Assignment 9.3

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Course: DSC650 - Big Data

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```
In [1]:
         import os
         import shutil
         import json
         from pathlib import Path
         import pandas as pd
         from kafka import KafkaProducer, KafkaAdminClient
         from kafka.admin.new topic import NewTopic
         from kafka.errors import TopicAlreadyExistsError
         from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
         from pyspark.streaming import StreamingContext
         from pyspark import SparkConf
         from pyspark.sql.functions import window, from json, col, expr, to json, struct, when
         from pyspark.sql.types import StringType, TimestampType, DoubleType, StructField, StructType
         from pyspark.sql.functions import udf
         current dir = Path(os.getcwd()).absolute()
         checkpoint dir = current dir.joinpath('checkpoints')
         joined checkpoint dir = checkpoint dir.joinpath('joined')
         if joined checkpoint dir.exists():
             shutil.rmtree(joined checkpoint dir)
         joined checkpoint dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist ok=True)
```

Configuration Parameters

TODO: Change the configuration prameters to the appropriate values for your setup.

```
In [2]:
```

```
config = dict(
   bootstrap_servers=['kafka.kafka.svc.cluster.local:9092'],
   first_name='KesavAdithya',
   last_name='Venkidusamy'
)

config['client_id'] = '{}{}'.format(
   config['last_name'],
   config['first_name'])
)
config['topic_prefix'] = '{}{}'.format(
   config['last_name'],
   config['first_name'])
)

config['locations_topic'] = '{}-locations'.format(config['topic_prefix'])
config['accelerations_topic'] = '{}-accelerations'.format(config['topic_prefix'])
config['joined_topic'] = '{}-joined'.format(config['topic_prefix'])
config
```

Create Topic Utility Function

The create_kafka_topic helps create a Kafka topic based on your configuration settings. For instance, if your first name is *John* and your last name is *Doe*, create_kafka_topic('locations') will create a topic with the name DoeJohn-locations . The function will not create the topic if it already exists.

```
def create_kafka_topic(topic_name, config=config, num_partitions=1, replication_factor=1):
    bootstrap_servers = config['bootstrap_servers']
    client_id = config['client_id']
    topic_prefix = config['topic_prefix']
    name = '{}-{}'.format(topic_prefix, topic_name)

admin_client = KafkaAdminClient(
```

```
bootstrap_servers=bootstrap_servers,
    client_id=client_id
)

topic = NewTopic(
    name=name,
    num_partitions=num_partitions,
    replication_factor=replication_factor
)

topic_list = [topic]
try:
    admin_client.create_topics(new_topics=topic_list)
    print('Created topic "{}"'.format(name))
except TopicAlreadyExistsError as e:
    print('Topic "{}" already exists'.format(name))
create_kafka_topic('joined')
```

Topic "VenkidusamyKesavAdithya-joined" already exists

TODO: This code is identical to the code used in 9.1 to publish acceleration and location data to the LastnameFirstname-simple topic. You will need to add in the code you used to create the df_accelerations dataframe. In order to read data from this topic, make sure that you are running the notebook you created in assignment 8 that publishes acceleration and location data to the LastnameFirstname-simple topic.

```
In [4]:
         spark = SparkSession\
             .builder\
             .appName("Assignment09")\
             .getOrCreate()
         df locations = spark \
           .readStream \
           .format("kafka") \
           .option("kafka.bootstrap.servers", "kafka.kafka.svc.cluster.local:9092") \
           .option("subscribe", config['locations_topic']) \
           .load()
         ## TODO: Add code to create the df accelerations dataframe
         df accelerations = spark \
           .readStream \
           .format("kafka") \
           .option("kafka.bootstrap.servers", "kafka.kafka.svc.cluster.local:9092") \
```

```
.option("subscribe", config['accelerations_topic']) \
.load()
```

The following code defines a Spark schema for location and acceleration data as well as a user-defined function (UDF) for parsing the location and acceleration JSON data.

```
In [5]:
         location schema = StructType([
             StructField('offset', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('id', StringType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('ride id', StringType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('uuid', StringType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('course', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('latitude', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('longitude', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('geohash', StringType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('speed', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('accuracy', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
         ])
         acceleration schema = StructType([
             StructField('offset', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('id', StringType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('ride_id', StringType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('uuid', StringType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('x', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('y', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
             StructField('z', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
         1)
         udf parse acceleration = udf(lambda x: json.loads(x.decode('utf-8')), acceleration schema)
         udf parse location = udf(lambda x: json.loads(x.decode('utf-8')), location schema)
```

TODO:

- Complete the code to create the accelerationsWithWatermark dataframe.
 - Select the timestamp field with the alias acceleration_timestamp
 - Use the udf_parse_acceleration UDF to parse the JSON values
 - Select the ride_id as acceleration_ride_id
 - Select the x , y , and z columns
 - Use the same watermark timespan used in the locationsWithWatermark dataframe

```
locationsWithWatermark = df_locations \
In [6]:
           .select(
             col('timestamp').alias('location timestamp'),
             udf parse location(df locations['value']).alias('json value')
            ) \
           .select(
             col('location timestamp'),
             col('json value.ride id').alias('location ride id'),
             col('json value.speed').alias('speed'),
             col('json value.latitude').alias('latitude'),
             col('json value.longitude').alias('longitude'),
             col('json value.geohash').alias('geohash'),
             col('json value.accuracy').alias('accuracy')
          .withWatermark('location timestamp', "2 seconds")
         accelerationsWithWatermark = df accelerations \
             .select(
                 col('timestamp').alias('acceleration timestamp'),
                 udf parse acceleration(df accelerations['value']).alias('json value')
             ) \
             .select(
                 col('acceleration timestamp'),
                 col('json value.ride id').alias('acceleration ride id'),
                 col('json value.x').alias('x'),
                 col('json_value.y').alias('y'),
                 col('json value.z').alias('z')
             ) \
             .withWatermark('acceleration timestamp', "2 seconds")
```

TODO:

• Complete the code to create the df_joined dataframe. See http://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/structured-streaming-programming-quide.html#stream-stream-joins for additional information.

Out[7]: DataFrame[location_timestamp: timestamp, location_ride_id: string, speed: double, latitude: double, longitude: double, ge ohash: string, accuracy: double, acceleration_timestamp: timestamp, acceleration_ride_id: string, x: double, y: double, z: double]

If you correctly created the df_joined dataframe, you should be able to use the following code to create a streaming query that outputs results to the LastnameFirstname-joined topic.

```
In [10]:
          ds_joined = df_joined \
             .withColumn(
               'value',
              to_json(
                   struct(
                       'acceleration ride id', 'location timestamp', 'speed',
                       'latitude', 'longitude', 'geohash', 'accuracy',
                       'acceleration timestamp', 'x', 'y', 'z'
              ).withColumn(
                'key', col('acceleration ride id')
            .selectExpr("CAST(key AS STRING)", "CAST(value AS STRING)") \
             .writeStream \
             .format("kafka") \
             .option("kafka.bootstrap.servers", "kafka.kafka.svc.cluster.local:9092") \
             .option("topic", config['joined topic']) \
            .option("checkpointLocation", str(joined_checkpoint_dir)) \
             .start()
          try:
               ds joined.awaitTermination()
          except KeyboardInterrupt:
               print("STOPPING STREAMING DATA")
```

STOPPING STREAMING DATA

```
In []:
```