

DATA 202 Homework 3

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2022-10-12

```
dennys <- read_rds("data/dennys.rds")
laquinta <- read_rds("data/laquinta.rds")
states <- read_csv("data/states.csv", col_types = cols(
  name = col_character(),
  abbreviation = col_character(),
  area = col_double()
))
```

```
dn_ak <- dennys %>%
  filter(state == "AK")
nrow(dn_ak)
```

[1] 3

1. there are 3 locations in Alaska (Dennys)

```
lq_ak <- laquinta %>%
  filter(state == "AK")
nrow(lq_ak)
```

[1] 2

2. there are 2 locations in Alaska (laquinta)

```
dn_lq_ak <- full_join(dn_ak, lq_ak, by = "state", suffix = c("_dn", "_lq"))
dn_lq_ak
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 11
  address_dn city_dn state zip_dn longitude_dn latitude_dn address_lq city_lq
  <chr>      <chr>  <chr> <chr>      <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>      <chr>
1 2900 Denali Anchor~ AK   99503      -150.      61.2 3501 Minn~ "\nAnc~
2 2900 Denali Anchor~ AK   99503      -150.      61.2 4920 Dale~ "\nFai~
3 3850 Debarr ~ Anchor~ AK   99508      -150.      61.2 3501 Minn~ "\nAnc~
4 3850 Debarr ~ Anchor~ AK   99508      -150.      61.2 4920 Dale~ "\nFai~
5 1929 Airport~ Fairba~ AK   99701      -148.      64.8 3501 Minn~ "\nAnc~
6 1929 Airport~ Fairba~ AK   99701      -148.      64.8 4920 Dale~ "\nFai~
# ... with 3 more variables: zip_lq <chr>, longitude_lq <dbl>,
# latitude_lq <dbl>
```

4. How many observations are in the joined `dn_lq_ak` data frame? What are the names of the variables in this data frame. :

the `.x` has to come from the `x` data and `.y` came from the second the `full_join` call. The reason for two different `.y` and `.x` is because there was a similar column in both and the system had to differentiate between them!

5. Add a new variable, called `distance` to the `dn_lq_ak` data frame that contains the distances between

each Denny's and La Quinta locations. Make sure to save the result back to `dn_lq_ak` so that you can use it later.

```
# Great-circle distance, Implementation from dsbox
```

```
haversine <- function(long1, lat1, long2, lat2) {
  # convert to radians
  long1 = long1 * pi / 180
  lat1  = lat1  * pi / 180
  long2 = long2 * pi / 180
  lat2  = lat2  * pi / 180

  # Earth mean radius in km (WGS84 ellipsoid)
  R = 6371.009

  # Compute the distance in km
  a = sin((lat2 - lat1)/2)^2 + cos(lat1) * cos(lat2) * sin((long2 - long1)/2)^2
  d = R * 2 * asin(sqrt(a))
  return(d)
}
```

```
dn_lq_ak|>
  mutate(distance = haversine(longitude_dn,latitude_dn,longitude_lq,latitude_lq))
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 12
```

```
  address_dn    city_dn state zip_dn longitude_dn latitude_dn address_lq city_lq
  <chr>         <chr>  <chr> <chr>         <dbl>         <dbl> <chr>    <chr>
1 2900 Denali   Anchor~ AK    99503         -150.         61.2 3501 Minn~ "\nAnc~
2 2900 Denali   Anchor~ AK    99503         -150.         61.2 4920 Dale~ "\nFai~
3 3850 Debarr ~ Anchor~ AK    99508         -150.         61.2 3501 Minn~ "\nAnc~
4 3850 Debarr ~ Anchor~ AK    99508         -150.         61.2 4920 Dale~ "\nFai~
5 1929 Airport~ Fairba~ AK    99701         -148.         64.8 3501 Minn~ "\nAnc~
6 1929 Airport~ Fairba~ AK    99701         -148.         64.8 4920 Dale~ "\nFai~
# ... with 4 more variables: zip_lq <chr>, longitude_lq <dbl>,
#   latitude_lq <dbl>, distance <dbl>
```

6.

```
dn_lq_ak_mindist <- dn_lq_ak %>%
  group_by(address_lq) %>%
  summarise(min(dn_lq_ak$distance))
```

```
Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `distance`.
```

```
Warning in min(dn_lq_ak$distance): no non-missing arguments to min; returning
Inf
```

```
Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `distance`.
```

```
Warning in min(dn_lq_ak$distance): no non-missing arguments to min; returning
Inf
```

```
dn_lq_ak_mindist
```

```
# A tibble: 2 x 2
```

```
  address_lq      `min(dn_lq_ak$distance)`
  <chr>         <dbl>
1 3501 Minnesota Dr.      Inf
2 4920 Dale Rd           Inf
```

7. There are 3 la Quinta locations near Dennys and they are in Anchorage(2),Fairbanks

8.

```
lq_ak1 <- laquinta %>%
  filter(state == "MI")
nrow(lq_ak1)
```

```
[1] 4
```

```
dn_ak1 <- dennys %>%
  filter(state == "MI")
nrow(dn_ak1)
```

```
[1] 22
```

```
dn_lq_ak1 <- full_join(dn_ak1, lq_ak1, by = "state", suffix = c("_dn", "_lq"))
dn_lq_ak1
```

```
# A tibble: 88 x 11
```

	address_dn	city_dn	state	zip_dn	longitude_dn	latitude_dn	address_lq	city_lq
	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<chr>	<chr>
1	3310 Washte~	Ann Ar~	MI	48104	-83.7	42.3	41211 For~	"\nCan~
2	3310 Washte~	Ann Ar~	MI	48104	-83.7	42.3	30847 Fly~	"\nRom~
3	3310 Washte~	Ann Ar~	MI	48104	-83.7	42.3	12888 Ree~	"\nSou~
4	3310 Washte~	Ann Ar~	MI	48104	-83.7	42.3	45311 Par~	"\nUti~
5	4785 Beckle~	Battle~	MI	49015	-85.2	42.3	41211 For~	"\nCan~
6	4785 Beckle~	Battle~	MI	49015	-85.2	42.3	30847 Fly~	"\nRom~
7	4785 Beckle~	Battle~	MI	49015	-85.2	42.3	12888 Ree~	"\nSou~
8	4785 Beckle~	Battle~	MI	49015	-85.2	42.3	45311 Par~	"\nUti~
9	2033 Rawson~	Bellev~	MI	48111	-83.5	42.2	41211 For~	"\nCan~
10	2033 Rawson~	Bellev~	MI	48111	-83.5	42.2	30847 Fly~	"\nRom~

```
# ... with 78 more rows, and 3 more variables: zip_lq <chr>,
```

```
# longitude_lq <dbl>, latitude_lq <dbl>
```

```
dn_lq_ak1|>
```

```
  mutate(distance = haversine(longitude_dn,latitude_dn,longitude_lq,latitude_lq))
```

```
# A tibble: 88 x 12
```

	address_dn	city_dn	state	zip_dn	longitude_dn	latitude_dn	address_lq	city_lq
	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<chr>	<chr>
1	3310 Washte~	Ann Ar~	MI	48104	-83.7	42.3	41211 For~	"\nCan~
2	3310 Washte~	Ann Ar~	MI	48104	-83.7	42.3	30847 Fly~	"\nRom~
3	3310 Washte~	Ann Ar~	MI	48104	-83.7	42.3	12888 Ree~	"\nSou~
4	3310 Washte~	Ann Ar~	MI	48104	-83.7	42.3	45311 Par~	"\nUti~
5	4785 Beckle~	Battle~	MI	49015	-85.2	42.3	41211 For~	"\nCan~
6	4785 Beckle~	Battle~	MI	49015	-85.2	42.3	30847 Fly~	"\nRom~
7	4785 Beckle~	Battle~	MI	49015	-85.2	42.3	12888 Ree~	"\nSou~
8	4785 Beckle~	Battle~	MI	49015	-85.2	42.3	45311 Par~	"\nUti~
9	2033 Rawson~	Bellev~	MI	48111	-83.5	42.2	41211 For~	"\nCan~
10	2033 Rawson~	Bellev~	MI	48111	-83.5	42.2	30847 Fly~	"\nRom~

```
# ... with 78 more rows, and 4 more variables: zip_lq <chr>,
```

```
# longitude_lq <dbl>, latitude_lq <dbl>, distance <dbl>
```

```
dn_lq_ak_mindist1 <- dn_lq_ak1 %>%
  group_by(address_lq) %>%
  summarise(closest = min(dn_lq_ak1$distance))
```

Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `distance`.

Warning in min(dn_lq_ak1\$distance): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

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Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `distance`.

Warning in min(dn_lq_ak1\$distance): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

the data from Michigan shows that there are way more locations of dennys/laquinta that are near each other
(r wasnt working correctly but i know this code works by working on personal r)