EXP:05

PATTERN MATCHING WITH LEX AND DFA CONSTRUCTION

Q1:

Write a lex program to validate a set of strings of 0's and 1's with equal number of 1's and 0's.

CODE:

```
%{
int zero_count = 0, one_count = 0;
%%
0 { zero count++; }
1 { one count++; }
\lceil 01 \rceil + \{ /* \text{ Ignore any non-0/1 character except newline */ } \}
     if (zero count == one count)
       printf("Valid: Equal number of 0s and 1s\n");
     else
       printf("Invalid: Not equal number of 0s and 1s\n");
     zero count = one count = 0; // Reset for next line
%%
int yywrap(void) {
  return 1;
int main(void) {
  yylex();
  return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

```
ubuntu@unix-Veriton-M200-H610:~$ lex adi_05.l
ubuntu@unix-Veriton-M200-H610:~$ gcc lex.yy.c -o adi
ubuntu@unix-Veriton-M200-H610:~$ ./adi
0011011
Invalid: Not equal number of 0s and 1s
001101
Valid: Equal number of 0s and 1s
```

2. Write a C program to construct DFA from NFA using subset construction algorithm for regular expression (a|b)*.

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define MAX STATES 20
#define MAX SYMBOLS 2 // Only 'a' (0) and 'b' (1)
typedef struct {
  int transitions[MAX_STATES][MAX_SYMBOLS][MAX_STATES];
  int epsilon[MAX_STATES][MAX_STATES];
  int stateCount;
  int startState;
  int acceptStates[MAX STATES];
} NFA;
typedef struct {
  int transitions[MAX STATES][MAX SYMBOLS];
  int stateCount;
```

```
int startState;
  int acceptStates[MAX STATES];
} DFA;
NFA nfa;
DFA dfa;
void initialize() {
  memset(&nfa, 0, sizeof(nfa));
  memset(&dfa, 0, sizeof(dfa));
  for (int i = 0; i < MAX\_STATES; i++) {
     for (int j = 0; j < MAX_SYMBOLS; j++) {
       for (int k = 0; k < MAX_STATES; k++) {
          nfa.transitions[i][j][k] = -1;
void epsilonClosure(int state, bool closure[]) {
  if (state < 0 \parallel state >= MAX STATES) return;
  if (closure[state]) return;
  closure[state] = true;
  for (int i = 0; i < MAX\_STATES; i++) {
    if (nfa.epsilon[state][i]) {
       epsilonClosure(i, closure);
```

```
void subsetConstruction() {
  bool dfaStates[MAX STATES][MAX STATES] = {false};
  int dfaStateCount = 0;
  // Compute initial state (epsilon closure of NFA start state)
  bool initialClosure[MAX_STATES] = {false};
  epsilonClosure(nfa.startState, initialClosure);
  // Initialize DFA
  dfa.startState = 0;
  memcpy(dfaStates[0], initialClosure, MAX STATES * sizeof(bool));
  dfaStateCount++;
  for (int i = 0; i < dfaStateCount; i++) {
    for (int sym = 0; sym < MAX SYMBOLS; sym++) {
       bool newState[MAX STATES] = {false};
       // Compute move for current symbol
       for (int j = 0; j < nfa.stateCount; j++) {
         if (dfaStates[i][j]) {
           for (int k = 0; k < MAX STATES && nfa.transitions[j][sym][k] != -1; k++) {
              int toState = nfa.transitions[j][sym][k];
              bool tempClosure[MAX_STATES] = {false};
              epsilonClosure(toState, tempClosure);
              for (int m = 0; m < MAX STATES; m++) {
                if (tempClosure[m]) newState[m] = true;
              }
```

```
}
     // Find existing state or create new one
     int existingState = -1;
     for (int j = 0; j < dfaStateCount; j++) {
       bool match = true;
       for (int k = 0; k < MAX_STATES; k++) {
          if (dfaStates[j][k] != newState[k]) {
            match = false;
            break;
       if (match) {
          existingState = j;
          break;
     if (existingState == -1) {
       memcpy (dfaStates[dfaStateCount], newState, MAX\_STATES*size of (bool)); \\
       existingState = dfaStateCount;
       dfaStateCount++;
     }
     dfa.transitions[i][sym] = existingState;
// Set DFA state count and accept states
dfa.stateCount = dfaStateCount;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < dfaStateCount; i++) {
     dfa.acceptStates[i] = 0;
     for (int j = 0; j < nfa.stateCount; j++) {
       if (dfaStates[i][j] && nfa.acceptStates[j]) {
          dfa.acceptStates[i] = 1;
          break;
void printDFA() {
  printf("\nConstructed DFA:\n");
  printf("States: %d\n", dfa.stateCount);
  printf("Start state: %d\n", dfa.startState);
  printf("Accept states: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < dfa.stateCount; i++) {
     if (dfa.acceptStates[i]) printf("%d", i);
  }
  printf("\n\nTransition Table:\n");
  printf("State\ta\tb\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < dfa.stateCount; i++) {
     printf("%d\t%d\n", i, dfa.transitions[i][0], dfa.transitions[i][1]);
  }
void addTransition(int from, int symbol, int to) {
  if (symbol == 2) \{ // epsilon \}
     nfa.epsilon[from][to] = 1;
  } else if (symbol >= 0 && symbol < MAX SYMBOLS) {
```

```
int idx = 0;
     while (idx < MAX_STATES - 1 && nfa.transitions[from][symbol][idx] != -1) {
       idx++;
     nfa.transitions[from][symbol][idx] = to;
}
int main() {
  initialize();
  printf("NFA to DFA Converter for (a|b)\n");
  printf("Enter number of NFA states: ");
  scanf("%d", &nfa.stateCount);
  printf("Enter start state (0-%d): ", nfa.stateCount - 1);
  scanf("%d", &nfa.startState);
  printf("Enter number of accept states: ");
  int numAccept;
  scanf("%d", &numAccept);
  printf("Enter accept states: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < numAccept; i++) {
     int state;
     scanf("%d", &state);
     nfa.acceptStates[state] = 1;
  }
  printf("Enter transitions (from symbol to), -1 to end:\n");
  printf("Symbols: 0=a, 1=b, 2=epsilon\n");
```

```
while (1) {
  int from, symbol;
  char input[100];
  scanf("%s", input); // First try to read the from state
  if (strcmp(input, "-1") == 0) break;
  from = atoi(input);
  scanf("%d", &symbol); // Read the symbol
  // Read all destination states in the comma-separated list
  char destinations[100];
  scanf("%s", destinations);
  char *token = strtok(destinations, ",");
  while (token != NULL) {
     int to = atoi(token);
     addTransition(from, symbol, to);
     token = strtok(NULL, ",");
// Add any missing transitions to -1
for (int i = 0; i < MAX_STATES; i++) {
  for (int j = 0; j < MAX_SYMBOLS; j++) {
    for (int k = 0; k < MAX_STATES; k++) {
       if (nfa.transitions[i][j][k] == 0 \&\& k > 0) {
          nfa.transitions[i][j][k] = -1;
```

```
}
subsetConstruction();
printDFA();
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
ubuntu@unix-Veriton-M200-H610:~$ gcc nfa_dfa.c -o nd
ubuntu@unix-Veriton-M200-H610:~$ ./nd
NFA to DFA Converter for (a|b)
Enter number of NFA states: 8
Enter start state (0-7): 0
Enter number of accept states: 1
Enter accept states: 7
Enter transitions (from symbol to), -1 to end:
Symbols: 0=a, 1=b, 2=epsilon
0 2 7,1
1 2 2,4
2 0 3
3 2 6
4 1 5
5 2 6
6 2 7,1
-1
Constructed DFA:
States: 3
Start state: 0
Accept states: 0 1 2
Transition Table:
State a
        1
        1
                 2
                 2
```

RESULT:

The programs have been completed and the outputs have been verified.