1: package maps

```
2:
   3: import maps.lineardatastructures.ResizableArray
   5: // This is part of the extension.
   6: class ArrayBasedMap<K, V> : CustomMutableMap<K, V> {
   7:
          val contents = ResizableArray<Entry<K, V>>()
   8:
   9:
           var count: Int = 0
  10:
               private set(value) {
  11:
                   if (value == contents.size) contents.resize(contents.size * 2)
  12:
                   field = value
  13:
               }
  14:
  15:
           override val entries: Iterable<Entry<K, V>>
   16:
               get() = contents
  17:
  18:
           override fun get(key: K): V? = contents.getFirst { key == it.key }?.value
  19:
  20:
           override fun remove(kev: K): V? {
  21:
               val prev = contents.removeFirst { key == it.key }?.value
  22:
               if (prev != null) --count
  23:
               return prev
   24:
          }
  25:
  26:
           override fun put(key: K, value: V): V? {
               var added = false
  27:
  28:
               var prev: V? = null
  29:
               for (i in 0 until contents.size) {
  30:
                   val item = contents[i]
  31:
                   if (item != null && item.key == key) {
  32:
                       prev = item.value
  33:
                       contents[i] = null
   34:
  35:
                   if (!added && contents[i] == null) {
  36:
                       added = true
  37:
                       contents[i] = Entry(key, value)
  38:
                  }
  39:
  40:
               if (prev == null) {
  41:
                  count++
  42:
  43:
               return prev
  44:
  45: }
  46:
  47: private fun <E : Any> ResizableArray<E>.addToFirstFree(item: E) {
  48:
           var added = false
  49:
           for (i in 0 until size) {
  50:
               if (!added && get(i) == null) {
  51:
                   added = true
  52:
                   set(i, item)
  53:
  54:
          }
  55: }
  56:
  57: private fun <E : Any> ResizableArray<E>.removeFirst(predicate: (E) -> Boolean): E? =
          getIndexOfFirst(predicate)?.let(::remove)
  58:
  59:
  60: private fun <E : Any> ResizableArray<E>.qetFirst(predicate: (E) -> Boolean): E? =
  61:
          getIndexOfFirst(predicate)?.let(::get)
  62:
  63: private fun <E : Any> ResizableArray<E>.getIndexOfFirst(predicate: (E) -> Boolean):
Int? {
  64:
           for (i in 0 until size) {
  65:
               if (get(i)?.let(predicate) == true) {
  66:
                   return i
  67:
```

68: }
69: return null
70: }

1

```
1: package maps
    2:
   3: data class Entry<K. V>(val key: K. val value: V)
   5: interface CustomMutableMap<K, V> {
   6:
           // Provides read access to all entries of the map
   7:
           val entries: Iterable<Entrv<K. V>>
    8:
           // Provides read access to all kevs of the map
   9:
  10:
           val kevs: Iterable<K>
  11:
               get() = entries.map(Entrv<K, V>::kev).toSet()
  12:
  13:
           // Provides read access to all values of the map
  14:
           val values: Iterable<V>
  15:
               get() = entries.map(Entrv<K, V>::value)
   16:
           // Returns the value at 'key', or null if there is no such value.
  17:
           // This operator allows array-like indexing.
  18:
  19:
           operator fun get(kev: K): V?
  20:
  21:
           // Operator version of 'put' to allow array-like indexing.
  22:
           operator fun set(key: K, value: V): V? = put(key, value)
   23:
   24:
           // Associates 'value' with 'key'. Returns the previous value associated with
  25:
           // 'key', or null if there is no such previous value.
           fun put(key: K, value: V): V?
  26:
  27.
           // Associates the value of 'entry' with the key of 'entry'. Returns the previous
  28:
  29:
           // value associated with this key, or null if there is no such previous value.
           fun put(entry: Entry<K, V>): V? = put(entry.key, entry.value)
   30:
  31:
  32:
           // Removes entry with key 'key' from the map if such an entry exists, returning
   33:
           // the associated value if so. Otherwise, returns null.
   34:
           fun remove(key: K): V?
  35:
  36:
           // Returns true if and only if there is some value associated with 'key' in the
man
   37:
           fun contains(key: K): Boolean = get(key) != null
  38: }
```

```
1: package maps
    2:
    3: private const val POW2 SIZE = true
    4: private const val LOAD FACTOR = 0.75
    5: private const val DEFAULT SIZE = 32
    7: typealias BucketFactorv<K, V> = () -> CustomMutableMap<K, V>
    9: abstract class GenericHashMap<K, V>(private val bucketFactory: BucketFactory<K, V>)
: CustomMutableMap<K, V> {
  11:
          private var buckets: Arrav<CustomMutableMap<K. V>> = Arrav(DEFAULT SIZE) {
bucketFactory() }
  12:
  13:
           private val numBuckets
  14:
               get() = buckets.size
  15:
  16:
           private var numElements: Int = 0
  17:
               set(value) {
  18:
                   field = value
  19:
                   // Using Java's approach to resizing Hashmaps - i.e: never shrinks.
doubles when
  20:
                   // reaches load factor. Could definitely set up cases where shrinking
is required - i.e:
  21:
                   // verify memory usage goes back down after removing all
  22:
                   if (numElements' > numBuckets * LOAD FACTOR) resize(numBuckets * 2)
  23:
  24:
  25:
           private fun resize(size: Int) {
  26:
               val oldEntries = entries
  27:
               buckets = Array(size) { bucketFactory() }
  28:
               oldEntries.forEach { put(it) }
  29:
  30:
  31:
           private fun K.bucketIndex(): Int =
               if (POW2 SIZE) hashCode() and (numBuckets - 1) else
  32:
Math.floorMod(hashCode(), numBuckets)
  33:
  34:
           private fun K.bucket(): CustomMutableMap<K, V> = buckets[bucketIndex()]
  35:
  36:
           override val entries: Iterable<Entrv<K. V>>
  37:
               get() = buckets.asIterable().flatMap { it.entries }
  38:
  39:
           override fun put(key: K, value: V): V? {
  40:
               val prev = kev.bucket().put(kev. value)
  41:
               if (prev == null) numElements++
  42:
               return prev
  43:
  44:
  45:
           override fun get(kev: K): V? = kev.bucket().get(kev)
  46:
  47:
           override fun remove(kev: K): V? {
  48:
               // this version using extension functions allows a chain of method calls as
below...
  49:
               val result = key.bucket().remove(key)
  50:
               numElements--
  51:
               return result
  52:
  53: }
```

../solution/src/main/kotlin/maps/HashMapBackedByArrays.kt

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../solution/src/main/kotlin/maps/HashMapBackedByLists.kt

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1

1: package maps
2:
3: class HashMapBackedByArrays<K, V> : GenericHashMap<K, V>({ ArrayBasedMap() })

1: package maps
2:
3: class HashMapBackedByLists<K, V> : GenericHashMap<K, V>({ ListBasedMap() })

67:

```
1: package maps.lineardatastructures
   2:
   3: interface Node<T> {
           var next: ValueNode<T>?
   5: }
   6:
   7: class ValueNode<T>(val item: T, override var next: ValueNode<T>?) : Node<T>
   9: class RootNode<T>(override var next: ValueNode<T>?) : Node<T>
  10:
  11: class CustomLinkedList<T> : MutableIterable<T> {
  12:
           private val root: RootNode<T> = RootNode(null)
  13:
  14:
           private var head: ValueNode<T>?
  15:
               get() = root.next
   16:
               set(value) {
  17:
                   root.next = value
  18:
  19:
  20:
           val isEmpty: Boolean
  21:
               get() = head == null
  22:
   23:
           fun add(item: T) {
   24:
               head = ValueNode(item, head)
  25:
  26:
  27:
           fun peek(): T? = head?.item
  28:
  29:
           fun remove(): T? {
   30:
               val toRemove = head ?: return null
  31:
               head = toRemove.next
  32:
               return toRemove.item
   33:
           }
   34:
  35:
           // Uses the remove() function in the MutableIterator (below). This could
  36:
           // be defined as an extension function on MutableIterable.
  37:
           fun remove(pred: (T) -> Boolean): T? {
  38:
               val iterator = iterator()
   39:
               while (iterator.hasNext()) {
  40:
                   val item = iterator.next()
  41:
                   if (pred(item)) {
  42:
                       iterator.remove()
  43:
                       return item
  44:
  45:
   46:
               return null
   47:
           }
   48:
  49:
           override fun iterator(): MutableIterator<T> = object : MutableIterator<T> {
  50:
               var prev: Node<T>? = null
  51:
               var curr: Node<T> = root
  52:
               var next: ValueNode<T>? = root.next
               var canRemove: Boolean = false
  53:
  54:
  55:
               override fun hasNext(): Boolean = next != null
  56:
  57:
               override fun next(): T {
  58:
                   canRemove = true
  59:
                   val newCurr = next ?: throw NoSuchElementException("Called next on
empty iterator!")
  60:
                   prev = curr
  61:
                   curr = newCurr
                   next = newCurr.next
  62:
   63:
                   return newCurr.item
   64:
              }
  65:
  66:
               override fun remove() {
```

if (!canRemove) throw UnsupportedOperationException("Called remove

1 ../solution/src/main/kotlin/maps/lineardatastructures/CustomLinkedList.kt

```
1: package maps.lineardatastructures
   3: // This is part of the extension.
   4: class ResizableArray<E>(initialSize: Int = 1) : Iterable<E> {
           private var elements: Array<Any?> = Array(initialSize) { null }
   6:
   7:
           val size: Int
   8:
               get() = elements.size
   9:
  10:
           fun remove(index: Int): E? {
  11:
               val result = elements[index]
  12:
               for (i in index..<elements.size - 1) {</pre>
  13:
                   elements[i] = elements[i + 1]
  14:
  15:
               return result as E?
   16:
           }
  17:
  18:
           operator fun get(index: Int): E? = elements[index] as E?
  19:
  20:
           operator fun set(index: Int. item: E?): E? {
  21:
               val prev: E? = get(index)
  22:
               elements[index] = item
  23:
               return prev
   24:
           }
  25:
  26:
           fun resize(newSize: Int) {
  27:
               elements = elements.copyOf(newSize)
  28:
           }
  29:
  30:
           override fun iterator(): Iterator<E> = object : Iterator<E> {
  31:
               private var index = 0
  32:
  33:
               override fun hasNext(): Boolean = get(index) != null
  34:
  35:
               override fun next(): E = get(index++) ?: throw
NoSuchElementException("Called next on empty iterator!")
          }
  37: }
```

```
1: package maps
    2:
    3: import maps.lineardatastructures.CustomLinkedList
    5: class ListBasedMap<K, V> : CustomMutableMap<K, V> {
    6:
    7:
           private val contents: CustomLinkedList<Entry<K, V>> = CustomLinkedList()
    8:
    9:
           override val entries: Iterable<Entry<K, V>>
   10:
               qet() = contents
  11:
  12:
           // Looks like this overrides the operator function: the operator keyword seems
optional.
  13:
           override fun get(key: K): V? = contents.find { it.key == key }?.value
  14:
   15:
           override fun put(key: K, value: V): V? {
   16:
               val prev = get(key)
  17:
                remove(kev)
  18:
               contents.add(Entry(key, value))
  19:
                return prev
  20:
  21:
           override fun remove(key: K): V? {
  val keysMatch = { e: Entry<K, V> -> e.key == key }
   22:
   23:
  24:
                return contents.remove(keysMatch)?.value
  25:
           }
  26: }
```

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