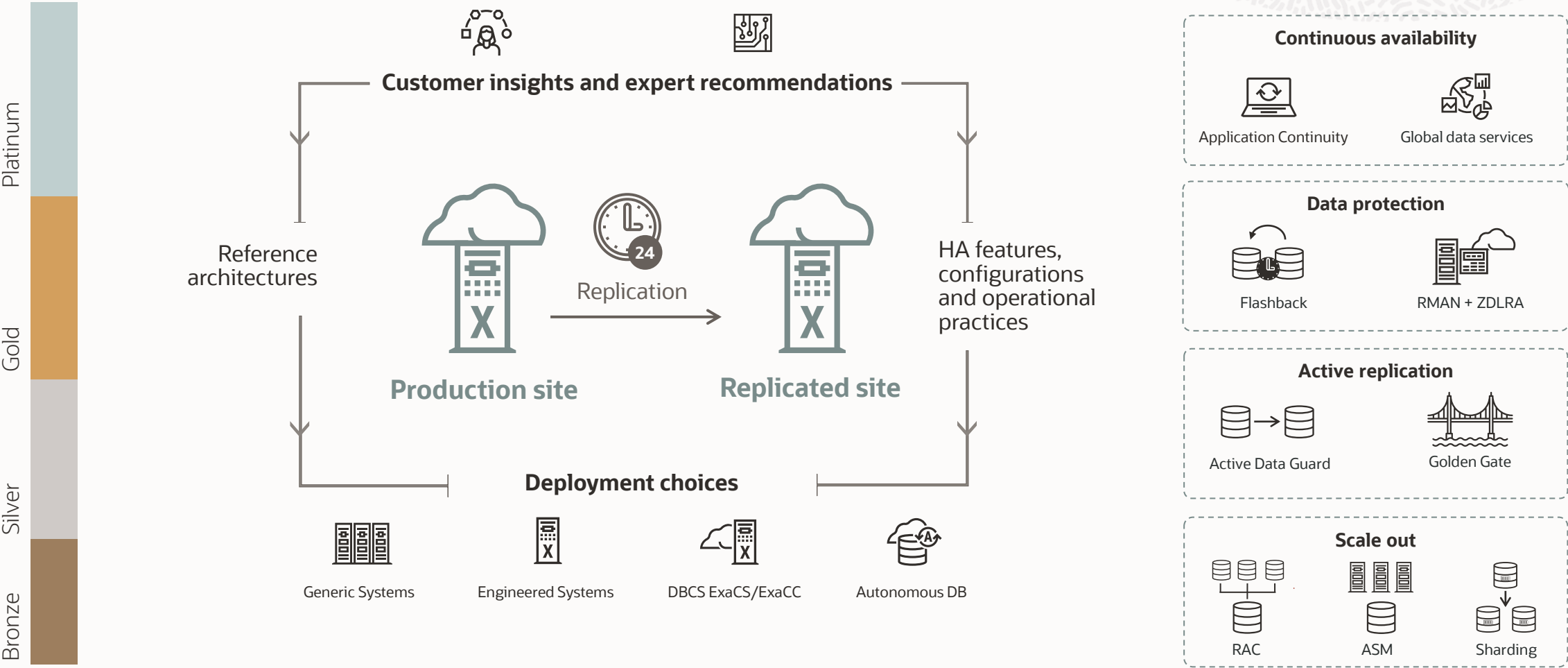
# Database Maintenance

## High Availability and Disaster Recovery



- **Enterprise DB** provide options to build share-nothing active-passive clusters **only**
  - No options comparable to
    - DML Redirection
    - Application Continuity
  - No transparent application failover/switchover solution
- **No active-active solutions available**
  - EDB does not implement sharding and RAC

# Oracle's unique approach: Maximum Availability Architecture (MAA)

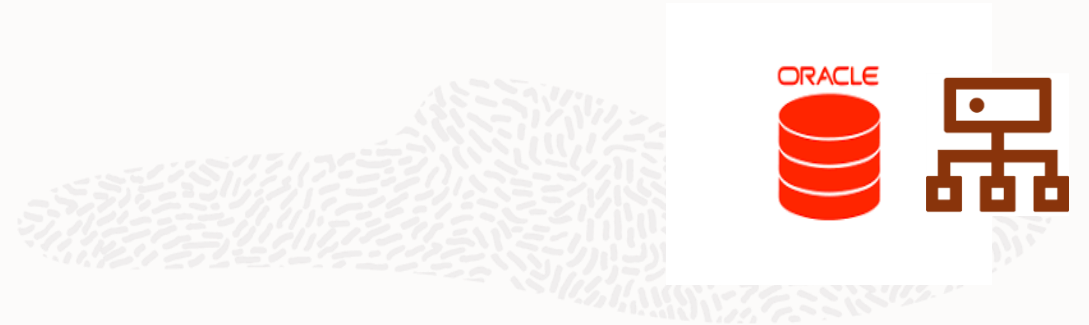


# Database Maintenance

## High Availability and Disaster Recovery

Oracle provides unique enterprise-level solutions

- **(Active) DataGuard** to build active-passive DR clusters
  - DML redirection allows for executing DML statements, being connected to a standby node
- **Oracle Real Application Clusters** allows for building highly-available and scalable active-active share-everything database clusters
  - **Almost linear growth of throughput** just by adding nodes
  - **Resource Manager** to manage the RAC resources consumption
  - **Parallel SQL** optimization integration
  - **Application Continuity** for automatic application failover
- **Oracle Sharding** allows for building highly-available and scalable active-active share-nothing database clusters
  - **Almost linear growth of throughput** just by adding nodes
  - **Replication and distribution** of the data
  - **Complexity transparent to applications**





# Database Maintenance

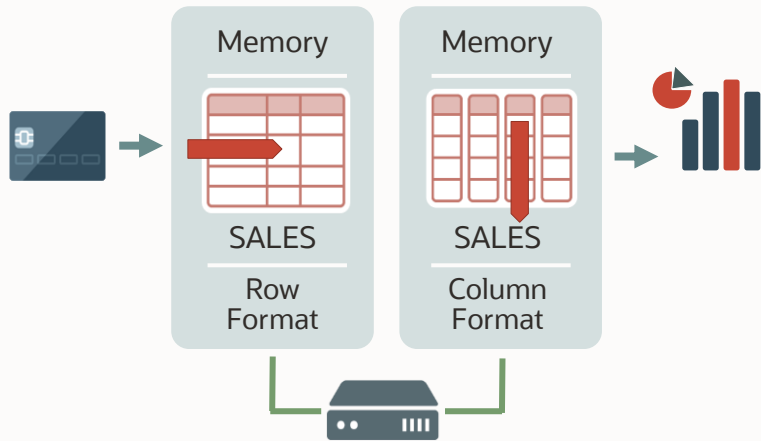
## Options and features related to performance

- **Oracle and EDB** use cost-based SQL optimization
- **Oracle and Enterprise DB** provide ability to parallelize SQL statements
  - Queries, DML and DDL in the Oracle database
  - Queries only in EDB
- **Oracle and EDB** implement tables and indexes partitioning
  - **Range, Hash and List** schemes
  - Used in partition pruning, partition wise joins
  - **Oracle** can use partitioned tables to parallelize DML operations
  - **Oracle** provides hybrid partitioning
  - **Oracle's Online Redefinition** allows for partition existing tables without a downtime
  - **EDB** supports **only local indexes**



# Oracle's unique important performance-related features

## Database In-Memory



Oracle makes it simple for Apps to provide instant data insights

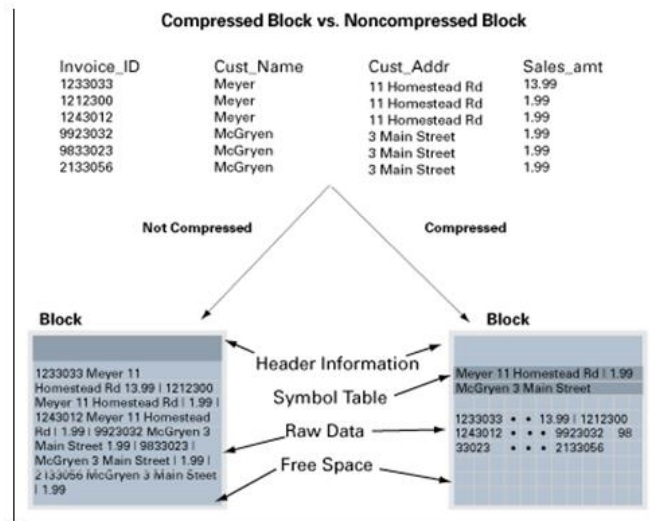
In-memory columnar formats and automatic parallel processing enable Analytics to transparently run 100x faster

No app changes needed - easy to deploy in Data Warehouse or OLTP database

More details related to licensing can be found [here](#)

# Oracle's unique important performance-related features

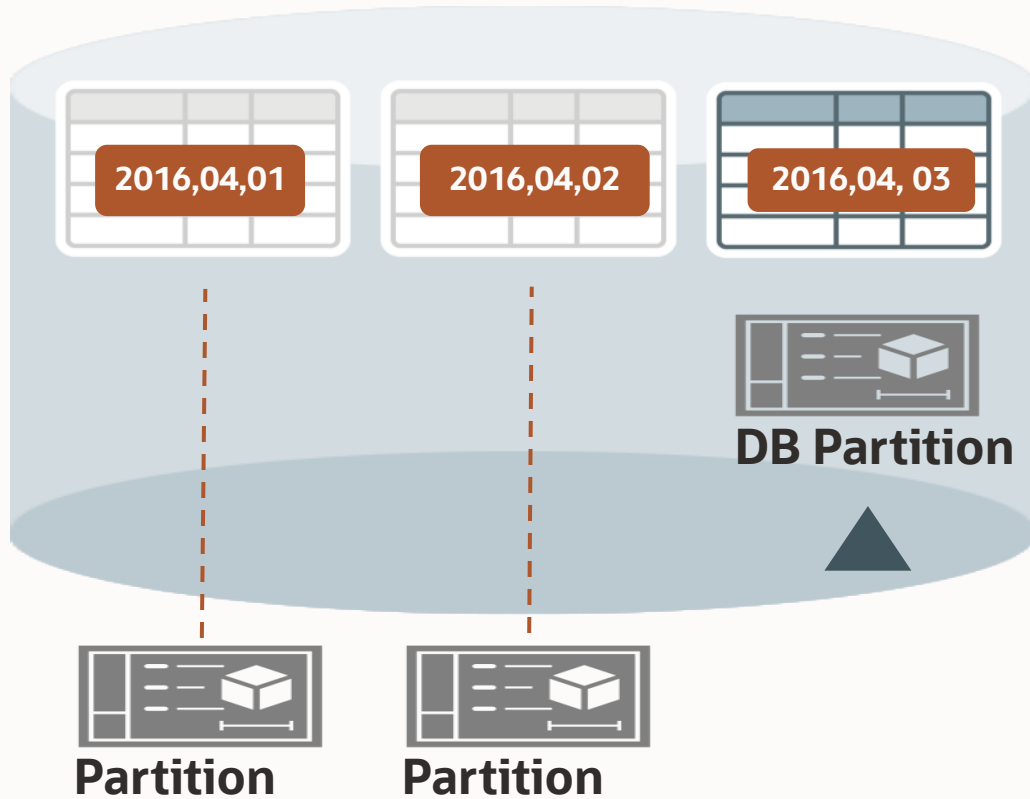
## Advanced Compression



- **Customers experience:** 2x to 4x compression ratios
- Use for both OLTP and Data Warehouse applications
- Balances Good Compression Ratios and Performance
- Maintains compression across all DML operations and bulk load operations
- Data stays compressed in buffer cache for most queries
- Queries often faster due to fewer I/Os and more rows in buffer cache

# Oracle's unique important performance-related features

## Hybrid Partitioned Tables



- Combination of internal (database) and external partitions
- External resources are files on Linux, in Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS), in Oracle Objectstore, AWS S3 or Azure
- Use Cases:
  - Move non-active partitions to external files
  - Use inexpensive storage options
  - No relocation of data required
  - Big Data Queries

More details related to licensing can be found [here](#)

# Database Maintenance

## Administration tools

- **PgAdmin for PostgreSQL**
  - Main tool used for database administration
  - Monitors performance of the database
  - Allows for executing SQL commands and PL/pgSQL programs
- **Postgres Enterprise Manager** (available only for EDB)
  - Built on top of PgAdmin
  - Allows for managing multiple PSQL databases and EDB advanced servers
- **Oracle Enterprise Manager**
  - Enterprise-level solution for database administrators
  - Used to monitor, diagnose and manage multiple Oracle databases
  - Contains multiple advisors allowing for easier using and configuring advanced Oracle's features
  - Additional packs available
    - **Tuning and Diagnostic** packs for database performance tuning
    - **Database Lifecycle Management** pack for automating the processes required to manage the Oracle database lifecycle



# Summary

## Key Messages

### Enterprise DB

- Marketed as “good enough” for most purposes
- **Has many limitations in all main areas**
  - Application Development
  - Security
  - Availability
  - Performance
  - Administration and development tools
- **These limitations cause the need to use external solutions**
  - Complex architecture
  - Complex and long application development process
  - **Increased TCO**
  - **Reduced ROI**



# Summary

## Key Messages

### Oracle database

- Simplify App Development
- Simplify App Architecture

### Oracle Converged Database is the only DBMS, which

- delivers the unified and holistic view of all the data
- Supports all paradigms of modern app development

### Oracle Maximum Security Architecture

- Protects data against threats
- Supports all the database options and features
- Crucial for most commercial use-cases

### Oracle Maximum Availability Architecture

- Allows for building HA/DR systems
- Supports all the database options and features

