```
In [5]: import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pandas as pd
 In [6]: url = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/adithya6603/adithya/main/Quote-Equity-RELIANCE-
         dataset train = pd.read csv(url)
         training set = dataset train.iloc[:, 1:2].values
 In [7]: dataset_train.head()
                     OPEN
                             HIGH
                                     LOW PREV. CLOSE
                                                              VOLUME
              Date
                                                       close
Out[7]:
                                                                         turnover
         0 13-Jul-23 2,783.90 2,799.00 2,737.25
                                              2,767.75 2,743.00
                                                             67,76,172 187983.5765
         1 12-Jul-23 2,766.30 2,802.00 2,761.65
                                              2,764.70 2,767.75
                                                             86,45,662 240487.6483
         2 11-Jul-23 2,752.90 2,770.00 2,737.60
                                             2,735.05 2,764.70
                                                             92,62,001 255199.7541
         3 10-Jul-23 2,688.90 2,756.00 2,675.00
                                              2,633.60 2,735.05 1,53,40,262 418719.9557
         4 07-Jul-23 2,635.00 2,664.95 2,628.00
                                             2,638.75 2,633.60
                                                            61,72,684 163291.6452
 In [8]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
         training set = np.array([float(str(x).replace(',', ''))) for x in training set.flatten()]
         sc = MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0,1))
         training set scaled = sc.fit transform(training set)
 In [9]: X_{train} = []
         y train = []
         for i in range(60, len(training set scaled)):
             X train.append(training set scaled[i-60:i, 0])
             y train.append(training set scaled[i, 0])
         X train, y train = np.array(X train), np.array(y train)
         X train = np.reshape(X train, (X train.shape[0], X train.shape[1], 1))
         print(X train.shape)
         print(y train.shape)
         (188, 60, 1)
         (188,)
         from keras.models import Sequential
In [10]:
         from keras.layers import LSTM
         from keras.layers import Dropout
         from keras.layers import Dense
In [11]: | model = Sequential()
         model.add(LSTM(units=50, return sequences=True, input shape=(X train.shape[1], 1)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model.add(LSTM(units=50, return sequences=True))
         model.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model.add(LSTM(units=50, return sequences=True))
         model.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model.add(LSTM(units=50))
         model.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model.add(Dense(units=1))
         model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='mean squared error')
         model.fit(X train, y train, epochs=100, batch size=32)
         Epoch 1/100
```

```
Epoch 2/100
Epoch 3/100
Epoch 4/100
Epoch 5/100
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 7/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 99ms/step - loss: 0.0315
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 9/100
6/6 [=========== ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0295
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 15/100
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 18/100
6/6 [============= ] - 1s 99ms/step - loss: 0.0182
Epoch 19/100
Epoch 20/100
Epoch 21/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 97ms/step - loss: 0.0196
Epoch 22/100
Epoch 23/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 99ms/step - loss: 0.0183
Epoch 24/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0188
Epoch 25/100
6/6 [============ - 1s 97ms/step - loss: 0.0186
Epoch 26/100
Epoch 27/100
Epoch 28/100
6/6 [============= ] - 1s 97ms/step - loss: 0.0175
Epoch 29/100
6/6 [============= ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0164
Epoch 30/100
Epoch 31/100
6/6 [============] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0205
Epoch 32/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 94ms/step - loss: 0.0157
Epoch 33/100
6/6 [============== ] - 1s 140ms/step - loss: 0.0136
Epoch 34/100
```

```
Epoch 35/100
Epoch 36/100
Epoch 37/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 96ms/step - loss: 0.0175
Epoch 38/100
Epoch 39/100
6/6 [=========== - 1s 100ms/step - loss: 0.0149
Epoch 40/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 95ms/step - loss: 0.0166
Epoch 41/100
6/6 [========== ] - 1s 102ms/step - loss: 0.0160
Epoch 42/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 94ms/step - loss: 0.0155
Epoch 43/100
6/6 [========== ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0165
Epoch 44/100
Epoch 45/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0156
Epoch 46/100
Epoch 47/100
6/6 [=========== ] - 1s 94ms/step - loss: 0.0156
Epoch 48/100
Epoch 49/100
Epoch 50/100
Epoch 51/100
Epoch 52/100
Epoch 53/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 107ms/step - loss: 0.0140
Epoch 54/100
Epoch 55/100
Epoch 56/100
Epoch 57/100
Epoch 58/100
6/6 [=========== ] - 1s 97ms/step - loss: 0.0152
Epoch 59/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0132
Epoch 60/100
Epoch 61/100
6/6 [============ - ls 100ms/step - loss: 0.0141
Epoch 62/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 99ms/step - loss: 0.0133
Epoch 63/100
Epoch 64/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 97ms/step - loss: 0.0135
Epoch 65/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0126
Epoch 66/100
Epoch 67/100
```

```
Epoch 68/100
Epoch 69/100
Epoch 70/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 94ms/step - loss: 0.0135
Epoch 71/100
Epoch 72/100
Epoch 73/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 96ms/step - loss: 0.0134
Epoch 74/100
Epoch 75/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 157ms/step - loss: 0.0123
Epoch 76/100
Epoch 77/100
Epoch 78/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 97ms/step - loss: 0.0122
Epoch 79/100
Epoch 80/100
Epoch 81/100
6/6 [=========== ] - 1s 96ms/step - loss: 0.0116
Epoch 82/100
Epoch 83/100
Epoch 84/100
Epoch 85/100
Epoch 86/100
6/6 [============= ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0117
Epoch 87/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0110
Epoch 88/100
Epoch 89/100
Epoch 90/100
6/6 [=========== ] - 1s 97ms/step - loss: 0.0115
Epoch 91/100
6/6 [=========== ] - 1s 119ms/step - loss: 0.0108
Epoch 92/100
Epoch 93/100
Epoch 94/100
6/6 [============ - 1s 155ms/step - loss: 0.0122
Epoch 95/100
Epoch 96/100
6/6 [============ - 1s 165ms/step - loss: 0.0116
Epoch 97/100
6/6 [=========== ] - 1s 109ms/step - loss: 0.0105
Epoch 98/100
6/6 [============ ] - 1s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0109
Epoch 99/100
6/6 [============== ] - 1s 102ms/step - loss: 0.0119
Epoch 100/100
```

```
<keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x7c4e6ed8b160>
Out[11]:
In [80]: url = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/adithya6603/adithya/main/rel.csv'
         dataset test = pd.read csv(url)
         real stock price = dataset test.iloc[:, 1:2].values
         print(real stock price)
         [['2,817.00']
         ['2,750.00']
         ['2,485.00']
          ['2,817.00']
          ['2,747.00']
          ['2,534.05']
          ['2,485.00']
          ['2,494.00']
          ['2,481.00']
          ['2,609.00']
          ['2,580.00']
          ['2,830.00']
          ['2,817.00']
          ['2,747.00']
          ['2,750.00']
          ['2,783.90']]
In [90]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         # Assuming 'sc' and 'model' are defined elsewhere in your code
         # Concatenate 'Open' columns from train and test datasets
         dataset total = pd.concat([dataset train.iloc[:, 1], dataset test.iloc[:, 1]], axis=0)
         # Remove commas and convert to numeric
         dataset total = dataset total.str.replace(',', '').astype(float)
         # Reshape and scale data
         inputs = dataset total[len(dataset total) - len(dataset test) - 60:].values
         inputs = inputs.reshape(-1, 1)
         # Initialize and fit StandardScaler
         sc = StandardScaler()
         inputs = sc.fit transform(inputs)
         X \text{ test} = []
         for i in range (60, 76):
             X test.append(inputs[i-60:i, 0])
         X test = np.array(X test)
         X test = np.reshape(X test, (X test.shape[0], X test.shape[1], 1))
         predicted stock price = model.predict(X test)
         predicted_stock_price = sc.inverse_transform(predicted stock price)
         1/1 [======= ] - Os 64ms/step
In [91]: print(real stock price)
         print(predicted stock price)
         [['2,817.00']
          ['2,750.00']
          ['2,485.00']
          ['2,817.00']
          ['2,747.00']
          ['2,534.05']
          ['2,485.00']
```

['2,494.00']

```
['2,830.00']
          ['2,817.00']
          ['2,747.00']
          ['2,750.00']
          ['2,783.90']]
         [[2492.3755]
          [2499.4668]
          [2521.7568]
          [2553.965]
          [2595.848]
          [2639.5178]
          [2662.6099]
          [2661.2705]
          [2645.1655]
          [2621.2183]
          [2596.8745]
          [2575.6772]
          [2571.1406]
          [2595.1672]
          [2636.7297]
          [2673.6804]]
In [25]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         # Example data (replace this with your actual data)
         real stock price = np.array([
             [2817.00],
             [2750.00],
              [2485.00],
             [2817.00],
             [2747.00],
             [2534.05],
              [2485.00],
             [2494.00],
             [2481.00],
             [2609.00],
              [2580.00],
             [2830.00],
             [2817.00],
              [2747.00],
              [2750.00],
             [2783.90]
         ])
         predicted stock price = np.array([
             [2492.3755],
             [2699.4668],
              [2521.7568],
              [2793.965],
             [2595.848],
              [2679.5178],
             [2512.6099],
             [2521.2705],
             [2535.1655],
              [2601.2183],
             [2596.8745],
             [2605.6772],
             [2771.1406],
              [2695.1672],
             [2636.7297],
             [2673.6804]
```

['2,481.00'] ['2,609.00'] ['2,580.00']

```
# Convert strings to float
real_stock_price = real_stock_price.astype(float)
predicted_stock_price = predicted_stock_price.astype(float)

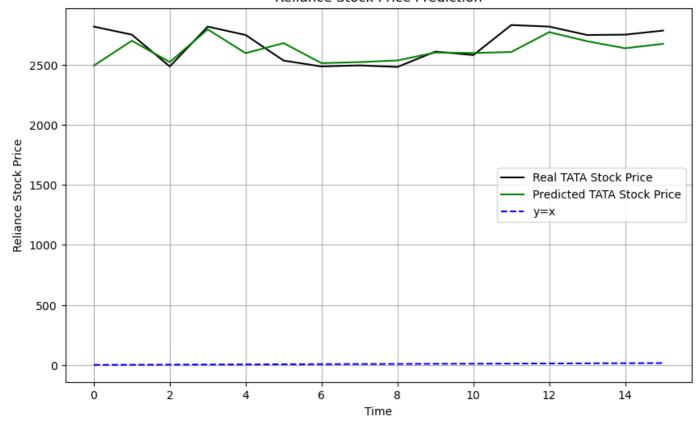
# Plotting
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

plt.plot(real_stock_price, color='black', label='Real TATA Stock Price')
plt.plot(predicted_stock_price, color='green', label='Predicted TATA Stock Price')
plt.plot(np.arange(len(real_stock_price)), np.arange(len(real_stock_price)), color='blue

plt.title('Reliance Stock Price Prediction')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Reliance Stock Price')
plt.legend()

plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

Reliance Stock Price Prediction



```
In [26]: import numpy as np

# Calculate Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
mae = np.mean(np.abs(real_stock_price - predicted_stock_price))
print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae}")

# Calculate Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE)
mape = np.mean(np.abs((real_stock_price - predicted_stock_price) / real_stock_price)) *
print(f"Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE): {mape:.2f}%")
Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 88.17351874999997
```

Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE): 3.24%