[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 2046 GC-3 Your Roll No.....

Unique Paper Code : 32341301

Name of the Paper : Data Structures

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (H) Computer Sc. CBCS

Semester : III

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 75

Instructions for Candidates

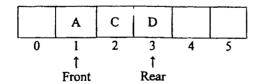
1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on the receipt of this question paper.

2. Question 1 is compulsory.

3. Attempt any four questions out of the remaining Q2-Q7.

4. Parts of a question must be answered together.

- 1. (a) Give template class definition for a doubly linked list of integers. Write a member function to insert a node at the end of this linked list. (5)
 - (b) Consider the following Queue of characters of size 6: (5)



This Queue is implemented as a circular array. Show the contents of the Queue with the positions of Front and Rear after each of the following operations:

(i) F is added to the Queue

- (ii) Two letters are deleted
- (iii) K, L and M are added
- (iv) Three letters are deleted
- (v) S is added
- (c) Write a recursive function for Linear Search on an array of integers. The function should return the index of the element if it is found else it should return -1.
- (d) Evaluating the following postfix expression:— $BA + CD \times CB AD + / \text{ where, } B=5, A=9, C=8, D=4$

Show the contents of the stack at every step.

(e) Construct a binary search tree for the following keys in the given order:

75 70 44 48 98 108 91 145

Show:

- (i) Inorder Traversal
- (ii) Postorder Traversal
- (iii) The tree after deleting key 98. Use deletion by merging.

(2+1+1+1=5)

- (f) Define a class to implement a Diagonal matrix as a 1-D array. Write the member functions to store and retrieve its elements. (5)
- (g) What is a hashing function? Explain the Division Method.

Insert the keys 28, 37, 55, 72, 63, 89 into a hash table of size m=7 using linear probing with hash function as the Division Method. (1+1+3=5)

2. (a) Give the formula and calculate the address of the element A[2][4] of the 2D array defined as:

int A [6] [6], if the elements are stored in:

- (i) row major order
- (ii) column major order

The beginning address of the array is 100. Every element requires 4 bytes of storage. (4)

(b) Let a and b be positive integers. Suppose a function F is defined recursively as follows:

$$F(a,b) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } a < b \\ F(a-b,b)+1 & \text{if } b \le a \end{cases}$$

Find the value of:

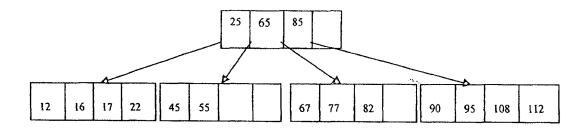
- (i) F(2,3)
- (ii) F(14,3)

(iii)
$$F(5861,7)$$
 (2+2+2=6)

- 3. Write member functions to perform the following operations on a Binary Search
 Tree:-
 - (i) Creation
 - (ii) Traversing Preorder (Iterative)
 - (iii) Calculating height (4+3+3=10)
- 4. (a) Write a function to perform Merge Sort on an array of integers. (4)
 - (b) Insert the given keys one by one in the following B tree of order 5:

58, 78, 40, 42, 99, 64

Show the status of the tree after each insertion. (6)



- 5. (a) Explain Priority Queue.
- (2)
- (b) Write a C++ program to add two large integers using a stack. (8)
- 6. Write functions for the following:

(4+4+2=10)

- (i) Creating an ordered linked list of integers.
- (ii) Merging two ordered singly linked lists of integers into one ordered list.
- (iii) Displaying the linked list.
- 7. (a) Explain any two methods used to self-organize lists. (2+2=4)
 - (b) Apply Bubble Sort on the following array of integers:

Show the contents of the array after every pass. (6)