

## Cifruri simple (Caesar, afin, Hill)

Coduri flux (stream cipher) : aceeași cheie pt tot mesajul

pe blocuri (block cipher)

fără "padding"  
ultimul bloc mai scurt

cu padding  
toate blocurile au aceeași lungime  
(ex. salted hashes)

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
O	I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
N	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Y	Z										
24	25										

Ar trebui să lucrez în  $\mathbb{Z}_{26} = \{0, 1, \dots, 25\}$ , dar de ex., ur pare să am invers în  $\mathbb{Z}_{26}$  ( $2^{-1}, 4^{-1}, 6^{-1}, 8^{-1}, \dots$ )

Adaug  $\lfloor \cdot \rfloor$  !  $\Rightarrow$  lucrez în  $\mathbb{Z}_{29}$   
 $26 \quad 27 \quad 28$        $29 \text{ prim} \Rightarrow U(\mathbb{Z}_{29}) = \mathbb{Z}_{29} - \{0\}$ .

### Cifrul Caesar

- varianta flux

Ecuatia de criptare : cod = mesaj + cheie

în  $\mathbb{Z}_{29}$

Ecuatia de decriptare : mesaj = cod - cheie

Ex: mesaj: MESAJ

Ex: mesaj: MESAj

cheie: 19

$$\text{Criptarea: } [M, E, S, A, j] \rightarrow [12, 4, 18, 0, 9] \xrightarrow[\substack{+ \text{cheie} \\ + 19}]{} [31, 23, 37, 19, 28]$$

$$\xrightarrow[\substack{\text{mod } 29}]{} [2, 23, 8, 19, 28] \rightarrow CXT!$$

$$\text{Decriptarea: } [C, X, T, I, .] \rightarrow [2, 23, 8, 19, 28] \xrightarrow[\substack{- \text{cheie} \\ - 19}]{} [$$

$$\rightarrow [-17, 4, -11, 0, 9] \xrightarrow[\substack{\text{mod } 29}]{} [12, 4, 18, 0, 9] \rightarrow \text{MESAj}$$

Pe blocuri: cu padding random

Ex: mesaj: ASTAZi

Blocuri de lungime 3  $\Rightarrow$

AST: cheie1 = 15

AZi: cheie2 = 20

$$[A, S, T] \rightarrow [0, 18, 19] \xrightarrow[\substack{+ \text{cheie1} \\ + 15}]{} [15, 33, 34] \xrightarrow[\substack{\text{mod } 29}]{} [15, 4, 5] \rightarrow \text{PEF}$$

$$[A, Z, i] \rightarrow [0, 25, 8] \xrightarrow[\substack{+ \text{cheie2} \\ + 20}]{} [20, 45, 28] \xrightarrow[\substack{\text{mod } 29}]{} [20, 16, 28] \rightarrow \text{UQ!}$$

ASTAZi  $\rightarrow$  PEFUQ!

Blocuri de lung 4

ASTA  
ZIPS

padding random

Cifrul afin

Varianta flux: Ec. de criptare: Cod = mesaj · cheie1 + cheie2

Ec. de decriptare: Mesaj =  $(\text{Cod} - \text{cheie2}) \cdot \text{cheie1}^{-1}$

Ex: mesaj: MESAj

cheie1 = 10; cheie2 = 17

$$[M, E, S, A, J] \rightarrow [12, 4, 18, 0, 9] \xrightarrow[\substack{\cdot \text{cheie1}, + \text{cheie2} \\ \cdot 10, + 17}]{} [137, 57, 197, 17, 107]$$

$$\xrightarrow[\substack{. . .}]{} [21, 28, 23, 17, 20] \rightarrow V! X R II$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{mod } 29} [21, 28, 23, 17, 20] \rightarrow V! X R U$$

$$137 = \begin{matrix} 116 \\ 11 \\ 0 \end{matrix} + 21 = 21$$

$$57 = 58 - 1 = -1 = 28$$

$$197 = 137 + 60 = 137 + 58 + 2 = 21 + 0 + 2 = 23$$

$$107 = 137 - 30 = 21 - 30 = -9 = 20$$

$$MESAj \rightarrow V! X RU.$$

$$\underline{\text{Decriptare}} : [V, !, X, R, U] \rightarrow [21, 28, 23, 17, 20] \xrightarrow{\substack{3 \\ " \\ -17, 10 \\ 1 \\ 7}} [12, 33, 18, 0, 9] \rightarrow MESAj$$

### Cifrul Hill

Matrice de criptare  $\in M_3(\mathbb{Z}_{29})$

$$\text{Ec. de criptare: } \begin{pmatrix} C \\ O \\ D \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} M \\ A \\ T. \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} M \\ S \\ J. \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Ec. de decriptare: } \begin{pmatrix} M \\ S \\ J. \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} M \\ A \\ T. \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} C \\ O \\ D \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Ex. mesaj: } \begin{pmatrix} Y \\ E \\ S \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 24 \\ 4 \\ 18 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{mat.} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(\text{mat.}) = -1 - 1 = -2 = 27 \in U(\mathbb{Z}_{29})$$

$$(\det(\text{mat.}))^{-1} = 27^{-1} = 14$$

$$\underline{\text{Criptare:}} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 24 \\ 4 \\ 18 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -42 \\ 26 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 29 = \begin{pmatrix} 16 \\ 26 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad Q_U$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 18 \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 26 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \pmod{29} = \begin{pmatrix} 26 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \in G$$

$$-42 \equiv -29 - 13 \equiv -13 \equiv 16$$

Descriptare:  $\text{mat}^t = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \text{mat}^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\text{mat}^{-1} = (\det(\text{mat}))^{-1} \cdot \text{mat}^* = 14 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$14 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 16 \\ 26 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 24 \\ 4 \\ 18 \end{pmatrix}$$