
Introduction au développement iOS

Cours 2

Adrien Humilière
adrien.humiliere@djit.fr

Architecture des applications

- Plusieurs types d'architectures existent.
- Le pattern MVC (Model, View, Controller) est la structure la plus répandue pour les applications iOS.

Model - View - Controller



Controller

Model

View

Model - View - Controller



Controller

Model

View

Le coeur de l'application

Model - View - Controller



Controller

Le gestionnaire d'affichage

Model

View

Le coeur de l'application

Model - View - Controller



Controller

Le gestionnaire d'affichage

Model

Le coeur de l'application

View

L'interface avec l'utilisateur

Model - View - Controller

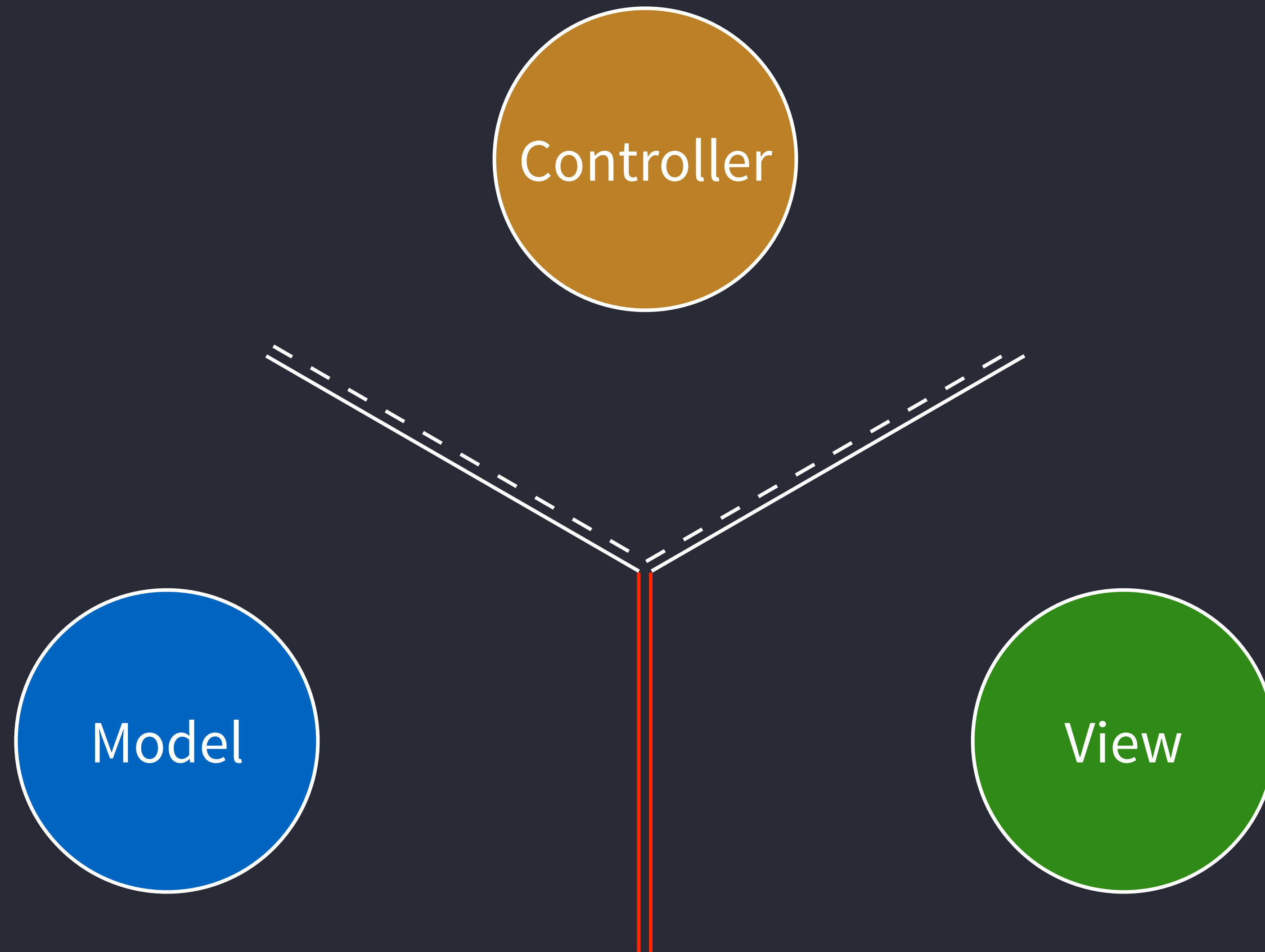


Controller

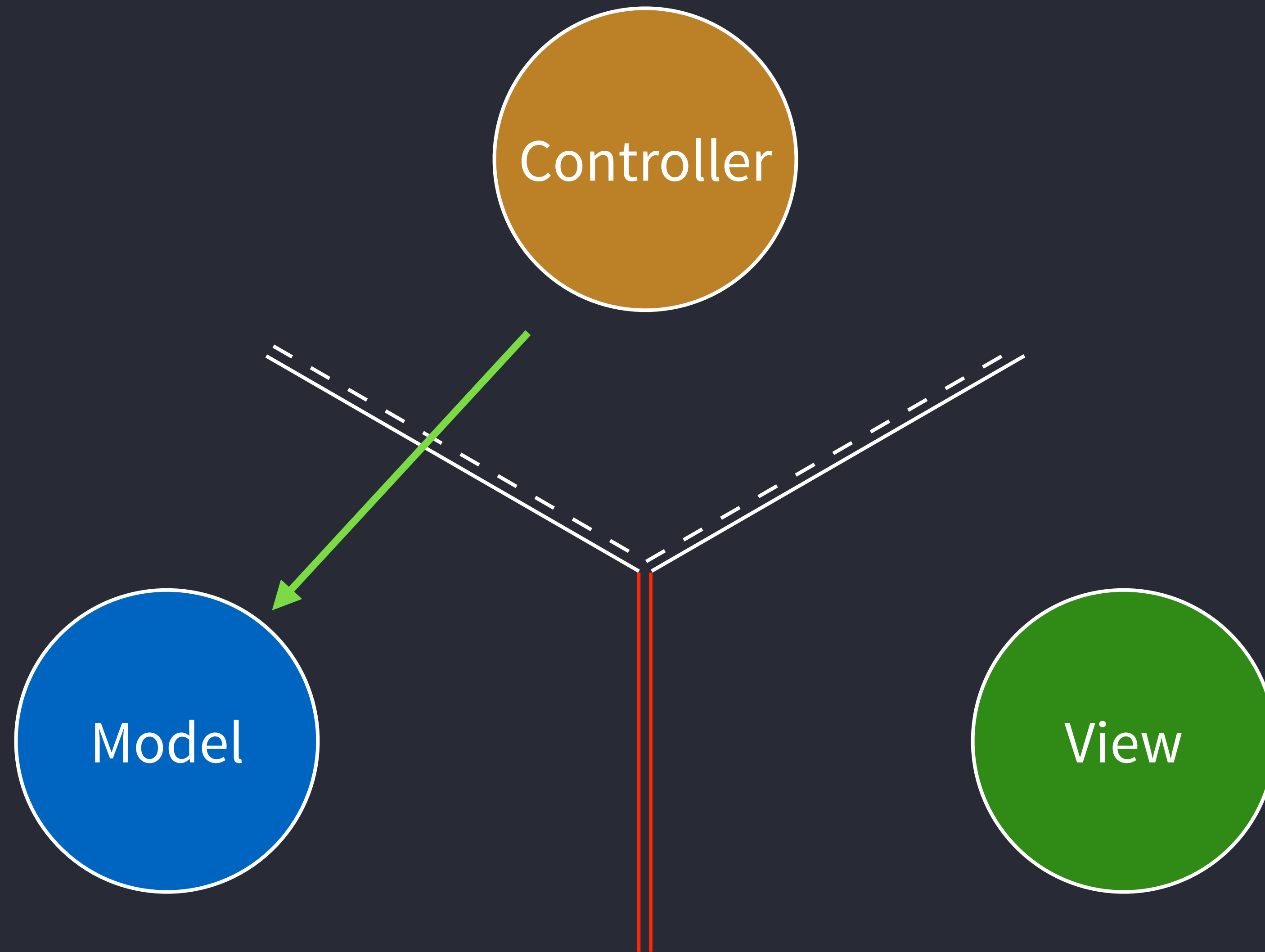
Model

View

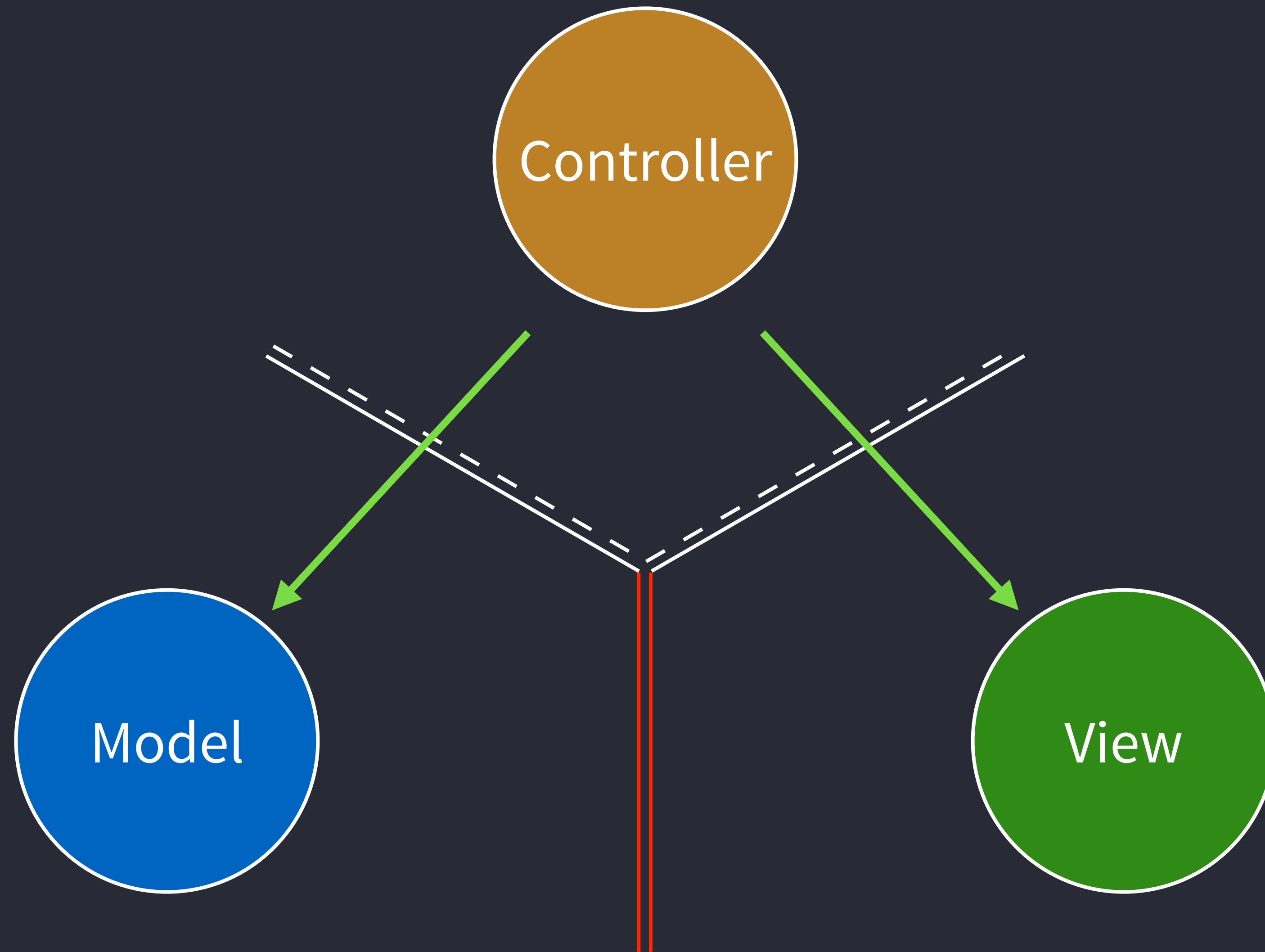
Model - View - Controller



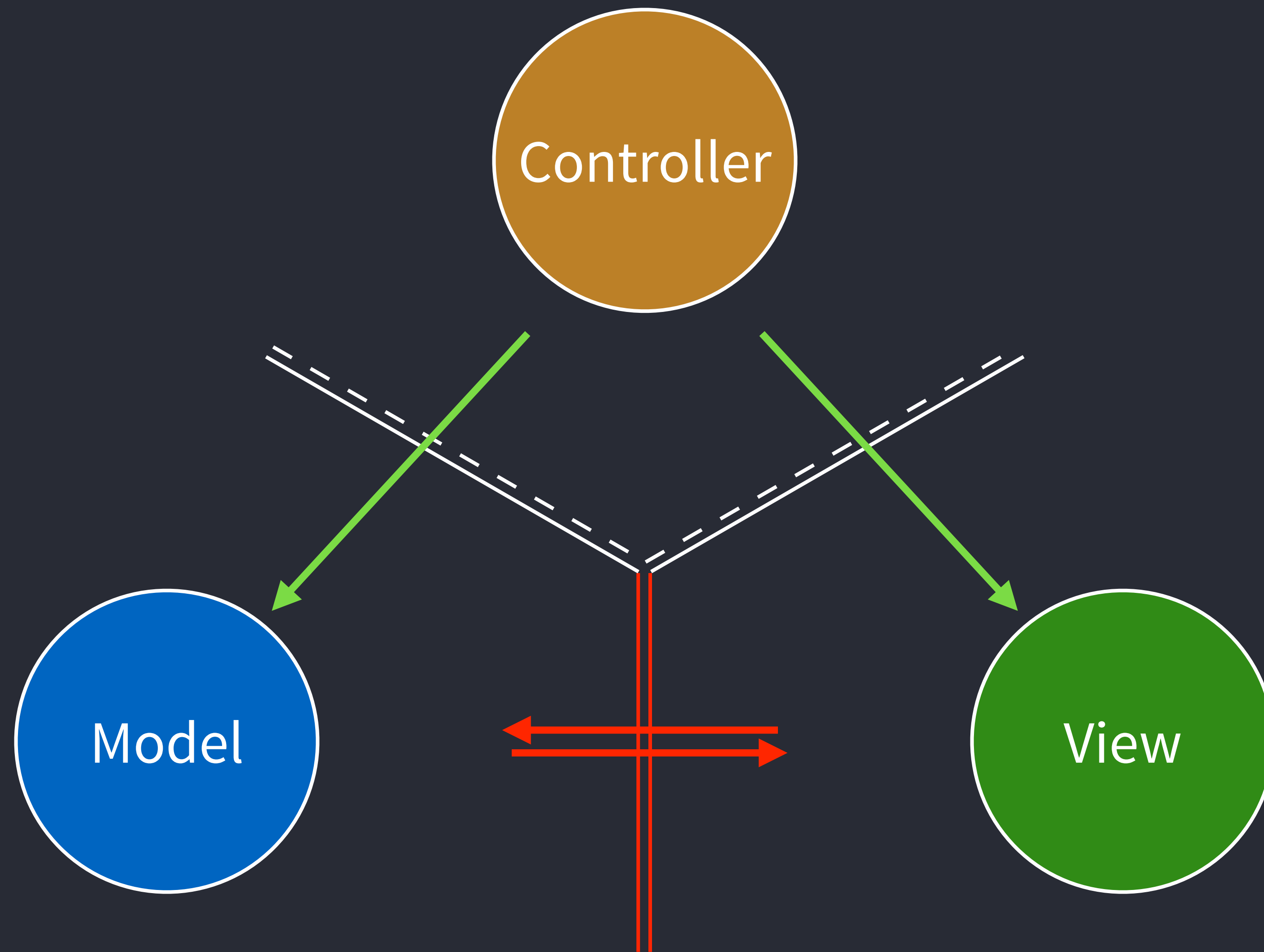
Model - View - Controller



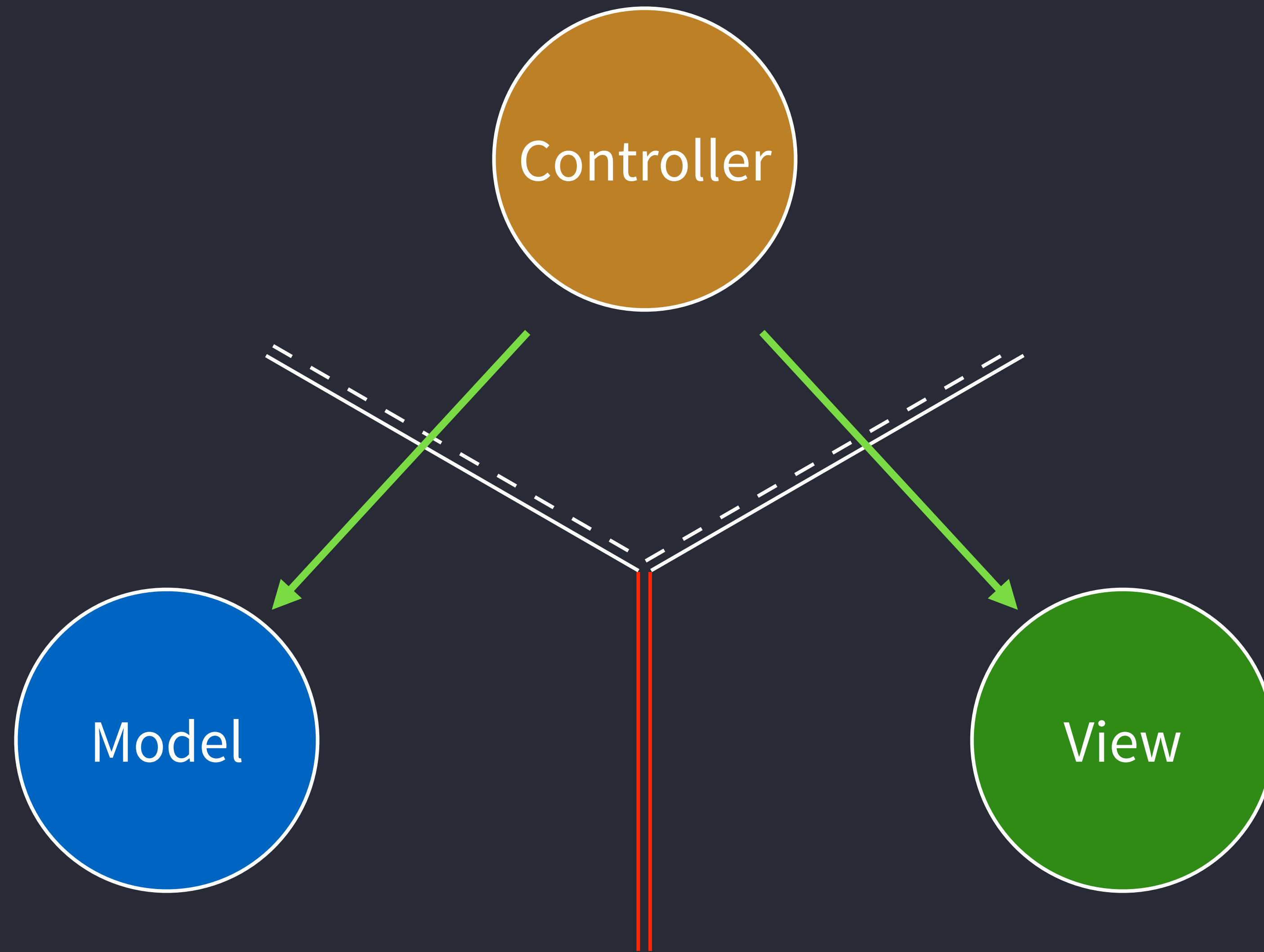
Model - View - Controller



Model - View - Controller



Model - View - Controller

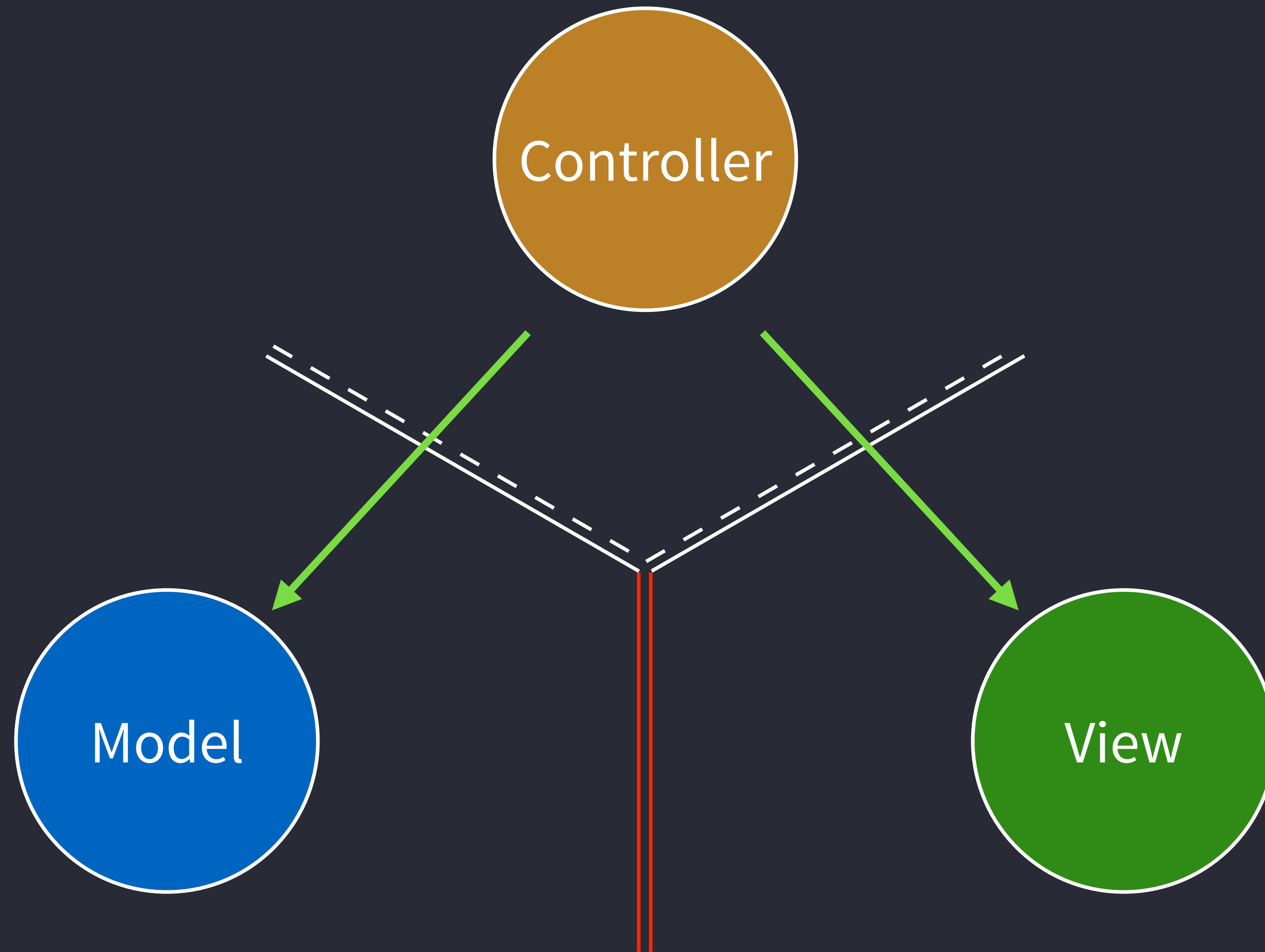


Model - View - Controller

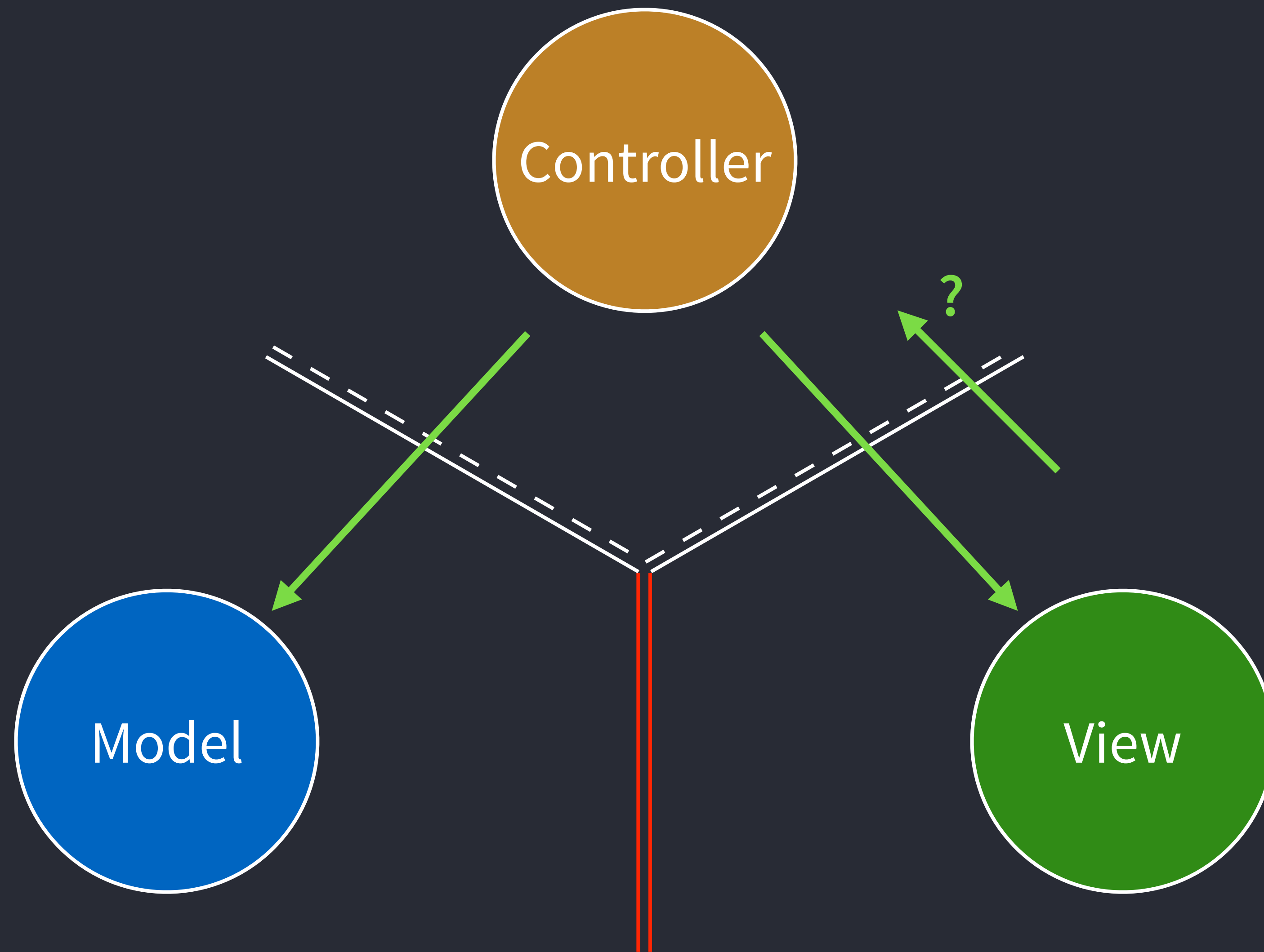
Contrôle de la view par le controller

```
- (void)viewDidLoad {  
    [self.view displayLabel];  
    [self.view updateWithFormattedText:self.track.title];  
}
```

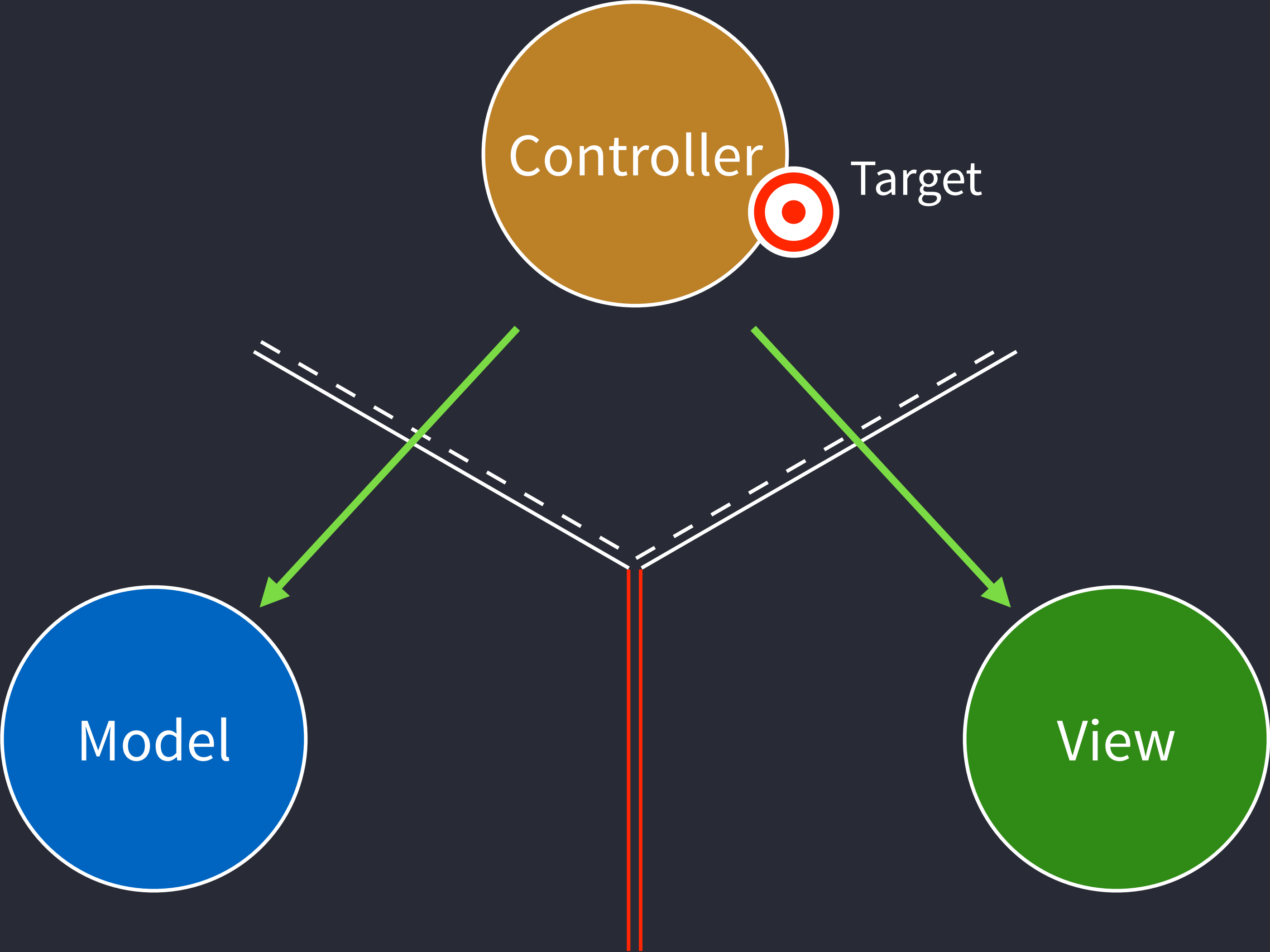
Model - View - Controller



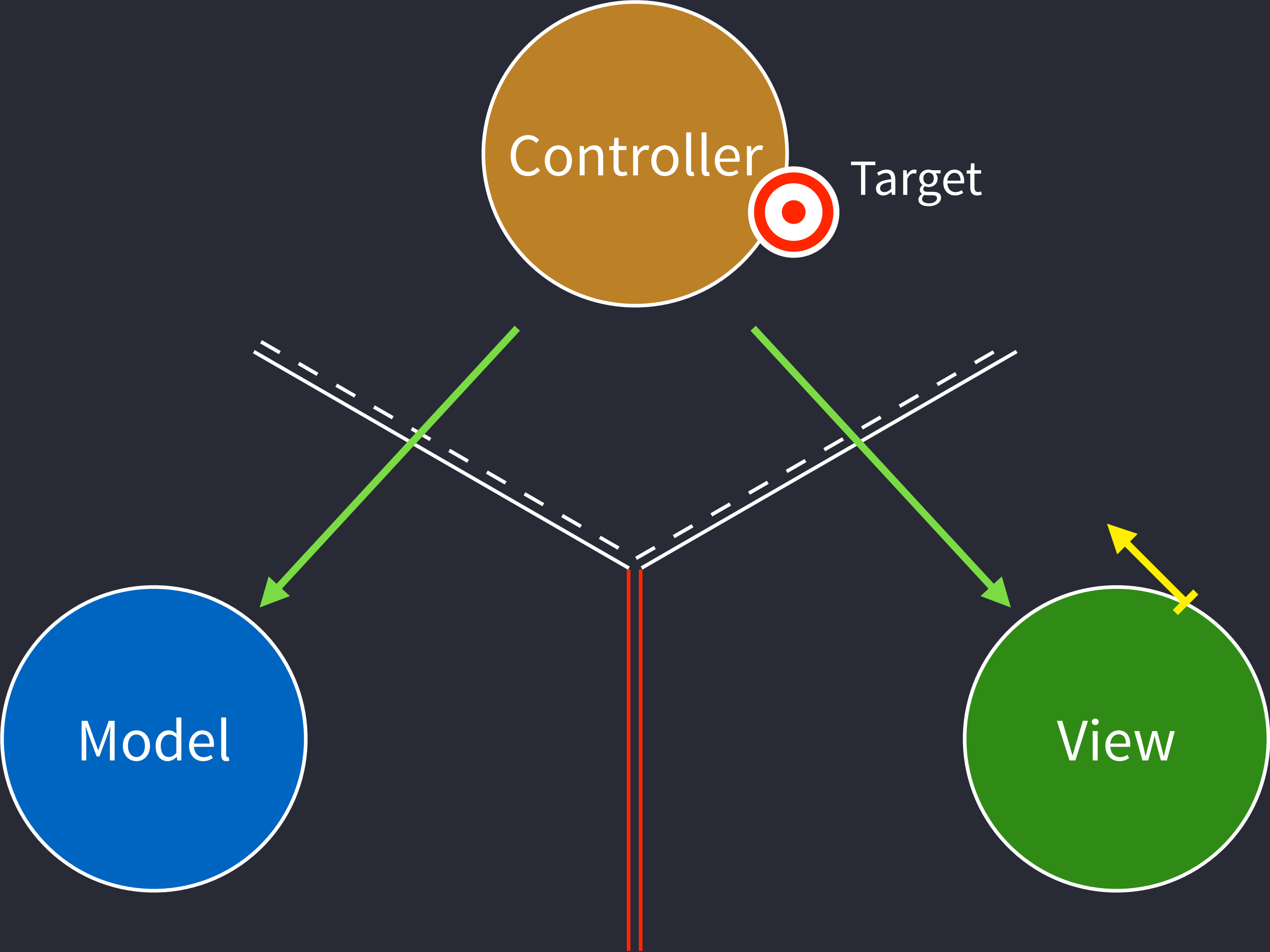
Model - View - Controller



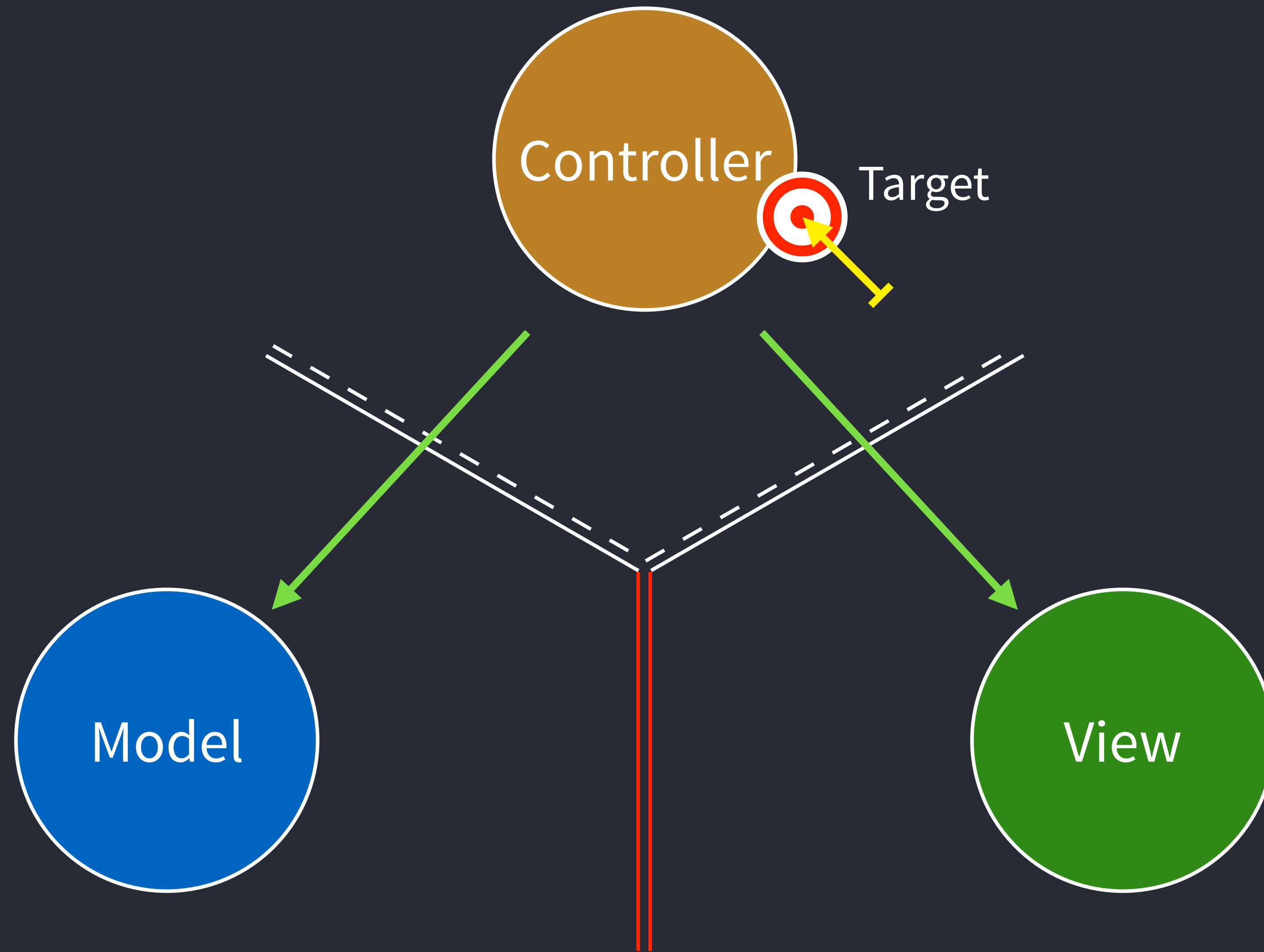
Model - View - Controller



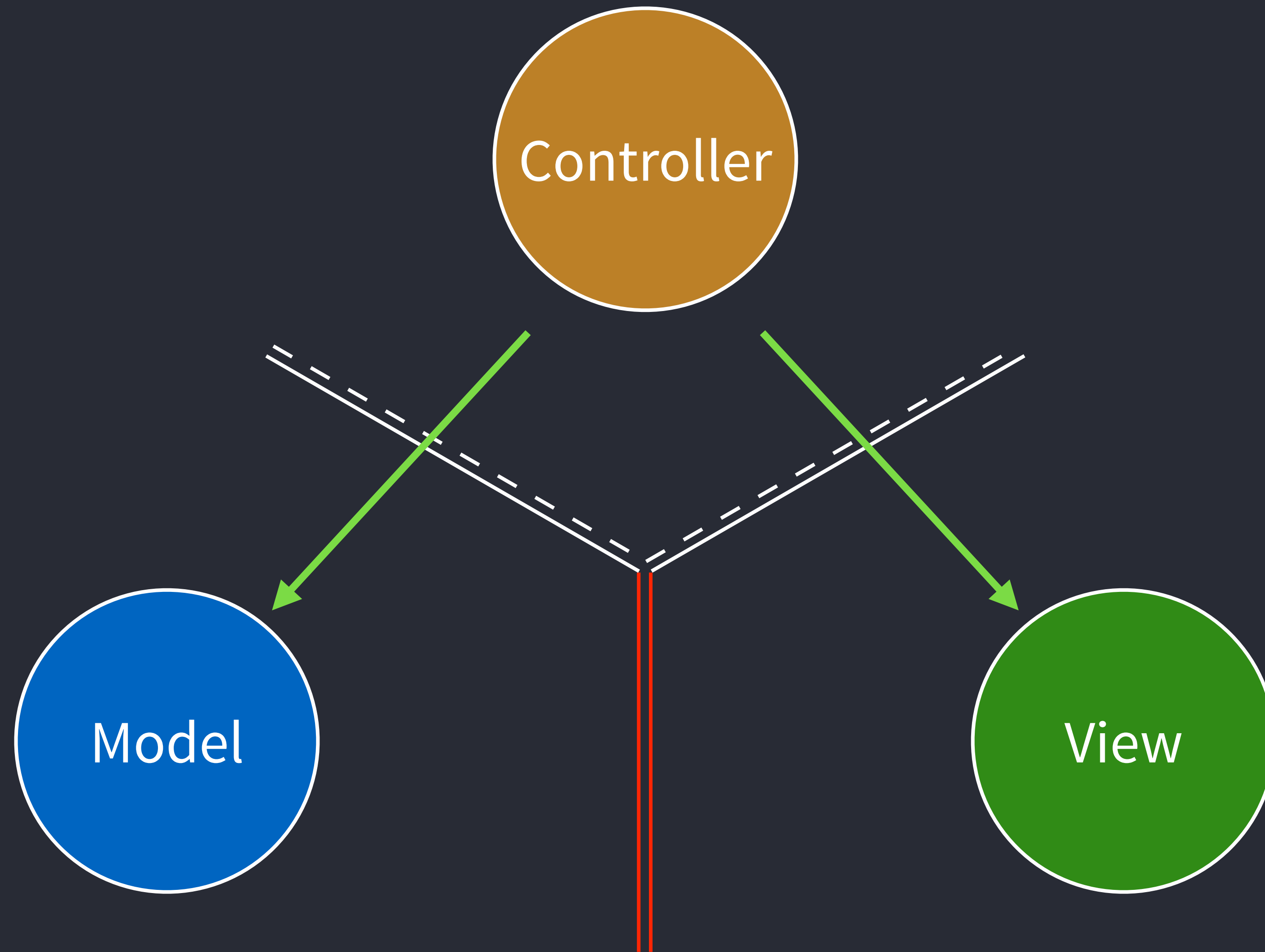
Model - View - Controller



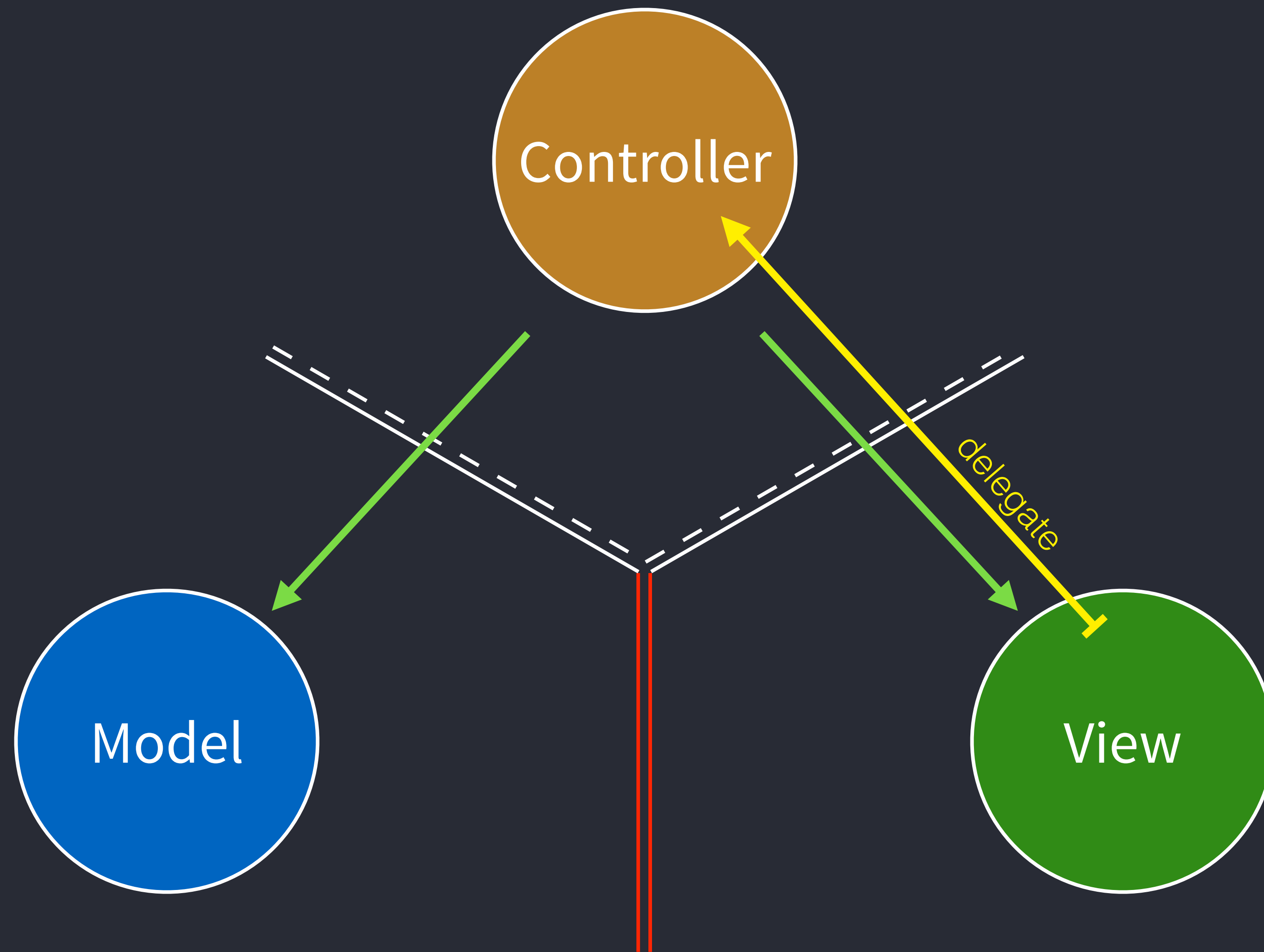
Model - View - Controller



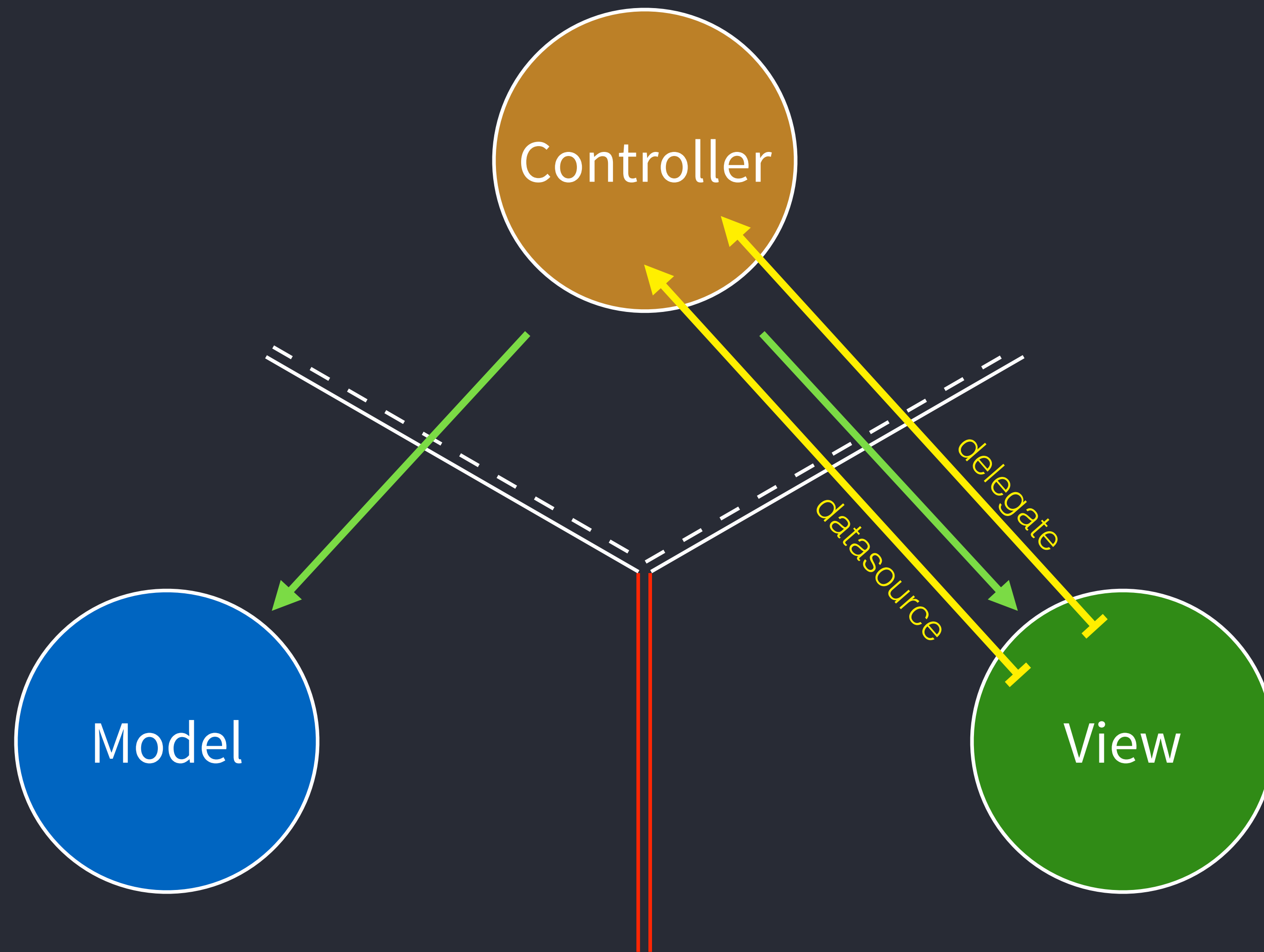
Model - View - Controller



Model - View - Controller



Model - View - Controller



Model - View - Controller

Model - View - Controller

Definition du delegate

```
@protocol MonSuperDelegate<NSObject>

- (void)didTouchCloseButton;
- (void)didSelectImage:(UIImage *)selectedImage;

@end


@interface MaVue : UIView

@property (weak) id<MonSuperDelegate> delegate;

@end
```

Model - View - Controller

Definition du delegate

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@interface MaVue : UIView

@property (weak) id<MonSuperDelegate> delegate;

@end
```

Implementation du delegate

```
@interface MonController :
UIViewController<MonSuperDelegate>

@end

@implementation MonController

- (void)viewDidLoad {
    self.maVue.delegate = self;
}

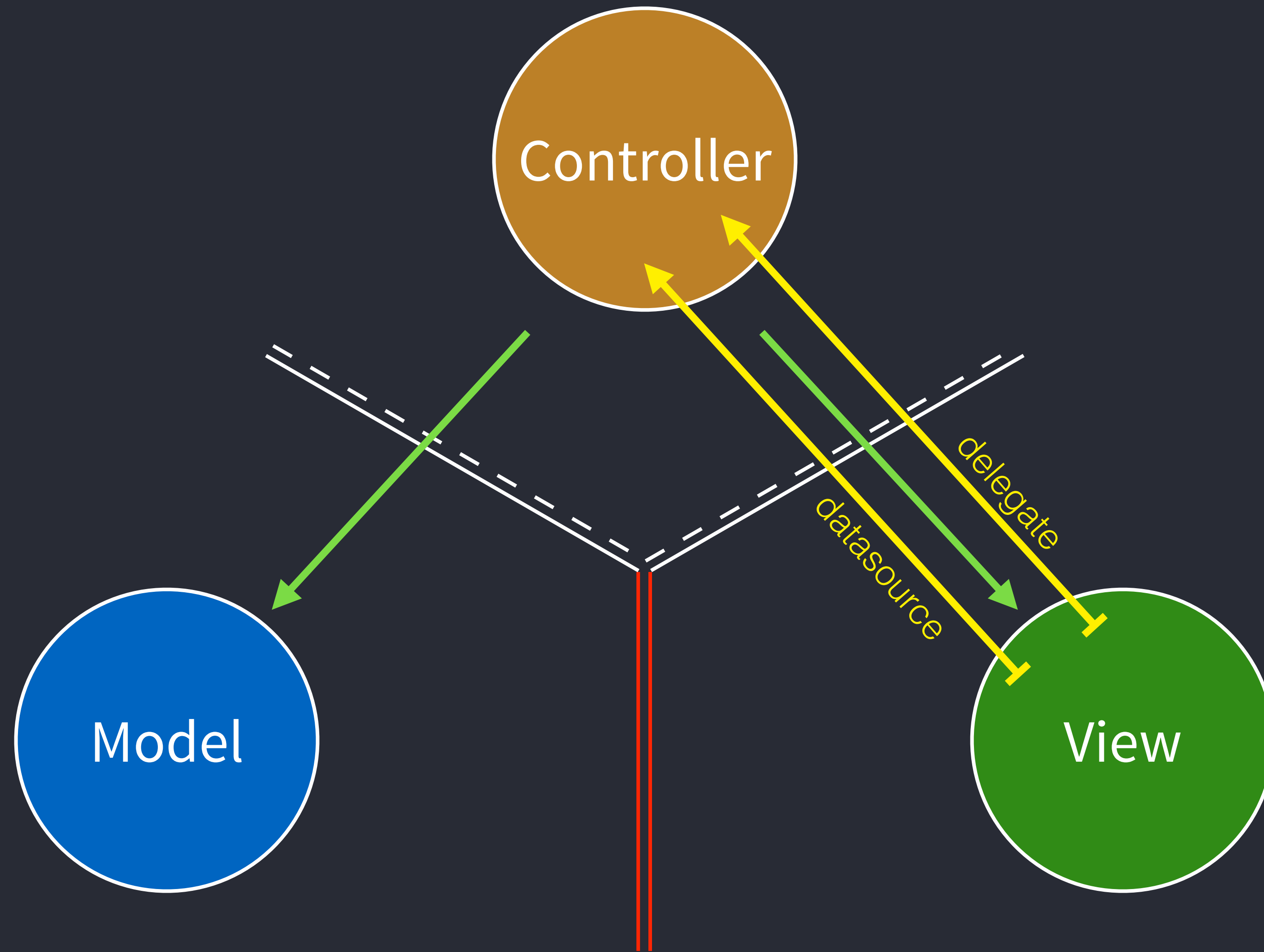
#pragma mark - MonSuperDelegate

- (void)didTouchCloseButton {
    // ...
}

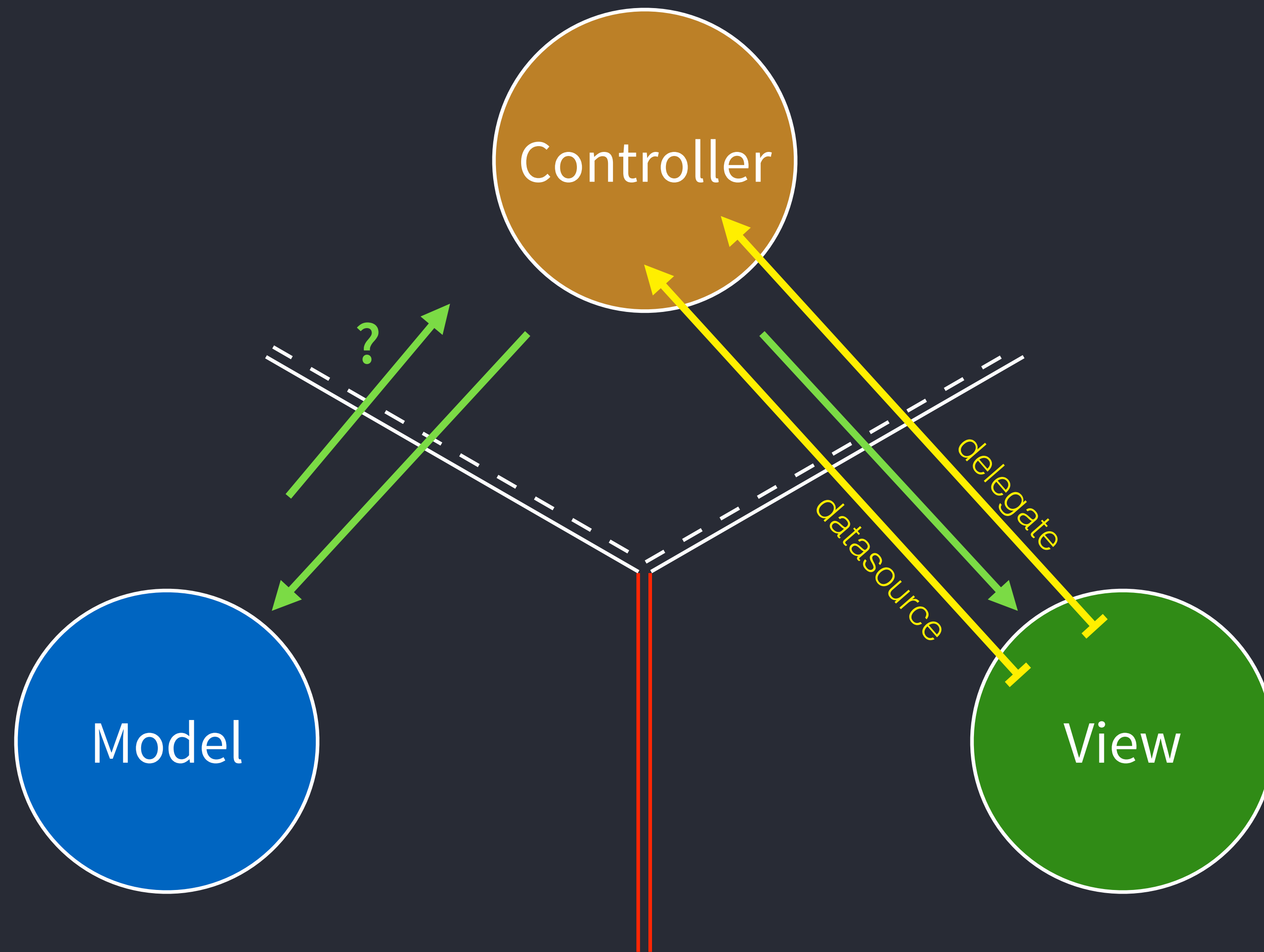
- (void)didSelectImage:(UIImage *)selectedImage {
    // ...
}

@end
```

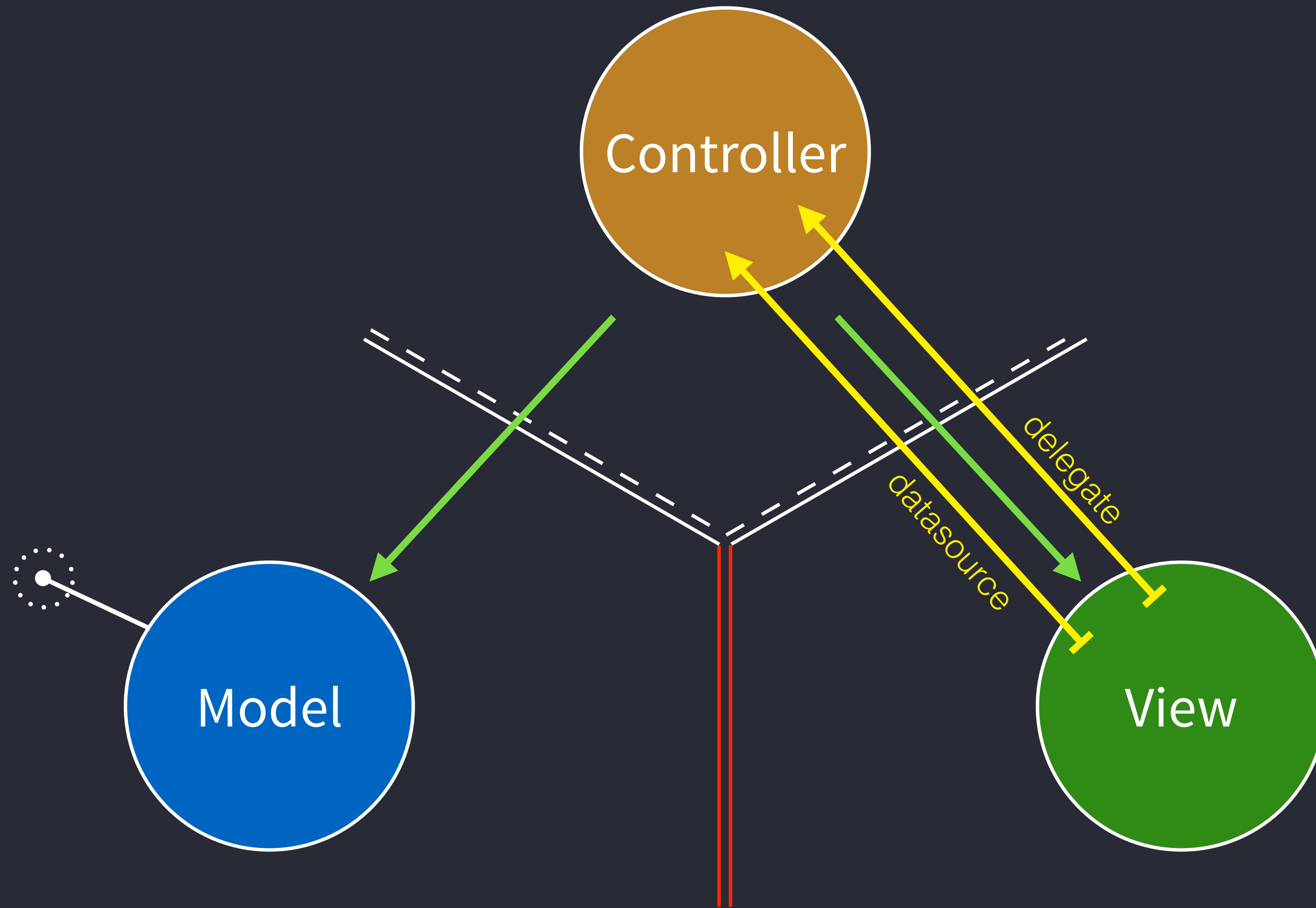

Model - View - Controller



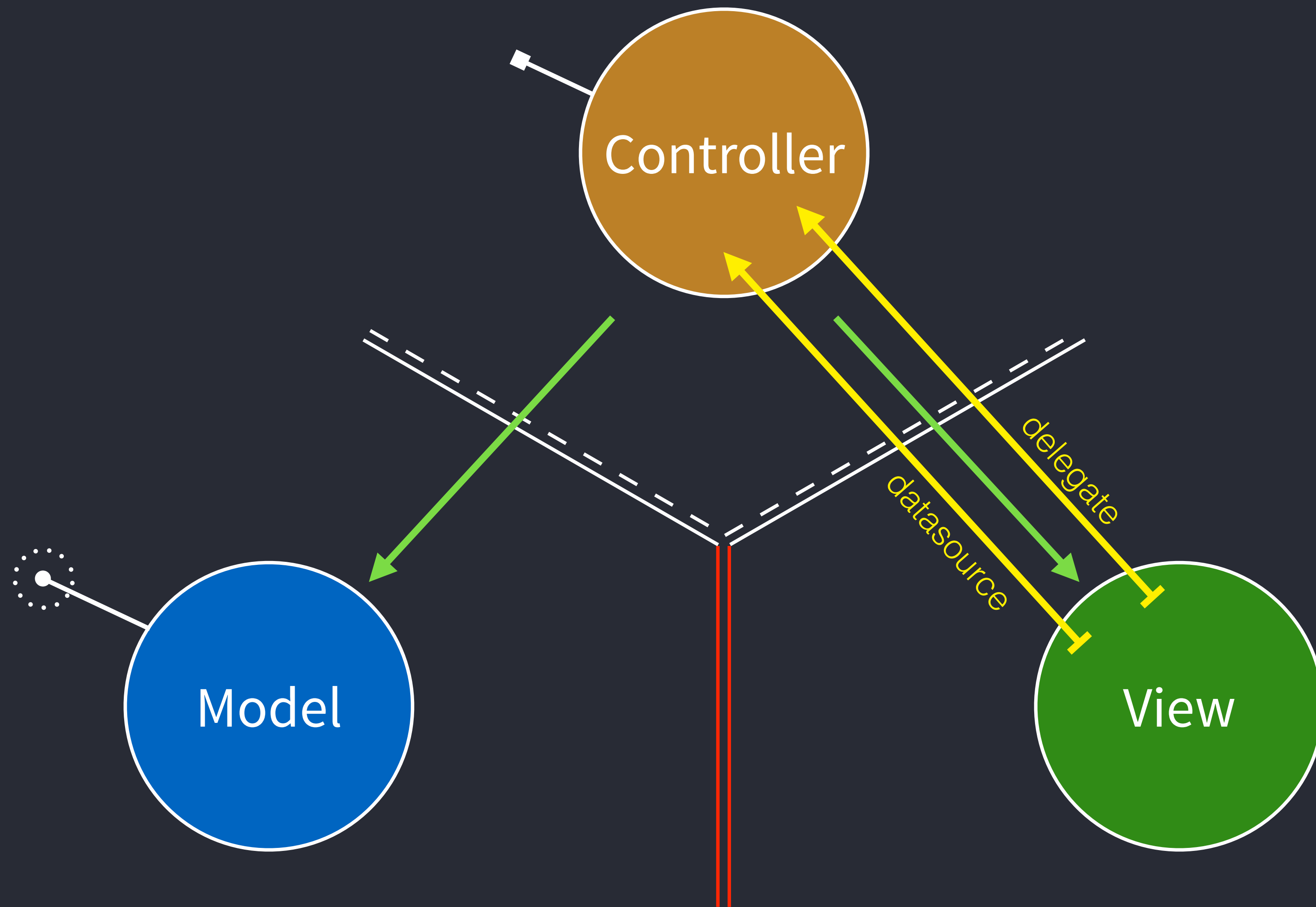
Model - View - Controller



Model - View - Controller



Model - View - Controller



Model - View - Controller

Implementation NotificationCenter

```
- (instancetype)init {
    self = [super init];
    if (self) {
        [[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter] addObserver:self
                                                    selector:@selector(keyboardWillShow)
                                                    name:UIKeyboardWillShowNotification
                                                    object:nil];
    }
    return self;
}

- (void)keyboardWillShow {
    // Do stuffs...
}
```

Model - View - Controller

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- (void)keyboardWillShow {
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```

[illegible]

Model - View - Controller

Implementation KVO (Key-Value Observing)

```
void *KVOContext = &KVOContext;

- (void)viewDidLoad {
    [self.dataHolder addObserver:self
                      forKeyPath:@"totalValue"
                      options:NSKeyValueObservingOptionNew
                      context:KVOContext];
}

- (void)observeValueForKeyPath:(NSString *)keyPath ofObject:(id)object change:(NSDictionary *)change
context:(void *)context {
    if (context == KVOContext) {
        if ([keyPath isEqualToString:@"totalValue"]) {
            // Do stuffs...
        }
    }
}
```

Model - View - Controller

Implementation KVO (Key-Value Observing)

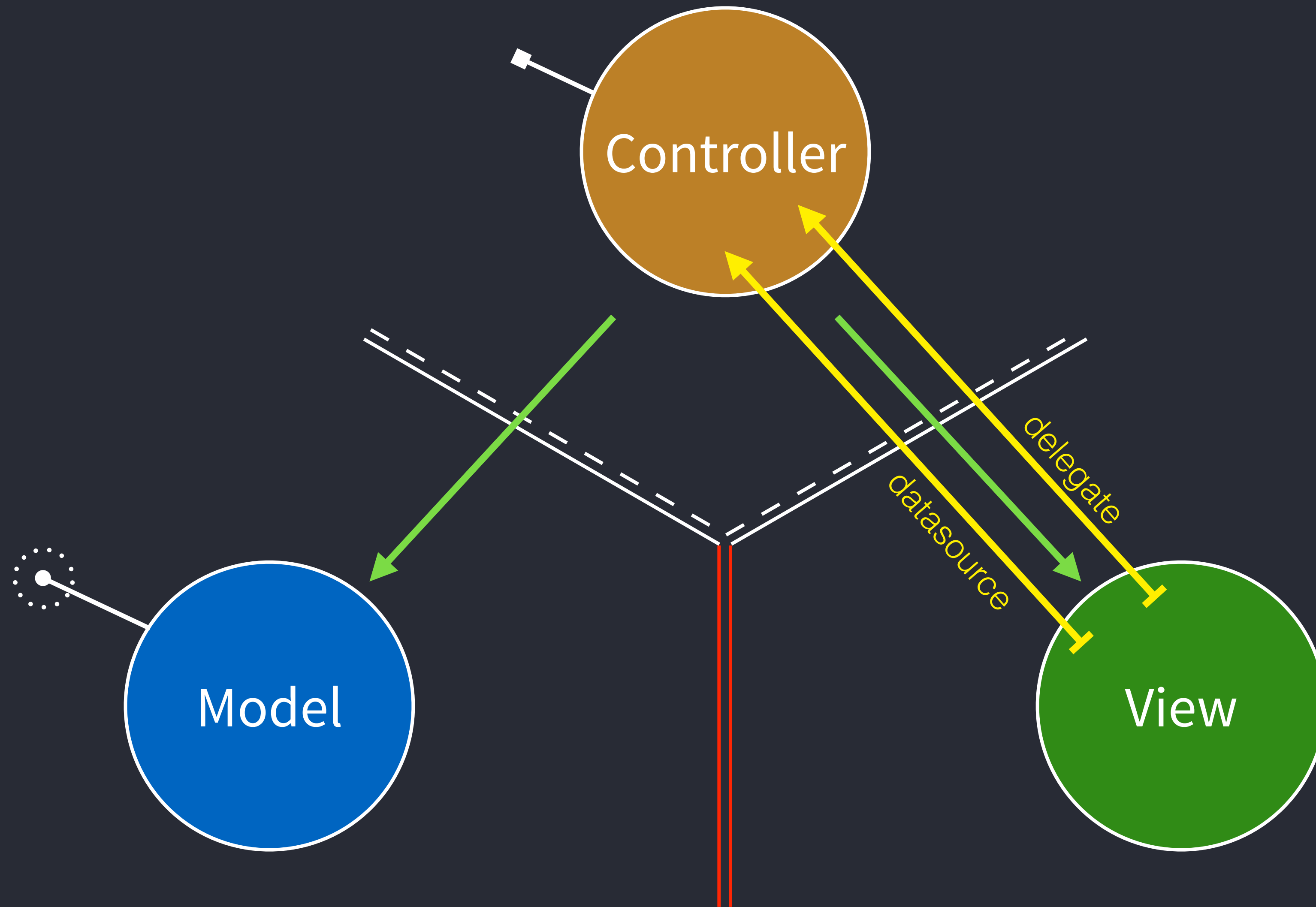
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context:(void *)context {
    if (context == KVOContext) {
        if ([keyPath isEqualToString:@"totalValue"]) {
            // Do stuffs...
        }
    }
}

- (void)dealloc {
    [self.settingsHolder removeObserver:self
                      forKeyPath:@"totalValue"
                      context:KVOContext];
}
```


Model - View - Controller



Networking

- Les requêtes réseau sont la base de la plupart des applications mobiles.
- Il existe :
 - Des bibliothèques système (NSURLConnection...)
 - Des bibliothèques externes (AFNetworking...)

- NSURLConnection permet différents types de requêtes + de faire des réglages sur la requête :
 - synchrone/asynchrone
 - GET/POST
 - Timeout and cache policies
- Il existe d'autres API système, de plus bas niveau.

- AFNetworking est une librairie Objective-C créée et maintenue par Matt Thompson. afnetworking.com
- Très simple à utiliser, c'est la librairie de networking la plus utilisée sur iOS.
- Syntaxe plus moderne que les API système.
- Permet de récupérer les données directement dans des formats exploitables (NSDictionary, NSArray, UIImage, etc.)

Démo