HW3: Induction

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$$\frac{\langle x,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \sigma(x)}{\langle x,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \sigma(x)} \frac{\langle y,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \sigma(y)}{\langle y+z,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \sigma(y)+\sigma(z)} \\ \frac{\langle x,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \sigma(x)}{\langle x*(y+z),\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \sigma(x)*(\sigma(y)+\sigma(z))}$$

1 Problem 1

1.1 Question

In the WHILE language, prove or disprove the equivalence of the two commands:

$$t := x; x := y; y := t$$

and

$$t := y; y := x; x := t$$

(where x; y, and t are distinct locations).

1.2 Answer

We can disprove it with a counter example with a state s in which two sequences yield different results.

Let

$$s = [t \rightarrow 0, x \rightarrow 5, y \rightarrow 100]$$

Then,

$$\langle t := x; x := y; y := t, s \rangle \Downarrow s[t \to 5, x \to 100, y \to 5]$$

$$\langle t := y; y := x; x := t, s \rangle \Downarrow s[t \to 100, x \to 100, y \to 5]$$

So, location, t, has different values after execution of the sequences under this s.

2 Problem 2

2.1 Question

In the WHILE language, prove that if

$$\langle \text{while b do } y := y - x, s \rangle \Downarrow s'$$

then there exists an integer k such that

$$s(y) = s'(y) + k * s(x)$$

Please make it explicit if/when you reason by induction on derivations, stating your induction hypoth- esis.

2.2 Answer

We can prove it by induction on k. Let us define

$$\sigma_i = s[y := y - i * x]$$

So,

 $\sigma_o = s$

$$\sigma_k = s[y := y - k * x]$$

Now, $\sigma_k = s'$ if we assume while terminates after k-th loop.

Base case: i = 0

$$\frac{\langle b, \sigma_o \rangle \Downarrow false \qquad \langle skip, \sigma_o \rangle \Downarrow \sigma_o}{\langle W, \sigma_o \rangle \Downarrow \sigma_o}$$

So, k = 0 and P(0) holds.

Assuming x > 0 We can reformulate the problem as, Let,

W =while b do y := y - x

Let, $\sigma_i = \sigma[y - (k - i) * x]$

Let, $b = y \ge (y - k * x)$

Claim: $\langle W, \sigma_i \rangle \Downarrow \sigma_o, \forall i \in N$

Base case: i=0 or $\langle W,\sigma_o\rangle \Downarrow \sigma_o$ Observation, b evaluates to false at state σ_o

$$\frac{\sigma_o(y) = y - k * x \qquad \langle y = y - x, \sigma_o \rangle \Downarrow (y - k * x - x)}{\underbrace{y \geq (y - k * x), \sigma \Downarrow false}_{\langle W, \sigma_o \rangle \Downarrow \sigma_o}}$$

So, base case holds.

Inductive case:

Notes: for xi0, same proof can be done by setting $b = y \le (y - k * x)$, and for x=0, the solution is trivial.

3 Problem 3

3.1 Question

In the WHILE language, prove:

$$\forall c1, c2, c3 : c1; (c2; c3) \equiv (c1; c2); c3$$

3.2 Answer