

Managing Big Data

Homework #2

Due: turned in by Mon 01/27/2020 before class

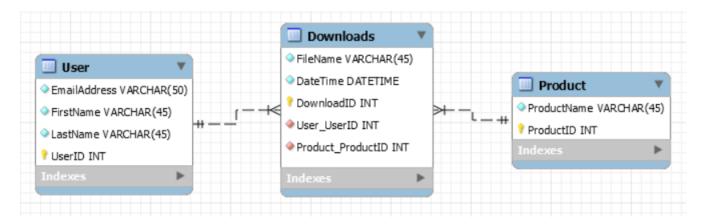
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(put your name above)

Total grade:	out of	100	_ points

There are 5 numbered questions. Please answer them all and submit your assignment as a single PDF or Word file by uploading it to the HW2 drop-box on the course website. You should provide: SQL statements, results of the SQL statement (typically copy first 10 rows), and answers to questions, if any.

- 1. Use MySQL Workbench to create an EER diagram for a database that stores information about the downloads that users make.
 - Each user must have an email address, first name, and last name.
 - Each user can have one or more downloads.
 - Each download must have a filename and download date/time.
 - Each product can be related to one or more downloads.
 - Each product must have a name.



- 2. Use MySQL Workbench to open the EER diagram that you created in exercise 1. Then, export a script that creates the database and save this script in a file named ex3-2.sql. Next, use MySQL Workbench to open this file and review it. Report the script here.
- -- MySQL Script generated by MySQL Workbench
- -- Sun Jan 26 21:48:50 2020
- -- Model: New Model Version: 1.0
- -- MySQL Workbench Forward Engineering

SET @OLD_UNIQUE_CHECKS=@@UNIQUE_CHECKS, UNIQUE_CHECKS=0; SET @OLD_FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=@@FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS, FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=0; SET @OLD_SQL_MODE=@@SQL_MODE, SQL_MODE='ONLY_FULL_GROUP_BY,STRICT_TRANS_TABLES,NO_ZERO_IN_DATE,NO_ZERO_DA TE,ERROR FOR DIVISION BY ZERO,NO ENGINE SUBSTITUTION';

-- Schema my_web_db
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CREATE SCHEMA IF NOT EXISTS 'my_web_db' DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8;

```
USE `my_web_db`;
-- Table `my_web_db`.`User`
______
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `my_web_db`.`User` (
 `EmailAddress` VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
`FirstName` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
`LastName` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
'UserID' INT NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`UserID`))
ENGINE = InnoDB;
-- Table `my_web_db`.`Product`
______
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `my_web_db`.`Product` (
`ProductName` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
`ProductID` INT NOT NULL.
PRIMARY KEY (`ProductID`))
ENGINE = InnoDB;
-- Table `my_web_db`.`Downloads`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `my_web_db`.`Downloads` (
 `FileName` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
`DateTime` DATETIME NOT NULL,
`DownloadID` INT NOT NULL,
 `User UserID` INT NOT NULL.
`Product ProductID` INT NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY ('DownloadID'),
INDEX `fk_Downloads_User_idx` (`User_UserID` ASC) VISIBLE,
 INDEX `fk Downloads Product1 idx` (`Product ProductID` ASC) VISIBLE,
 CONSTRAINT `fk Downloads User`
 FOREIGN KEY ('User UserID')
 REFERENCES `my_web_db`.`User` (`UserID`)
 ON DELETE NO ACTION
 ON UPDATE NO ACTION.
 CONSTRAINT 'fk Downloads Product1'
 FOREIGN KEY (`Product_ProductID`)
 REFERENCES `my_web_db`.`Product` (`ProductID`)
 ON DELETE NO ACTION
 ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
ENGINE = InnoDB;
```

SET SQL MODE=@OLD SQL MODE;

SET FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=@OLD_FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS; SET UNIQUE_CHECKS=@OLD_UNIQUE_CHECKS;

- 3. Run the script you created in exercise 2 to create the database under the name my_web_db. Write a script that adds rows to the database. In particular,
 - Add two rows to the Users and Products tables.
 - Add three rows to the Downloads table:
 - one row for user 1 and product 2;
 - one row for user 2 and product 1;
 - and one row for user 2 and product 2.
 - **Output** Use the NOW function to insert the current date and time into the download_date column.

Write a SELECT statement that joins the three tables and retrieves the data from these tables like this:

	email_address	first_name	last_name	download_date	filename	product_name
F	johnsmith@gmail.com	John	Smith	2015-04-24 16:15:38	pedals_are_falling.mp3	Local Music Vol 1
	janedoe@yahoo.com	Jane	Doe	2015-04-24 16:15:38	tum_signal.mp3	Local Music Vol 1
	janedoe@yahoo.com	Jane	Doe	2015-04-24 16:15:38	one_horse_town.mp3	Local Music Vol 2

Sort the results by the email address in descending sequence and the product name in ascending sequence.

use my_web_db; INSERT INTO user values ('johnsmith@gmail.com','John','Smith',1), ('janedoe@yahoo.com','Jane','Doe',2);

INSERT into product values('Local Music Vol 1',100), ('Local Music Vol 2',101);

INSERT INTO downloads

values('pedals_are_falling.mp3', now(),401,1,100), ('turn_signal.mp3', now(),402,2,100), ('one_horse_down', now(),403,2,101);

select emailaddress as email_address,firstname as first_name,lastname as last_name,datetime as download_date,filename, productname as product_name from user join downloads on userID = user_userID join product on productid=product.productid order by emailaddress desc,productname;

	email_address	first_name	last_name	download_date	filename	product_name
١	johnsmith@gmail.com	John	Smith	2020-01-24 12:51:57	pedals_are_falling.mp3	Local Music Vol 1
	janedoe@yahoo.com	Jane	Doe	2020-01-24 12:51:57	turn_signal.mp3	Local Music Vol 1
	janedoe@yahoo.com	Jane	Doe	2020-01-24 12:51:57	one_horse_down.mp3	Local Music Vol 2

4. Create a view named customer_addresses that shows the shipping and billing addresses for each customer in the *my_guitar_shop* database. This view should return these columns from the Customers table: customer_id, email_address, last_name, and first_name. This view should also return these

columns from the Addresses table: bill_line1, bill_line2, bill_city, bill_state, bill_zip, ship_line1, ship_line2, ship_city, ship_state, and ship_zip. The rows in this view should be sorted by the last_name and then first_name columns.

create view customer addresses as

select c.customer_id, c.email_address, c.last_name,c.first_name,a1.line1 as bill_line1,a1.line2 as bill_line2,a1.city as bill_city,a1.state as bill_state,a1.zip_code as bill_zip,a2.line1 as ship_line1,a2.line2 as ship_line2,a2.city as ship_city,a2.state as ship_state,a2.zip_code as ship_zip

from customers c,addresses a1,addresses a2 where c.billing_address_id = a1.address_id and c.shipping_address_id = a2.address_id order by last_name, first_name;

select * from customer_addresses



5. Write a script that creates and calls a stored function named discount_price that calculates the discount price of an item in the Order_Items table of the *my_guitar_shop* database (discount amount subtracted from item price). To do that, this function should accept one parameter for the item ID, and it should return the value of the discount price for that item.

create function discount_price(
items_id int)
returns decimal(10,2)
deterministic
return
(select item_price-discount_amount as discount_price
from order_items
where item_id = items_id);

select discount_price(1);

