## Option Solutions (Chapter 7, numbers 7.6 and 7.7 in book)

6 Based on Dekker/Dijkstra algorithm:

```
const False = 0
const True = 1
range Bool = False..True
set BoolActions = {setTrue, setFalse, [False], [True]}
BOOLVAR = VAL[False],
VAL[v:Bool] = (setTrue -> VAL[True]
        |setFalse -> VAL[False]
        |[v]|
            \rightarrow VAL[v]
        ).
||FLAGS = (flag1:BOOLVAR || flag2:BOOLVAR).
NEIGHBOUR1 = (flag1.setTrue -> TEST),
TEST
         = (flag2[b:Bool] ->
         if(b) then
           (flag1.setFalse -> NEIGHBOUR1)
           (enter -> exit -> flag1.setFalse -> NEIGHBOUR1)
        )+{{flag1,flag2}.BoolActions}.
NEIGHBOUR2 = (flag2.setTrue -> TEST),
TEST
         = (flag1[b:Bool] ->
         if(b) then
           (flag2.setFalse -> NEIGHBOUR2)
         else
           (enter -> exit-> flag2.setFalse -> NEIGHBOUR2)
        )+{{flag1,flag2}.BoolActions}.
property SAFETY = (n1.enter -> n1.exit -> SAFETY | n2.enter -> n2.exit ->
SAFETY).
||FIELD = (n1:NEIGHBOUR1 || n2:NEIGHBOUR2 || {n1,n2}::FLAGS || SAFETY).
progress ENTER1 = {n1.enter} //NEIGBOUR 1 always gets to enter
progress ENTER2 = {n2.enter} //NEIGHBOUR 2 always gets to enter
/* greedy neighbours - make setting the flags high priority - eagerness to enter*/
||GREEDY = FIELD \iff \{\{n1,n2\}, \{flag1, flag2\}, setTrue\}\}
/* progress violations show situation where neither neighbour enters
* each continually retests the lock
```

7. Peterson's Algorithm for two processes (Peterson G.L. 1981):

```
const False = 0
const True = 1
range Bool = False..True
set BoolActions = {setTrue, setFalse, [False], [True]}
BOOLVAR = VAL[False],
VAL[v:Bool] = (setTrue -> VAL[True]
        |setFalse -> VAL[False]
               \rightarrow VAL[v]
        |[v]|
        ).
set CardActions = {set1,set2,[1],[2]}
range Card = 1..2
CARDVAR = VAL[1],
VAL[i:Card] = (set1 -> VAL[1]
        |set2 -> VAL[2]
        |[i] \rightarrow VAL[i]
||VARS = (flag1:BOOLVAR || flag2:BOOLVAR || turn:CARDVAR).
NEIGHBOUR1 = (flag1.setTrue -> turn.set2 -> TEST),
TEST
         = (flag2[b:Bool] -> turn[c:Card] ->
         if(b && c==2) then
           TEST
         else
           (enter -> exit -> flag1.setFalse -> NEIGHBOUR1)
        )+{{flag1,flag2}.BoolActions, turn.CardActions}.
NEIGHBOUR2 = (flag2.setTrue -> turn.set1 -> TEST),
TEST
         = (flag1[b:Bool] -> turn[c:Card] ->
         if(b && c == 1) then
            TEST
           (enter -> exit-> flag2.setFalse -> NEIGHBOUR2)
        )+{{flag1,flag2}.BoolActions, turn.CardActions}.
property SAFETY = (n1.enter -> n1.exit -> SAFETY | n2.enter -> n2.exit -> SAFETY).
\|FIELD = (n1:NEIGHBOUR1 \parallel n2:NEIGHBOUR2 \parallel \{n1,n2\}::VARS \parallel SAFETY).
progress ENTER1 = {n1.enter} //NEIGBOUR 1 always gets to enter
progress ENTER2 = {n2.enter} //NEIGHBOUR 2 always gets to enter
/* greedy neighbours - make setting the flags high priority - eagerness to enter*/
\|GREEDY = FIELD \iff \{\{n1,n2\}, \{flag1, flag2\}, setTrue\}.
/* progress violation does not now occur due to the turn indicator
```