```
def Maxwells_Equations_in_Geometric_Calculus():
     Print_Function()
    X = symbols('t x y z')
     (g0, g1, g2, g3, grad) = MV. setup('gamma*t|x|y|z', metric='[1, -1, -1, -1]', coords=X)
     I = MV. I
    B = MV('B', 'vector', fct=True)
    E = MV('E', 'vector', fct=True)
    B. set_coef(1,0,0)
    E. set_coef (1,0,0)
    B = g0
    E = g0
     J = MV('J', 'vector', fct=True)
    F = E + I * B
     print r'\text{Pseudo Scalar\;\;} I =', I
     print '\\text{Magnetic Field Bi-Vector\\;\\;} B = \\bm{B\\gamma_{t}} = ',B
     print ' \setminus text\{Electric Field Bi-Vector \setminus ; \setminus ; \} E = \setminus bm\{E \setminus gamma_\{t\}\} = ', E
     print ' \setminus text\{Electromagnetic Field Bi-Vector \setminus ; \setminus ; \} F = E+IB = ',F
     print '%\\text{Four Current Density\\;\\;} J =',J
     gradF = grad*F
     print '#Geometric Derivative of Electomagnetic Field Bi-Vector'
     gradF.Fmt(3, 'grad*F')
     print '#Maxwell Equations'
     print 'grad*F = J'
     print '#Div $E$ and Curl $H$ Equations'
     (\operatorname{grad} F. \operatorname{grad} e(1) - J).\operatorname{Fmt}(3, '\%\backslash \operatorname{grad} e\{\backslash \operatorname{nabla} F\}_{-}\{1\} - J = 0')
     print '#Curl $E$ and Div $B$ equations'
     (\operatorname{gradF.grade}(3)).\operatorname{Fmt}(3, '\%\backslash\operatorname{grade}\{\backslash\backslash\operatorname{nabla} F\}_{-}\{3\} = 0')
     return
```

Code Output:

```
Pseudo Scalar I = \gamma_t \wedge \gamma_x \wedge \gamma_y \wedge \gamma_z
```

Magnetic Field Bi-Vector $B = \mathbf{B}\gamma_t = -B^x\gamma_t \wedge \gamma_x - B^y\gamma_t \wedge \gamma_y - B^z\gamma_t \wedge \gamma_z$

Electric Field Bi-Vector $E = \mathbf{E}\gamma_t = -E^x\gamma_t \wedge \gamma_x - E^y\gamma_t \wedge \gamma_y - E^z\gamma_t \wedge \gamma_z$

Electromagnetic Field Bi-Vector $F = E + IB = -E^x \gamma_t \wedge \gamma_x - E^y \gamma_t \wedge \gamma_y - E^z \gamma_t \wedge \gamma_z - B^z \gamma_x \wedge \gamma_y + B^y \gamma_x \wedge \gamma_z - B^x \gamma_y \wedge \gamma_z$

Four Current Density $J = J^t \gamma_t + J^x \gamma_x + J^y \gamma_y + J^z \gamma_z$

Geometric Derivative of Electomagnetic Field Bi-Vector Maxwell Equations

 $\nabla F = J$

Div E and Curl H Equations Curl E and Div B equations

```
def Dirac_Equation_in_Geometric_Calculus():
    Print_Function()
    vars = symbols('t x y z')
    (g0,g1,g2,g3,grad) = MV.setup('gamma*t | x | y | z', metric='[1,-1,-1,-1]', coords=vars)
    I = MV.I
    (m,e) = symbols('m e')
    psi = MV('psi', 'spinor', fct=True)
    A = MV('A', 'vector', fct=True)
    sig_z = g3*g0
    print '\\text{4-Vector Potential\\;\\;}\\bm{A} = ', A
    print '\\text{8-component real spinor\\;\\;}\\bm{\\psi} = ', psi
    dirac_eq = (grad*psi)*I*sig_z = -e*A*psi-m*psi*g0
    dirac_eq.simplify()
    dirac_eq.simplify()
    dirac_eq.Fmt(3,r'%\text{Dirac Equation\;\;}\ nabla \bm{\\psi} I \sigma_{z}-e\bm{A}\bm{\\psi}-m\bm{\\psi}\gamma_{t} = 0')
    return
```

Code Output:

```
4-Vector Potential \mathbf{A} = A^t \gamma_t + A^x \gamma_x + A^y \gamma_y + A^z \gamma_z
8-component real spinor \mathbf{\psi} = \psi + \psi^{tx} \gamma_t \wedge \gamma_x + \psi^{ty} \gamma_t \wedge \gamma_y + \psi^{tz} \gamma_t \wedge \gamma_z + \psi^{xy} \gamma_x \wedge \gamma_y + \psi^{xz} \gamma_x \wedge \gamma_z + \psi^{yz} \gamma_y \wedge \gamma_z + \psi^{txyz} \gamma_t \wedge \gamma_x \wedge \gamma_y \wedge \gamma_z
```

```
def Lorentz_Tranformation_in_Geometric_Algebra():
                  Print_Function()
                  (alpha, beta, gamma) = symbols ('alpha beta gamma')
                  (x,t,xp,tp) = symbols("x t x' t")
                   (g0,g1) = MV. setup('gamma*t|x', metric='[1,-1]')
                 from sympy import sinh, cosh
                R = \cosh(alpha/2) + \sinh(alpha/2) * (g0^g1)
                X = t *g0+x*g1
                Xp = tp*g0+xp*g1
                 print 'R = ',R
                  \textbf{print} \quad \text{"$\#\%$t } \\  \text{print} \quad \text{"$\#\%$
                 Xpp = R*Xp*R.rev()
                 Xpp = Xpp.collect()
                 Xpp = Xpp. subs(\{2*sinh(alpha/2)*cosh(alpha/2):sinh(alpha), sinh(alpha/2)**2+cosh(alpha/2)**2:cosh(alpha)\})
                  print r"%t \mbox{\sc yamma-{t}}+x\mbox{\sc yamma-{x}} = ", Xpp
                Xpp = Xpp. subs ({ sinh (alpha): gamma*beta, cosh (alpha): gamma})
                  \mathbf{print} \ r'\% \{ \{ \sinh \} \{ \} = \} 
                  print r'\% \{ \cosh \} \{ \alpha \} = \gamma'
                  print r"\%t \mbox{\sc collect ()}
                 return
```

Code Output:

$$\begin{split} R &= \cosh\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)\gamma_t \wedge \gamma_x \\ t\gamma_t + x\gamma_x &= t'\gamma_t' + x'\gamma_x' = R\left(t'\gamma_t + x'\gamma_x\right)R^\dagger \\ t\gamma_t + x\gamma_x &= \left(2t'\sinh^2\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) + t' - x'\sinh\left(\alpha\right)\right)\gamma_t + \left(-t'\sinh\left(\alpha\right) + 2x'\sinh^2\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) + x'\right)\gamma_x \\ \sinh\left(\alpha\right) &= \gamma\beta \\ \cosh\left(\alpha\right) &= \gamma \\ t\gamma_t + x\gamma_x &= \left(-\beta\gamma x' + 2t'\sinh^2\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) + t'\right)\gamma_t + \left(-\beta\gamma t' + 2x'\sinh^2\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) + x'\right)\gamma_x \end{split}$$