# DOKUMENTASI IMPLEMENTASI PARTITION PADA MYSQL InnoDB

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1. Cek apakah plugin partition sudah aktif

2. buat partition untuk

a. Range (contoh pada tutorial)

```
mysql> alter table measure_key
-> PARTITION BY KEY(station_name)
-> PARTITIONS 3;
Query OK, 1833796 rows affected (45.84 sec)
b. Key

Mecords: 1833796 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

#### c. List

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE measure_list PARTITION BY LIST COLUMNS (station_name)(
-> PARTITION server_1 VALUES IN('test 1'),
-> PARTITION server_2 VALUES IN('test 2'),
-> PARTITION server_3 VALUES IN('test 3')
-> );
Query OK, 1833796 rows affected (46.21 sec)
Records: 1833796 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## d. HASH

```
mysql> alter table measure_hash PARTITION BY HASH(HOUR(measure_timestamp)) PARTITIONS 24;
Query OK, 1833796 rows affected (1 min 18.30 sec)
Records: 1833796 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## 3. Pengujian dengan query explain select

## a. Key

```
mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT SQL_NO_CACHE COUNT(*) FROM measures WHERE measure_timestamp >= '2016-01-01' AND (station_name='test 1' OR station_name='test 2');

| 1d | select_type | table | partitions | type | possible_keys | key | key_len | ref | rows | filtered | Extra |

| 1 | SIMPLE | measures | NULL | ALL | measure_timestamp | NULL | NULL | NULL | 1826936 | 9.50 | Using where |

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT SQL_NO_CACHE COUNT(*) FROM measure_key WHERE measure_timestamp >= '2016-01-01' AND (station_name='test 1' OR station_name='test 2');

| 1d | select_type | table | partitions | type | possible_keys | key | key_len | ref | rows | filtered | Extra |

| 1 | SIMPLE | measure_key | p0.p1 | ALL | NULL | NULL | NULL | NULL | 1592656 | 6.33 | Using where |

1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

# b. Range

```
mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT SQL_NO_CACHE COUNT(*)
-> FROM measures
-> WHERE
-> measure_timestamp >= '2016-01-01'
-> AND DAYOFWEEK(measure_timestamp) = 1;
| id | select_type | table | partitions | type | possible_keys | key | key_len | ref | rows | filtered | Extra
| 1 | SIMPLE | measures | NULL | range | measure_timestamp | measure_timestamp | 5 | NULL | 913468 | 100.00 | Using where; Using index
| row in set (0.28 sec)
| mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT SQL_NO_CACHE COUNT(*) FROM measure_range WHERE measure_timestamp >= '2016-01-01' AND DAYOFWEEK(measure_timestamp) = 1;
| id | select_type | table | partitions | type | possible_keys | key | key_len | ref | rows | filtered | Extra |
| 1 | SIMPLE | measure_range | current_logs | ALL | NULL | NULL | NULL | NULL | 747636 | 33.33 | Using where |
| 1 row in set (0.04 sec)
```

## c. LIST

```
mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT SQL_NO_CACHE COUNT(*) FROM measures WHERE station_name='test 2' AND measure_timestamp >= '2016-01-01';

| id | select_type | table | partitions | type | possible_keys | key | key_len | ref | rows | filtered | Extra
| 1 | SIMPLE | measures | NULL | ALL | measure_timestamp | NULL | NULL | NULL | 1826936 | 5.00 | Using where
| row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT SQL_NO_CACHE COUNT(*) FROM measure_list WHERE station_name='test 2' AND measure_timestamp >= '2016-01-01';
| id | select_type | table | partitions | type | possible_keys | key | key_len | ref | rows | filtered | Extra |
| 1 | SIMPLE | measure_list | server_2 | ALL | NULL | NULL | NULL | NULL | 745684 | 3.33 | Using where |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

#### d. hash

4. Pengujian selanjutnya menghapus record pada table penghapusan partisi secara spesifik hanya bisa dilakukan pada partisi yang berbentuk list dan range.karena itu penulis hanya melakukan pengujian pada kedua partisi tersebut