Aritmetica in Zn

(Zn,+,·) incl comutativ:

Tu=\( \hat{0}, \hat{1}, \hat{2}, \ldots, \hat{n-1} \),

\( \kappa = \hat{1} \hat{0}, \hat{1}, \hat{2}, \ldots, \hat{n-1} \),

\( \kappa = \hat{1} \hat{1}, \hat{2} \tag{1} \times d\tag{1} \tag{1} \tag{1}

 $\frac{2}{4} + \frac{4}{6} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{3} = \frac{1}{10} =$ 

Ex: In Zz=hô,1,2,3,4,5,6

Teorema XEZn este inversabil (5)

Cumd((x,n)=1

 $Ex: 2_{13} = 40_{1}^{1}_{1} ... 12^{1}_{12}$   $2^{-1} = 7 + (\sqrt{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 7 = 14 = 13 + 1 = 1 = 7) + 7^{-1} = 2$   $5^{-1} = 8$   $Ex: 2_{12} = 40_{1} ... 11^{1}_{13} + 4^{-1}_{13} m = xxxx$   $Ex: 2_{12} = 40_{1} ... 11^{1}_{13} + 4^{-1}_{13} m = xxxx$   $Ex: 2_{12} = 40_{1} ... 11^{1}_{13} + 4^{-1}_{13} m = xxxx$ 

In particular, dans u este ur prim, tente clem. 70 dei Zn

5 = 9 pt (a 5.9=45=44+1

7-1=8 pt ca 7.8=56=55+1

Emstri de gradul I in Zu

Ex: 2x+5=3 in  $Z_{11}$   $2x=3-5=-2=91\cdot 2^{-1}$   $2x=3-5=-2=91\cdot 2^{-1}$   $2x=3-5=-2=91\cdot 2^{-1}$ 

 $E_{X}: 5 \times -3 = 7 \text{ in } Z_{13}$  $5 \times -10 \cdot 1.5^{-1} = 3 \times -10.8 = -3.8 = -24 = -13 - 11 = -11 = 2.$ 

Ex: 4x+1=5 in Zg 4x=4 4 m exista in Zg!

Rezolv pin incercari: =1 X = 3 / 1/3,5,7}

x 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

ux 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4

 $\frac{16 = ? i 2}{16 = a(=)} = \frac{16 = a(=)}{16 = a(=)} = \frac{16}{16} = \frac{16}{16}$ 

 $x_{2} = (5-1) \cdot 2^{7} = 4 \cdot 6 = 24 = 22 + 2 = 2$ Notation  $\sqrt{1} = 10 = 21 \times 1 = (5+10) \cdot 6 = 15 \cdot 6 = 4 \cdot 6 = 24 = 2$   $x_{2} = (5-10) \cdot 6 = -5 \cdot 6 = -30 = -22 - 8 = -3$ 

1-25-24=1=1 TA 6/1,109

• Daia ian  $\sqrt{1-1} = 1 \times_1 = (5+1) \cdot \hat{2}^2 = 6.6 = 36 = 33+3=3$ .

 $x_{2} = (5-1)^{3} \cdot 6 = -5 \cdot 6 = -30 = -22 - 8 = -8 = 3.$