

Given a set of *non-overlapping* intervals, insert a new interval into the intervals (merge if necessary).

You may assume that the intervals were initially sorted according to their start times.

Example 1:

Input: intervals = [[1,3],[6,9]], newInterval = [2,5]

Output: [[1,5],[6,9]]

Example 2:

Input: intervals = [[1,2],[3,5],[6,7],[8,10],[12,16]], newInterval = [4,8]

Output: [[1,2],[3,10],[12,16]]

Explanation: Because the new interval [4,8] overlaps with [3,5],[6,7],[8,10].

Example 3:

Input: intervals = [], newInterval = [5,7]

Output: [[5,7]]

Example 4:

Input: intervals = [[1,5]], newInterval = [2,3]

Output: [[1,5]]

Example 5:

Input: intervals = [[1,5]], newInterval = [2,7]

Output: [[1,7]]

Constraints:

- $0 \leq \text{intervals.length} \leq 10^4$
- $\text{intervals}[i].\text{length} == 2$
- $0 \leq \text{intervals}[i][0] \leq \text{intervals}[i][1] \leq 10^5$
- intervals is sorted by intervals[i][0] in **ascending** order.
- $\text{newInterval.length} == 2$
- $0 \leq \text{newInterval}[0] \leq \text{newInterval}[1] \leq 10^5$