

## **Excel Assignment - 21**

1. Write a VBA code to enter your name in A1 Cell using Input Box and once you enter the name display a message box that says the name has been entered.

Ans=>

Sub EnterNameAndDisplayMessage()
Dim enteredName As String

' Prompt the user to enter a name enteredName = InputBox("Enter your name:", "Name Entry")

' Check if the user entered a name
If enteredName <> "" Then
' Enter the name in cell A1
Range("A1").Value = enteredName

' Display a message box indicating that the name has been entered MsgBox "Name " & enteredName & " has been entered in cell A1.", vbInformation Else

' Display a message if the user canceled the input
MsgBox "No name entered. Operation canceled.", vbExclamation
End If
End Sub

2. What are Userforms? Why are they used? How to fill a list box using for loop.

## Ans=>

UserForm is a custom dialog box or form in excel or form in excel that you can create and design using the Visual Basic for Applications programming language. They provide a way to create interactive interfaces for users to input data, make selections, and perform various tasks within excel.

Why are UserForms used:

- 1. Customised Interfaces: UserForms allow you to create customized and user-friendly inerfaces tailored to specific or data entry requirements.
- 2. Automation: UserForms can be used to automate certain processes by guiding users through step-by-step procedures or capturing specific information.
- 3. Data Validation: you can use UserForms to implement data visualization, ensuring that users enter accurate and valid information.
- 3. What is an array? Write a VBA code to enter students and their marks from the below table.

Ans=> Array is a collection of values, variables, or objects arranged in rows and columns. Excel supports both one-dimensional arrays and two-dimensional arrays. Arrays are useful for performing operations on a set of data simultaneously.

Name	Marks
John	85
Jane	92
Bob	78
Alice	95

Sub EnterStudentsAndMarks()

Dim studentData As Variant

Dim studentCount As Integer

Dim i As Integer

' Assuming data starts from A2 and B2 studentData = Range("A2:B" & Cells(Rows.Count, 1).End(xIUp).Row).Value studentCount = UBound(studentData, 1)

Loop through the array and process each student

For i = 1 To studentCount

Dim studentName As String

Dim studentMarks As Integer

'Retrieve data for each student studentName = studentData(i, 1) studentMarks = studentData(i, 2)

- ' You can perform any desired operation with the student data here
- ' For example, enter the data into another sheet or perform calculations
- ' For demonstration purposes, print the student data in the Immediate Window Debug.Print "Student Name: " & studentName & ", Marks: " & studentMarks Next i

End Sub

4. Use the following data to create a pie chart using VBA code. Use Font - 'Times new Roman', Size -14, Bold, Title - Piechart' and you are per to use colours as per your taste.

Ans=>
Sub CreatePieChart()
Dim chartObj As ChartObject

Dim rng As Range

' Define the range that contains the data for the pie chart Set rng = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1").Range("C1:D187")

'Create a new chart

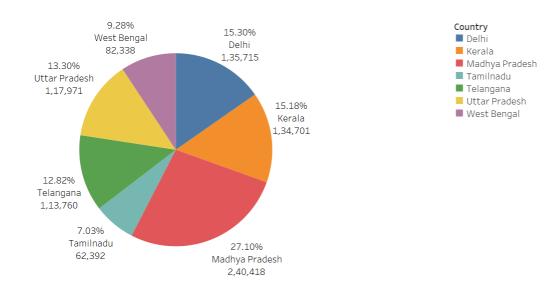
Set chartObj = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1").ChartObjects.Add( \_
 Left:=100, Width:=375, Top:=50, Height:=225)

With chartObj.Chart
 .SetSourceData Source:=rng

- .ChartType = xlPie
- ' Format the chart title
- .HasTitle = True
- .ChartTitle.Text = "Piechart"
- .ChartTitle.Font.Name = "Times New Roman"
- .ChartTitle.Font.Size = 14
- .ChartTitle.Font.Bold = True
- ' Customizing the pie chart colors
- .SeriesCollection(1).Points(1).Format.Fill.ForeColor.RGB = RGB(255, 0, 0) ' Red
- .SeriesCollection(1).Points(2).Format.Fill.ForeColor.RGB = RGB(0, 255, 0) ' Green
- .SeriesCollection(1).Points(3).Format.Fill.ForeColor.RGB = RGB(0, 0, 255) 'Blue
- ' Add more colors as needed

**End With** 

End Sub



5. Check the dataset in the link given below and create a pivot table using VBA showing the sales for the year from stationary category.

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1IRSEnmgz8Ro276-GslknRNk0zlrB5CZH1YrnT71kqFM/edit?usp=sharing

## Ans=>

Sub CreatePivotTable()

Dim ws As Worksheet

Dim pt As PivotTable

Dim pf As PivotField

Dim pi As PivotItem

Dim rng As Range

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' Set the worksheet
  Set ws = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet6")
  ' Define the data range
  Set rng = ws.Range("A1").CurrentRegion
  ' Add a new worksheet for the pivot table
  Sheets.Add(After:=Sheets(Sheets.Count)).Name = "PivotTableSheet"
  Set wsPivot = Sheets("PivotTableSheet")
  'Create the pivot table
  Set pt = wsPivot.PivotTableWizard(SourceType:=xlDatabase, SourceData:=rng,
TableDestination:=wsPivot.Range("A3"), TableName:="MyPivotTable")
  ' Add "Category" field to Rows
  Set pf = pt.PivotFields("Category")
  pf.Orientation = xlRowField
  pf.Position = 1
  ' Add "Amount" field to Values
  Set pf = pt.PivotFields("Amount")
  pf.Orientation = xIDataField
  pf.Function = xlSum
  pf.Position = 1
  ' Filter the pivot table to show only "Stationary" category
  Set pf = pt.PivotFields("Category")
  pf.PivotItems("Stationary").Visible = True
  For Each pi In pf.PivotItems
    If pi.Name <> "Stationary" Then
       pi.Visible = False
    End If
  Next pi
End Sub
 Sum of Amount
                   -▼ Total
 Category
 Stationary
                       693069
```

- 6. Write step by step procedure to protect your workbook using a password.
- a)Open your workbook: launch Microsoft Excel and open the workbook you want to protect, save the workbook.
- b)Navigate to the "File" tab: Click on the "File" tab ribbon to access the Backstage view.
- c) Go to "Info": click on the "Info" to access workbook related options.

693069

Grand Total

- d) select "Protected Workbook": under "Info" section you will find the "Protect Workbook" option. Click on the dropdown arrow next to it.
- e)Choose "Encrypt with password": select "Encrypt with Password" from the dropdown menu.
- f) Set a Password: a dialog box will appear prompting you to enter a password. Type the password you want to use to protect the workbook.