

Assignment 3

TDT4171 — Artificial Intelligence Methods

February 2025

Information

- **Delivery deadline: February 13, 2025 by 23:59.** No late delivery will be graded! Deadline extensions will only be considered for extraordinary situations such as family or health-related circumstances. These circumstances must be documented, e.g., with a doctor's note ("legeerklæring"). Having a lot of work in other classes is not a legitimate excuse for late delivery.
- Cribbing("koking") from other students is not accepted, and if detected, will lead to immediate failure of the course. The consequence will apply to both the source and the one cribbing.
- Students can **not** work in groups. Each student can only submit a solution individually.
- Required reading for this assignment: Chapter 14. Probabilistic Reasoning over Time (the parts in the curriculum found on Blackboard "Sources and syllabus" → "Preliminary syllabus") of [Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Global Edition, 4th edition, Russell & Norvig](#).
- For help and questions related to the assignment, **ask the student assistants during the guidance hours**. The timetable for guidance hours can be found under "Assignments" on Blackboard. For other inquiries, an email can be sent to tdt4171@idi.ntnu.no
- Deliver your solution on Blackboard. Please upload your assignment as one PDF report and one source file containing the code (i.e., one .py file) as shown in Figure [1](#)

ASSIGNMENT SUBMISSION

Text Submission Write Submission

Attach Files Browse Local Files Browse Content Collection

Attached files

File Name	Link Title	
my_code.py	<input type="text" value="my_code.py"/>	Do not attach
my_report.pdf	<input type="text" value="my_report.pdf"/>	Do not attach

Figure 1: Delivery Example

Assignment information

There are two exercises in this assignment. Exercise 1 asks you to describe the book's *umbrella world* as a Hidden Markov model (HMM). An overview of the *umbrella world* is found in Figure 14.2 on Page 482 of the book. The second exercise is to implement filtering using the Forward operation for HMMs by programming, and try it out on the *umbrella world*.

We recommend using Python with the NumPy library for this assignment. Although it is possible to do the assignment without it, it is beneficial to learn how to use NumPy for cleaner and more elegant code. Moreover, other courses on artificial intelligence might use NumPy too. On how to use NumPy, check out the [NumPy: the absolute basics for beginners](#) tutorial and the [NumPy documentation](#).

Using another programming language other than Python is possible, but less help might be provided. No matter which programming language, it is beneficial to choose one that offers linear algebra out of the box.

For the programming part of the assignment, the code must be runnable without any modifications after delivery. The code must be readable and contain explaining comments where appropriate. The commenting is especially important if the code does not work.

Make sure to read the whole assignment text before starting to solve them.

Exercise 1

Describe the *umbrella world* as an HMM:

- What is the set of unobserved variable(s) for a given time-slice t (denoted \mathbf{X}_t in the book)?
- What is the set of observable variable(s) for a given time-slice t (denoted \mathbf{E}_t in the book)?
- Present the *dynamic model* $\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{X}_t|\mathbf{X}_{t-1})$ and the *observation model* $\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{E}_t|\mathbf{X}_t)$ as matrices.
- Which assumptions are encoded in this model? Are the assumptions reasonable for this particular domain? (See 14.1 Time and Uncertainty on Page 479).

Exercise 2

Implement filtering using the *Forward* operation (see Equation 14.5 on Page 485 and Equation 14.12 on Page 492) by programming. The forward operation can be done with matrix operations in the HMM.

- Verify your implementation by calculating $\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{X}_2|\mathbf{e}_{1:2})$, where $\mathbf{e}_{1:2}$ is the evidence that the umbrella was used both on day 1 and day 2. The desired result is that the probability of rain at day 2 (after the observations) is 0.883.
- Use your program to calculate the probability of rain at day 5 given the following sequence of observations:

$$\mathbf{e}_{1:5} = \{\text{Umbrella}_1 = \text{true}, \text{Umbrella}_2 = \text{true}, \\ \text{Umbrella}_3 = \text{false}, \text{Umbrella}_4 = \text{true}, \text{Umbrella}_5 = \text{true}\}.$$

Document your answer by showing all *normalized* forward messages (in the book, the un-normalized forward messages are denoted $\mathbf{f}_{1:k}$ for $k = 1, 2, \dots, 5$) in the PDF report.