

# EE3900 Assignment - 1

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Download latex-tikz codes from

[https://github.com/adhvik24/EE3900/blob/main/Assignment\\_1/Assignment\\_1.tex](https://github.com/adhvik24/EE3900/blob/main/Assignment_1/Assignment_1.tex)

Download python codes from

[https://github.com/adhvik24/EE3900/blob/main/Assignment\\_1/Assignment1.py](https://github.com/adhvik24/EE3900/blob/main/Assignment_1/Assignment1.py)

## 1 RAMSEY 1.1 QN 14

Prove that the middle point of the line joining the points  $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$  is a point of trisection of the line joining the points  $\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$ .

## 2 SOLUTION

The  $C$  that divides  $A, B$  in the ratio  $k : 1$  is

$$C = \frac{kB + A}{k + 1} \quad (2.0.1)$$

Let  $C$  is the middle point of the line joining the points  $A = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ , Then  $k=1$ ,

$$C = \frac{B + A}{1 + 1} = \frac{B + A}{2} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$= \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}}{2} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.4)$$

And now we have to find the ratio in which  $C$  divides the line joining the points  $P = \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$  and

$Q = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$ . Let the ratio is  $k : 1$ , Then,

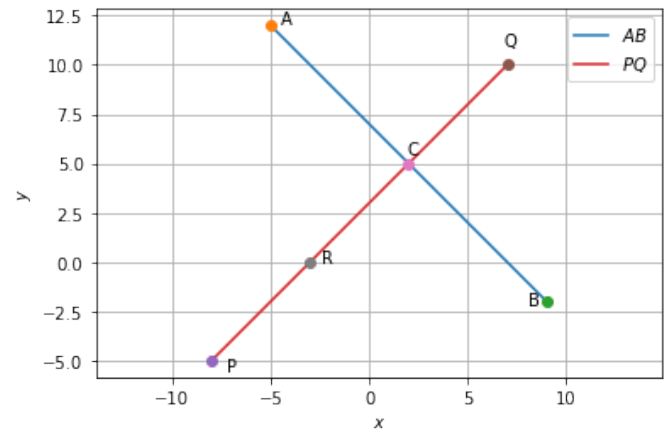
$$\Rightarrow C = \frac{kQ + P}{k + 1} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{k \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}}{k + 1} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{k + 1} \begin{pmatrix} 7k - 8 \\ 10k - 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$\Rightarrow k = 2 \quad (2.0.8)$$

As  $k = 2$ , That implies  $C$  divides the line joining the points  $P = \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $Q = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$  in the ratio  $2 : 1$ .  
 $\therefore C$  is point of trisection of line joining  $P$  and  $Q$ .



$\therefore$  The middle point of the line joining the points  $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$  is a point of trisection of the line joining the points  $\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$ .