```
//q2.1
  //q2.1.1
  #include <stdlib.h>
  #include <string.h>
  #include <assert.h>
  char *stringduplicator(char *s, int times){ //convention1 //convention2
      assert(!s);
                   //coding1
      assert(times > 0);
      int LEN = strlen(*s); //coding2 //convention3
      char *out = malloc(LEN * times);
                                        //coding3
      assert(out); //coding4
      for (int i = 0; i < times; i++) {</pre>
      out = out + LEN; //convention4
      strcpy(out, s);
      return out; //coding5
  //conventions errors-
  //convention1- function name should start with upper lettter from the second word and on.
  //convention2- wording function names as verbs, not action names.
  //convention3- variables names should not be in capital letteres (LEN).
  //convention4- no indentation is used in if block.
 //coding erroes-
 //coding1- if the string s isn't NULL we sholud continue the program running and not
  //collapse the program.
 //coding2- strlen function input is pointer. using dereferance to a pointer sends
   //to strlen valuse instead of pointer.
 //coding3- no memory allocation was made for '/0' at the end of the new srting,
  //and generally need to duplicate sizeof(len) because the allocation is of bits.
 //coding4- assert check if out is NULL. if the string out is NULL we sholud return
     //NULL and not collapse the program.
 //coding5- out is not a pointer for the start of the string beacuse we promoted out
     //pointer in the loop instead of promoting copy of the pointer.
//q2.1.2
//Fixed version of the above code
char *duplicateTheString(char *s, int times)
{
    if(s == NULL)
       return NULL;
    assert(times > 0);
    int len = strlen(s);
    char *out = malloc(sizeof(len) * times + 1 );
    if (out == NULL)
        return NULL;
    char *out_copy = out;
    for (int i = 0; i < times; i++)
        strcpy(out_copy, s);
        out_copy = out_copy + len;
    return out;
```

```
//dry part 2.1.2
 //sorted_linked_list.h
 #ifndef SORTED LINK LIST
 #define SORTED LINK LIST
 #include <stdbool.h>
 typedef struct node_t *Node;
 typedef enum {
     SUCCESS=0,
     MEMORY_ERROR,
     EMPTY_LIST,
     UNSORTED_LIST,
     NULL ARGUMENT,
 } ErrorCode;
 int getListLength(Node list);
 bool isListSorted(Node list);
/*merge two sorted lists
/* Return valus-
   MEMORY_ERROR - if memory allocation failed
   EMPTY LIST -if one of the lists is NULL
   UNSORTED_LIST - if one of the lists was unsorted
   NULL_ARGUMENT - if the merge pointer is NULL
   SUCCESS - if the merged list was created successfully
ErrorCode mergeSortedLists(Node list1, Node list2, Node *mergedOut);
/*destroy the list*/
void destroyList(Node list);
/* create new node with minimal value.
Return valus-
   NULL - if memory allocation failed
    ptr - ptr to the new node with the given value*/
Node createNode(int value);
/* Return valus- if list is NULL return new node,
else add new_node to the end of list and return pointer to the head of list
Error values- NULL if create next node was failed*/
Node addNodeToMergedList (Node head, Node new node);
#endif
```

```
1
     //sorted_linked_list.c
     #include "sorted linked list.h"
     #include <stdbool.h>
     #include <stdlib.h>
     #include <stdio.h>
     #include <assert.h>
 8
     typedef struct node_t {
         int x;
10
         struct node_t *next;
11
     };
12
13
     Node createNode(int value)
14
         Node ptr = (Node)malloc(sizeof(*ptr));
15
         if (ptr == NULL)
              return NULL;
17
18
         ptr->x = value;
19
         ptr->next= NULL;
         return ptr;
21
     }
22
23
     Node addNodeToMergedList(Node head, Node new_node)
24
     {
25
         if(head == NULL)
              return new_node;
27
         Node ptr = head;
28
         while(ptr->next){
29
              ptr = ptr->next;
30
         ptr->next = new_node;
         return head;
     }
34
     void destroyList(Node ptr)
     {
         while(ptr){
38
             Node to_delete = ptr;
             ptr = ptr->next;
             free(to_delete);
     }
```

```
ErrorCode mergeSortedLists(Node list1, Node list2, Node *mergedOut)
44
         if (mergedOut == NULL) {
             return NULL_ARGUMENT;
47
         if (list1 == NULL || list2 == NULL){
             mergedOut = NULL;
             return EMPTY_LIST;
         Node ptr_list1= list1, ptr_list2= list2;
54
         if (isListSorted(ptr_list1) == false || isListSorted(ptr_list2) == false){
             return UNSORTED_LIST;
         Node new_list = NULL;
58
         int next smaller value;
         while(ptr_list1 != NULL || ptr_list2 != NULL)
             if((ptr_list1 == NULL && ptr_list2 != NULL) || ptr_list1->x > ptr_list2->x)
62
                 next_smaller_value = ptr_list2->x;
                 ptr_list2++;
65
             else {
                 next smaller value = ptr list1->x;
                 ptr_list1++;
70
             Node next_node = createNode(next_smaller_value);
71
             if(next_node == NULL){
                 destroyList(new list);
                 mergedOut = NULL;
                 return MEMORY_ERROR;
76
             new_list = addNodeToMergedList (new_list, next_node);
         mergedOut = new_list;
78
79
         return SUCCESS;
```