Socialisation Graphs

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R Markdown

```
library(ggplot2)
data = read.csv("data/Student data standard.csv")
library(tidyverse)
                                                                - tidyverse 1.2.1 —
## - Attaching packages -
## ✓ tibble 1.4.2
                       ✓ purrr
                                 0.2.4
## / tidyr 0.8.0

✓ dplyr

                                 0.7.4
## ✔ readr
                       ✓ stringr 1.3.0
             1.1.1
## ✓ tibble 1.4.2
                       ✓ forcats 0.3.0
## -- Conflicts -
                                                          - tidyverse conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
summary(data)
```

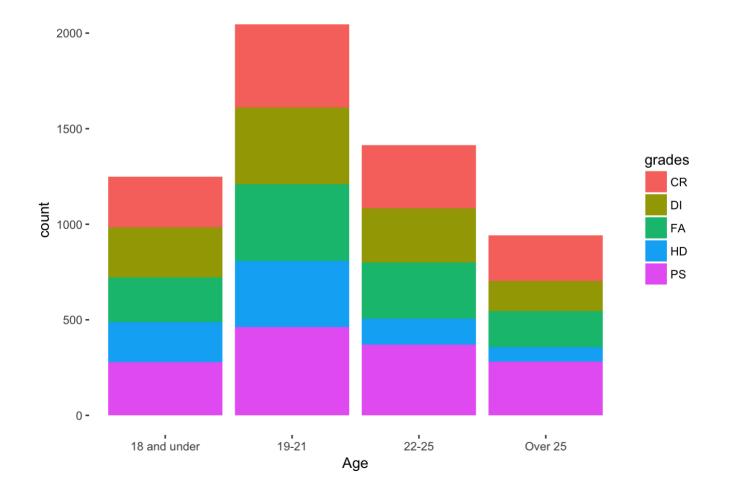
```
##
                  Domestic.Intl Gender
        Year
                                                Mode
##
   Min.
          :2012
                  D:3814
                                F:2665
                                       Full time: 4310
##
   1st Ou.:2013
                  I:1838
                                M:2987
                                       Part time:1342
##
   Median :2015
   Mean :2015
   3rd Qu.:2016
##
##
   Max. :2017
##
                       Unit.of.Study Unit.of.Study.Level
##
             Age
   18 and under:1248
                       Unit E : 575
                                      Advanced
                                                 : 893
                       Unit B : 548
   19-21
               :2047
                                      Fundamental:2195
##
##
   22-25
               :1414
                       Unit A : 521
                                      Mainstream :2564
##
   Over 25
              : 943
                       Unit C : 509
                       Unit H: 495
##
##
                       Unit G: 475
##
                       (Other):2529
##
   Unit.of.Study.Grade
                           Count
                       Min. : 1.00
##
   CR:1273
   DI:1103
                       1st Qu.: 1.00
##
##
   FA:1115
                       Median: 3.00
##
   HD: 771
                       Mean : 11.41
   PS:1390
                       3rd Qu.: 10.00
##
##
                       Max.
                             :282.00
##
```

str(data)

```
5652 obs. of 9 variables:
##
  'data.frame':
##
   $ Year
                         : int 2013 2012 2013 2013 2012 2014 2012 2012 2016 2014 ...
                         : Factor w/ 2 levels "D", "I": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
    $ Domestic.Intl
    $ Gender
                         : Factor w/ 2 levels "F", "M": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
                         : Factor w/ 2 levels "Full time", "Part time": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
   $ Mode
1 1 1 ...
##
   $ Age
                         : Factor w/ 4 levels "18 and under",..: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
. . .
##
   $ Unit.of.Study
                         : Factor w/ 14 levels "Unit A", "Unit B",..: 3 5 2 1 1 3 2 3
2 5 ...
   $ Unit.of.Study.Level: Factor w/ 3 levels "Advanced", "Fundamental",..: 3 3 3 3
3 3 3 3 ...
   $ Unit.of.Study.Grade: Factor w/ 5 levels "CR","DI","FA",..: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
##
   $ Count
                         : int 282 263 252 233 228 220 219 207 192 186 ...
```

does age influence study grade?

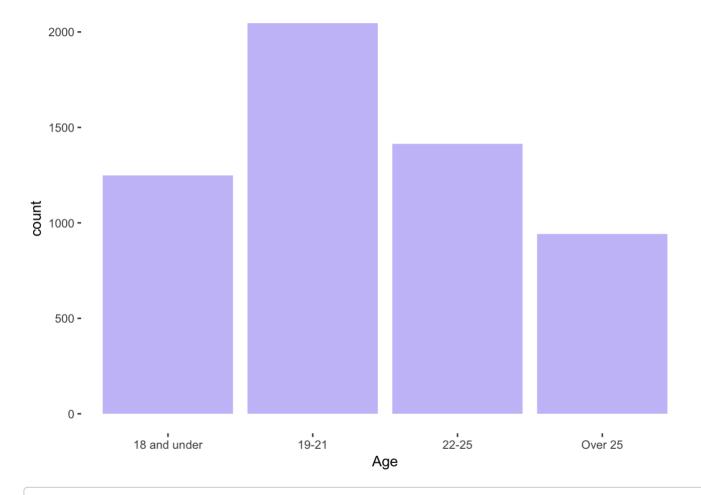
```
grades = data$Unit.of.Study.Grade
ggplot(data=data) +
  geom_bar(mapping=aes(x=data$Age, fill = grades ))+
  theme(panel.background=element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.background=element_blank()) +
  scale_x_discrete(name="Age")
```



```
table( data$Age)
```

```
##
## 18 and under 19-21 22-25 Over 25
## 1248 2047 1414 943
```

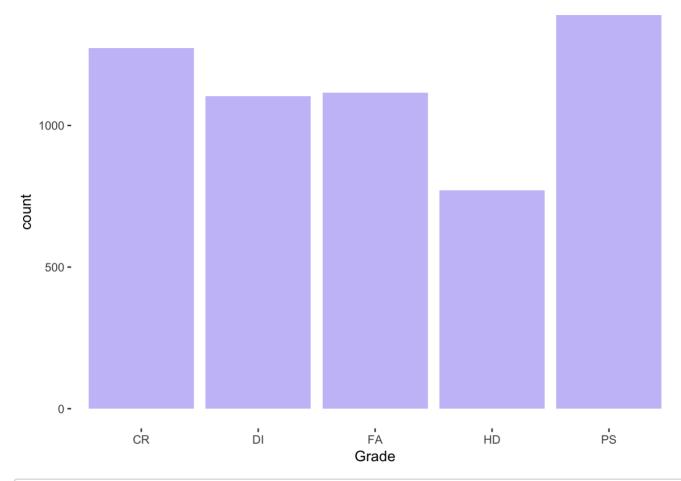
```
ggplot(data=data) +
  geom_bar(mapping=aes(x=data$Age), fill = "slateblue2", alpha = 3/7) +
  theme(panel.background=element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.background=element_blank()) +
  scale_x_discrete(name="Age")
```



table(data\$Unit.of.Study.Grade)

```
##
## CR DI FA HD PS
## 1273 1103 1115 771 1390
```

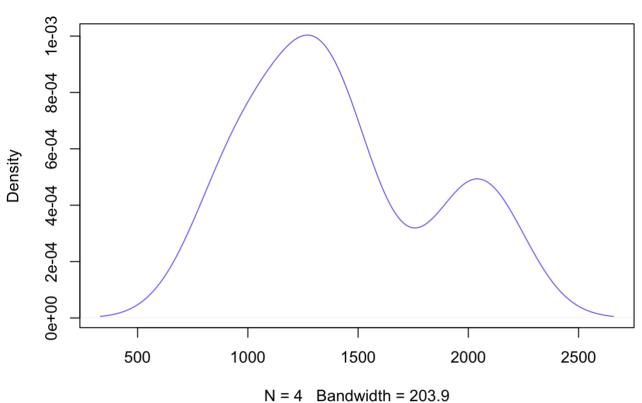
```
ggplot(data=data) +
  geom_bar(mapping=aes(x=data$Unit.of.Study.Grade), fill = "slateblue2", alpha = 3/7)
+
  theme(panel.background=element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.background=element_blank()) +
  scale_x_discrete(name="Grade")
```



```
table1 = table(data$Age, data$Unit.of.Study.Grade)
table1
```

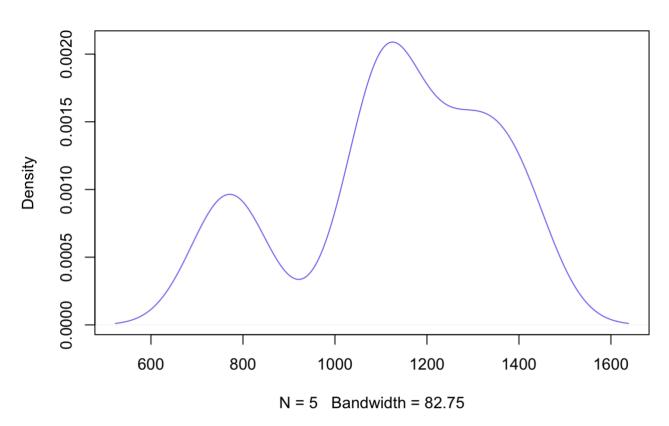
```
table = table(data$Age)
d <- density(table, na.rm = T)
plot(d, main = "Age", col = "slateblue2")</pre>
```





```
table = table(data$Unit.of.Study.Grade)
d <- density(table, na.rm = T)
plot(d, main = "Grade", col = "slateblue2")</pre>
```





Is the mode (fulltime/partime) influenced by whether you are a domestic or international student?

```
table1 = table(data$Mode)
table1

##
## Full time Part time
## 4310 1342

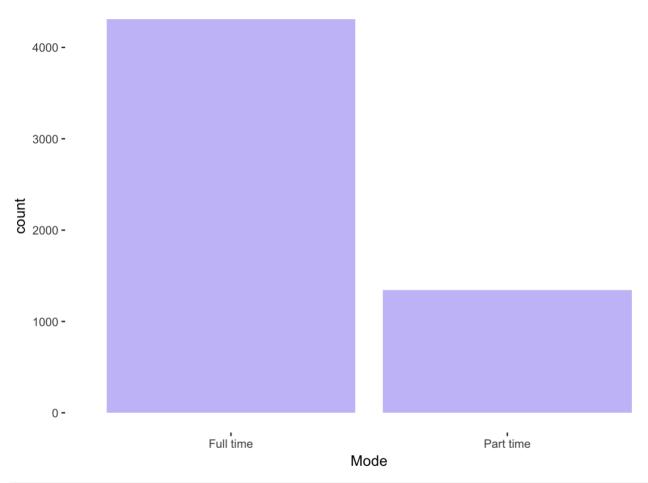
table2 = table(data$Domestic.Intl)
table2

##
## D I
## 3814 1838

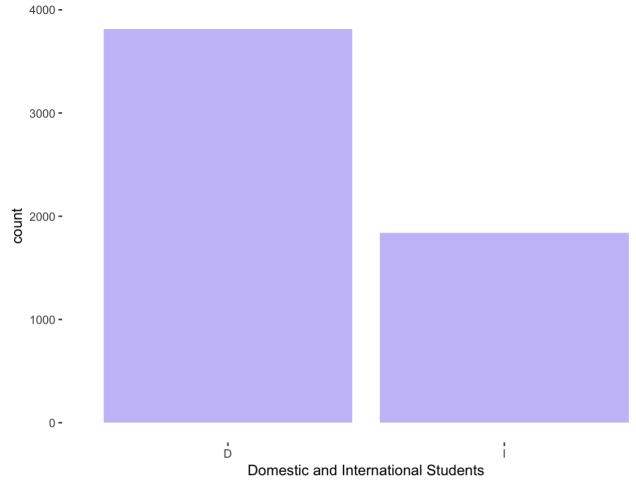
table3 = table(data$Domestic.Intl, data$Mode)
table3
```

```
##
## Full time Part time
## D 2634 1180
## I 1676 162
```

```
ggplot(data=data) +
  geom_bar(mapping=aes(x=data$Mode), fill = "slateblue2", alpha = 3/7) +
  theme(panel.background=element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.background=element_blank()) +
  scale_x_discrete(name="Mode")
```

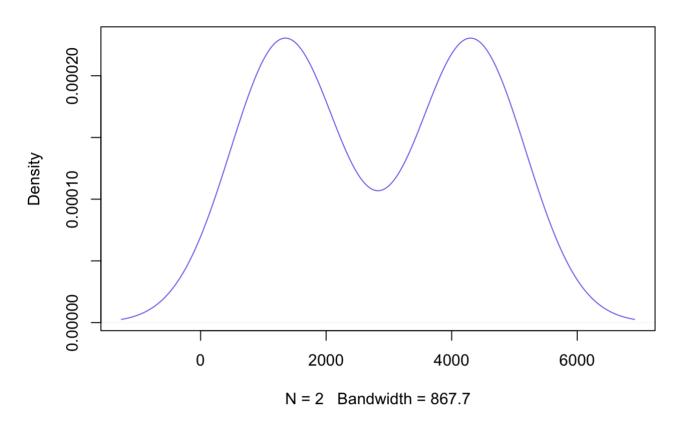


```
ggplot(data=data) +
  geom_bar(mapping=aes(x=data$Domestic.Intl), fill = "slateblue2", alpha = 3/7) +
  theme(panel.background=element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.background=element_blank()) +
  scale_x_discrete(name="Domestic and International Students")
```



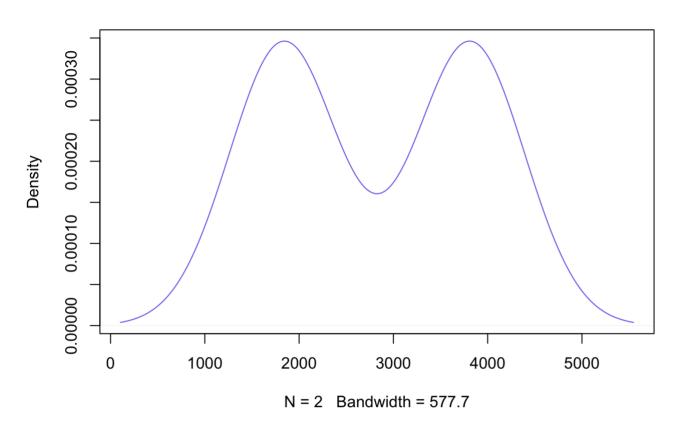
```
table = table(data$Mode)
d <- density(table, na.rm = T)
plot(d, main = "Mode", col = "slateblue2")</pre>
```

Mode

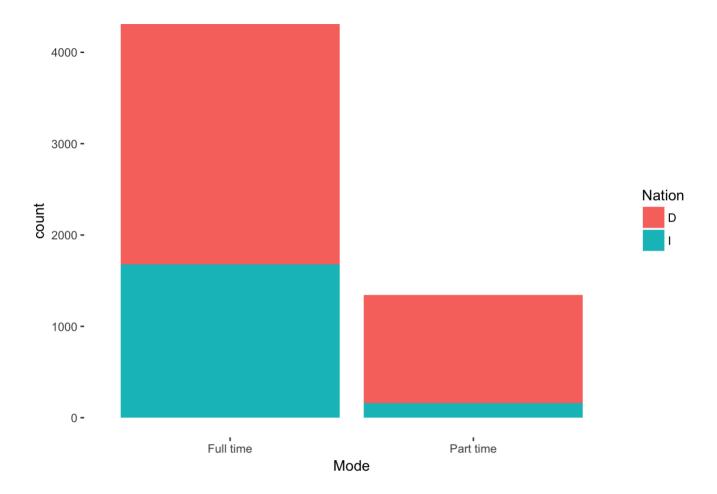


```
table = table(data$Domestic.Intl)
d <- density(table, na.rm = T)
plot(d, main = "Domestic or International", col = "slateblue2")</pre>
```

Domestic or International



```
Nation = data$Domestic.Intl
ggplot(data=data) +
  geom_bar(mapping=aes(x=data$Mode, fill = Nation ))+
  theme(panel.background=element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.background=element_blank()) +
  scale_x_discrete(name="Mode")
```



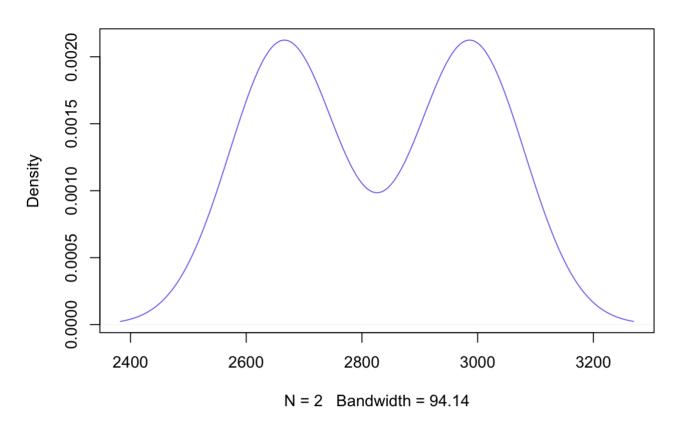
are there correlations between gender and study grade?

```
table1 = table(data$Gender)
table1

##
## F M
## 2665 2987

table = table(data$Gender)
d <- density(table, na.rm = T)
plot(d, main = "Gender", col = "slateblue2")</pre>
```

Gender



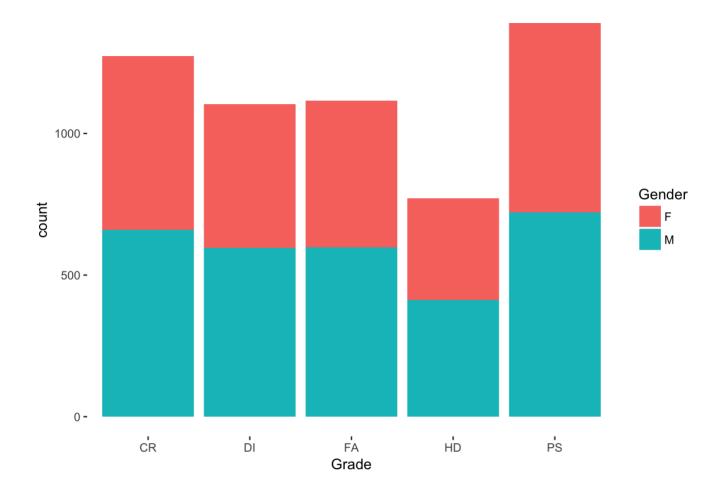
```
table2 = table(data$Unit.of.Study.Grade)
table2
```

```
##
## CR DI FA HD PS
## 1273 1103 1115 771 1390
```

table(data\$Gender, data\$Unit.of.Study.Grade)

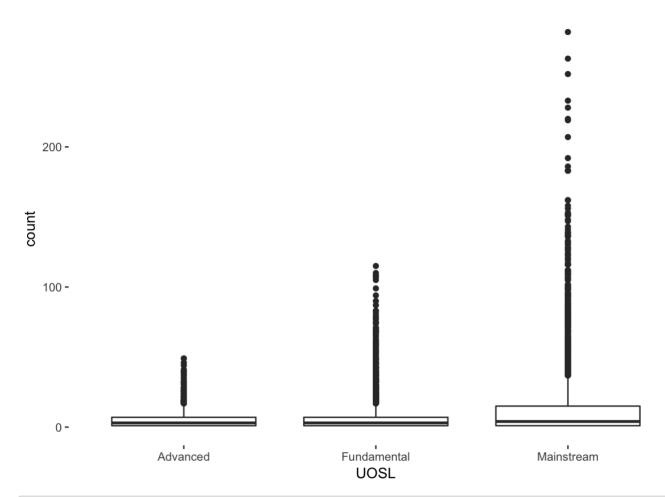
```
##
## CR DI FA HD PS
## F 614 507 518 358 668
## M 659 596 597 413 722
```

```
Gender = data$Gender
ggplot(data=data) +
  geom_bar(mapping=aes(x=data$Unit.of.Study.Grade, fill = Gender ))+
  theme(panel.background=element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.background=element_blank()) +
  scale_x_discrete(name="Grade")
```



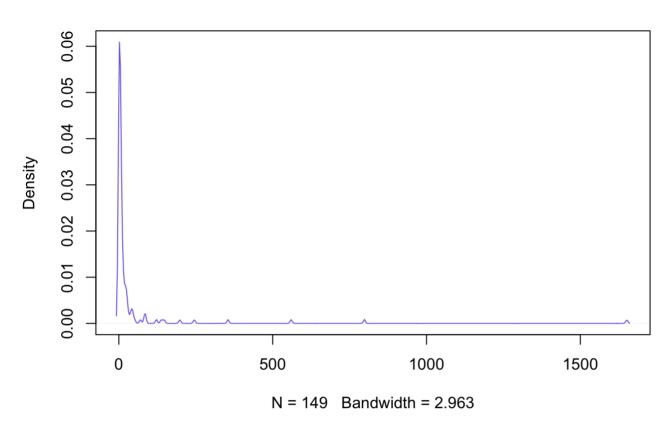
does unit of study level impact count?

```
table(data$Unit.of.Study.Level)
##
##
      Advanced Fundamental Mainstream
##
           893
                      2195
                                   2564
summary(data$Count)
##
      Min. 1st Qu.
                    Median
                               Mean 3rd Qu.
                                               Max.
##
      1.00
              1.00
                      3.00
                              11.41
                                      10.00
                                             282.00
count = data$Count
UOSL = data$Unit.of.Study.Level
ggplot(data=data) +
  geom_boxplot(mapping=aes(x=UOSL, y=count))+
  theme(panel.background=element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.background=element_blank())
```



```
table = table(data$Count)
d <- density(table, na.rm = T)
plot(d, main = "Count", col = "slateblue2")</pre>
```

Count



```
table = table(data$Unit.of.Study.Level)
d <- density(table, na.rm = T)
plot(d, main = "Unit of study level", col = "slateblue2")</pre>
```

Unit of study level

