# US 277 & US 83

I-2 TO I-10

Districts: Pharr, Laredo, San Angelo

STATEWIDE AND **RURAL CONNECTIVITY** KEY CORRIDORS

**TPP Division** 

The Texas Department of Transportation's (TxDOT's) Statewide Rural Connectivity Initiative is focused on systematically upgrading rural corridors on the Texas Highway Trunk System (TTS) to four-lane divided or better highways. The objective is to provide safe, reliable, high-speed travel between economic activity centers - e.g., major cities, oil and gas production areas, deep-draft sea ports, land ports of entry, and agricultural areas - in Texas while supporting the economic health of communities along the corridors. Communities along rural connectivity corridors are defined as small and medium size cities outside urbanized areas that benefit from improved access to markets throughout the state.

The Statewide and Rural Connectivity Task Force guides and provides strategic direction on the prioritization of Key Corridors on the TTS for upgrade to four lane divided or better highways.

US 277 & US 83 Future Interstates Trunk System Border Crossing Deep Draft Port

US 277 and US 83 from I-2 and I-10 is one of the Key Corridors identified by the Statewide and Rural Connectivity Taskforce for improvement to a four-lane divided corridor. This Key Corridor connects 22 border crossings on the Texas-Mexico border, addresses anticipated congestion and high growth along the border, provides an alternative to I-35 and I-10 to connect south to west and north Texas, and is part of the future I-27 system.

#### Key Corridor Supports Texas' Economic Prosperity and Communities



Socio-economic Demographics

**1.8M** people **620.5** K jobs



Annual Average Daily Traffic

1K - 77K



Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic

~<**500 - 21K** (~18% of all traffic)



Support Energy Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP\*

\$16.6 B



Support Agriculture Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP\*

\$0.3 B



Support Wholesale & Retail Trade Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP

\$9.3 B

### **Key Corridor Characteristics**

The Texas Highway Trunk System (TTS) is a network of rural highways that aims to improve rural mobility, connect major activity centers (i.e., connections to communities over 20,000 population and connections to commerce), and provide access to ports of entry into Texas. The goal is to upgrade these highways to 4-lane or better divided highways.



**Total Corridor** Length

401 mi

4+ Lane Divided

To TTS Standards

62 mi

269 mi

2 Lanes

Not to TTS Standards

4 Lanes Undivided

70 mi

339 mi

Total

#### Safety Along Corridor

Rural crashes occur 1.7 times more often on undivided highways than on divided highways. Rural 2- and 4-lane undivided highways account for 3 in 4 rural crashes and fatalities.



Between 2018-2022

Number of Crashes

Number of **Fatal Crashes** 

**12,364** 

**72** 

Investments Needed to Address Crash Hotspots

**\$662 M** (Preliminary Estimates)

Crash hotspots are locations where crash rates are equal to or higher than 90 crashes per hundred million VMT.

## Improvements since 2019 (4+ lane divided)



Completed

0 mi



**12.5** mi (\$58.2 M)

Under

Construction



Fullv Funded 18.7 mi (\$124.4 M)

Unfunded 261.4 mi

(\$4.5 B)

Partial/