

TEST REPORT

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Patient Name: MR. ALESSANDRO TENCONI

Age / Gender: 29 Yrs 2 M / Male DOB: 22/11/1992

Mobile No.: 766677273 Patient ID/SRF ID: 261173

Referral: SELF

Organization: VICTOR HOSPITAL

Collection Time: Jan 31, 2022, 12:33 p.m. Reporting Time: Jan 31, 2022, 09:25 p.m.

Sample ID:

Investigations Result(s)

AUTOMATED SARS COV-2 RT-PCR

SARS-COV-2 RNA **NEGATIVE**

Specimen Type: Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swab

Method: Real Time PCR Targeting ORF1ab and N Gene

ICMR Registration ID: RPVHMMG

INTERPRETATION:

SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus is the causative agent of COVID-19 disease. Main symptoms of the disease include fever, cough and shortness of breath. The virus is spread via person-to-person contact through respiratory droplets or fomites. The SARS-CoV-2 RNA is generally detectable in nasopharyngeal/ oropharyngeal swabs during the acute phase of infection. Real Time PCR assay targets specific genes and can be used for diagnosis of SARS-CoV-2 virus infection which contributes to severe upper respiratory distress and complications. Positive result indicates that RNA from SARS-CoV-2 was detected in the specimen, and the patient is considered infected with the virus and presumed to be contagious. Negative test result for this test means that SARS-CoV-2 RNA was not detected in the specimen above the limit of detection of the assay.

LIMITATIONS:

Negative results do not preclude COVID-19 and should not be used as the sole basis for patient management decisions. Negative results must be combined with clinical observations, patient history and epidemiological information. Positive results do not rule out bacterial infection or co-infection with other viruses. Optimum specimen types and timing for peak viral levels during infections caused by 2019-nCoV have not been determined. Collection of multiple specimens (types and time points) from the same patient may be necessary to detect the virus. Follow-up testing may particularly be important if patient has a clinical picture of viral pneumonia, a potential exposure history, and/or radiographic findings (chest CT scan) consistent with COVID-19 pneumonia. However repeat testing in the near-term after clearance (within 90 days) should be avoided as prolonged shedding of non-viable virus is not uncommon. Ct values generated from different assay systems within the same laboratory, or from different laboratories, are not directly comparable and do not necessarily reflect the same viral load due to inter-assay and inter-laboratory variability. Variation in timing of sample collection, fluctuations in virus shedding, and difference between detection limit of different testing methods within same or different labs could lead to variation in results particularly during initial phase of infection. If the virus mutates in the RT-PCR target region, 2019-nCoV may not be detected or may be detected less predictably. Inhibitors or other types of interference may produce a false negative result. The performance of this test has not been established for monitoring treatment of 2019-nCoV infection.

REFERENCES:

1. Laboratory testing for coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in suspected human cases. Interim guidance. World Health Organization. 2. Druce et al. JCM. 2011 3. N. Engl. J. Med. 2020, 382, 929-936.

END OF REPORT

"This report is computer generated and does not require any sign or stamp on it"

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