Listing 1: Implementation of macro processor

```
1 /*
   * Practical 2: Design suitable data structures and implement Pass-I and
       Pass-II of a two-pass macro- processor. The output of Pass-I (MNT, MDT
       and intermediate code file without any macro definitions) should be
       input for Pass-II.
    * The Text Editor: VIM - Vi IMproved 9.0
3
    * The Compiler: Apple clang version 13.1.6 (clang-1316.0.21.2.3)
5
    * The Machine: MacBook Air M1 (Running ARM64 architecture)
6
7
8 #include <iostream>
9 #include <cstdio>
10 #include <cstring>
  #include <cstdlib>
13 class deftab {
14
   public:
   char lab[10];
   char opc[10];
    char oper[10];
17
18 } d[10];
19
  int main() {
   char label[10], opcode[10], operand[10];
    char macroname[10];
     int i = 0, lines = 0;
     FILE *f1, *f2, *f3;
24
25
     f1 = fopen("macin.dat", "r");
26
     f2 = fopen("macout.dat", "w");
27
     f3 = fopen("deftab.dat", "w");
28
29
30
     fscanf(f1, "%s%s%s", label, opcode, operand);
31
     while (strcmp(opcode, "END") != 0) {
32
       if (strcmp(opcode, "MACRO") == 0) {
33
         strcpy(macroname, label);
34
35
         fscanf(f1, "%s%s%s", label, opcode, operand);
36
         lines = 0;
37
         while (strcmp(opcode, "MEND") != 0) {
           fprintf(f3, "%s\t%s\t%s\n", label, opcode, operand);
39
           strcpy(d[lines].lab, label);
40
           strcpy(d[lines].opc, opcode);
41
42
           strcpy(d[lines].oper, operand);
43
           fscanf(f1, "%s%s%s", label, opcode, operand);
44
45
           lines++;
         }
47
       }
       else if (strcmp(opcode, macroname) == 0) {
48
         printf("Lines = %d\n", lines);
49
50
         for (i = 0; i < lines; i++) {</pre>
51
           fprintf(f2, "%s\t%s\t", d[i].lab, d[i].opc, d[i].oper);
52
           printf("DLAB = %s \nDOPC = %s \nDOPER = %s \n", d[i].lab, d[i].opc,
```

```
d[i].oper);
         }
54
       }
55
       else {
56
         fprintf(f2, "%s\t%s\t", d[i].lab, d[i].opc, d[i].oper);
       }
58
59
       fscanf(f1, "%s%s%s", label, opcode, operand);
60
61
     fprintf(f2, "%s\t%s\t", d[i].lab, d[i].opc, d[i].oper);
62
63
     fclose(f1);
64
     fclose(f2);
65
66
     fclose(f3);
67
     printf("FINISHED\n");
68
     return 0;
69
70
```

Listing 2: The input File name (macin.dat)

```
CALC
             START
                        1000
2
   SUM
             MACRO
                        **
             LDA
                        #5
3
   **
              ADD
                        #10
4
             STA
                        2000
   **
5
             MEND
                        **
   **
             LDA
                        LENGTH
              COMP
                        ZERO
   **
                        LOOP
              JEQ
9
   **
              \mathtt{SUM}
                        **
10
11
   LENGTH
              WORD
12
   LOOP
              SUM
                        **
             END
13
```

```
_{-} (commends for linux or MacOS or Unix-Like OS) _{-}
(Note: store main.cpp and macin.dat are in same folder)
                                       Linux OS
$ touch main.cpp
                               // For creating file
(open that file in any text editor you want and write above code)
$ g++ main.cpp -o main
                               // For compiling the file into executable
$ ./main
                               // For running that output file
                                        MacOSX
$ touch main.cpp
                               // For creating file
(open that file in any text editor you want and write above code)
$ clang++ main.cpp -o main
                               // For compiling the file into executable
$ ./main
                               // For running that output file
```

```
Assembler — -bash — 101×43
[[18:34:10][tejasmote]:~/Documents/Devlopment/C++ Language/Assembler$ clang++ main.cpp -o main [[18:34:13][tejasmote]:~/Documents/Devlopment/C++ Language/Assembler$ ./main
DLAB = **
DOPC = LDA
DOPER = #5
DLAB = **
DOPC = ADD
DOPER = #10
DLAB = **
DOPC = STA
DOPER = 2000
Lines = 3
DLAB = **
DOPC = LDA
DOPER = #5
DLAB = **
DOPC = ADD
DOPER = #10
DLAB = **
DOPC = STA
DOPER = 2000
FINISHED
[[18:34:19][tejasmote]:~/Documents/Devlopment/C++ Language/Assembler$ cat macout.dat
         LDA
**
                  #5
         LDA
**
                  #5
**
         LDA
                  #5
         LDA
                  #5
**
                  #10
         ADD
**
**
         STA
                  2000
         LDA
                  #5
**
         ADD
                  #10
**
**
         STA
                  2000
[18:34:26][tejasmote]:~/Documents/Devlopment/C++ Language/Assembler$ cat deftab.dat
         LDA
**
         ADD
                  #10
         STA
                  2000
**
[18:34:32][tejasmote]:~/Documents/Devlopment/C++ Language/Assembler$
```

Figure 1: The output terminal snap 1