

Experiment No. _____

Date ____/____/2020

TITLE OF EXPERIMENT: - A JAVA Program to check palindrome or not

DIVISION: _____ **BRANCH:** _____

BATCH: _____ **ROLL NO.:** _____

PERFORMED ON DATE: _____

SIGNATURE OF TEACHING STAFF:

EXPERIMENT NO. 5

Aim: Develop an RMI application which accepts a string or a number and checks that string or number is palindrome or not.

Software:

1. Command prompt
2. JDK 8
3. Eclipse neon3

Theory:

In this program, you'll learn to check whether a string or number is palindrome or not in Java.

To understand this example, you should have the knowledge of the following Java programming topics:

- Java Strings
- Java while and do...while Loop
- Java for Loop
- Java if...else Statement

Program to check the number is Palindrome or not

Given an integer **N**, write a program that returns true if the given number is a palindrome, else return false.

Examples:

Input: N = 2002

Output: true

Input: N = 1234

Output: false

Check if a number is Palindrome



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A string is called a **palindrome string** if the reverse of that string is the same as the original string. For example, radar, level, etc.

Similarly, a number that is equal to the reverse of that same number is called a **palindrome number**. For example, **3553**, **12321**, etc.

To check a Palindrome in Java, we first reverse the string or number and compare the reversed string or number with the original value.

Example 1: Java Program to Check Palindrome String

```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        String str = "Radar", reverseStr = "";  
  
        int strLength = str.length();  
  
        for (int i = (strLength - 1); i >= 0; --i) {  
            reverseStr = reverseStr + str.charAt(i);  
        }  
  
        if (str.toLowerCase().equals(reverseStr.toLowerCase())) {  
            System.out.println(str + " is a Palindrome String.");  
        }  
        else {  
            System.out.println(str + " is not a Palindrome String.");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Output

```
Radar is a Palindrome String.
```

In the above example, we have a string "Radar" stored in `str`. Here, we have used the

1. for loop to reverse the string

- The loop runs from the end to the beginning of the string.
- The [charAt\(\) method](#) accesses each character of the string.
- Each character of the string is accessed in reverse order and stored in `reverseStr`.

2. if statement to compare str and reverseStr

- The [toLowerCase\(\) method](#) converts both `str` and `reverseStr` to lowercase. This is because Java is case sensitive and 'r' and 'R' are two different values.
- The [equals\(\) method](#) checks if two strings are equal.

Example 2: Java Program to Check Palindrome Number

```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        int num = 3553, reversedNum = 0, remainder;  
  
        // store the number to originalNum  
        int originalNum = num;  
  
        // get the reverse of originalNum  
        // store it in variable  
        while (num != 0) {  
            remainder = num % 10;  
            reversedNum = reversedNum * 10 + remainder;  
            num /= 10;  
        }  
  
        // check if reversedNum and originalNum are equal  
        if (originalNum == reversedNum) {  
            System.out.println(originalNum + " is Palindrome.");  
        }  
        else {
```

```
        System.out.println(originalNum + " is not Palindrome.");
    }
}
```

Output

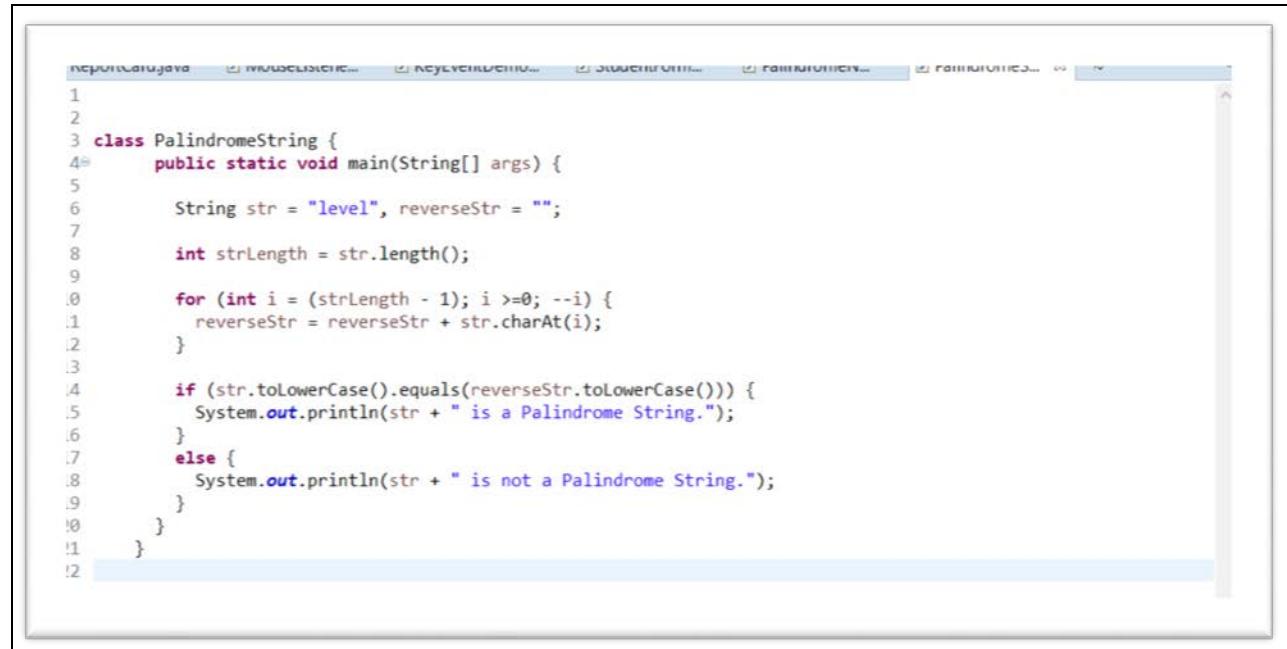
```
3553 is Palindrome.
```

In the above example, we have a number **3553** stored

in num and originalNum variables. Here, we have used the

- **while loop** to reverse num and store the reversed number in reversedNum
- **if...else** to check if reversedNum is same as the originalNum

Screenshot's of Output:



The screenshot shows a Java code editor window with the following code:

```
1
2
3 class PalindromeString {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6         String str = "level", reverseStr = "";
7
8         int strLength = str.length();
9
10        for (int i = (strLength - 1); i >=0; --i) {
11            reverseStr = reverseStr + str.charAt(i);
12        }
13
14        if (str.toLowerCase().equals(reverseStr.toLowerCase())) {
15            System.out.println(str + " is a Palindrome String.");
16        }
17        else {
18            System.out.println(str + " is not a Palindrome String.");
19        }
20    }
21}
```

The code defines a class named `PalindromeString` with a `main` method. It takes a string "level" and initializes a variable `reverseStr` to an empty string. It then uses a `for` loop to iterate from the end of the string to the beginning, adding each character to `reverseStr`. Finally, it compares the original string `str` in lowercase with the reversed string `reverseStr` in lowercase. If they are equal, it prints "is a Palindrome String.". Otherwise, it prints "is not a Palindrome String.".

```
Problems Javadoc Declaration Console 
terminated> PalindromeString [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_202\bin\javaw.exe (13-Apr-2022, 12:46:23 PM)
.evel is a Palindrome String.
```

Conclusion: