

# **MEMBUAT APLIKASI TO-DO LIST DENGAN BERBASIS DOCKER**

## **LAPORAN MINGGU KE-13**

**Dosen Pengampu : Ferdi Chahyadi, S.Kom., M.Cs**

Disusun Untuk Memenuhi Tugas Proyek

Mata Kuliah Sistem Operasi



**DISUSUN OLEH :**

- 1. ADHIE MULIA SEMBIRING (2401020165)**
- 2. MISYE KHALINA APRILIA MARBUN (2401020147)**
- 3. RENDA KURNIA MANIK (2301020003)**
- 4. YUDHA EKAPUTRA (2301020019)**

**PROGRAM STUDI TEKNIK INFORMATIKA**

**FAKULTAS TEKNIK DAN TEKNOLOGI KEMARITIMAN**

**UNIVERSITAS MARITIM RAJA ALI HAJI**

**2025**

## **1. AKTIVITAS YANG DILAKUKAN**

### **1.1 Pengembangan Aplikasi Flask**

Todo-App (port 5000)

- Frameworks : Python Flask
- Endpoints : /todos, /add, /complete
- Fungsi : Backend untuk manajemen to-do list dengan CRUD operations

Stats-App (port 5001)

- Framework: Python Flask
- Endpoints: /stats, /productivity
- Fungsi: Analisis statistik tasks dari todo-app
- Komunikasi: HTTP request ke todo-app melalui Docker network

### **1.2 Pembuatan Dockerfile**

Dockerfile dibuat untuk kedua aplikasi dengan konfigurasi:

- Base Image: python:3.9-slim
- Working Directory: /app
- Install dependencies dari requirements.txt
- Expose port 5000 (todo-app) dan 5001 (stats-app)
- CMD untuk menjalankan aplikasi

### **1.3 Build dan Testing**

- Build image untuk todo-app dan stats-app
- Testing individual container
- Konfigurasi Docker Compose untuk multi-container
- Integration testing komunikasi antar container

## **2. HASIL YANG DICAPAI**

### **➤ Aplikasi Flask**

- Todo-app dan stats-app berfungsi dengan baik
- Semua endpoints tested dan working
- Inter-container communication berhasil

### **➤ Docker Images**

- todo-app: 200MB
- stats-app: 204MB
- Build process tanpa error

### **➤ Multi-Container**

- Docker Compose orchestration berhasil
- Kedua container running stabil
- Network communication berfungsi

### 3. BUKTI IMPLEMENTASI

#### 3.1 Struktur Project

➤ Gambar 1 : Struktur Folder

PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\todo-list> dir					
Directory: C:\Users\MSI Thin\todo-list					
Mode	LastWriteTime	Length	Name		
d----	12/6/2025 12:50 PM		stats-app		
d----	12/6/2025 12:49 PM		todo-app		
-a---	12/12/2025 4:42 PM	163	docker-compose.yml		

#### 3.2 Docker Image

➤ Gambar 2 : Docker Images List

IMAGE	ID	DISK USAGE	CONTENT SIZE	Info →	
				U	In Use
hello-world:latest	f7931603f70e	20.3kB	3.96kB		U
python:3.9-slim	2d97f6910b16	183MB	45MB		
stats-app:latest	e34bfccce7bee	204MB	49.7MB		
todo-app:latest	1087ed102f71	200MB	48.8MB		

#### 3.3 Dockerfile Configurations

➤ Gambar 3 : Dockerfile Todo-App

```
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\todo-list> cd todo-app
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\todo-list\todo-app> type dockerfile
FROM python:3.9-slim
WORKDIR /app
COPY requirements.txt .
RUN pip install --no-cache-dir -r requirements.txt
COPY app.py .
EXPOSE 5000
CMD ["python", "app.py"]
```

➤ Gambar 4 : Dockerfile Stats-App

```
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\todo-list\stats-app> type dockerfile
FROM python:3.9-slim
WORKDIR /app
COPY requirements.txt .
RUN pip install --no-cache-dir -r requirements.txt
COPY app.py .
EXPOSE 5001
CMD ["python", "app.py"]
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\todo-list\stats-app>
```

### 3.4 Source Code

➤ Gambar 5 : app.py Todo-App

```
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\to-do-list\todo-app> type app.py
from flask import Flask, jsonify, request

app = Flask(__name__)

todos = [
    {"id": 1, "task": "Belajar Docker", "completed": False},
    {"id": 2, "task": "Buat laporan", "completed": True},
]

@app.route('/')
def home():
    return jsonify({"message": "Todo App is Running!", "status": "OK"})

@app.route('/todos')
def get.todos():
    return jsonify({"todos": todos, "total": len(todos)})

@app.route('/add/<task>')
def add_todo(task):
    new_id = max([t['id'] for t in todos]) + 1 if todos else 1
    new_todo = {"id": new_id, "task": task, "completed": False}
    todos.append(new_todo)
    return jsonify({"message": "Todo added", "todo": new_todo})

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=5000)
```

➤ Gambar 6 : requirements.txt Todo-App

```
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\to-do-list\todo-app> type requirements.txt
flask==2.3.3
```

➤ Gambar 7 : app.py Stats-App

```

PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\to-do-list\stats-app> type app.py
from flask import Flask, jsonify
import requests

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def home():
    return jsonify({"message": "Stats App is Running!", "status": "OK"})

@app.route('/stats')
def get_stats():
    try:
        response = requests.get('http://todo-app:5000/todos')
        todos = response.json()['todos']

        total = len(todos)
        completed = len([t for t in todos if t['completed']])

        return jsonify({
            "total_tasks": total,
            "completed": completed,
            "pending": total - completed,
            "completion_rate": f"{(completed/total*100):.1f}%" if total > 0
        })
    except Exception as e:
        return jsonify({"error": "Cannot connect to todo-app", "details": str(e)})

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=5001)

```

➤ Gambar 8 : requirements.txt Stats-App

```

PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\to-do-list\stats-app> type requirements.txt
flask==2.3.3
requests==2.31.0

```

### 3.5 Docker Compose Configuration

➤ Gambar 9 : docker-compose.yml

```

PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\to-do-list> type docker-compose.yml
version: '3.8'

services:
  todo-app:
    build: ./todo-app
    ports:
      - "5000:5000"

  stats-app:
    build: ./stats-app
    ports:
      - "5001:5001"

```

Konfigurasi multi-container dengan:

- Version 3.8
- Service todo-app (port 5000)
- Service stats-app (port 5001)

- Automatic network creation

### 3.6 Container Deployment

➤ Gambar 10 : Docker Compose Up

```
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\to-do-list> docker-compose up
time="2025-12-12T23:09:12+07:00" level=warning msg="C:\\\\Users\\\\MSI Thin\\\\to-
do-list\\\\docker-compose.yml: the attribute 'version' is obsolete, it will be
ignored, please remove it to avoid potential confusion"
Attaching to stats-app-1, todo-app-1
todo-app-1 | * Serving Flask app 'app'
todo-app-1 | * Debug mode: off
todo-app-1 | WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a prod
uction deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
todo-app-1 | * Running on all addresses (0.0.0.0)
todo-app-1 | * Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
todo-app-1 | * Running on http://172.18.0.3:5000
todo-app-1 | Press CTRL+C to quit
stats-app-1 | * Serving Flask app 'app'
stats-app-1 | * Debug mode: off
stats-app-1 | WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a pro
duction deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
stats-app-1 | * Running on all addresses (0.0.0.0)
stats-app-1 | * Running on http://127.0.0.1:5001
stats-app-1 | * Running on http://172.18.0.2:5001
stats-app-1 | Press CTRL+C to quit
```

Output menunjukkan:

- Kedua container berhasil running
- todo-app pada <http://172.18.0.3:5000>
- stats-app pada <http://172.18.0.2:5001>
- Flask development server aktif

➤ Gambar 11 : Docker PS

```
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin> docker ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS
NAMES
PORTS
5863e046c780 to-do-list-stats-app "python app.py" 6 hours ago Up 3 m
inutes 0.0.0.0:5001->5001/tcp, [::]:5001->5001/tcp to-do-list-stats-app-
1
cdafed9f4085 to-do-list-todo-app "python app.py" 6 hours ago Up 3 m
inutes 0.0.0.0:5000->5000/tcp, [::]:5000->5000/tcp to-do-list-todo-app-1
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin>
```

Container status menampilkan:

- todo-app container (Up 3 minutes)
- stats-app container (Up 3 minutes)
- Port mapping: 5000 dan 5001

### 3.7 Testing

➤ Gambar 12 : Test Endpoint /todos

```

PS C:\Users\MSI Thin> curl http://localhost:5000/todos

StatusCode      : 200
StatusDescription : OK
Content          : {"todos":[{"completed":false,"id":1,"task":"Belajar Docker"}, {"completed":true,"id":2,"task":"Buat laporan"}],"total":2}

RawContent      : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
                  Connection: close
                  Content-Length: 121
                  Content-Type: application/json
                  Date: Fri, 12 Dec 2025 16:10:00 GMT
                  Server: Werkzeug/3.1.4 Python/3.9.25

Forms           : {}
Headers         : {[Connection, close], [Content-Length, 121], [Content-Type, application/json], [Date, Fri, 12 Dec 2025 16:10:00 GMT]...}
Images          : {}
InputFields     : {}
Links           : {}
ParsedHtml      : mshtml.HTMLDocumentClass
RawContentLength : 121

```

Response:

- StatusCode: 200 OK
- Content: 2 tasks (Belajar Docker, Buat laporan)
- Server: Werkzeug/3.1.4 Python/3.9.25

➤ Gambar 13 : Test Endpoint /stats

```

PS C:\Users\MSI Thin> curl http://localhost:5001/stats

StatusCode      : 200
StatusDescription : OK
Content          : {"completed":1,"completion_rate":"50.0%","pending":1,"total_tasks":2}

RawContent      : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
                  Connection: close
                  Content-Length: 70
                  Content-Type: application/json
                  Date: Fri, 12 Dec 2025 16:10:29 GMT
                  Server: Werkzeug/3.1.4 Python/3.9.25

Forms           : {}
Headers         : {[Connection, close], [Content-Length, 70], [Content-Type, application/json], [Date, Fri, 12 Dec 2025 16:10:29 GMT]...}
Images          : {}
InputFields     : {}
Links           : {}
ParsedHtml      : mshtml.HTMLDocumentClass
RawContentLength : 70

```

Response:

- total\_tasks: 2
- completed: 1
- pending: 1
- completion\_rate: 50.0%

➤ Gambar 14 : Container Logs

```
stats-app-1 | 172.18.0.1 - - [12/Dec/2025 16:10:29] "GET /stats HTTP/1.1" 200 -
todo-app-1  | 172.18.0.2 - - [12/Dec/2025 16:10:29] "GET /todos HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

Log menunjukkan:

- GET request ke /todos (200)
- GET request ke /stats (200)
- Inter-container communication berhasil

➤ Gambar 15 : Docker Compose Down

```
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\to-do-list> docker-compose down
time="2025-12-12T23:13:43+07:00" level=warning msg="C:\\\\Users\\\\MSI Thin\\\\to-
do-list\\\\docker-compose.yml: the attribute 'version' is obsolete, it will be
ignored, please remove it to avoid potential confusion"
[+] Running 3/3
✓ Container to-do-list-todo-app-1  Removed          0.1s
✓ Container to-do-list-stats-app-1 Removed          0.1s
✓ Network to-do-list_default      R...            0.4s
PS C:\Users\MSI Thin\to-do-list>
```

## 4. ANALISIS

### 4.1 Keberhasilan

- Aplikasi Flask berhasil dikembangkan dengan fitur lengkap
- Containerization menggunakan Docker berhasil diimplementasikan
- Multi-container communication berfungsi dengan baik
- Build process efisien dengan layer caching

### 4.2 Tantangan & Solusi

**Challenge:** Inter-container communication error

**Solution:** Menggunakan Docker Compose untuk shared network

### 4.3 Pembelajaran

- Pemahaman konsep containerization dan Docker
- Multi-container orchestration dengan Docker Compose
- Network isolation dan service discovery
- Best practices: slim images, layer caching

## 5. KESIMPULAN

Minggu ke-13 berhasil menyelesaikan target:

- **Pengembangan Aplikasi:** Todo-app dan stats-app dengan Flask
- **Containerization:** 2 Dockerfile dan images berhasil dibuat
- **Multi-Container:** Docker Compose orchestration berfungsi
- **Testing:** Semua endpoints tested dan working