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# Assignment 1

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## Download all python codes from

https://github.com/adhvik24/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT%201/ codes/assign1.py

## and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/adhvik24/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT%201/ AI1103 Assignment1.tex

## 1 Problem 6.15

Given two independent events A and B such that Pr(A) = 0.3, Pr(B) = 0.6. Find

- i) Pr (*A* and *B*)
- ii) Pr(A and not B)
- iii) Pr(A or B)
- iv) Pr (neither A nor B)

## 2 Solution

i) Since the events A and B are independent events, by definition

$$Pr(A \text{ and } B) = Pr(AB) = Pr(A) Pr(B)$$
 (2.0.1)

On substituting the values of Pr(A), Pr(B) in (2.0.1), we get

$$Pr(A \text{ and } B) = Pr(A) Pr(B) \qquad (2.0.2)$$

$$= (0.3)(0.6)$$
 (2.0.3)

$$\implies$$
 Pr (A and B) = 0.18 (2.0.4)

ii) As the events A and B are independent, then A and B' are also independent.

$$\implies$$
 Pr (A and not B) = Pr (AB') (2.0.5)

$$= Pr(A) Pr(B')$$
 (2.0.6)

$$\therefore$$
 Pr  $(A \text{ and not } B) = Pr(A) Pr(B')$  (2.0.7)

And we know that.

$$Pr(B') = 1 - Pr(B)$$
 (2.0.8)

Using (2.0.8) in (2.0.7) we will get,

$$Pr(A \text{ and not } B) = Pr(AB')$$
 (2.0.9)

$$= Pr(A) Pr(B')$$
 (2.0.10)

$$Pr(A \text{ and not } B) = Pr(A)(1 - Pr(B)) (2.0.11)$$

On substituting the values of Pr(A), Pr(B) in (2.0.11), we get

$$Pr(A \text{ and not } B) = 0.3(1 - 0.6) (2.0.12)$$

$$= (0.3)(0.4)$$
 (2.0.13)

$$\implies$$
 Pr (A and not B) = 0.12 (2.0.14)

iii)

$$Pr(A \text{ or } B) = Pr(A + B)$$
 (2.0.15)

We know that,

$$Pr(A + B) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) - Pr(AB)$$
(2.0.16)

As events A and B are independent events,

$$Pr(AB) = Pr(A) Pr(B)$$
 (2.0.17)

Using (2.0.17) and (2.0.16) in (2.0.15), We get

$$Pr(A + B) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) - Pr(A) Pr(B)$$
(2.0.18)

On substituting the values of Pr(A),Pr(B) in (2.0.18), we get

$$Pr(A \text{ or } B) = 0.3 + 0.6 - (0.3)(0.6)$$
(2.0.19)

$$= 0.9 - 0.18$$
 (2.0.20)

$$\implies \Pr(A \text{ or } B) = 0.72 \tag{2.0.21}$$

iv)

$$Pr(neither A nor B) = Pr(A'B')$$
 (2.0.22)

$$= \Pr((A + B)') (2.0.23)$$

$$Pr(neither A nor B) = 1 - Pr(A + B)$$
(2.0.24)

From (2.0.21),

$$Pr(A \ or \ B) = Pr(A + B) = 0.72$$
 (2.0.25)

Using (2.0.25) in (2.0.24), We get

$$Pr(neither A nor B) = 1 - 0.72 (2.0.26)$$

$$\implies$$
 Pr (neither A nor B) = 0.28 (2.0.27)