# Analize the dataset <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/fmena14/volcanoesvenus">https://www.kaggle.com/fmena14/volcanoesvenus</a> and predict if the image of Venus surface has a Volcano

# Using the tools:

## DecisionTreeClassifier, GaussianNB and RandomForestClassifier

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
   from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
   from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
   from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

## **Exploratory Analysis**

```
In [2]: df_train = pd.read_csv("Volcanoes_train/train_images.csv",header=None)
    df_test = pd.read_csv("Volcanoes_test/test_images.csv",header=None)
    print("Shapes training: ",df_train.shape)
    print("Shapes test: ",df_test.shape)
    df_train.head()
```

Shapes training: (7000, 12100) Shapes test: (2734, 12100)

Out[2]:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		12090	12091	12092	12093	12094	12095	12096	12097	12098	12099
0	95	101	99	103	95	86	96	89	70	104		111	107	92	89	103	99	117	116	118	96
1	91	92	91	89	92	93	96	101	107	104	:	103	92	93	95	98	105	104	100	90	81
2	87	70	72	74	84	78	93	104	106	106		84	71	95	102	94	80	91	80	84	90
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		94	81	89	84	80	90	92	80	88	96
4	114	118	124	119	95	118	105	116	123	112		116	113	102	93	109	104	106	117	111	115

5 rows × 12100 columns

```
In [3]: train_labels = pd.read_csv("Volcanoes_train/train_labels.csv")
    test_labels = pd.read_csv("Volcanoes_test/test_labels.csv")
    print("Shapes labels training: ", train_labels.shape)
    print("Shapes labels test: ", test_labels.shape)
    train_labels.head()
```

Shapes labels training: (7000, 4) Shapes labels test: (2734, 4)

Out[3]:

		Volcano?	Туре	Radius	Number Volcanoes			
Ī	0	1	3.0	17.46	1.0			
	1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN			
Ī	2	0	NaN	NaN	NaN			
	3	0	NaN	NaN	NaN			
	4	0	NaN	NaN	NaN			

#### To see the images of Venus

```
In [57]: train_reshape = df_train.values.reshape((df_train.shape[0],1,110,110)) #to recover matrix form
train_reshape_graunded_to_rgb = train_reshape_graunded_to_rgb.transpose([0, 2, 3, 1])
```

```
In [72]: label_names = ["No","Yes"]
    def visualize(X,Y):
        aux = train_reshape_graunded_to_rgb_transpose[X]

        f,ax = plt.subplots(1,figsize=(8,3))
        ax.set_title("Volcano?: %s "%(label_names[Y["Volcano?"][X]]))

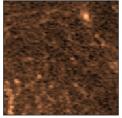
        ax.imshow(aux[:,:,0],cmap='copper')
        ax.set_yticks([])
        ax.set_yticks([])
        plt.show()
        print(Y.loc[X,:])

        visualize(0,train_labels), visualize(20,train_labels), visualize(6500,train_labels)
```

# Volcano?: Yes

Volcano? 1.00 Type 3.00 Radius 17.46 Number Volcanoes 1.00 Name: 0, dtype: float64





Volcano? 0.0
Type NaN
Radius NaN
Number Volcanoes NaN
Name: 20, dtype: float64

Volcano?: No



Volcano? 0.0
Type NaN
Radius NaN
Number Volcanoes NaN
Name: 6500, dtype: float64

Out[72]: (None, None, None)

# Let's get just the first column from the labels

```
In [4]: y_train_label = train_labels[['Volcano?']].copy()
    y_test_label = test_labels[['Volcano?']].copy()
```

# Try to predict using the Decision Tree

```
In [9]: volcanoesVenus_classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_leaf_nodes=70, random_state=0)
         volcanoesVenus_classifier.fit(df_train, y_train_label)
 Out[9]: DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight=None, criterion='gini', max_depth=None,
                     max_features=None, max_leaf_nodes=70,
                     min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                     min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                     min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, presort=False, random_state=0,
                     splitter='best')
In [10]: | predictionsVolcanoes = volcanoesVenus_classifier.predict(df_test)
In [11]: predictionsVolcanoes[:10]
Out[11]: array([0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [12]: y_test_label['Volcano?'][:10]
Out[12]: 0
              1
         3
              a
         4
              1
         5
              0
         8
              0
         Name: Volcano?, dtype: int64
In [13]: accuracy_score(y_true = y_test_label, y_pred = predictionsVolcanoes)
Out[13]: 0.9008778346744697
```

### Try to predict using the Gaussian NB

```
In [14]: gnb = GaussianNB()
    model = gnb.fit(df_train, y_train_label.values.ravel())

In [15]: preds = gnb.predict(df_test)
    accuracy_score(y_test_label, preds)

Out[15]: 0.3357717629846379
```

### Try to predict using the Random Forest

In [18]: accuracy\_score(y\_test\_label, predictionsVolcanoesRandomFor)

Out[18]: 0.8427212874908558