

Deep Learning for NLP - Project

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1) Using the orthogonality and the properties of the trace, prove that, for X and Y two matrices: $W^* = \operatorname{argmin}_{W \in O_d(R)} \|WX - Y\|_F = UV^T$, with $U\Sigma V^T = \operatorname{SVD}(YX^T)$

Answer: We have : $\|WX - Y\|_F^2 = \|WX\|_F^2 + \|Y\|_F^2 - 2\langle WX, Y \rangle_F$

Since $W \in O_d(R)$, we get : $\|WX\|_F^2 = \operatorname{Tra}(X^T W^T W X) = \operatorname{Tra}(X^T X) = \|X\|_F^2$

then : $\operatorname{argmin}_{W \in O_d(R)} \|WX - Y\|_F = \operatorname{argmax}_{W \in O_d(R)} \langle WX, Y \rangle_F$

and : $\langle WX, Y \rangle_F = \operatorname{Tra}(X^T W^T Y) = \operatorname{Tra}(Y X^T W^T)$

Using the SVD of YX^T : $YX^T = U\Sigma V^T$, with $U, V \in O_d(R)$ and Σ is a diagonal matrix with non-negative real numbers on the diagonal

We get : $\langle WX, Y \rangle_F = \operatorname{Tra}(U\Sigma V^T W^T) = \operatorname{Tra}(\Sigma V^T W^T U)$

Since : $U^T W V \in O_d(R)$ we get : $\operatorname{argmax}_{W \in O_d(R)} \operatorname{Tra}(\Sigma V^T W^T U) = \operatorname{argmax}_{W \in O_d(R)} \operatorname{Tra}(\Sigma W^T)$

Since Σ is diagonal : $[\Sigma W]_{i,i} = \sum_{k=1}^p [\Sigma]_{i,k} [W]_{k,i} = [\Sigma]_{i,i} [W]_{i,i}$

which gives : $\operatorname{Tra}(\Sigma W^T) = \sum_{i=1}^p [\Sigma]_{i,i} [W]_{i,i}$

Since $W \in O_d(R)$, we have : $\forall j, \sum_{i=1}^p [W]_{i,j}^2 = 1$ which gives $-1 \leq [W]_{i,j} \leq 1 \quad \forall i, j$

We conclude that : $\operatorname{argmax}_{W \in O_d(R)} \langle WX, Y \rangle_F \leq \sum_{i=1}^p [\Sigma]_{i,i} = \operatorname{Tra}(\Sigma)$.

This maximum is attainable when $W = UV^T$, since $\langle UV^T X, Y \rangle_F = \operatorname{Tra}(Y^T UV^T X) = \operatorname{Tra}(XY^T UV^T) = \operatorname{Tra}(V\Sigma U^T UV^T) = \operatorname{Tra}(\Sigma)$

Finally, $UV^T = \operatorname{argmax}_{W \in O_d(R)} \langle WX, Y \rangle_F = \operatorname{argmin}_{W \in O_d(R)} \|WX - Y\|_F$ with $U\Sigma V^T = \operatorname{SVD}(YX^T)$

Question : What is your training and dev errors using either the average of word vectors or the weighted-average?

Answer: Using the average of word vectors and the Logistic Regression classifier, we get an accuracy of:

- On train set : 47.94 %
- On dev set : 43.6 %

Using the weighted-average of word vectors and the Logistic Regression classifier, we get an accuracy of:

- On train set : 48.68 %
- On dev set : 42.51 %

Question : Which loss did you use? Write the mathematical expression of the loss you used for the 5-class classification.

The loss that I used is the 'categorical_crossentropy'. Its mathematical expression for the 5-class classification is:

$$L(\hat{y}, y) = -\frac{1}{5} \sum_{i=1}^5 (y_i \log \hat{y}_i + (1 - y_i) \log(1 - \hat{y}_i))$$