

2/7/2024

21 Analytics KPIs for eCommerce.

Understanding and Measuring Key Performance Indicators for Olist's eCommerce operations.



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Analytics KPI -01: Percentage Distribution of Customers in Each State.

The Percentage Distribution of Customers in Each State (KPI) measures the proportion of customers residing in each state relative to the total customer base. It provides insights into the geographic distribution of customers within a dataset or business context, highlighting regions with higher and lower customer concentrations. This KPI is useful for understanding regional customer demographics, targeting marketing efforts effectively, and optimizing logistics and customer service strategies based on geographical demand.

```
2 • SELECT
3     customer_state,
4     CONCAT(ROUND(COUNT(*) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM olist_customers_dataset), 2), ' %') AS percentage
5 FROM
6     olist_customers_dataset
7 GROUP BY
8     customer_state
9 order by
10    COUNT(*) desc;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Contents:
customer_state	percentage			
SP	41.98 %			
RJ	12.92 %			
MG	11.70 %			
RS	5.50 %			
PR	5.07 %			
SC	3.66 %			
BA	3.40 %			
DF	2.15 %			
ES	2.04 %			
GO	2.03 %			
PE	1.66 %			
CE	1.34 %			
PA	0.98 %			
MT	0.91 %			
MA	0.75 %			
MS	0.72 %			
PB	0.54 %			
PI	0.50 %			
RN	0.49 %			
AL	0.42 %			



São Paulo (SP) has the highest percentage at nearly 42%, followed by Rio de Janeiro (RJ) and Minas Gerais (MG), while states like Roraima (RR) and Amapá (AP) have the lowest percentages, each below 0.1%.

This distribution highlights the significant concentration of customers in a few key states, particularly in the southeastern region of Brazil, with São Paulo leading by a large margin.

Analytics KPI - 02: Order Rate per date

Order Rate Per Date is a (KPI) used to measure the efficiency and effectiveness of order processing within a specific timeframe. This metric is critical for understanding customer demand patterns, operational performance, and overall business health.

```
11 • SELECT
12     DATE(order_purchase_timestamp) AS order_date,
13     COUNT(order_id) AS order_count,
14     CONCAT(ROUND(COUNT(order_id) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM olist_orders_dataset), 2), ' %') AS order_rate_percentage
15 FROM
16     olist_orders_dataset
17 GROUP BY
18     DATE(order_purchase_timestamp)
19 ORDER BY
20     order_rate_percentage desc;
21
22
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 

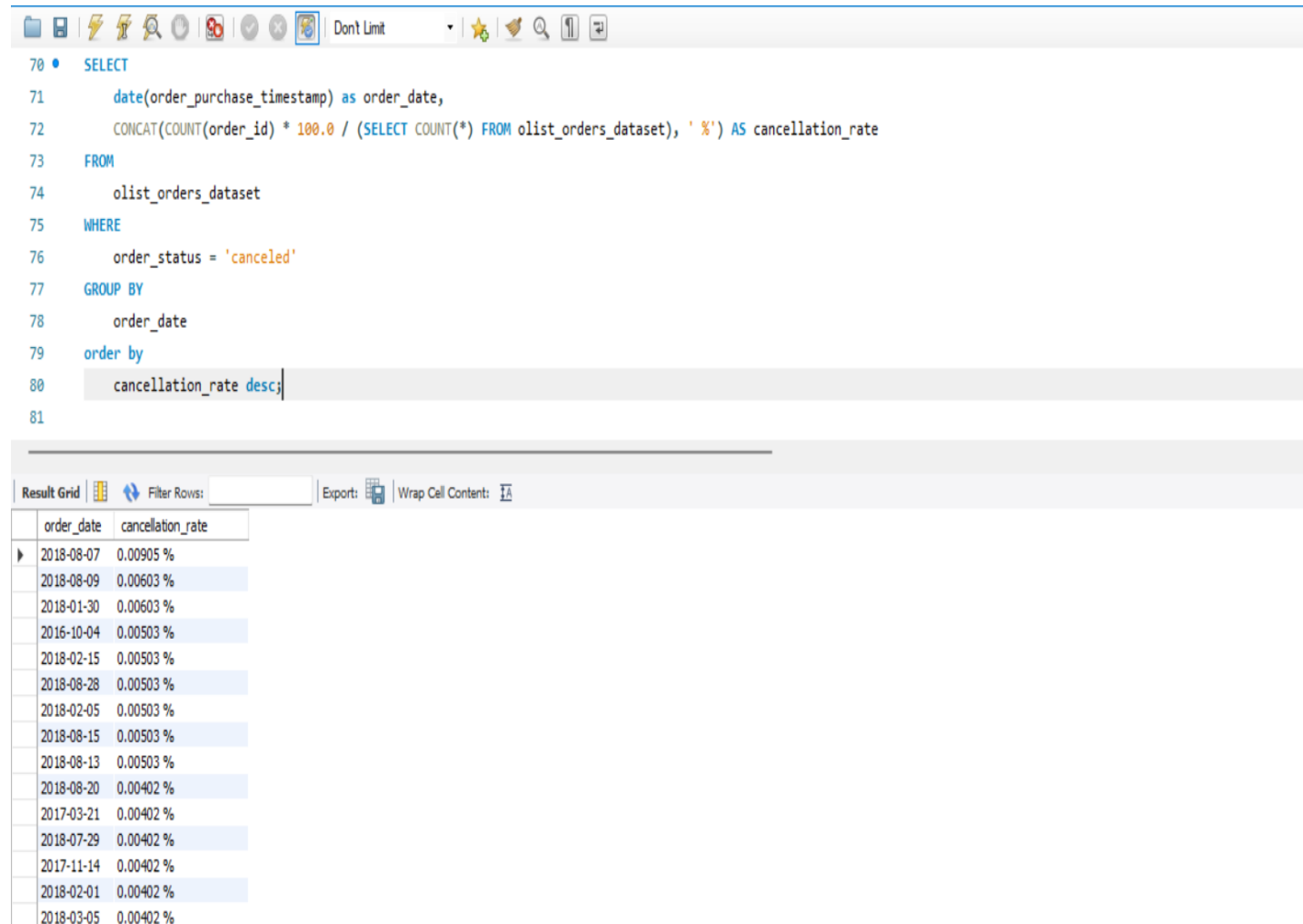
	order_date	order_count	order_rate_percentage
▶	2017-11-24	1176	1.18 %
	2017-11-25	499	0.50 %
	2017-11-27	403	0.41 %
	2017-11-26	391	0.39 %
	2017-11-28	380	0.38 %
	2018-05-07	372	0.37 %
	2018-05-14	364	0.37 %
	2018-08-06	372	0.37 %
	2018-08-07	370	0.37 %
	2018-05-16	357	0.36 %
	2018-05-15	352	0.35 %
	2018-05-09	344	0.35 %
	2017-12-04	337	0.34 %
	2018-05-08	331	0.33 %

The highest number of orders was placed on 2017-11-24 with 1176 transactions, which accounted for 1.18% of the total orders in the dataset.

The top 5 order rates per date occurred between November 24, 2017, and November 28, 2017. This suggests that a significant event or promotion may have occurred during that time frame.

Analytics KPI - 03: Cancellation Rate.

Cancellation Rate is a (KPI) that measures the percentage of orders that were canceled compared to the total number of orders in a specific time frame.



The screenshot displays a SQL query in a code editor and its corresponding results in a grid. The query calculates the cancellation rate by grouping orders by date and filtering for canceled orders. The results grid shows a list of dates and their corresponding cancellation rates, with the highest rate being 0.00905% for 2018-08-07.

```
70 • SELECT
71     date(order_purchase_timestamp) as order_date,
72     CONCAT(COUNT(order_id) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM olist_orders_dataset), ' %') AS cancellation_rate
73 FROM
74     olist_orders_dataset
75 WHERE
76     order_status = 'canceled'
77 GROUP BY
78     order_date
79 order by
80     cancellation_rate desc;
81
```



order_date	cancellation_rate
2018-08-07	0.00905 %
2018-08-09	0.00603 %
2018-01-30	0.00603 %
2016-10-04	0.00503 %
2018-02-15	0.00503 %
2018-08-28	0.00503 %
2018-02-05	0.00503 %
2018-08-15	0.00503 %
2018-08-13	0.00503 %
2018-08-20	0.00402 %
2017-03-21	0.00402 %
2018-07-29	0.00402 %
2017-11-14	0.00402 %
2018-02-01	0.00402 %
2018-03-05	0.00402 %

The cancellation rates for most dates are very low, except for August 07, 2018 (0.00905%). The consistently low cancellation rates indicate effective order management and high levels of customer satisfaction.

Analytics KPI - 04: Delivery Rate.

Delivery Rate is a (KPI) measures the percentage of orders that are successfully delivered to customers within a specified time frame.

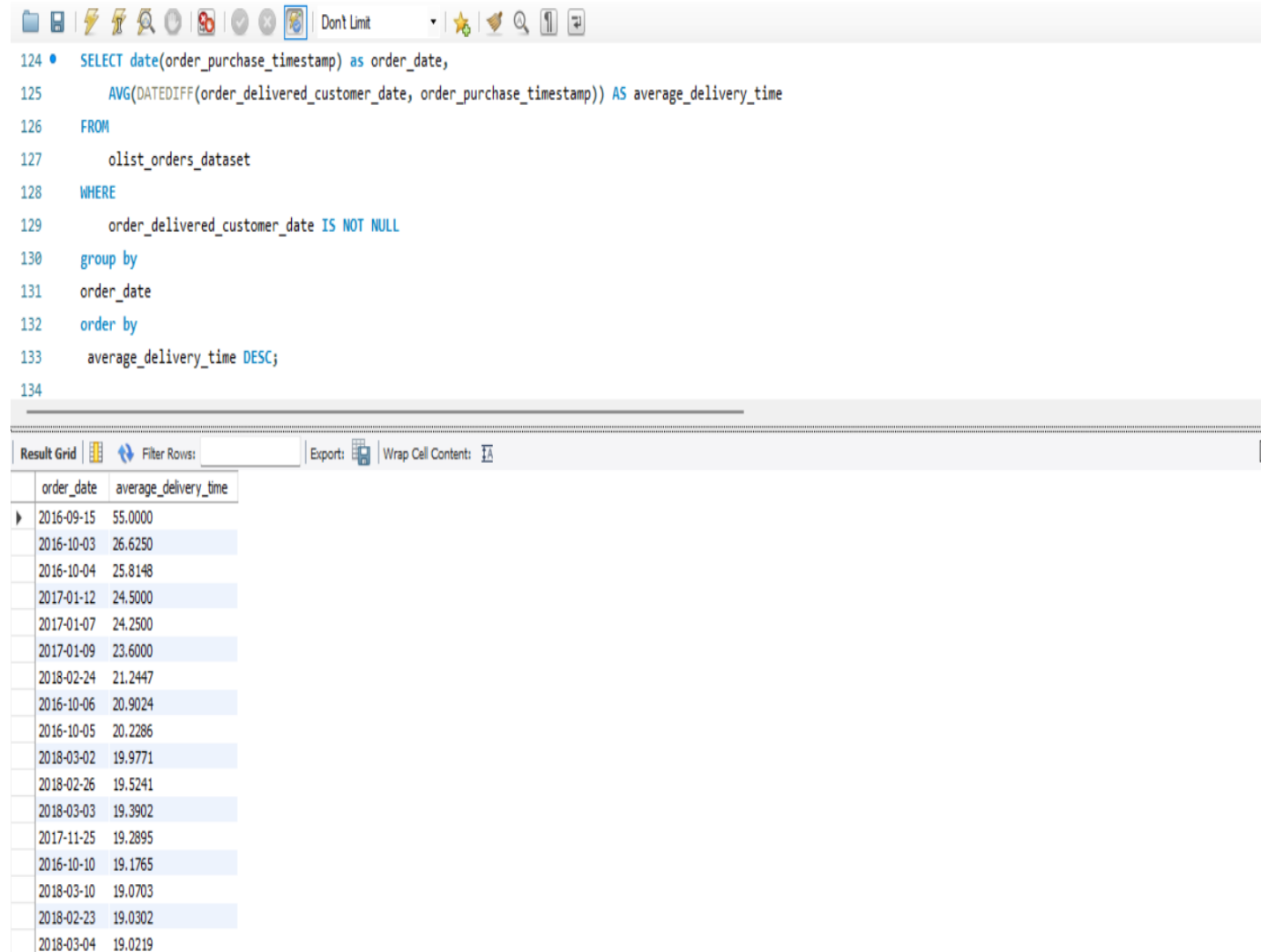
```
92 • SELECT
93     date(order_purchase_timestamp) as order_date,
94     CONCAT(ROUND(COUNT(order_id) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM olist_orders_dataset), 2), ' %') AS delivery_rate
95 FROM
96     olist_orders_dataset
97 WHERE
98     order_status = 'delivered'
99 GROUP BY
100     order_date
101 order by
102     delivery_rate desc;
103
```

Result Grid		
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 		
order_date	delivery_rate	
2017-11-24	1.15 %	
2017-11-25	0.49 %	
2017-11-27	0.40 %	
2017-11-26	0.38 %	
2017-11-28	0.37 %	
2018-05-07	0.37 %	
2018-08-06	0.37 %	
2018-05-14	0.36 %	
2018-05-16	0.35 %	
2018-05-15	0.35 %	
2018-08-07	0.35 %	
2018-05-09	0.34 %	
2017-12-04	0.32 %	
2017-11-29	0.32 %	
2018-05-08	0.32 %	

Between November 24, 2017, and November 28, 2017, when the number of orders per date was at its peak, the delivery rate was also at its peak.

Analytics KPI – 05: Average Delivery Rate.

The Average Delivery Rate (KPI) measures the average time it takes for orders to be delivered to customers after they are ordered. It is a critical metric for assessing operational efficiency and customer satisfaction in e-commerce and retail businesses.



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with a toolbar at the top. The query is as follows:

```
124 • SELECT date(order_purchase_timestamp) as order_date,  
125       AVG(DATEDIFF(order_delivered_customer_date, order_purchase_timestamp)) AS average_delivery_time  
126 FROM  
127     olist_orders_dataset  
128 WHERE  
129     order_delivered_customer_date IS NOT NULL  
130 group by  
131     order_date  
132 order by  
133     average_delivery_time DESC;  
134
```

Below the query editor is the 'Result Grid' showing the results of the query. The grid has two columns: 'order_date' and 'average_delivery_time'. The results are sorted in descending order of average delivery time.

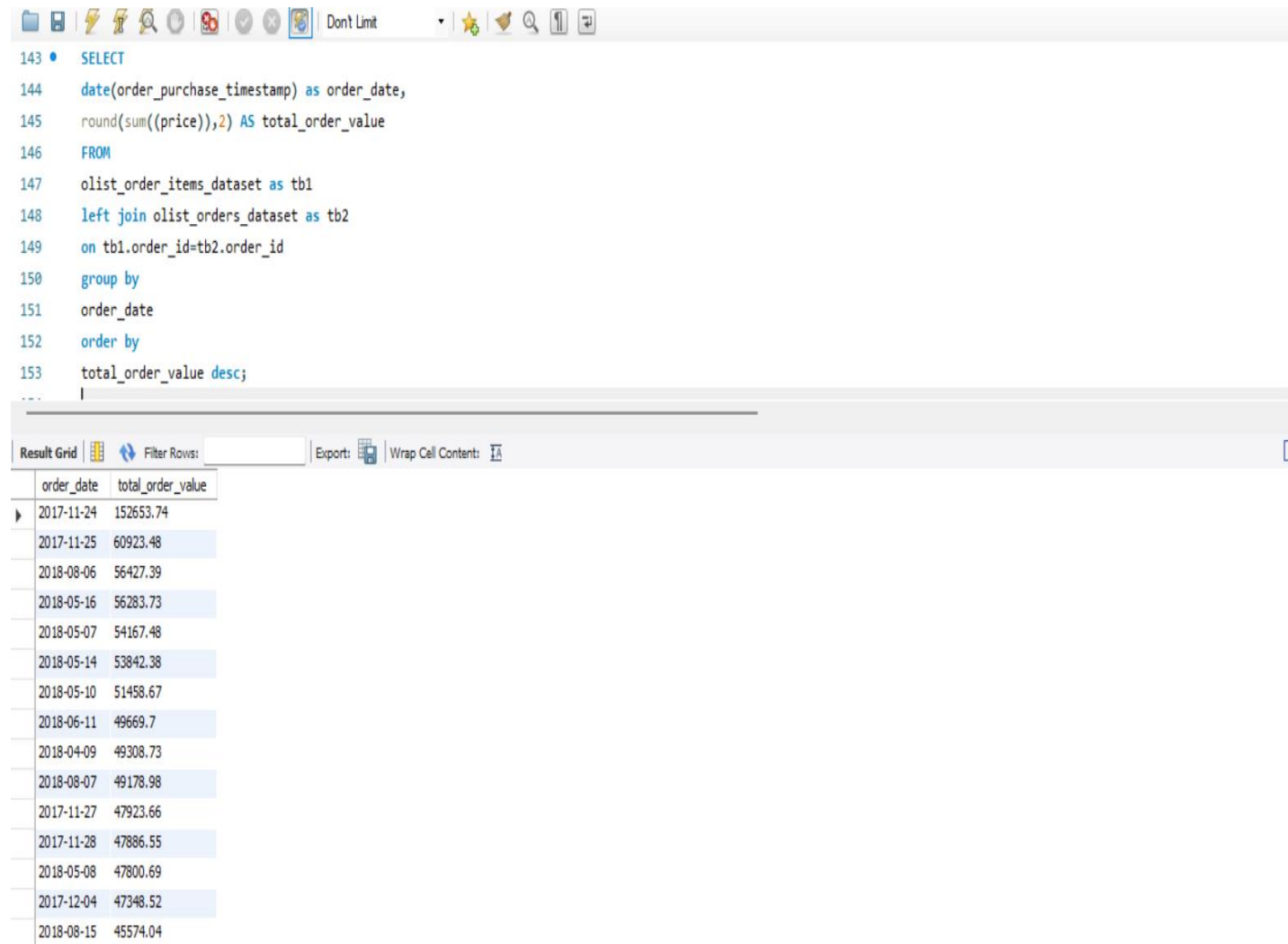
order_date	average_delivery_time
2016-09-15	55.0000
2016-10-03	26.6250
2016-10-04	25.8148
2017-01-12	24.5000
2017-01-07	24.2500
2017-01-09	23.6000
2018-02-24	21.2447
2016-10-06	20.9024
2016-10-05	20.2286
2018-03-02	19.9771
2018-02-26	19.5241
2018-03-03	19.3902
2017-11-25	19.2895
2016-10-10	19.1765
2018-03-10	19.0703
2018-02-23	19.0302
2018-03-04	19.0219

The average delivery time on September 15, 2016(55), was significantly higher than the average delivery time for the second highest on October 03, 2016(27).

Among the top 10 dates with high average delivery time, the average delivery time for 4 dates falls within the first week of October 2016.

Analytics KPI – 06: Total Order Value based on order date.

The Total Order Value (KPI) measures the sum of monetary value generated from all orders processed within a specified time frame.



The screenshot displays a SQL query in a code editor and its corresponding results in a table. The query calculates the total order value by date, rounded to two decimal places, and orders the results in descending order of total value.

```
143 • SELECT
144     date(order_purchase_timestamp) as order_date,
145     round(sum((price)),2) AS total_order_value
146 FROM
147     olist_order_items_dataset as tb1
148     left join olist_orders_dataset as tb2
149     on tb1.order_id=tb2.order_id
150 group by
151     order_date
152 order by
153     total_order_value desc;
```

The results grid shows the following data:

order_date	total_order_value
2017-11-24	152653.74
2017-11-25	60923.48
2018-08-06	56427.39
2018-05-16	56283.73
2018-05-07	54167.48
2018-05-14	53842.38
2018-05-10	51458.67
2018-06-11	49669.7
2018-04-09	49308.73
2018-08-07	49178.98
2017-11-27	47923.66
2017-11-28	47886.55
2018-05-08	47800.69
2017-12-04	47348.52
2018-08-15	45574.04

The highest Total Order Value is 152,653.74 on November 24, 2017, and the lowest Total Order Value is 9,152.35 on August 22, 2017.

Analytics KPI – 07 Items Per Order.

The Items Per Order (KPI) measures the number of items a customer purchases per order. It is a useful metric for understanding customer buying behavior and can provide insights into sales strategies, product bundling, and inventory management.

```
157 • SELECT
158     order_id, COUNT(*) AS items_per_order
159 FROM
160     olist_order_items_dataset
161 GROUP BY
162     order_id
163 ORDER BY
164     items per order desc;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:
order_id	items_per_order				
8272b63d03f5f79c56e9e4120aec44ef	21				
1b15974a0141d54e36626dca3fdc731a	20				
ab14fdcfbe524636d5ee38360e22ce8	20				
9ef13efd6949e4573a18964dd1bbe7f5	15				
428a2f660dc84138d969ccd69a0ab6d5	15				
73c8ab38f07dc94389065f7eba4f297a	14				
9bdc4d4c71aa1de4606060929dee888c	14				
37ee401157a3a0b28c9c6d0ed8c3b24b	13				
2c2a19b5703863c908512d135aa6accc	12				
3a213fcdfe7d98be74ea0dc05a8b31ae	12				
637617b3ffe9e2f7a2411243829226d0	12				
af822dacd6f5cff7376413c03a388bb7	12				
c05d6a79e55da72ca780ce90364abed9	12				
71dab1155600756af6de79de92e712e3	11				
6c355e2913545fa6f72c40cbca57729e	11				
5a3b1c29a49756e75f1ef513383c0c12	11				
7f2c22c54cbae55091a09a9653fd2b8a	11				
30bdf3d824d824610a49887486debcaf	10				
f60ce04ff8060152c83c7c97e246d6a8	10				
f80549a97eb203e1566e026ab66f045b	10				
ca3625898fbd48669d50701aba51cd5f	10				
e8fa22c3673b1dd17ea315021b1f0f61	10				

The orders with the highest number of items per order are 21, 20, and 15.

Analytics KPI – 08 Average Product Price per order.

The Average Product Price Per Order (KPI) measures the average price of products purchased in a single order. This KPI is valuable for understanding the average value of items customers are buying.

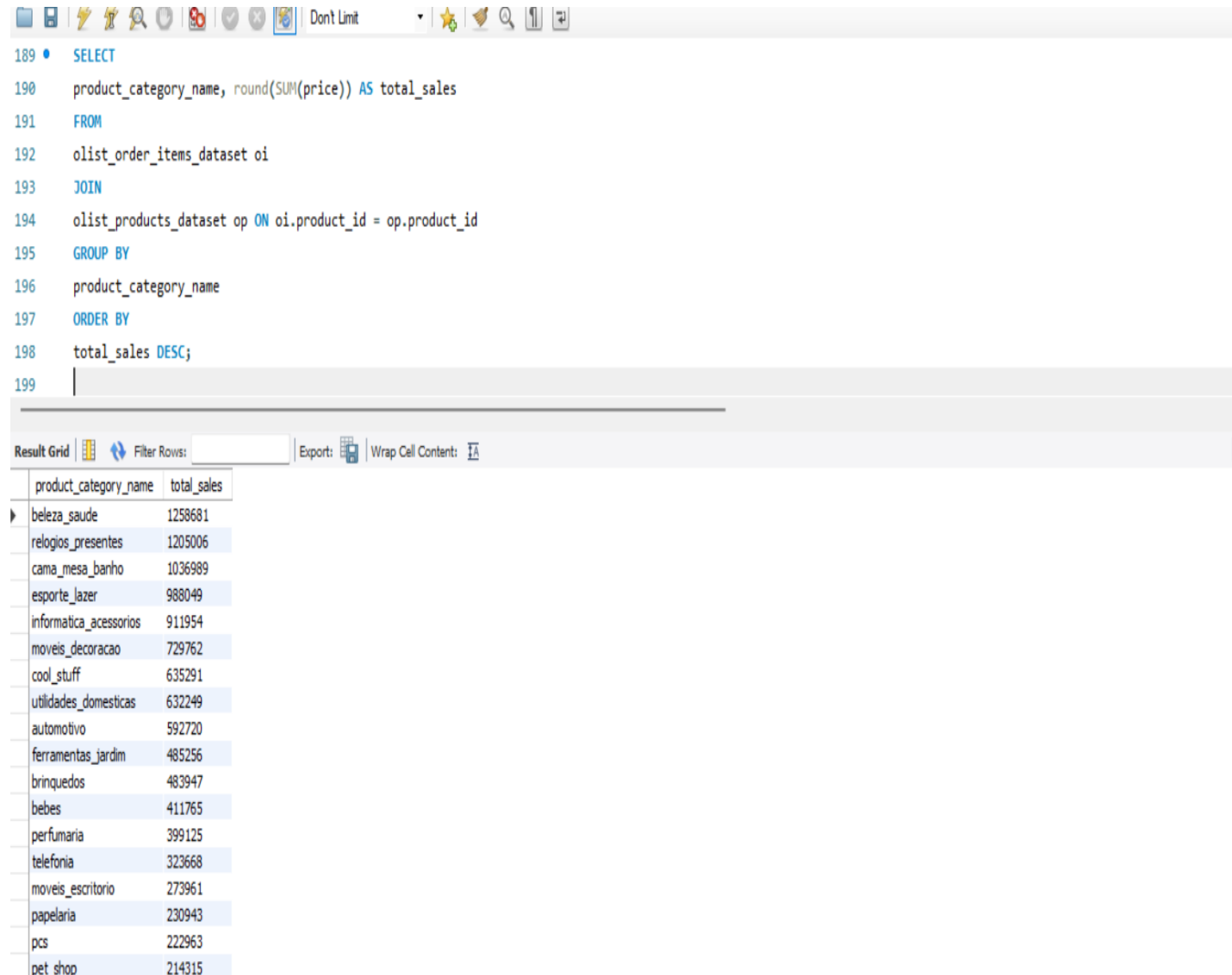
```
175 • SELECT
176     tb2.order_id,
177     round(avg(price),2) AS average_product_price
178 FROM
179     olist_order_items_dataset as tb1
180 left join olist_orders_dataset as tb2
181 on tb1.order_id=tb2.order_id
182 group by
183     tb2.order_id
184 order by
185     average_product_price desc;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:
	order_id	average_product_price			
▶	0812eb902a67711a1cb742b3cdaa65ae	6735			
	fefacc66af859508bf1a7934eab1e97f	6729			
	f5136e38d1a14a4dbd87dff67da82701	6499			
	a96610ab360d42a2e5335a3998b4718a	4799			
	199af31afc78c699f0dbf71fb178d4d4	4690			
	8dbc85d1447242f3b127dda390d56e19	4590			
	426a9742b533fc6fed17d1fd6d143d7e	4399.87			
	68101694e5c5dc7330c91e1bbc36214f	4099.99			
	b239ca7cd485940b31882363b52e6674	4059			
	86c4eab1571921a6a6e248ed312f5a5a	3999.9			
	80dfedb6d17bf23539beef3c768f4d7	3999			
	9a3966c23190dbdbaabd08e8429c006	3980			
	41b7766bb1df487d17fb9725b78ff509	3930			
	9de73f3e6157169ad6c32b9f313c7dcb	3899			
	d3f66901a6743e15f9311547cc623b91	3700			
	e85c92ee6a3ba1ef47e41c23286314d9	3699.99			
	a53e05ecd2ed1f46a2b8e1f5828be7c6	3690			
	df85c824523500d4066a0dbdb5d95bed	3549			

The top 10 orders ranked by item count differ from the top 10 orders ranked by average price per order, which shows varying priorities in customer purchasing behavior and spending patterns.

Analytics KPI – 09 Highest Category Sales Value.

The highest category sales value (KPI) refers to the category that generates the most revenue or sales for a business. This KPI is crucial for understanding which segments of products are most successful in driving revenue. It helps businesses prioritize marketing efforts, inventory management, and overall business strategy.



```
189 • SELECT
190     product_category_name, round(SUM(price)) AS total_sales
191 FROM
192     olist_order_items_dataset oi
193 JOIN
194     olist_products_dataset op ON oi.product_id = op.product_id
195 GROUP BY
196     product_category_name
197 ORDER BY
198     total_sales DESC;
199
```

Result Grid

product_category_name	total_sales
beleza_saude	1258681
relogios_presentes	1205006
cama_mesa_banho	1036989
esporte_lazer	988049
informatica_acessorios	911954
moveis_decoracao	729762
cool_stuff	635291
utilidades_domesticas	632249
automotivo	592720
ferramentas_jardim	485256
brinquedos	483947
bebes	411765
perfumaria	399125
telefonica	323668
moveis_escritorio	273961
papelaria	230943
pcs	222963
pet_shop	214315

Beleza e Saúde (Beauty and Health): This category has the highest sales value, indicating strong consumer demand in health and beauty products.

Relógios e Presentes (Watches and Gifts): Close behind the beauty category, suggesting popularity in accessories and gift items.

Cama, Mesa e Banho (Bed, Table, and Bath): Strong performance in household goods, essential for daily living.

Analytics KPI – 10 Average Freight Value Per Order.

The Average Freight Value Per Order (KPI) is a metric used to measure the average cost of shipping per order within an eCommerce business. It's calculated by dividing the total freight costs by the number of orders processed within a specific timeframe. This KPI is crucial for understanding shipping cost efficiency and its impact on overall profitability.

```
209 • SELECT
210     date(order_purchase_timestamp) as order_date,
211     tb2.order_id,
212     AVG(freight_value) AS average_freight_value
213 FROM
214     olist_order_items_dataset as tb1
215     left join olist_orders_dataset as tb2
216     on tb1.order_id=tb2.order_id
217     group by
218     tb2.order_id
219     order by
220     average_freight_value desc;
```

order_date	order_id	average_freight_value
2018-04-16	a77e1550db865202c56b19ddc6dc4d53	409.68
2018-07-30	076d1555fb53a89b0ef4d529e527a0f6	375.28
2018-08-13	3fde74c28a3d5d618c00f26d51baafa0	375.28
2018-07-29	9f49bd16053df810384e793386312674	339.59
2018-04-06	264a7e199467906c0727394df82d1a6a	338.3
2018-07-13	c7a07ddd52bbe18b61da49a8d89853d3	322.1
2018-05-16	0b6230647ed16f4b3e70282dc4b5b87f	321.88
2018-05-07	0822bcde10bb5d023755a71bc8f7797f	321.46
2018-07-06	43bdbd9dc0931d72befdf4765af6c442	317.47
2017-11-23	6ddfbf514959b49b6410c01ad93054bb	314.4
2017-06-25	0e4672661531addf3fa0f55961e55242	314.02
2017-05-22	fe12e676fd493885d417a34bc3917411	312.41
2018-04-27	3dd5626c63f493f8b8f8788c2be24baa	306.06
2018-07-02	cf4659487be50c0c317cff3564c4a840	299.16

Highest average freight value for an order is 409.68.

Analytics KPI – 11 Common Payment Type.

The Common Payment Type (KPI) typically refers to the most frequently used payment methods by customers in eCommerce transactions. Understanding the common payment types is crucial for optimizing checkout processes, ensuring customer convenience, and potentially reducing transaction costs.

```
224 • SELECT
225     payment_type, COUNT(*) AS count
226 FROM
227     olist_order_payments_dataset
228 GROUP BY
229     payment_type
230 ORDER BY
231     count DESC;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Contents: |

payment_type	count
credit_card	76795
boleto	19784
voucher	5775
debit_card	1529
not_defined	3

Credit cards are the most used payment method, indicating a preference for convenience and possibly benefiting from installment payment options.

Boleto Bancário remains a significant payment method, especially in Brazil where it's popular due to its widespread acceptance and cash-based nature.

Analytics KPI – 12 Payment Value Per Order.

The Payment Value Per Order (KPI) measures the average amount of payment received per order in an eCommerce business. It provides insights into the average transaction value and helps assess the effectiveness of pricing strategies, product offerings, and customer purchasing behavior.

```
142 • SELECT
143     order_id, sum(payment_value) as total_payment_value
144 from
145     olist_order_payments_dataset
146 group by
147     order_id
148 order by
149     total payment value desc;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Contents:	Fetch rows:
order_id	total_payment_value					
03caa2c082116e1d31e67e9ae3700499	13664.08					
736e1922ae60d0d6a89247b851902527	7274.88					
0812eb902a67711a1cb742b3cdaa65ae	6929.31					
fefacc66af859508bf1a7934eab1e97f	6922.21					
f5136e38d1a14a4dbd87dff67da82701	6726.66					
2cc9089445046817a7539d90805e6e5a	6081.54					
a96610ab360d42a2e5335a3998b4718a	4950.34					
b4c4b76c642808cbe472a32b86cddc95	4809.44					
199af31afc78c699f0dbf71fb178d4d4	4764.34					
8dbc85d1447242f3b127dda390d56e19	4681.78					
426a9742b533fc6fed17d1fd6d143d7e	4513.32					
d2f270487125ddc41fd134c4003ad1d7	4445.5					
80dfedb6d17bf23539beef3c768fd7	4194.76					
68101694e5c5dc7330c91e1bbc36214f	4175.26					

Analytics KPI – 13 Average Installment Payment Value.

The Average Installment Payment Value (KPI) measures the average value of installment payments made by customers per transaction. This metric is particularly useful in eCommerce businesses that offer installment payment options, allowing you to understand the typical installment payment size and manage credit risk effectively.

```
1 • SELECT tb2.order_purchase_timestamp,customer_id ,tb2.order_id, AVG(payment_value / payment_installments) AS average_installment_value
2   FROM olist_order_payments_dataset as tb1
3  left join olist_orders_dataset as tb2
4  on tb1.order_id=tb2.order_id
5  group by
6  tb2.order_id
7  order by
8  average_installment_value desc;
```





order_purchase_timestamp	customer_id	order_id	average_installment_value
2017-09-29 15:24:52	1617b1357756262bfa56ab541c47bc16	03caa2c082116e1d31e67e9ae3700499	13664.08
2018-07-15 14:49:44	ec5b2ba62e574342386871631fafd3fc	736e1922ae60d0d6a89247b851902527	7274.88
2018-07-25 18:10:17	f48d464a0baaea338cb25f816991ab1f	fefacc66af859508bf1a7934eab1e97f	6922.21
2017-05-24 18:14:34	3fd6777bbce08a352fd0d04e4a7cc8f6	f5136e38d1a14a4dbd87dff67da82701	6726.66
2017-11-24 11:03:35	05455dfa7cd02f13d132aa7a6a9729c6	2cc9089445046817a7539d90805e6e5a	6081.54
2018-05-31 22:57:07	cc803a2c412833101651d3f90ca7de24	d2f270487125ddc41fd134c4003ad1d7	4445.5
2018-07-29 08:39:48	e9b0d0eb3015ef1c9ce6cf5b9dcbee9f	b239ca7cd485940b31882363b52e6674	4163.51
2018-05-14 15:15:30	31e83c01fce824d0ff786fcd48dad009	41b7766bb1df487d17fb9725b78ff509	3979.55
2017-05-10 15:05:47	7d03bf20fa96e80468bbf678eebbcb3f	b15c7e972c74684414fb2e659fce916a	3666.42
2017-02-21 18:35:38	39d6658037b1b5a07d0a24d423f0bd19	df85c824523500d4066a0dbdb5d95bed	3602.47
2018-07-06 11:07:02	3c7c62e8d38fb18a33a45db8021f2d69	43bdbd9dc0931d72befdf4765af6c442	3406.47
2018-05-22 13:43:23	71901689c5f3e5adc27b1dd16b33f0b8	4412d97cb2093633afa85f11db46316c	3195.73
2018-08-07 16:33:59	25dbbf0c477fd4ae0880aaffbb12e8b3	03310aa823a66056268a3bab36e827fb	3184.34
2018-08-17 20:06:36	040d94f8ba8ca26014bd6f7e8a6e0c0d	7813842ae95e8c497fc0233232ae815a	3184.34
2018-02-09 14:43:53	a95f4bbcf95262b073e4afa481b59ff8	31e50461be6957a749166e97af082d0a	3155.82
2017-07-06 14:51:37	8dd4c93bfbebe2a77657d46ef959a7ac	52e6988a13f9dd7d567b0816dba52a03	3041.73
2017-03-27 11:26:48	fd78e5e3abdc375368456fe738694c00	bd2fef198085db0b586b9c71aa2d35da	3024.08

Highest average installment payment was \$13,664, which was ordered on November 29,2017.

Analytics KPI – 14 Distribution of Product Categories.

The Distribution of Product Categories KPI measures the sales performance across different product categories in an eCommerce business. It helps in understanding which categories contribute most to overall sales and can guide inventory management, marketing strategies, and business focus.

```
158 • SELECT
159     product_category_name, COUNT(*) AS count
160 FROM
161     olist_products_dataset
162 GROUP BY
163     product_category_name
164 ORDER BY
165     count DESC;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

product_category_name	count
cama_mesa_banho	3029
esporte_lazer	2867
moveis_decoracao	2657
beleza_saude	2444
utilidades_domesticas	2335
automotivo	1900
informatica_acessorios	1639
brinquedos	1411
relorios_presentes	1329
telefonica	1134
bebes	919
perfumaria	868
fashion_bolsas_e_aces...	849
papelaria	849
cool_stuff	789
ferramentas_jardim	753
pet_shop	719
	610
eletronicos	517
construcao_ferramenta...	400

Top 5 Popular Product Categories are Cama, Mesa e Banho (Bed, Table, and Bath): 3,029, Esporte e Lazer (Sports and Leisure): 2,867, Móveis e Decoração (Furniture and Decoration): 2,657, Beleza e Saúde (Beauty and Health): 2,444, Utilidades Domésticas (Household Utilities): 2,335

Analytics KPI – 15 Average Price of Products in Each Category.

The Average Price of Products in Each Category KPI in eCommerce refers to the mean price of products sold within specific product categories. It is a metric used to analyze pricing strategies, understand customer purchasing behavior, and assess market competitiveness within each category.

```
269 • SELECT
270     product_category_name, round(AVG(price),2) AS average_price ,count(product_category_name) as count_product_category_ordered
271 FROM
272     olist_order_items_dataset tb1
273 JOIN
274     olist_products_dataset tb2 ON tb1.product_id = tb2.product_id
275 GROUP BY
276     product_category_name
277 order by
278     average_price desc;
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: <input type="button" value=""/> Wrap Cell Content: <input type="button" value=""/>			
product_category_name	average_price	count_product_category_ordered	
pcs	1098.34	203	
portateis_casa_forno_e_cafe	624.29	76	
elerodomesticos_2	476.12	238	
agro_industria_e_comercio	342.12	212	
instrumentos_musicais	281.62	680	
eletroportateis	280.78	679	
portateis_cozinha_e_preparadores_de_alimentos	264.57	15	
telefonos_fixos	225.69	264	
construcao_ferramentas_seguranca	208.99	194	
relogios_presentes	201.14	5991	
climatizacao	185.27	297	
moveis_quarto	183.75	109	
pc_gamer	171.77	9	
cool_stuff	167.36	3796	
moveis_cozinha_area_de_servico_jantar_e_jardim	164.87	281	

PCS (Average Price: \$1,098.34) and Portable Home Appliances and Coffee (Average Price: \$624.29) have relatively high average prices.

Watches and Gifts (Relógios e Presentes) (Number of Orders: 5,991) stands out with a significantly high number of orders despite a moderate average price (\$201.14). This indicates strong demand and popularity among customers, possibly due to seasonal trends or high gifting appeal.

Analytics KPI – 16 Highest Product Review Score.

The Highest Product Review Score (KPI) tracks the products with the highest average review score across all products sold on an eCommerce business. It typically involves calculating the average rating on a scale of 1 to 5 given by customers who have purchased and reviewed the product.

```
281 • select ftb.product_id,max(ftb.review_score) as highest_review_score,
282      min(ftb.review_score) as minimum_review_score,avg(ftb.review_score) as avg_review_score
283      from(
284      SELECT tb1.order_id,tb2.order_item_id,tb2.product_id,tb1.review_score
285      FROM olist_order_reviews_dataset as tb1
286      left join olist_order_items_dataset as tb2
287      on tb1.order_id=tb2.order_id
288      left join olist_products_dataset as tb3
289      on tb2.product_id=tb3.product_id
290      ) as ftb
291      group by 1;
```

product_id	highest_review_score	minimum_review_score	avg_review_score
bbaef2eadf31fe3ea6702077398be06c	5	1	3.8030
09c3a2ea33f044aebffecd6681e00133	5	1	3.8571
37d2e3656244fd840ebd0460360455cd	5	3	4.2000
2efbce46d36d9af306d4300db163b276	3	3	3.0000
11dc4053871ff53ff79fb1fc7e6b160f	5	3	4.4444
e9eebb8e8ba0fad9020f8ba1c003b48	5	3	4.6000
656e0eca68dcecf6a31b8ececfa3e3e8	5	1	3.9716
2d27434c710806b971a721da337a112a	5	1	2.9000
d696750e550fd0f733979dd7e5dff921	5	1	4.5263
33b67c1594a903b27b5163c0efb15a5d	5	5	5.0000
a93ad122024312ca432da7f7b32474b4	5	3	4.0000
ce87eb0f80420c505b53ade21bf93d6	5	4	4.7500
6722735e7b6ea43bbd86b1c9074c3057	4	4	4.0000
c6336fa91fbd87c359e44f5dca5a90ed	5	1	4.0109
93c902b021a9e594f658ab1b0351602a	5	1	3.8732
7c1bd920dbdf22470b68bde975dd3ccf	5	1	3.8766

Products with high review scores indicate customer satisfaction and build trust among potential buyers.

Analytics KPI – 17 Delivery Performance.

The Delivery Performance (KPI) measures the efficiency and reliability of the delivery process in an eCommerce business. It tracks key metrics related to order fulfillment and delivery times to ensure that customers receive their orders within the estimated timeframe.

```
298 • SELECT
299     order_id, order_estimated_delivery_date, order_delivered_customer_date,
300     DATEDIFF(order_delivered_customer_date, order_estimated_delivery_date) AS delivery_performance
301 FROM
302     olist_orders_dataset
303 WHERE
304     order_delivered_customer_date IS NOT NULL
305 order by 4 desc;
```

Result Grid				
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: <input type="button"/> Wrap Cell Content: <input type="button"/> Fetch rows: <input type="button"/>				
order_id	order_estimated_delivery_date	order_delivered_customer_date	delivery_performance	
1b3190b2dfa9d789e1f14c05b647a14a	2018-03-15 00:00:00	2018-09-19 23:24:07	188	
ca07593549f1816d26a572e06dc1eab6	2017-03-22 00:00:00	2017-09-19 14:36:39	181	
47b40429ed8cce3aee9199792275433f	2018-01-19 00:00:00	2018-07-13 20:51:31	175	
2fe324feb907e3ea3f2aa9650869fa5	2017-04-05 00:00:00	2017-09-19 17:00:07	167	
285ab9426d6982034523a855f55a885e	2017-04-06 00:00:00	2017-09-19 14:00:04	166	
440d0d17af552815d15a9e41abe49359	2017-04-07 00:00:00	2017-09-19 15:12:50	165	
c27815f7e3dd0b926b58552628481575	2017-04-10 00:00:00	2017-09-19 17:14:25	162	
0f4519c5f1c541ddc9f21b3bdd533a	2017-04-11 00:00:00	2017-09-19 14:38:21	161	
d24e8541128cea179a11a65176e0a96f	2017-06-26 00:00:00	2017-12-04 18:36:29	161	
2d7561026d542c8dbd8f0dae67a43	2017-04-13 00:00:00	2017-09-19 14:38:18	159	
2fb597c2f772eca01b1f5c561bf6cc7b	2017-04-17 00:00:00	2017-09-19 14:33:17	155	
6e82dcfb5eada6283dba34f164e636f5	2017-06-14 00:00:00	2017-11-16 10:56:45	155	
ed8e9faf1b75f43ee027103957135663	2017-12-19 00:00:00	2018-05-21 18:22:18	153	
dfe5f68118c2576143240b8d78e5940a	2017-04-19 00:00:00	2017-09-19 18:13:19	153	
2ba1366baecad3c3536f27546d129017	2017-03-29 00:00:00	2017-08-28 16:23:46	152	
437222e3fd1b07396f1d9ba8c15fba59	2017-04-28 00:00:00	2017-09-19 16:28:58	144	
6e6527028de694ccade37f5a15a6d84a	2017-12-18 00:00:00	2018-05-10 00:06:20	143	
a452fba32eab28a4a62af18eed010c0b	2017-05-04 00:00:00	2017-09-19 13:47:09	138	
3566eabb132f8d64741ae7b921bbd10e	2017-05-05 00:00:00	2017-09-19 15:07:09	137	
525e11b26fdb7f4171d289897d0f6da	2017-05-08 00:00:00	2017-09-19 14:58:10	134	
4fbc8d6f2f4db3e789d5a876fa349b56	2018-03-08 00:00:00	2018-07-20 23:37:50	134	
df6d8b7768a047c2981bae0a24afb01	2017-05-10 00:00:00	2017-09-19 15:08:19	132	

The data reveals significant issues with delivery performance, as 66 orders took more than 80 days beyond their estimated delivery time to be delivered.

Above 180 Days: 3 orders, 150 to 180 Days: 11 orders, 100 to 150 Days: 31 orders, 80 to 100 Days: 21 orders

Analytics KPI – 18 Relationship Between Product Categories and Payment Methods.

The Relationship Between Product Categories and Payment Methods (KPI) measures the correlation between different product categories and the payment methods used by customers. This helps to identify patterns and preferences in payment methods for various product categories, providing insights for optimizing payment options and marketing strategies.

```
310 • SELECT
311     product_category_name, payment_type, COUNT(*) AS count
312 FROM
313     olist_order_items_dataset oi
314 JOIN
315     olist_products_dataset op ON oi.product_id = op.product_id
316 JOIN
317     olist_order_payments_dataset opay ON oi.order_id = opay.order_id
318 GROUP BY
319     product_category_name, payment_type;
```

product_category_name	payment_type	count
perfumaria	credit_card	2706
moveis_decoracao	voucher	530
telefonica	credit_card	3400
fashion_bolsas_e_acessorios	boleto	422
cama_mesa_banho	credit_card	8959
automotivo	boleto	840
informatica_acessorios	voucher	340
moveis_decoracao	boleto	1735
utilidades_domesticas	credit_card	5411
perfumaria	debit_card	48
moveis_decoracao	credit_card	6379
bebes	credit_card	2426
brinquedos	credit_card	3294
moveis_escritorio	boleto	482
informatica_acessorios	credit_card	5436
cool_stuff	credit_card	2977
beleza_saude	credit_card	7566
informatica_acessorios	boleto	2158
pet_shop	credit_card	1526

Top Product Categories by Credit Card: cama_mesa_banho [bed_bath_table]: 8959 transactions, beleza_saude [health_beauty]: 7566 transactions, esporte_lazer [sports_leisure]: 6635 transactions, moveis_decoracao [furniture_decor]: 6379 transactions, informatica_acessorios [computers_accessories]: 5436 transactions

Top Product Categories by Boleto: informatica_acessorios [computers_accessories]: 2158 transactions, cama_mesa_banho [bed_bath_table]: 1875 transactions, beleza_saude [health_beauty]: 1860 transactions, esporte_lazer [sports_leisure]: 1772 transactions, moveis_decoracao [furniture_decor]: 1735 transactions

Top Product Categories by Voucher: cama_mesa_banho [bed_bath_table]: 847 transactions, esporte_lazer [sports_leisure]: 411 transactions, moveis_decoracao [furniture_decor]: 530 transactions, utilidades_domesticas [housewares]: 505 transactions, relógios_presentes [watches_gifts]: 255 transactions

Analytics KPI – 19 Correlation Between Review Scores and Product Prices.

The Correlation Between Review Scores and Product Prices (KPI) measures and analyze the relationship between product review scores and product prices, providing insights into how product pricing might influence customer satisfaction and perceived value.

```
1 • select tb1.review_score, avg(tb1.price) as avg_price
2   from(
3     select tb2.product_id,max(tb2.review_score) as review_score,max(tb2.price) as price
4     from(
5       SELECT tb3.order_id,tb4.order_item_id,tb4.product_id,tb3.review_score,tb4.price
6       FROM olist_order_reviews_dataset as tb3
7       left join olist_order_items_dataset as tb4
8         on tb3.order_id=tb4.order_id
9       left join olist_products_dataset as tb5
10        on tb4.product_id=tb5.product_id
11      ) as tb2
12     group by tb2.product_id
13   )as tb1
14   group by tb1.review_score;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Contents:
	review_score	avg_price		
▶	5	145.2382022229799		
	3	133.40441325098053		
	4	149.85279037800987		
	1	168.7652729298194		
	2	155.09991869918647		

A possible inverse relationship between review scores and product prices, with lower scores corresponding to higher average prices.

Analytics KPI – 20 Top-Selling Product Categories.

The Top-Selling Product Categories (KPI) measures and ranks the performance of product categories based on sales volume or revenue. This KPI provides insights into which categories are generating the most sales, helping businesses identify popular product segments and make informed inventory and marketing decisions.

```
17 • SELECT
18     product_category_name, round(SUM(price),2) AS total_sales
19 FROM
20     olist_order_items_dataset tb1
21 INNER JOIN
22     olist_products_dataset tb2 ON tb1.product_id = tb2.product_id
23 GROUP BY
24     product_category_name
25 ORDER BY
26     total_sales DESC;
```

product_category_name	total_sales
beleza_saude	1258681.34
relorios_presentes	1205005.68
cama_mesa_banho	1036988.68
esporte_lazer	988048.97
informatica_acessorios	911954.32
moveis_decoracao	729762.49
cool_stuff	635290.85
utilidades_domesticas	632248.66
automotivo	592720.11
ferramentas_jardim	485256.46
brinquedos	483946.6
bebes	411764.89
perfumaria	399124.87
telefonica	323667.53
moveis_escritorio	273960.7
papelaria	230943.23
ocs	222963.13

The top-selling product categories, led by Beleza e Saúde (Beauty and Health) with \$1,258,681.34 in sales revenue, followed closely by Relógios e Presentes (Watches and Gifts) at \$1,205,005.68, and Cama, Mesa e Banho (Bed, Table, and Bath) with \$1,036,988.68, demonstrate strong market demand and popularity based on their sales figures.

Analytics KPI – 21 The Unique Customers.

The Unique Customers (KPI) measures the number of individual customers who have made at least one purchase within a specified period. This metric helps eCommerce businesses understand their customer base size and gauge their reach and market penetration.

```
248
249 • SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT customer_unique_id) AS unique_customers_count
250 FROM olist_customers_dataset;
251
252
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
unique_customers_count			
▶ 96096			

A total of 96,096 distinct customers have placed orders within the eCommerce platform.