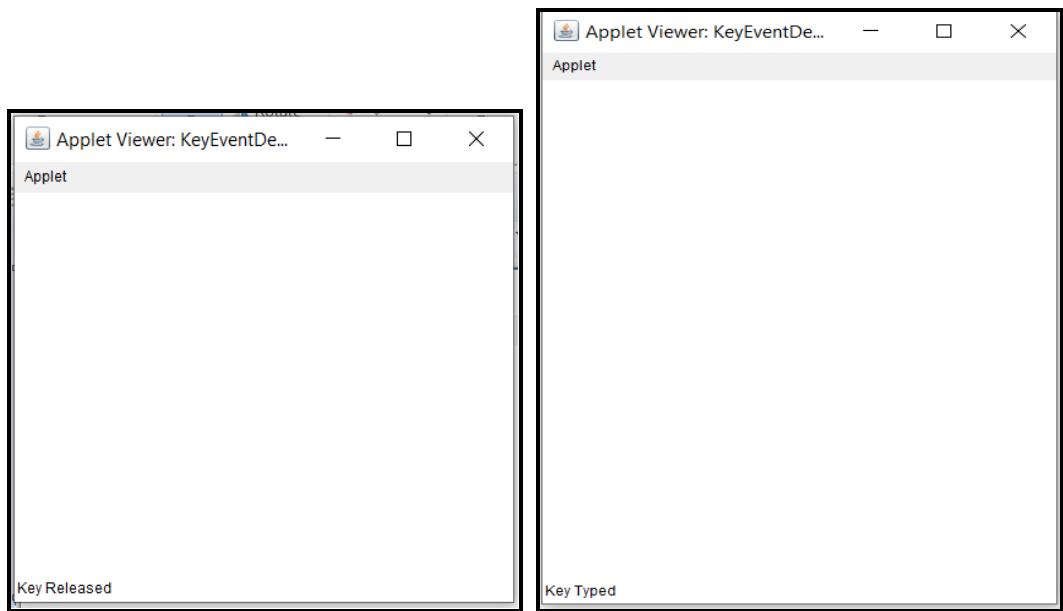


## EXPERIMENT NO. 1

**Aim:** Write a program to demonstrate status of key on Applet window such as KeyPressed, KeyReleased, KeyUp, KeyDown

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class KeyEventDemo extends Applet implements KeyListener
{
    String msg = "";
    public void init()
    {
        addKeyListener(this);
    }
    public void keyReleased(KeyEvent k)
    {
        showStatus("Key Released");
        repaint();
    }
    public void keyTyped(KeyEvent k)
    {
        showStatus("Key Typed");
        repaint();
    }
    public void keyPressed(KeyEvent k)
    {
        showStatus("Key Pressed");
        repaint();
    }
    public void paint(Graphics g)
    {
        g.drawString(msg, 10, 10);
    }
}
/*
<applet code="KeyEventDemo" height="400" width="400">
</applet>
*/
```



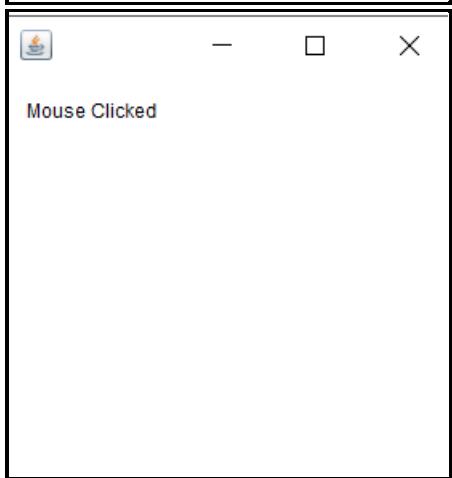
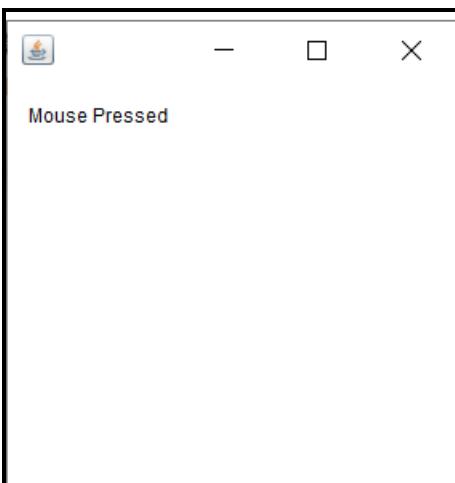
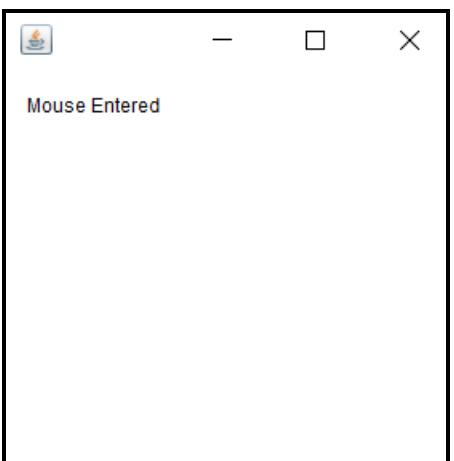
## EXPERIMENT NO. 2

**Aim:** Write a program to create a frame using AWT. Implement mouseClicked, mouseEntered() and mouseExited() events. Frame should become visible when the mouse enters it.

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

public class MouseListenerExample extends Frame implements MouseListener{
    Label l;

    MouseListenerExample(){
        addMouseListener(this);
        l=new Label();
        l.setBounds(20,50,100,20);
        add(l);
        setSize(300,300);
        setLayout(null);
        setVisible(true);
    }
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
        l.setText("Mouse Clicked");
    }
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e) {
        l.setText("Mouse Entered");
    }
    public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e) {
        l.setText("Mouse Exited");
        setVisible(false);
    }
    public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e) {
        l.setText("Mouse Pressed");
    }
    public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e) {
        l.setText("Mouse Released");
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        new MouseListenerExample();
    }
}
```



## EXPERIMENT NO. 3

**Aim:** Develop a GUI which accepts the information regarding the marks for all the subjects of a student in the examination. Display the result for a student in a separate window.

```
import java.awt.BorderLayout;
import java.awt.GridLayout;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;

import javax.swing.JButton;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JLabel;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
import javax.swing.JTextField;

public class ReportCard extends JFrame{
    JPanel jp = new JPanel();
    JLabel lname = new JLabel();
    JButton bsubmit = new JButton("Submit");
    JTextField tname = new JTextField(20);
    JLabel lMath = new JLabel();
    JTextField tMath = new JTextField(20);
    JLabel lScience = new JLabel();
    JTextField tScience = new JTextField(20);
    JLabel lEnglish = new JLabel();
    JTextField tEnglish = new JTextField(20);

    public ReportCard()
    {
        lname.setText("Enter Name");
        jp.add(lname);
        jp.add(tname);
        lMath.setText("Enter Math Marks");
        jp.add(lMath);
        jp.add(tMath);
        lScience.setText("Enter Science Marks");
        jp.add(lScience);
        jp.add(tScience);
        lEnglish.setText("Enter English Marks");
        jp.add(lEnglish);
        jp.add(tEnglish);
        jp.add(bsubmit);
        add(jp);
        bsubmit.addActionListener(new ActionListener(){
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent arg0) {
                String val = tname.getText();
                JLabel l1 = new JLabel("Welcome "+val);
                int sub1 = Integer.parseInt(tMath.getText());
                int sub2 = Integer.parseInt(tScience.getText());
                int sub3 = Integer.parseInt(tEnglish.getText());
            }
        });
    }
}
```

```

        int sum = sub1+sub2+sub3;
        float average = sum/3;
        JLabel l2 = new JLabel("Average "+ average);
        JPanel jip = new JPanel();
        jip.add(l1);
        jip.add(l2);
        JFrame inf = new JFrame();
        inf.setVisible(true);
        inf.add(jip);
        inf.setSize(300, 100);
    }

});

}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    ReportCard rc = new ReportCard();
    rc.setSize(300, 200);
    rc.setVisible(true);

}
}

```

The image displays three sequential screenshots of a Java Swing application window:

- Screenshot 1:** Shows an empty frame with four text input fields labeled "Enter Name", "Enter Math Marks", "Enter Science Marks", and "Enter English Marks". A "Submit" button is at the bottom.
- Screenshot 2:** Shows the same frame after input. The "Enter Name" field contains "Varsha Nanavare", the "Enter Math Marks" field contains "29", the "Enter Science Marks" field contains "28", and the "Enter English Marks" field contains "27". The "Submit" button remains at the bottom.
- Screenshot 3:** Shows the final output frame. It displays the message "Welcome Varsha Nanavare Average 28.0".

## EXPERIMENT NO. 4 – A

**Aim:** Write a program to insert the data from the database using JDBC create table for studentinfo (rollno int(5) primary key, student name varchar(10), emailid varchar(10), department name varchar(20)).

```
//Java Database Connectivity with MySQL

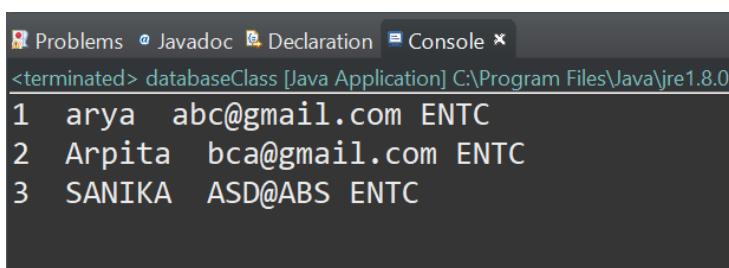
import java.sql.*;
class databaseClass{
public static void main(String args[]){
try{
//step1 load the driver class
Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

//step2 create the connection object (establish the connection between java
application with oracle database
Connection con=DriverManager.getConnection(
"jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/student","root","1234");
//here student is database name, root is username and password
//step3 create the statement object
Statement stmt=con.createStatement();
//step4 write and execute query
//String query ="create table studentinfo(rollno int(5) primary key, emailid
varchar(10), dept varchar(20))";
//stmt.executeUpdate(query);
//System.out.println("Student data created successfully");

ResultSet rs=stmt.executeQuery("select * from studentinfo");
while(rs.next())
System.out.println(rs.getInt(1)+" "+rs.getString(2)+" "+rs.getString(3)+" "+
+rs.getString(4));

//step5 close the connection object
con.close();
}catch(Exception e){ System.out.println(e);}
}
}
```

**Output :**



```
Problems Javadoc Declaration Console 
<terminated> databaseClass [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0
1 arya abc@gmail.com ENTC
2 Arpita bca@gmail.com ENTC
3 SANIKA ASD@ABS ENTC
```

## EXPERIMENT NO. 4 - B

**Aim:** Write a program to insert and retrieve the data from the database using JDBC.

a) connection. Java file

```
// Java Program to Insert Details in a Table using JDBC
// Connections class

// Importing all SQL classes
// Showing linking of created database

import java.sql.*;

public class connection {

    // object of Connection class
    // initially assigned NULL
    Connection con = null;

    public static Connection connectDB()

    {

        try {

            // Step 2 is involved among 7 in Connection
            // class i.e Load and register drivers

            // 2(a) Loading drivers using forName() method
            // name of database here is mysql
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            // 2(b) Registering drivers using DriverManager
            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(
                "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/college",
                "root", "1234");
            // For college Database here (custom sets)
            // root is the username, and
            // 1234 is the password

            // returning the object of Connection class
            // to be used in main class (Example2)
            return con;
        }

        // Catch block to handle the exceptions
        catch (SQLException | ClassNotFoundException e) {

            // Print the exceptions
            System.out.println(e);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        return null;
    }
}

```

b)GFG.java file

```

// Java Program retrieving contents of

// Table Using JDBC connection

// Java code producing output which is based

// on values stored inside the "collegedata" table in DB

// Java Program to Insert Details in a Table using JDBC and retrieve/ display data
// Main class

// Step 1: Importing DB classes
// DB is SQL here
import java.sql.*;

// Main/App class of above Connection class
public class GFG {

    // MAin driver method
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        // Step 2: Showing above Connection class i.e
        // loading and registering drivers

        // Initially assigning NULL parameters
        // to object of Connection class
        Connection con = null;
        PreparedStatement ps = null;

        // Step 3: Establish the connection
        con = connection.connectDB();

        // Try block to check if exception/s occurs
        try {

            // Step 4: Create a statement
            String sql = "insert into collegedata
values('rmdssoe','RMD','rmd@email.com','warje','1239087474')";

            // Step 5: Execute the query
            ps = con.prepareStatement(sql);

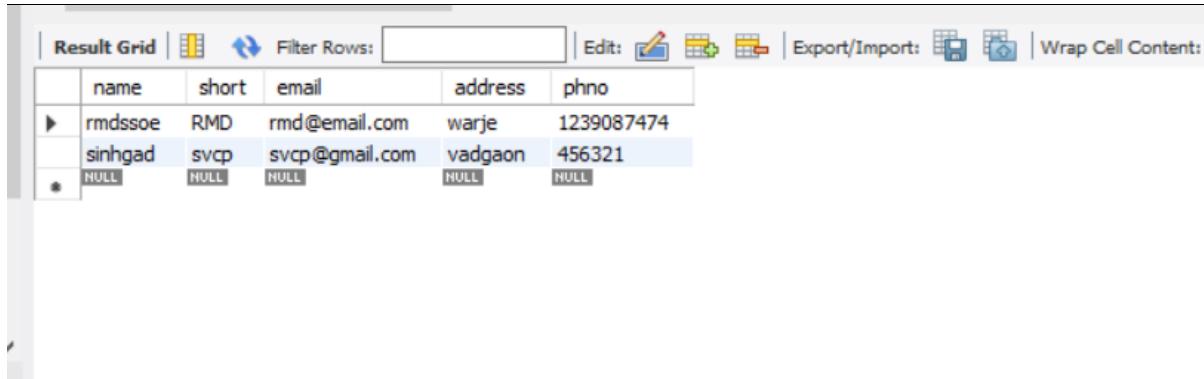
            // Step 6: Process the results
            ps.execute();
        }

        // Optional but recommended
    }
}

```

```
// Step 7: Close the connection  
  
// Catch block to handle the exception/s  
catch (Exception e) {  
  
    // Print the exception  
    System.out.println(e);  
}  
}  
}
```

### Output:



The screenshot shows a database result grid with the following structure and data:

	name	short	email	address	phno
▶	rmdssoe	RMD	rmd@email.com	warje	1239087474
*	sinhgad	svcp	svcp@gmail.com	vadgaon	456321
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

## **EXPERIMENT NO. 5 – A**

**Aim:** Develop an RMI application which accepts a string and checks that string is palindrome or not.

```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        String str = "Radar", reverseStr = "";  
  
        int strLength = str.length();  
  
        for (int i = (strLength - 1); i >= 0; --i) {  
            reverseStr = reverseStr + str.charAt(i);  
        }  
  
        if (str.toLowerCase().equals(reverseStr.toLowerCase())) {  
            System.out.println(str + " is a Palindrome String.");  
        }  
        else {  
            System.out.println(str + " is not a Palindrome String.");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Output

```
Radar is a Palindrome String.
```

## **EXPERIMENT NO. 5 - B**

**Aim:** Develop an RMI application which accepts a number and checks that number is palindrome or not.

```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        int num = 3553, reversedNum = 0, remainder;  
  
        // store the number to originalNum  
        int originalNum = num;  
  
        // get the reverse of originalNum  
        // store it in variable  
        while (num != 0) {  
            remainder = num % 10;  
            reversedNum = reversedNum * 10 + remainder;  
            num /= 10;  
        }  
  
        // check if reversedNum and originalNum are equal  
        if (originalNum == reversedNum) {  
            System.out.println(originalNum + " is Palindrome.");  
        }  
        else {  
            System.out.println(originalNum + " is not Palindrome.");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### **Output**

3553 is Palindrome

# **EXPERIMENT NO. 6**

**Aim:** A Program to demonstrate the use of InetAddress class and its factory methods.

In this program we use InetAddress class and get ip address of www.Facebook.com website.

## **InetDemo.java**

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
public class InetDemo{
public static void main(String[] args){
try{
InetAddress ip=InetAddress.getByName("www.Facebook.com");

System.out.println("Host Name: "+ip.getHostName());
System.out.println("IP Address: "+ip.getHostAddress());
} catch(Exception e){System.out.println(e);}
}
}
```

## **Output:**

```
Host Name: www.facebook.com
IP Address: 31.13.79.35
```

## EXPERIMENT NO. 7

**Aim:** Write a database application that uses any JDBC driver.

```
// A database application that uses any JDBC driver.

// import sql package to use it in our program
import java.sql.*;

public class databaseApplication {

public static void main(String[] args) throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException
{
    // store the SQL statement in a string
    String QUERY = "select * from employee_details";
    //register the oracle driver with DriverManager
    Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
    //Here we have used Java 8 so opening the connection in try statement
    try(Connection conn =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/employee","root","1234"))
    {
        Statement statemnt1 = conn.createStatement();
        //Created statement and execute it
        ResultSet rs1 = statemnt1.executeQuery(QUERY);
        {
            //Get the values of the record using while loop
            while(rs1.next())
            {
                int empNumber = rs1.getInt("empNumber");
                String lastName = rs1.getString("lastName");
                String firstName = rs1.getString("firstName");
                String email = rs1.getString("email");
                String deptNum = rs1.getString("deptNum");
                String salary = rs1.getString("salary");
                //store the values which are retrieved using ResultSet and
print it
                System.out.println(empNumber + "," +lastName+ "," +firstName+ ","
+email +","+deptNum +"," +salary);
            }
        }
    }
    catch (SQLException e) {
        //If exception occurs catch it and exit the program
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}
```

**Output:**

Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console

<terminated> databaseApplication [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0\_20  
11,mane,deep,deep@gmail.com,45,4500  
12,rane,ashok,ashokW@gmail.com,7,1200  
13,pawar,raj,raj@gmail.com,4,1234

# EXPERIMENT NO. 8

**Aim:** Write program with suitable example to develop your remote interface, implement you're RMI server, implement application that create your server, also develop security policy file.

## Defining the Remote Interface

### Hello.java

```
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;

// Creating Remote interface for our application
public interface Hello extends Remote {
    void printMsg() throws RemoteException;
}
```

## Developing the Implementation Class (Remote Object)

### ImplExample.java

```
// Implementing the remote interface
public class ImplExample implements Hello {

    // Implementing the interface method
    public void printMsg() {
        System.out.println("This is an example RMI program");
    }
}
```

## Developing the Server Program

### Server.java

```
import java.rmi.registry.Registry;
import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;

public class Server extends ImplExample {
    public Server() {}
    public static void main(String args[]) {
```

```

try {
    // Instantiating the implementation class
    ImplExample obj = new ImplExample();

    // Exporting the object of implementation class
    // (here we are exporting the remote object to the stub)
    Hello stub = (Hello)
UnicastRemoteObject.exportObject(obj, 0);

    // Binding the remote object (stub) in the registry
    Registry registry = LocateRegistry.getRegistry();

    registry.bind("Hello", stub);
    System.out.println("Server ready");
} catch (Exception e) {
    System.out.println("Server exception: " + e.toString());
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}
}
}
}

```

## Developing the Client Program

### **Client.java**

```

import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry;
import java.rmi.registry.Registry;

public class Client {
    private Client() {}
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            // Getting the registry
            Registry registry = LocateRegistry.getRegistry(null);

            // Looking up the registry for the remote object
            Hello stub = (Hello) registry.lookup("Hello");

            // Calling the remote method using the obtained object
            stub.printMsg();

            // System.out.println("Remote method invoked");
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("Client exception: " + e.toString());
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}

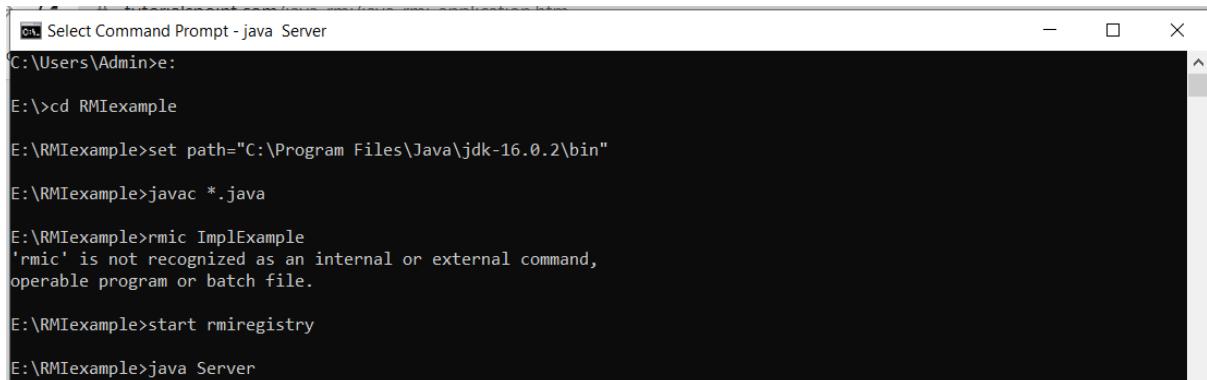
```

# Compiling the Application

```
Javac *.java
```

## Screenshot's of Output:

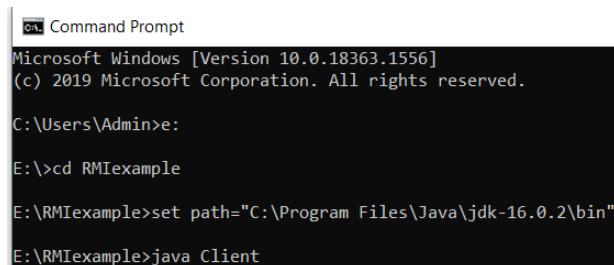
### a) Server



```
C:\ Select Command Prompt - java Server
C:\Users\Admin>e:
E:\>cd RMIexample
E:\RMIexample>set path="C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin"
E:\RMIexample>javac *.java
E:\RMIexample>rmic ImplExample
'rmic' is not recognized as an internal or external command,
operable program or batch file.
E:\RMIexample>start rmiregistry
E:\RMIexample>java Server
```

```
Server ready
This is an example RMI program
```

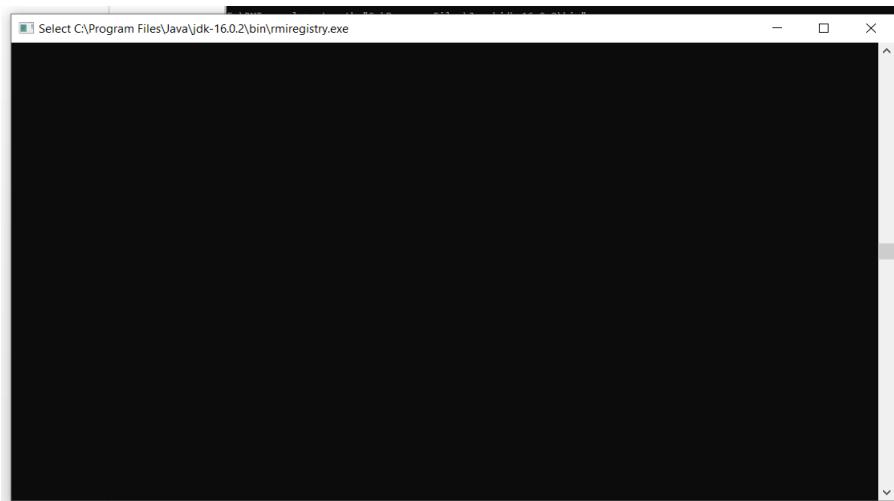
### b) Client



```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18363.1556]
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Admin>e:
E:\>cd RMIexample
E:\RMIexample>set path="C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin"
E:\RMIexample>java Client
```

### c) Rmiregistry



### Program screenshots:

The image displays four Notepad windows containing Java code:

- ImplExample - Notepad**:

```
File Edit Format View Help
// Implementing the remote interface
public class ImplExample implements Hello {
    // Implementing the interface method
    public void printMsg() {
        System.out.println("This is an example RMI program");
    }
}
```
- Hello - Notepad**:

```
File Edit Format View Help
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;

// Creating Remote interface for our application
public interface Hello extends Remote {
    void printMsg() throws RemoteException;
}
```
- Customer - Notepad**:

```
File Edit Format View Help
package com.javatpoint;
Public class Customer implements java.io.Serializable{
    private int acc_no;
    private String firstname,lastname,email;
    private float amount;

    public int getAcc_no() {
        return acc_no;
    }
    public void setAcc_no(int accNo) {
        acc_no = accNo;
    }
    public String getFirstname() {
        return firstname;
    }
    public void setFirstname(String firstname) {
        this.firstname = firstname;
    }
    public String getLastname() {
        return lastname;
    }
}
```
- Client - Notepad**:

```
File Edit Format View Help
import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry;
import java.rmi.registry.Registry;

public class client {
    private Client() {}
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            // Getting the registry
            Registry registry = LocateRegistry.getRegistry(null);
            // Looking up the registry for the remote object
            Hello stub = (Hello) registry.lookup("Hello");
            // Calling the remote method using the obtained object
            stub.printMsg();
            // System.out.println("Remote method invoked");
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.err.println("Client exception: " + e.toString());
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```