#### 1

# Assignment 6

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/adhvik24/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/tree/main/ASSIGNMENT\_6/ codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/adhvik24/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT\_6/ AI1103\_Assignment6.tex

## 1 CSIR UGC NET EXAM (Dec 2015), Q.3

The probability that a ticketless traveler is caught during a trip is 0.1. If the traveler makes 4 trips, the probability that he/she will be caught during at least one of the trips is:

(A) 
$$1 - (0.9)^4$$

(B) 
$$(1 - 0.9)^4$$

(C) 
$$1 - (1 - 0.9)^4$$

(D) 
$$(0.9)^4$$

### 2 Solution

Let  $X_i \in \{0, 1\}$  represent in the ith trip ticketless traveller is caught or not.(1 if caught and 0 if he is safe).

Given,

$$Pr(X_i = 1) = p = 0.1$$
 (2.0.1)

Let,

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i \tag{2.0.2}$$

where n is the number of trips and X has a binomial distribution.

$$p_X(k) = \Pr(X = k)$$
 (2.0.3)

$$p_X(k) = \begin{cases} {}^{n}C_k p^K (1-p)^{n-k}, & 0 \le k \le n \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.4)

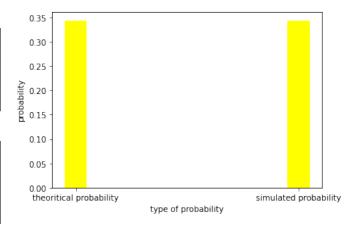


Fig. 1: probability that he/she will be caught during at least one of the trips

Then probability of being caught in atleast one trip is.

$$Pr(X \ge 1) = 1 - Pr(X < 1)$$
 (2.0.5)

$$= 1 - \Pr(X = 0) \tag{2.0.6}$$

As he/she makes 4 trips in total, Using (2.0.1) and (2.0.4),

$$\Pr(X = 0) = p_X(0) \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$= {}^{4}C_{0} p^{0} (1-p)^{4}$$
 (2.0.8)

$$Pr(X = 0) = (0.9)^4 (2.0.9)$$

Using (2.0.9) in (2.0.6),

$$Pr(X \ge 1) = 1 - Pr(X < 1)$$
 (2.0.10)

$$= 1 - \Pr(X = 0) \tag{2.0.11}$$

$$= 1 - (0.9)^4 \tag{2.0.12}$$

Therefore the probability that he/she will be caught during at least one of the trips is  $1 - (0.9)^4$ .

ANSWER:(A)