M20580 L.A. and D.E. Tutorial Quiz 8

- 1. The differential equation $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 + x^2y + x^3 5 = 0$ is (CIRCLE ONE)
 - (a) First order linear
- (b) First order nonlinear
- (c) Second order linear

- (d) Second order nonlinear
- (e) None of the above

2. Find the least-squares solution \hat{x} to Ax = b where $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $b = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ We look at the system $A^TA \times = A^Tb$, and $A^Tb = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $A^TA = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } A^Tb = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 15 \\ 2 & 3 & 10 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $-3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ Hence $\hat{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ is the least-squares solution.