

# Assignment 5

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[https://github.com/adhvik24/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/tree/main/ASSIGNMENT\\_5/AI1103\\_Assignment5.tex](https://github.com/adhvik24/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/tree/main/ASSIGNMENT_5/AI1103_Assignment5.tex)

1 GATE 2019 (ST) , Q.45 (STATISTICS SECTION)

Consider the trinomial distribution with the probability mass function

$$\Pr(X = x, Y = y) = \left( \frac{7!}{x!y!(7-x-y)!} \right) (0.6)^x (0.2)^y (0.2)^{7-x-y}$$

where  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$  and  $x + y \leq 7$ . Then  $E[Y|X = 3]$  is equal to

## 2 SOLUTION

Probability mass function of a trinomial distribution is :

$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(X = x, Y = y) &= \left( \frac{7!}{x!y!(7-x-y)!} \right) (0.6)^x (0.2)^y (0.2)^{7-x-y} \\ &= \left( \frac{7!}{x!(7-x)!} \frac{(7-x)!}{y!(7-x-y)!} \right) (0.6)^x (0.2)^y (0.2)^{7-x-y} \\ \Pr(X = x, Y = y) &= {}^7C_x {}^{7-x}C_y (0.6)^x (0.2)^y (0.2)^{7-x-y} \end{aligned} \quad (2.0.1)$$

Using (2.0.1),  $\Pr(X = x)$  is

$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(X = x) &= \sum_{y=0}^{7-x} \Pr(X = x, Y = y) \\ &= {}^7C_x (0.6)^x \sum_{y=0}^{7-x} {}^{7-x}C_y (0.2)^y (0.2)^{7-x-y} \\ &= {}^7C_x (0.6)^x (0.4)^{7-x} \\ \Pr(X = x) &= {}^7C_x (0.6)^x (0.4)^{7-x} \end{aligned} \quad (2.0.2)$$

We have to find  $E[Y|X = 3]$  ,

$$E[Y|X = 3] = \sum_{y=0}^4 y \Pr(Y = y|X = 3) \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$E[Y|X = 3] = \sum_{y=0}^4 y \left( \frac{\Pr(X = 3, Y = y)}{\Pr(X = 3)} \right) \quad (2.0.4)$$

By taking  $X=3$  in (2.0.1) and (2.0.2) to use in (2.0.4),

$$\begin{aligned} E[Y|X = 3] &= \sum_{y=0}^4 y \left( \frac{\Pr(X = 3, Y = y)}{\Pr(X = 3)} \right) \\ &= \sum_{y=0}^4 y \left( \frac{{}^7C_3 {}^4C_y (0.6)^3 (0.2)^y (0.2)^{4-y}}{{}^7C_3 (0.6)^3 (0.4)^4} \right) \\ &= \sum_{y=0}^4 y \left( \frac{{}^4C_y (0.2)^4}{(0.4)^4} \right) \\ E[Y|X = 3] &= \sum_{y=0}^4 \frac{y({}^4C_y)}{16} \end{aligned} \quad (2.0.5)$$

We know that,

$${}^nC_r = \frac{n}{r} ({}^{n-1}C_{r-1}) \quad (2.0.6)$$

Using (2.0.6) in (2.0.5),

$$E[Y|X = 3] = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{y=0}^4 y({}^4C_y) \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \sum_{y=1}^4 y \left( \frac{4}{y} \right) ({}^3C_{y-1}) \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{k=0}^3 ({}^3C_k) \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (1 + 1)^3 = \frac{1}{4} (8) \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$E[Y|X = 3] = 2 \quad (2.0.11)$$

Therefore the value of  $E[Y|X = 3] = 2$ .