## **APL 745: Deep learning for mechanics**

## Lab - 1

## To be submitted by midnight of 2<sup>nd</sup> Feb, 2022

In this problem, the objective is to develop (step-by-step) a neural network with fully connected layers to perform classification problem.

Load the following packages for this problem:

- PyTorch is a deep learning package. (Other deep learning packages can also be used)
- Numpy is the fundamental package for scientific computing with Python.
- H5py is a common package to interact with a dataset that is stored on an H5 file
- Matplotlib is a famous library to plot graphs in Python.
- Sklearn is a commonly used Python package for basic data pre-processing.

**Step 1**: Load the MNIST dataset (MNISTdata.hdf5) using H5py and Numpy. The dataset consists of 28 × 28 pixel grayscale images of handwritten single digits from 0 to 9 with the corresponding true labels.

**Step 2**: Define the following model structure with different Python files as follows:

- Model-configuration 1: Build a 1-hidden layer network with 50 hidden units.
- Model-configuration 2: Build a 2-hidden layer network with 400 and 200 hidden units for the first layer and second layer, respectively.
- Model-configuration 3: Build a 2-hidden layer network with 400 units in the first hidden layer and 200 units in the second hidden layer, respectively. Use the ReLU activation between the input and hidden layer-1, and between the hidden layer-1 and hidden layer-2.
- Model-configuration 4: Build 2-hidden layer network with 400 and 200 hidden units respectively with following configuration:
  - Input →linear1→batch normalization→dropout→ReLU→linear2→output
- For all the above configurations, use a suitable output activation function for this classification problem.

**Step 3**: Train the NN model using the ADAM optimization method.

**Step 4**: Test the NN model using the test data that was unseen during training. Make sure that the gradient calculation is disabled during this inference stage

Write a computer code to answer the following questions related to Step-1:

- (A) Split the dataset into two parts as training data and testing data with the ratio 70:30.
  - Print the input and the output sizes of the training and the testing dataset.
  - Plot first 5 test images and provide the true label as the caption for each test image.
- Flatten the training and the testing dataset by reshaping the images into a single vector for each data. Print the input and the output shape of the training and the testing dataset.
- (2) Create DataLoaders that can be iteratively fed to a neural network for training and testing. Use batch size as 64.

Write a computer code to answer the following questions related to Step-2 and -3:

- (D) Use a suitable loss function for training the NN model.
- (E) Train all the above model-configurations with the following learning rate and weight decay training-configurations:
  - Training-configuration-1: learning rate:  $5 \times 10^{-2}$ , weight decay:  $1 \times 10^{-3}$
  - Training-configuration-2: learning rate:  $1 \times 10^{-3}$ , weight decay:  $1 \times 10^{-4}$
  - Training-configuration-3: learning rate:  $1 \times 10^{-4}$ , weight decay:  $1 \times 10^{-5}$
- (F) For all the model-configurations combined with training-configuration-2, train the NN model with mini-batch sizes of 64, 256, 512.
- (G) Plot the following separately for the training data and test data for all the above configurations:
  - Epoch vs Training loss
  - Epoch vs Testing loss
  - Epoch vs Accuracy
- (H) Plot the first 5 ground truth test data, the ground truth labels and the predicted labels as the caption
- Print the number of parameters for all the above model-configurations.
- (J) Provide your observations along with the computational time (wall clock time in seconds) for the above configurations.